



# State of Texas Comprehensive Annual Financial Report



For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017

The spreadsheets in this publication are available in accessible data form (Excel) for the sections below.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, pages 19-32

comptroller. texas. gov/transparency/reports/comprehensive-annual-financial/2017/analysis. x lsx

Basic Financial Statements, pages 33-176

comptroller.texas.gov/transparency/reports/comprehensive-annual-financial/2017/basic.xlsx

Required Supplementary Information other than MD&A, pages 177-196

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Governmental Funds, pages 197-222

comptroller. texas. gov/transparency/reports/comprehensive-annual-financial/2017/governmental. x lsx

Enterprise Funds, pages 223-252

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Fiduciary Funds, pages 253-270

comptroller.texas.gov/transparency/reports/comprehensive-annual-financial/2017/fiduciary.xlsx

Discretely Presented Component Units, pages 271-286

comptroller. texas. gov/transparency/reports/comprehensive-annual-financial/2017/discretely. xlsx

Statistical Section, pages 287-313

comptroller.texas.gov/transparency/reports/comprehensive-annual-financial/2017/statistical.xlsx

## **Acknowledgments**

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report was prepared by the Financial Reporting section of the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts with assistance from other sections within the Fiscal Management, Revenue Estimating and Communications and Information Services divisions.

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#### Special Appreciation To:

All accounting and budget personnel of state agencies and institutions of higher education whose extra time and effort made this report possible.

The State Auditor's Office auditing staff

# **State of Texas Comprehensive Annual Financial Report**

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017

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State of Texas Comprehensive Annual Financial Report 😾 2017







February 28, 2018

To the Citizens of Texas, Governor Abbott and Members of the 85th Texas Legislature:

The state of Texas Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended Aug. 31, 2017, is submitted herewith. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data presented, as well as the completeness and fairness of the presentation, rests with the office of the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts. To the best of my knowledge, the information presented is accurate in all material respects, and all disclosures necessary for a reasonable understanding of the state's financial activities are included.

The reporting approach established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) was utilized. The state also voluntarily follows the recommendations of the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) of the United States and Canada for the contents of government financial reports and participates in the GFOA's review program for the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting. The State Auditor's Office performed an audit, in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, of the state's general-purpose financial statements. Their opinion is presented in this report preceding the financial statements.

The State Auditor's Office contracted with KPMG to perform portions of the federal audit procedures necessary to meet the requirements of Title 2, U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). The federal portion of the Statewide Single Audit Report for the fiscal year ended Aug. 31, 2017, with the opinion expressed by KPMG, will be issued separately.

## Profile of the Government

This report includes financial statements for the state of Texas reporting entity. Criteria for determining the reporting entity and presentation of the related financial data are established by GASB. The criteria include legal standing and financial accountability. Other organizations that would cause the financial statements to be misleading or incomplete if they were excluded are also included in the reporting entity. Note 1 of the notes to the financial statements provides detail on the financial reporting entity. Note 19 provides a brief summary of the nature of significant component units and their relationship to the state of Texas.

All activities generally considered part of the state of Texas are included in this report. These activities provide a range of services in the areas of education, health and human services, public safety and corrections, transportation, natural resources and recreation, regulation, general government, employee benefits and teacher retirement state contributions.

The management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) in the financial section provides an overview of the state's financial activities, addressing both governmental and business-type activities reported in the government-wide financial statements.

## Accounting System and **Budgetary Controls**

The state's internal accounting controls provide reasonable assurance regarding the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposal and the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the resulting benefit.

Budgetary control is exercised through expenditure budgets for each agency. These budgets are entered into the statewide accounting system after the General Appropriations Act (GAA) becomes law. All governmental funds are appropriated for a biennium, except for appropriations related to construction, which are appropriated for five years. The GAA becomes law after passage by the Legislature, certification by my office that the amounts appropriated are within the estimated collections and the signing of the bill by the governor. Controls are maintained first at the agency level, with additional control at the fund and appropriation level to ensure expenditures do not exceed authorized limits. Further detail on budgetary accounting for the state, other than the MD&A section, is found in the required supplementary information.

## **Financial Policies**

Fiscal soundness is an unwavering principle that guides the financial policies of the state. The Texas Constitution supports responsible governance by mandating several limitations on the budgeting process. In addition to the certification process requiring passage of a balanced budget in Article III, Section 49a, budget growth and indebtedness are also limited. According to Article VIII, Section 22, appropriations from state tax revenue not dedicated by the Texas Constitution cannot grow faster than state economic growth estimated by the Legislative Budget Board. Payments required for debt cannot exceed 5 percent of the previous three-year average of nondedicated general revenue as provided in Article III, Section 49j.

The economic stabilization fund (ESF), commonly called the "rainy day fund," authorized in 1988 by the Texas Constitution, Article III, Section 49g, is yet another example of prudent governance. The Comptroller may transfer ESF amounts to the general revenue fund to prevent or eliminate temporary cash deficiencies. Any amounts transferred to general revenue shall be returned to the ESF with interest as soon as practicable, but no later than Aug. 31 of each odd-numbered year. Generally, the Legislature may appropriate within the statutory guidelines, by a three-fifths vote of the members present in each house, amounts in the ESF that do not exceed the amount of any unanticipated deficit in a current biennium or anticipated revenue decline during the next biennium. The Legislature may also appropriate any amount from the ESF for any purpose only if approved by at least two-thirds of the members present in each house. The ESF shall receive a transfer, not later than the 90th day of each biennium, from the general revenue fund for one-half of any unencumbered positive balance remaining in the general revenue fund on the last day of the preceding biennium. The ESF also receives transfers, not later than the 90th day of each fiscal year, from the general

revenue fund for at least 50 percent of the 75 percent of the prior fiscal year oil or natural gas production net collections that exceeded the amount of collections in fiscal 1987. The transfer amount of each production tax is calculated separately and must be in excess of the 1987 threshold. The remaining amount is transferred to the state highway fund as directed by the passage of a constitutional amendment known as Proposition 1 in the November 2014 election. The amendment did not create any new taxes or fees.

The balance in the fund on Aug. 31, 2017, was \$11 billion. The ESF is also discussed in Note 13.

#### **Economic Outlook**

Texas has advantages such as relatively low living costs, an attractive business climate, a central Sunbelt location, and a balanced mix of industries that have enabled it to grow faster than the nation in most years. In fact, over the period 2006-15, Texas economic growth exceeded that of the U.S in every year, by an average of more than two percentage points per year. However, as a result of the fall in oil and natural gas prices that began in the summer of 2014, and the resulting reduction in related economic activity, the Texas economy declined in real terms in 2016 for the first time since the Great Recession (and only the second time in the last 40 years), while that of the nation increased by 1.5 percent. Economic growth resumed in 2017, however, and it is estimated that Texas real Gross State Product (GSP) growth once again exceeded the growth rate of the nation, notwithstanding the significant economic damage caused by Hurricane Harvey in August and September of that year. After a decline of 0.3 percent in 2016, the Texas economy, as measured by real GSP, is estimated to have grown by 2.9 percent in 2017 and is projected to grow by another 3.6 percent in 2018.

After increasing by just 0.4 percent in 2016, Texas personal income is estimated to have grown by 3.2 percent in 2017 and is projected to grow by a further

5.0 percent in 2018. Underlying this income growth is growth in Texas population. Recent estimates by the U.S. Census Bureau show that six of the nation's 15 most rapidly growing large incorporated cities are in Texas, where total state population is expected to grow by 1.5 percent in 2018, yielding 28.8 million in population.

The Texas unemployment rate has decreased slightly over the year, from an average of 4.6 percent in 2016 to 4.4 percent in 2017. The rate has been dropping in recent months and is projected to average 3.9 percent in 2018.

Total Texas nonfarm employment grew by 1.3 percent in fiscal 2016 and is estimated to have grown by 2.3 percent in fiscal 2017. In fiscal 2018, Texas nonfarm employment is projected to grow 2.1 percent.

Growth in Texas' GSP, personal income and employment is expected to be significantly higher than that of the nation as a whole over the next year, but still somewhat slower than during the rebound from the Great Recession. Texas' unemployment rate will remain low, but is not expected to decrease significantly from the current level.

## **Texas Industry Performance**

Employment in goods-producing industries increased by 5.4 percent over the past 12 months, while employment in service-producing industries grew by 2.3 percent. Employment increased in all three of the goods-producing industries (mining and logging, manufacturing, and construction), led by a 38,100 increase in manufacturing employment. Employment growth in the service-providing industries was led by professional and business services (up 56,500) and education and health services (up 40,400). Mining and logging employment increased by 15.2 percent over the year. The service-providing industries that saw the largest percentage gain in employment were other services (up 4.3 percent) and financial activities (up 4.0 percent). The information industry was the only industry to experience an employment decline (6.5 percent) over the year.

## Manufacturing

According to the U.S. Census Bureau, the value of Texas exports in 2016 was \$233 billion, a decrease of 7.4 percent from 2015. Through November 2017, exports were 13 percent higher than in the corresponding period of 2016, increasing for the first time on a year-overyear basis in two years. Texas is still the nation's leading exporting state, a position held since 2002.

#### Construction

Total housing construction activity over the past 12 months was essentially unchanged from the previous year. Total single-family building permits issued in the year ending November 2017 were up 8.9 percent compared to the prior year while multi-family building permits were down 11.6 percent. According to Multiple Listing Service data from the Texas A&M Real Estate Center, the median sales price for an existing Texas single-family home rose 3.3 percent over the last year, from \$214,000 in November 2016 to \$221,000 in November 2017. The inventory of existing homes for sale in November 2017 was only 3.6 months, equal to a year ago and a substantial improvement from the recent high of 8.7 months in mid-2011.

## Mining and Logging

Texas oil production peaked more than 40 years ago in 1972, when calendar year production reached 1,263 million barrels. Production volumes reached a low of 343 million barrels in calendar 2007. In 2017 production reached 1,145 million barrels. In addition to the substantial exploration and production activities within the state and in the Gulf of Mexico, Texas is the headquarters for many of the nation's largest oil and natural gas refining and distribution companies, and has a large number of energy-related jobs in other industries associated with those activities. The recent fall in oil and gas prices has had significant negative effects on those industries as well.

## **Major Legislative Initiatives**

The 85th Texas Legislature met in its biennial regular session from Jan. 10 to May 29, 2017. State policymakers filed and deliberated on thousands of bills. More than 1,200 of them became law, including Senate Bill (SB) 1, the General Appropriations Act, which will fund state government operations for the next two years.

The 2018-19 biennial budget was widely regarded as a significant challenge for legislators. In January, Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts (Comptroller) provided the Legislature with a \$104.9 billion Biennial Revenue Estimate (BRE) for general revenue that reflected a low starting balance, increased dedication of sales tax revenues and lower revenue collections from 2016 due to ongoing weakness in the oil and gas industries.

The BRE shows the state's financial condition and estimates the revenue it can expect to receive during the next two-year budget period. Legislators are constitutionally required to keep spending below that threshold if no additional revenue is generated or freed up.

The Legislature's final budget for 2018 and 2019 appropriates \$107.23 billion in general revenue and \$216.8 billion from all funds, including federal aid and revenues dedicated to specific purposes such as the State Highway Fund. The Legislature also appropriated about \$1 billion in general revenue and almost \$1.6 billion in federal funds as supplemental appropriations for 2017 to cover outstanding obligations from the previous biennium, such as Medicaid obligations, not fully covered by the previous budget.

## **Legislation Affecting Revenues**

The 2017 regular session of the Legislature did not pass legislation that would significantly affect revenue collections.

Still, the Legislature needed to identify and make available additional revenue to allow certification of the budget. To appropriate \$107.23 billion for the biennium, plus another \$1 billion of general revenue in supplemental appropriations for 2017, legislators needed about \$4 billion in additional funds.

The Legislature was able to identify nearly half of that, \$1.8 billion, by delaying a payment to the State Highway Fund. This was accomplished through a rider in the General Appropriations Act.

Another \$668 million came from deeming a number of dedicated accounts within general revenue as available for Comptroller certification, through a funds consolidation bill, House Bill (HB) 3849.

The Comptroller's office also was able to certify an additional \$500 million for spending by expediting the sales of certain securities held by the state's unclaimed property program.

One area the Legislature always considers in creating the budget is state employee and teacher pay and benefits, as well as pensions, health care and other postemployment benefits administered by the Employees Retirement System of Texas (ERS) and the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS).

The 2017 regular session changed little for state employee retirement. For fiscal 2018 and 2019, retirement contribution rates will remain the same for Texas state government (9.5 percent), individual agencies (0.5 percent) and employees (9.5 percent). The Legislature made no changes to retirement eligibility or benefits.

One retirement benefit change, however, will prevent certain state and local elected officials from receiving pension benefits if convicted of a felony related to the performance of their official duties. SB 500 enacted this restriction immediately.

To protect the system, HB 3976 eliminates three coverage tiers for retirees receiving TRS-Care benefits as of Jan. 1, 2018. Those under age 65 will be moved to a high-deductible health care plan with a \$3,000 deductible and maximum out-of-pocket costs of \$7,150. Older retirees will participate in a Medicare Advantage plan

with a \$500 annual deductible and a \$3,500 maximum out-of-pocket cost.

## 2017 Special Session

The Legislature met in special session from July 18 to Aug. 15, 2017. Among other issues, the session addressed one holdover from the regular session, "Sunset" reauthorization of five Texas state agencies.

The Legislature also appropriated an additional \$351 million for public schools, including \$150 million in "hardship grants" for districts expecting significant revenue losses in the 2017-18 or 2018-19 school years. Lawmakers also appropriated \$212 million in general revenue to reduce health insurance premiums for retired public school teachers who participate in the state's TRS-Care insurance plan.

### **Certification Revenue Estimate**

On Oct. 10, 2017, the Comptroller's office released the Certification Revenue Estimate (CRE) for the fiscal 2018-19 biennium. After the session, the Comptroller's office releases the CRE to provide the detailed basis by which the Comptroller certified the budget, to revise estimates in the BRE to reflect legislative activity and current economic information and to take into account final revenue numbers for the recently ended fiscal year.

As a result of 2017 legislation and an updated economic forecast, the CRE estimates revenue available for general spending in the 2018-19 biennium to total about \$107.33 billion, versus the BRE estimate of about \$104.87 billion. This revenue will support the \$107.23 billion in general-purpose spending called for by the 85th Legislature, and will result in a final balance available for certification of \$94 million.

The State Highway Fund (SHF) and Economic Stabilization Fund (ESF, the state's 'Rainy Day Fund') both receive funding from oil and gas severance taxes. Fiscal 2018 transfers will total \$734 million each to

ESF and SHF, and the CRE projects \$777 million will be transferred to each fund in fiscal 2019.

Additionally, a constitutional amendment passed in 2015, which directs up to \$2.5 billion in annual state sales tax revenue in excess of \$28 billion into the SHF, begins to take effect in fiscal 2018.

In 2018, the \$28 billion threshold is not expected to be reached until August. As a result, a projected \$2.31 billion transfer will not occur until September 2018, the first month of fiscal 2019.

In 2019, the state is projected to reach the \$28 billion threshold in July, triggering a \$920 million transfer to the SHF in August. The remaining estimated \$1.58 billion from August collections will be transferred in September 2019 — the first month of the 2020-21 biennium — leaving that amount available for certification in 2018-19.

In addition to market turbulence, energy price fluctuations and potential changes in national economic policy, the impact of Hurricane Harvey contributed some uncertainty to this estimate. Texas remains in recovery; the storm's full impacts to the state's economy and revenues are still taking shape.

The Comptroller's office will continue to monitor legislation that could affect the state's finances and economy.

## Awards and Acknowledgments **Certificate of Achievement**

The GFOA of the United States and Canada awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the state of Texas for its CAFR for the fiscal year ended Aug. 31, 2016. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award that recognizes conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The state of Texas has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last 27 years (fiscal years ended August 1990 through 2016). We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

I will continue to maintain a highly qualified and professional staff to make this certification possible.

## Acknowledgments

The preparation of this report requires the collective efforts of hundreds of financial personnel throughout state government, including the dedicated management and staff of the Comptroller's Financial Reporting section and Fiscal Management Division; the chief financial officers, chief accountants and staff at each agency; and the management and staff of the State Auditor's Office. I sincerely appreciate the dedicated efforts of all these individuals who continue to strive for improvements that will make Texas a national leader in quality financial reporting.

Sincerely,

Glenn Hegar



# State of Texas Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

**State of Texas Elected State Officials** 

## **Executive**

Greg Abbott Dan Patrick

Governor Lieutenant Governor

Glenn Hegar Ken Paxton

Comptroller of Public Accounts Attorney General

George P. Bush Wayne Christian
Land Commissioner Christi Craddick

Ryan Sitton

Commissioner of Agriculture

Sid Miller Railroad Commissioners

## Legislative

Lieutenant Governor Dan Patrick Joe R. Straus

President of the Senate Speaker of the House of Representatives

#### **Judicial**

## Supreme Court of Texas Court of Criminal Appeals

Nathan L. Hecht, Chief Justice Sharon Keller, Presiding Judge

Jeff Brown, Justice Elsa Alcala, Judge

Jeffrey S. Boyd, Justice Barbara Parker Hervey, Judge

John Devine, Justice Scott Walker, Judge

Paul Green, Justice Michael E. Keasler, Judge

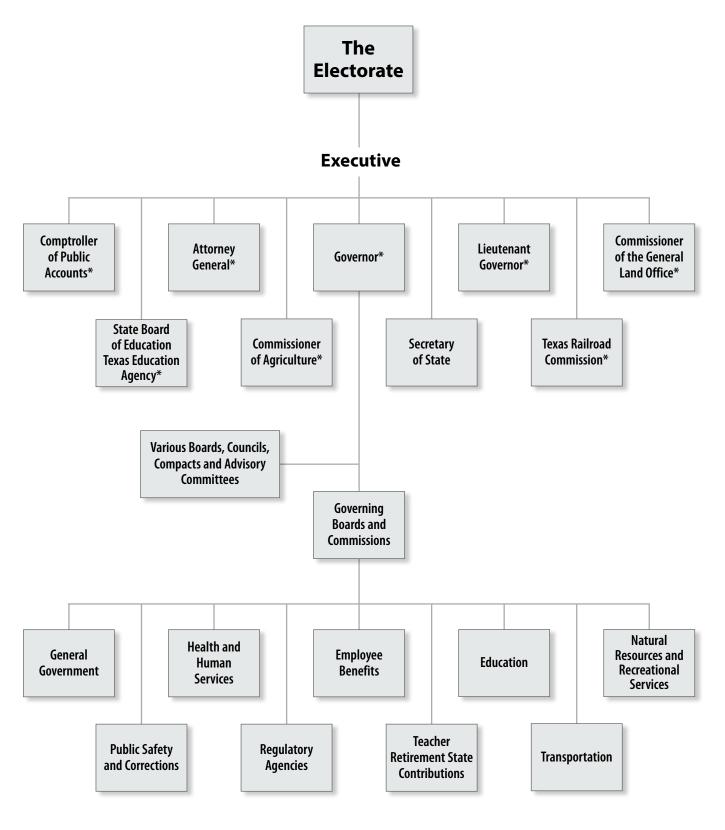
Eva M. Guzman, Justice Mary Lou Keel, Judge

Phil Johnson, Justice David Newell, Judge

Debra Lehrmann, Justice Bert Richardson, Judge

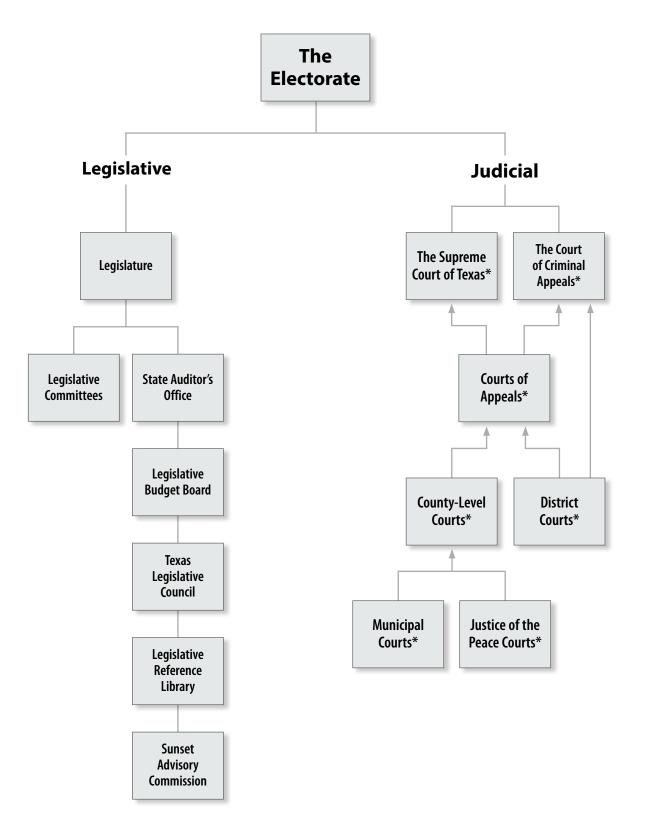
Don R. Willett, Justice Kevin Yeary, Judge

## **Government Structure of Texas**



<sup>\*</sup> Elected Offices

## Government Structure of Texas (continued)



<sup>\*</sup> Elected Offices



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# **State of Texas**

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

August 31, 2016

Christopher P. Morrill

**Executive Director/CEO** 



State of Texas Comprehensive Annual Financial Report 😾 2017



#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

The Honorable Greg Abbott, Governor The Honorable Glenn Hegar, Comptroller of Public Accounts The Honorable Dan Patrick, Lieutenant Governor The Honorable Joe Straus III, Speaker of the House of Representatives and Members of the Legislature, State of Texas

#### **Report on the Consolidated Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate discretely presented component units and remaining fund information of the State of Texas, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the State's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We did not audit the financial statements of the following entities:

- The Texas Department of Transportation, a component of the State of Texas, which is included in the governmental and proprietary funds. The Texas Department of Transportation constitutes 99.9 percent of the expenditures for the State Highway Fund, a major governmental fund. The Texas Department of Transportation also constitutes 59.4 percent of the assets of governmental activities.
- The University of Texas System, a component of the State of Texas, which constitutes 70.6 percent of the assets of Colleges and Universities, a major enterprise fund. The University of Texas System also constitutes 57.1 percent of the assets of the businesstype activities.
- The Texas Lottery Commission, a component of the State of Texas, whose Lottery Fund is a major enterprise fund that constitutes 17.6 percent of the operating revenues of the business-type activities.

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SAO Report No. 18-319

The statements listed above were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for these entities, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate discretely presented component units and remaining fund information of the State of Texas, as of August 31, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

#### **Economic Stabilization Fund**

As discussed in Note 13, the Economic Stabilization Fund balance was \$11.0 billion as reported in the governmental fund financial statements as unassigned fund balance as of August 31, 2017. That amount consisted primarily of \$8.1 billion in cash in the State Treasury, \$2.2 billion in current and non-current investments, and \$734.4 million due from the General Revenue Fund. The \$734.4 million due from the General Revenue Fund was transferred to the Economic Stabilization Fund in November 2017.

Investments with Values that Are Not Readily Determined

As discussed in Note 3 on page 88, the financial statements include certain investments valued at approximately \$117.0 billion as of August 31, 2017, whose fair values have been estimated by management in the absence of readily determinable fair values.

#### Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 13, the Permanent School Fund has elected to change its method of accounting for the classification of fund balances in fiscal year 2017. As a result of this change and in accordance with the permanent nature of the fund, the entirety of the fund balance was classified as nonspendable, except for those items that the Texas Constitution explicitly allows to be spent from the Fund, which are classified as restricted since all Fund spending must be in support of public education.

Our opinions are not modified with respect to these matters.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison schedule, the schedules of net pension liability, and the schedules of funding progress, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the consolidated financial statements that collectively comprise the State's basic financial statements. The combining financial statements and schedules, introductory section, and statistical section, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the reports of the other auditors, the combining financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and the statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

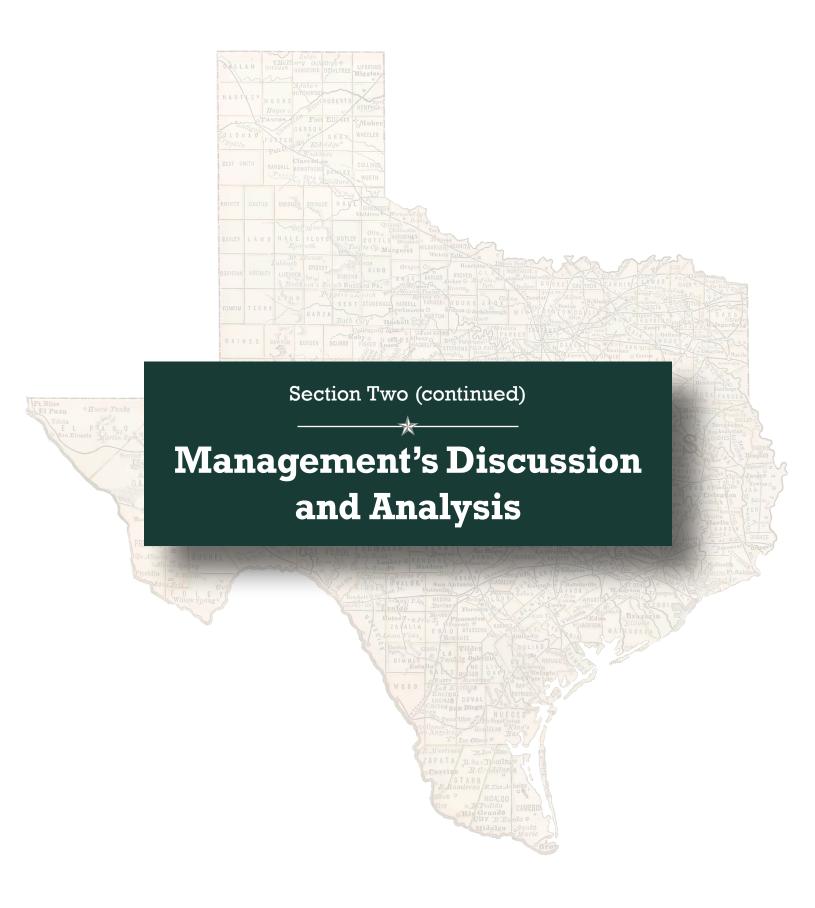
#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we will issue a separate report on our consideration of the State's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the State's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Lisa R. Collier, CPA, CFE, CIDA First Assistant State Auditor

Lina R. Collier

February 21, 2018



State of Texas Comprehensive Annual Financial Report 😾 2017

## Management's Discussion and **Analysis**

The following is a discussion and analysis of the state of Texas' financial performance for the fiscal year ended Aug. 31, 2017. Use this section in conjunction with the state's basic financial statements. Comparative data is presented for this 2017 report.

## **Highlights**

#### **Government-wide**

#### **Net Position**

The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the state of Texas exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$167.7 billion at fiscal 2017 year-end, an increase of \$8.3 billion or 5.2 percent from fiscal 2016. The majority of the increase is primarily due to an increase of \$7.8 billion in restricted net position. The net position is comprised of \$88.7 billion in net investment in capital assets, \$97.5 billion in restricted and negative \$18.5 billion in unrestricted.

#### **Fund Level**

#### **Governmental Funds**

At fiscal 2017 year-end, the state's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$66.7 billion, an increase of \$1.9 billion or 2.9 percent from fiscal 2016, primarily due to an increase in investments. The state reported a positive unassigned fund balance of \$5.5 billion in fiscal 2017.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

The proprietary funds reported a net position of \$65.8 billion at fiscal 2017 year-end, an increase of \$5.1 billion or 8.4 percent from fiscal 2016, primarily due to an increase in interest and investment income.

## **Long-Term Debt**

The state's total bonds outstanding increased by \$4 billion or 8.4 percent during fiscal 2017. This amount

represents the net difference between net issuances, payments and refunding of outstanding bond debt. During fiscal 2017, the state issued bonds totaling \$8.3 billion. More detailed information regarding the governmentwide, fund level and long-term debt activities can be found in the debt administration section of this management's discussion and analysis (MD&A).

## Overview of the Financial Statements

The focus of this report is on reporting for the state as a whole and on the major individual funds. This report presents a comprehensive view of the state's financial activities and makes it easier to compare the performance of Texas state government to that of other governments.

The Financial Section of this report presents the state's financial position and activities in four parts:

- MD&A (this part)
- The basic financial statements
- Required supplementary information other than MD&A
- Other supplementary information presenting combining statements and schedules

The report also includes statistical and economic data.

The basic financial statements include governmentwide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to financial statements, which provide more detailed information to supplement the basic financial statements.

## Reporting on the State as a Whole

The government-wide financial statements are designed to present an overall picture of the financial position of the state. These statements consist of the statement of net position and the statement of activities, which are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This means that all the current year's revenues and expenses are included, regardless of when cash is received or paid, producing a view of financial position similar to that presented by most private sector companies.

The statement of net position combines and consolidates the government's current financial resources with capital assets and long-term obligations. This statement includes all of the government's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources.

Net position represents one measure of the state's financial health.

Other indicators of the state's financial health include the condition of its roads and highways (infrastructure) and economic trends affecting the state's future tax revenues.

The statement of activities focuses on both the gross and net cost of various activities (governmental, business-type and component units). These costs are paid by the state's general tax and other revenues. This statement summarizes the cost of providing (or the subsidy provided by) specific government services and includes all current year revenues and expenses.

The government-wide statement of net position and the statement of activities divide the state's activities into the following three types.

#### **Governmental Activities**

The state's basic services are reported here, including general government, education, employee benefits, teacher retirement state contributions, health and human services, public safety and corrections, transportation, natural resources and recreation, and regulatory services. Taxes, fees and federal grants finance most of these activities.

## **Business-Type Activities**

Activities for which the state charges a fee to customers in order to pay for most or all of the costs of certain services it provides are reported as business-type activities. The state's institutions of higher education are included as business-type activities.

## **Component Units**

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the state is either financially accountable or the nature and significance of their relationship with the state is such that exclusion would cause the state's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The state has 25 discretely presented component units. Financial information for these entities is presented separately in the supplemental statements and notes.

## Reporting on the State's Most **Significant Funds**

Fund financial statements provide additional detail about the state's financial position and activities. Some information presented in the fund financial statements differs from the government-wide financial statements due to the perspective and basis of accounting used. Funds are presented on the fund-level statements as major or nonmajor based on criteria set by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a selfbalancing set of accounts. The state uses funds to keep track of sources of funding and spending related to specific activities.

#### **Governmental Funds**

A majority of the state's activity is reported in governmental funds. Reporting of these funds focuses on the flow of money into and out of the funds and the amounts remaining at fiscal year-end for future spending.

Governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and other assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view of the state's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides. This information helps determine the level of resources available for the state's programs. The reconciliations following the fund financial statements explain the differences between the governmental activities column reported on the government-wide statement of net position and the government-wide statement of activities and the governmental funds reported on the fund financial statements. The general fund, state highway fund and permanent school fund are reported as major governmental funds.

## **Proprietary Funds**

When the state charges customers for services it provides, these activities are generally reported in proprietary funds. Services provided to outside (non-governmental) customers are reported in enterprise funds, a component of proprietary funds, and are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. These are the same business-type activities reported in the government-wide financial statements, but are reported here to provide information at the fund level.

The employees life, accident and health insurance benefits fund is reported as an internal service fund and provides services on a cost reimbursement basis to other agencies of the financial reporting entity.

Colleges and universities, the unemployment trust fund and the lottery fund are reported as major proprietary funds.

## Reporting on the State's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The state is the trustee or fiduciary for six defined benefit plans and one defined contribution plan. It is also responsible for other assets that can only be used

for trust beneficiaries. All state fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position. These activities are reported separately from other financial activities because the state cannot use the assets to finance its operations. The state's fiduciary responsibilities include ensuring that assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

## Financial Analysis of the State as a Whole

#### **Net Position**

Total assets of the state as of fiscal 2017 year-end, were \$307.9 billion, an increase of \$17.9 billion or 6.2 percent from fiscal 2016. Total liabilities as of fiscal 2017 year-end, were \$136.9 billion, an increase of \$16 billion or 13.3 percent from fiscal 2016. Net position was affected by a number of factors. Cash and cash equivalents on the Statement of Net Position decreased by \$1.8 billion in governmental activities, but increased by \$1.4 billion in business-type activities from fiscal 2016. Unrestricted noncurrent investments increased by \$5.5 billion. The state's bonded indebtedness was \$51 billion, which included new issuances of \$8.3 billion in state bonds to finance new construction, housing, water conservation and other projects. Approximately \$5 billion in bonded debt was retired or refunded. Net position was \$167.7 billion in fiscal 2017, an increase of \$8.3 billion or 5.2 percent. Of the state's net position, \$88.7 billion was net investment in capital assets, while \$97.5 billion was restricted by the state constitution or other legal requirements and was not available to finance day-to-day operations of the state. Unrestricted net position was negative \$18.5 billion. The majority of the net position increase is primarily due to an increase of \$7.8 billion in restricted net position.

## **Statement of Net Position**

Table MDA-1

August 31, 2017 and 2016 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	Business-Type Activities		Total Primary Government	
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	
ASSETS							
Assets Other Than Capital Assets	\$ 80,499,779	\$ 76,443,239	\$ 91,146,327	\$ 83,614,887	\$171,646,106	\$160,058,126	
Capital Assets	104,978,345	100,010,365	31,291,666	29,908,475	136,270,011	129,918,840	
Total Assets	185,478,124	176,453,604	122,437,993	113,523,362	307,916,117	289,976,966	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	10,959,432	6,183,264	1,836,820	1,654,463	12,796,252	7,837,727	
LIABILITIES							
Current Liabilities	14,809,809	12,063,725	12,321,958	11,983,521	27,131,767	24,047,246	
Noncurrent Liabilities	64,199,238	54,833,681	45,539,480	41,952,704	109,738,718	96,786,385	
Total Liabilities	79,009,047	66,897,406	57,861,438	53,936,225	136,870,485	120,833,631	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	15,504,980	16,995,010	651,251	593,603	16,156,231	17,588,613	
NET POSITION							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	76,925,845	72,247,981	11,755,741	11,847,190	88,681,586	84,095,171	
Restricted	50,168,023	46,941,168	47,294,517	42,741,330	97,462,540	89,682,498	
Unrestricted	(25,170,339)	(20,444,697)	6,711,866	6,059,477	(18,458,473)	(14,385,220)	
Total Net Position	\$101,923,529	\$ 98,744,452	\$ 65,762,124	\$ 60,647,997	\$167,685,653	\$159,392,449	

## **Changes in Net Position**

The state's net position for fiscal 2017 increased by \$8.3 billion. The state earned program revenues of \$98.5 billion and general revenues of \$54.2 billion, for total revenues of \$152.7 billion, an increase of \$8.3 billion or 5.8 percent from fiscal 2016. The major components of this increase were tax revenues, which had an increase of \$2.7 billion and operating grants and contributions, with an increase of \$3.8 billion. Federal revenues decreased \$462.1 million and interest and investment income increased \$4.7 billion.

The expenses of the state were \$143.9 billion, an increase of \$3.6 billion or 2.6 percent. The expense fluctuations in governmental activities are largely attributable to a \$2.6 billion increase in general government and a \$306.2 million increase in transportation services. In business-type activities there was a \$1.4 billion increase in education services and a \$461 million decrease in health and human services.

Further discussion of results for changes in the state's financial condition follows in the analysis of the state's funds.

# Changes in Net Position Table MDA-2

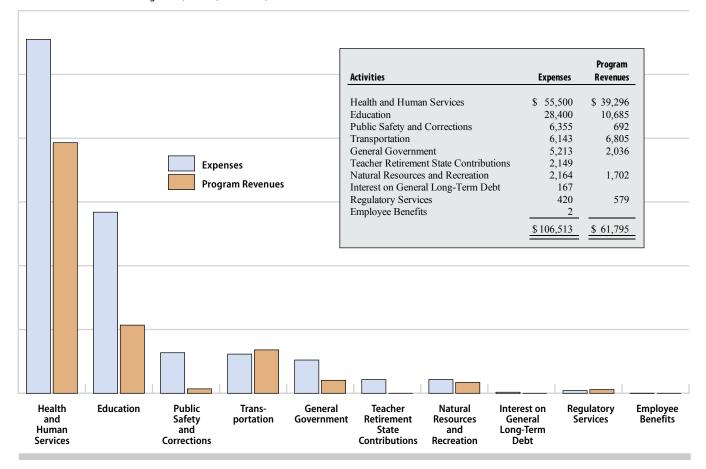
For the Fiscal Years Ended August 31, 2017 and 2016 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total Primary Government	
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
REVENUES						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$ 10,996,291	\$ 10,967,002	\$ 24,239,708	\$ 23,026,272	\$ 35,235,999	\$ 33,993,274
Operating Grants and						
Contributions	50,747,993	49,361,737	12,315,252	9,883,197	63,063,245	59,244,934
Capital Grants and Contributions	51,202	47,373	180,782	68,313	231,984	115,686
Total Program Revenues	61,795,486	60,376,112	36,735,742	32,977,782	98,531,228	93,353,894
General Revenues:						
Taxes	50,187,814	47,534,436			50,187,814	47,534,436
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	481,261	282,493	86,447	142,738	567,708	425,231
Settlement of Claims	537,444	670,386	1,213	848	538,657	671,234
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	1,249	54,797	26	1,044	1,275	55,841
Loss on Other Financial Activity	(3,279)	(59,904)			(3,279)	(59,904)
Other General Revenues	2,721,599	2,259,154	177,799	175,050	2,899,398	2,434,204
Total General Revenues	53,926,088	50,741,362	265,485	319,680	54,191,573	51,061,042
Total Revenues	115,721,574	111,117,474	37,001,227	33,297,462	152,722,801	144,414,936
EXPENSES						
General Government	5,213,330	2,583,707	139,018	121,463	5,352,348	2,705,170
Education	28,400,268	28,775,870	29,952,017	28,555,418	58,352,285	57,331,288
Employee Benefits	1,695	40,546	1,584	1,584	3,279	42,130
Teacher Retirement State Contributions	2,148,958	2,080,935			2,148,958	2,080,935
Health and Human Services	55,499,408	55,584,169	2,684,798	3,145,846	58,184,206	58,730,015
Public Safety and Corrections	6,354,517	6,214,653	99,239	99,414	6,453,756	6,314,067
Transportation	6,143,369	5,837,122	451,780	352,735	6,595,149	6,189,857
Natural Resources and Recreation	2,163,813	2,013,773	356,284	392,417	2,520,097	2,406,190
Regulatory Services	420,273	737,203			420,273	737,203
Interest on General Long-Term Debt	167,115	159,953			167,115	159,953
Lottery			3,749,583	3,665,907	3,749,583	3,665,907
Total Expenses	106,512,746	104,027,931	37,434,303	36,334,784	143,947,049	140,362,715
Excess (Deficiency) Before Contributions						
and Transfers	9,208,828	7,089,543	(433,076)	(3,037,322)	8,775,752	4,052,221
Capital Contributions	84,619	56,450	5,593	5,854	90,212	62,304
Contributions to Permanent and						
Term Endowments			209,404	217,683	209,404	217,683
Transfers	(5,345,718)	(4,777,546)	5,345,718	4,777,546		
Change in Net Position	3,947,729	2,368,447	5,127,639	1,963,761	9,075,368	4,332,208
Net Position, Beginning Balance	98,744,452	94,286,652	60,647,997	53,421,004	159,392,449	147,707,656
Restatements	(768,652)	2,089,353	(13,512)	5,263,232	(782,164)	7,352,585
Net Position, Beginning Balance, as Restated	97,975,800	96,376,005	60,634,485	58,684,236	158,610,285	155,060,241
Net Position, Ending Balance	\$101,923,529	\$ 98,744,452	\$ 65,762,124	\$ 60,647,997	\$167,685,653	\$159,392,449

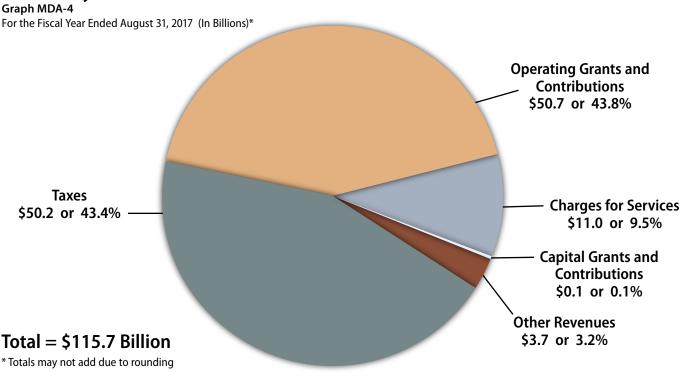
## **Expenses and Program Revenues: Governmental Activities**

Graph MDA-3

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (In Millions)



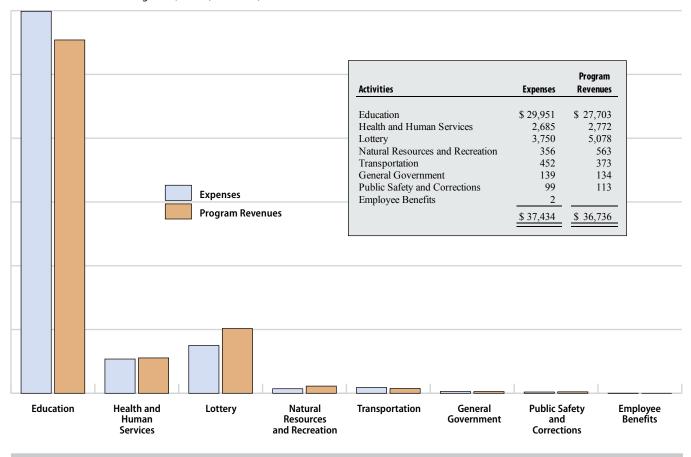
## **Revenue by Source: Governmental Activities**



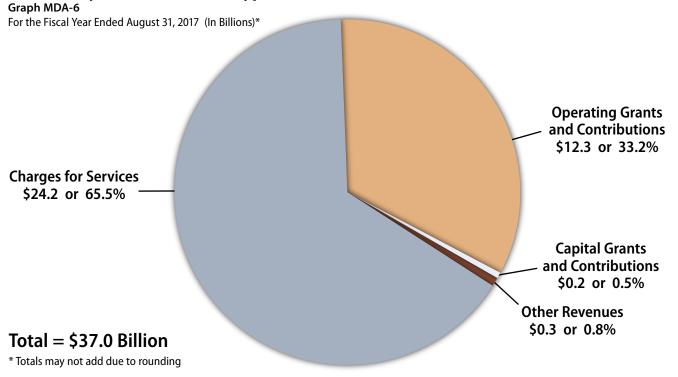
## **Expenses and Program Revenues: Business-Type Activities**

Graph MDA-5

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (In Millions)







#### **Governmental Activities**

The governmental activities program revenue was \$61.8 billion, including charges for services of \$11 billion, operating grants and contributions of \$50.7 billion and capital grants and contributions of \$51.2 million. The largest change, a \$1.4 billion increase, was for operating grants and contributions. Taxes had increases of \$2.7 billion from general revenue sources, with the largest increase in franchise tax revenue.

## **Net Cost (Income) of the State's Governmental Activities**

#### Table MDA-7

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost (Income) of Services
General Government	\$ 5,213,330	\$ 3.177.377
Education	28,400,268	17,715,323
Employee Benefits	1,695	1,625
Teacher Retirement State Contributions	2,148,958	2,148,958
Health and Human Services	55,499,408	16,202,536
Public Safety and Corrections	6,354,517	5,662,976
Transportation	6,143,369	(661,827)
Natural Resources and Recreation	2,163,813	462,195
Regulatory Services	420,273	(159,018)
Interest on General Long-Term Debt	167,115	167,115
. Total	\$106,512,746	\$44,717,260

## Net Cost (Income) of the State's **Business-Type Activities**

## Table MDA-8

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost (Income) of Services	
General Government	\$ 139,018	\$ 4,909	
Education	29,952,017	2,250,513	
Employee Benefits	1,584	1,584	
Health and Human Services	2,684,798	(87,265)	
Public Safety and Corrections	99,239	(14,220)	
Transportation	451,780	78,773	
Natural Resources and Recreation	356,284	(207,141)	
Lottery	3,749,583	(1,328,592)	
Total	\$ 37,434,303	\$ 698,561	

Governmental activities expenses were \$106.5 billion. All functions of governmental activities in the government-wide statement of activities have a net cost, except the transportation and regulatory functions which reported slight surpluses. The education function and the health and human services function account for 78.8 percent of governmental activities expenses and 75.8 percent of the net cost. The tax collections of the state provide the primary source of funding, which when added to program revenues, support the payment of governmental services.

## **Business-Type Activities**

Business-type activities generated program revenue of \$36.7 billion, including charges for services of \$24.2 billion, operating grants and contributions of \$12.3 billion and capital grants and contributions of \$180.8 million. The total expenses for business-type activities were \$37.4 billion. The largest changes occurred in education, with a \$1.4 billion increase for colleges and universities, and in the health and human services function, where there was a decrease of \$461 million in health and human services. There was an increase in net position in the government's business-type activities of \$5.1 billion in comparison to the prior year's increase of \$7.2 billion.

## Financial Analysis of the State's **Funds**

## **Governmental Funds**

At fiscal 2017 year-end, governmental funds reported fund balances of \$66.7 billion. The general fund reported a positive \$12 billion fund balance.

### **General Fund**

The fund balance for the general fund as of Aug. 31, 2017, was \$12 billion, a decrease of \$2.7 billion from fiscal 2016, mostly due to a \$1.4 billion decrease in transfers in and \$606 million increase in transfers

out. Tax revenues increased by \$2.6 billion from fiscal 2016. The state constitution, state statute, and federal rule or bond covenants constrain \$5.7 billion. The unassigned fund balance was \$5.6 billion, which includes \$11 billion in the economic stabilization fund, commonly called "the rainy day fund." Contributing to the lower balance was an increase of \$293.6 million in general government expenditures.

### State Highway Fund

The fund balance for the state highway fund for fiscal 2017, was \$5 billion, a decrease of \$15.4 million from \$5.1 billion from fiscal 2016. Cash and cash equivalents decreased \$563.9 million, transfers in increased \$371.7 million, capital outlay increased \$859.2 million and bonds and notes issued increased \$886.2 million.

#### **Permanent School Fund**

The fund balance for the permanent school fund (PSF) as of Aug. 31, 2017, totaled \$41.4 billion, an increase of \$4.2 billion from fiscal 2016. This increase was primarily attributable to an increase in valuation of investments of \$3 billion. Value in the fund provided \$1.1 billion in transfers to provide funding for public education. The PSF also supports the state's public school system through a bond guarantee program, where the PSF is pledged to guarantee bonds issued by Texas school districts, enhancing their credit rating. In fiscal 2017, a total of \$74.3 billion in school district bond issues were guaranteed at year-end.

### **Proprietary Funds**

Proprietary funds reported net position of \$65.8 billion in fiscal 2017, an increase of \$5.1 billion from fiscal 2016. The state's public colleges and universities hold 89.7 percent of the reported net position in proprietary funds.

### **Colleges and Universities**

Colleges and universities' net position for fiscal 2017, totaled \$59 billion, an increase of \$4.5 billion from fiscal 2016. While colleges and universities have a net loss of \$2.4 billion for fiscal 2017, there were increases of \$1.8 billion in net income before capital contributions, endowments and transfers and \$454.8 million in capital contributions and transfers from fiscal 2016. There was an increase in interest and investment income of \$2.4 billion due to improving market performance. There was also \$688.7 million collected from land mineral income (such as oil royalties) deposited into the permanent university fund (PUF) for the benefit of the University of Texas and Texas A&M University Systems. The PUF's net position after distributions increased by \$2 billion from \$17.9 billion in fiscal 2016 to \$19.9 billion in fiscal 2017. This endowment fund contributes to the support of 15 institutions in the University of Texas System and 15 in the Texas A&M University System.

### **Unemployment Trust Fund**

The unemployment trust fund reports activity related to the administration of statewide unemployment benefits in proprietary funds. The funds reported a net position of \$1.4 billion for fiscal 2017, an increase of \$447.9 million from \$982.5 million from the prior fiscal year. During fiscal 2017, unemployment taxes collected increased \$318.3 million from \$2.4 billion in 2016, while federal contributions decreased \$7.9 million in 2017. Benefits payments decreased \$458.4 million as the unemployment rate averaged 4.2 percent as compared to the U.S. average of 4.4 percent.

### **Lottery Fund**

The Texas Lottery Commission operates online and instant ticket lottery games to generate revenue for the state's foundation school fund. The lottery fund had a net position of \$39.2 million for fiscal 2017, a decrease of 45.4 percent from the \$71.7 million from the prior

fiscal year. There was a decrease in interest and investment income of \$39.6 million due primarily to decreasing market performance. The Commission recorded its highest level of total sales since ticket sales began in 1992 with collections of \$5.1 billion. Transfers to state agencies totaled \$1.3 billion, the fourteenth consecutive year overall that revenue transfers exceeded \$1 billion.

### **Fiduciary Funds**

Fiduciary funds reported \$197.4 billion in net position for fiscal 2017, an increase of \$19.1 billion from \$178.3 billion in fiscal 2016, a 10.7 percent increase.

### Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds

Total net position for pension and other employee benefit trust funds was \$175.7 billion for fiscal 2017, an increase of \$15.2 billion from the \$160.5 billion reported in fiscal 2016. The majority of plan assets are held as investments for the pension funds. In fiscal 2017, additions from all sources increased \$9.8 billion, while benefit payments increased \$602.2 million. Increases in additions are due primarily to more favorable conditions in the financial markets. The return on investments for the state's two largest pension systems, the Teacher Retirement System of Texas and the Employees Retirement System of Texas was 12.6 percent and 12.15 percent, respectively, compared to the previous year's returns of 7.4 percent and 5.32 percent.

### **External Investment Trust Fund**

The Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust (Trust) is the only external investment trust fund. It administers and invests funds belonging to state and local entities as well as providing direct access to services of the Federal

Reserve System. The Trust reported a total net position of \$18.4 billion in fiscal 2017, an increase of \$4.1 billion from fiscal 2016. The increase in net position is due to an increase in both TexPool and TexPool Prime revenue.

### **Private-Purpose Trust Funds**

Total net position for private-purpose trust funds was \$3.2 billion in fiscal 2017, a decrease of \$329.5 million from fiscal 2016. Additions from all sources of \$853.5 million and total deductions were \$1.2 billion. The net decrease of \$329.5 million is a decrease of 712.6 percent from the net decrease of \$40.6 million in fiscal 2016.

# **Budgetary Highlights**

### Variances for the General Fund

The differences from original and final revenue budgets are due to both economic and legislative reasons.

Budget mechanisms allow budget revisions for certain revenues when collections exceed the original budget. Accordingly, major revisions were made to both total revenues and expenditures for a net change of \$1.1 billion.

There was a positive \$1.8 billion variance between the actual and final budget revenues. The largest negative revenue variances occurred with taxes and other revenues, which reported a \$2.1 billion and \$141 million difference, respectively.

The largest negative expenditure variance is related to the health and human services function.

# **Capital Assets – Net of Depreciation and Amortization**

Table MDA-9

August 31, 2017 and 2016 (Amounts In Thousands)

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total Primar	y Government
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Land and Land Improvements	\$ 13,448,576	\$ 12,609,626	\$ 2,131,672	\$ 2,039,730	\$ 15,580,248	\$ 14,649,356
Infrastructure	71,184,460	68,246,142	2,864,114	2,819,656	74,048,574	71,065,798
Construction in Progress	17,177,254	15,838,662	3,202,607	2,733,473	20,379,861	18,572,135
Buildings and Building Improvements	1,974,028	2,037,396	17,587,418	16,954,822	19,561,446	18,992,218
Facilities and Other Improvements	62,364	60,424	1,843,231	1,740,746	1,905,595	1,801,170
Furniture and Equipment	298,948	306,063	1,802,721	1,778,053	2,101,669	2,084,116
Vehicles, Boats and Aircraft	516,273	471,463	89,458	83,800	605,731	555,263
Other Capital Assets	159,535	256,183	1,369,336	1,283,195	1,528,871	1,539,378
Intangible Capital Assets, Net	156,907	184,406	401,109	475,000	558,016	659,406
Total Capital Assets	\$104,978,345	\$100,010,365	\$ 31,291,666	\$ 29,908,475	\$136,270,011	\$129,918,840

## **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

### **Capital Assets**

For fiscal 2017, the state has \$136.3 billion in net capital assets. This total represents an increase of \$6.4 billion in total capital assets or 4.9 percent from fiscal 2016. Included in this amount are increases to infrastructure of \$4.6 billion and construction in progress of \$1.3 billion by the Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT). Institutions of higher education also added \$1.9 billion to buildings and building improvements.

To ensure future availability of essential services and to finance capital improvements, TxDOT made commitments for construction contracts, comprehensive development agreements and pass-through toll agreements totaling an estimated \$27.5 billion. These commitments extend beyond fiscal year-end and represent future costs to the state.

Note 2 provides detail about the state's capital assets and Note 15 details the state's significant commitments related to future capital expenditures.

### Infrastructure Assets

The value of the state's infrastructure assets is included in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position. The state accounts for its system of roads and highways using the depreciation method. Additional detail is found in Note 2 for capital assets.

### **Debt Administration**

The state of Texas issues both general obligation bonds and revenue bonds. Each series of revenue bonds is backed by the pledged revenue source and restricted funds specified in the bond resolution. Most revenue bonds are designed to be self-supporting from a primary revenue source related to the program financed.

The state's general obligation bond issues were rated Aaa by Moody's Investors Service, AAA by Standard & Poor's, AAA by Fitch Ratings, and AAA by Kroll Bank Ratings Agency as of August 2017. During fiscal 2017, Texas' state agencies and institutions of higher education issued \$8.3 billion in state bonds to finance new construction, transportation, housing, water conservation and treatment and other projects. General obligation debt accounted for \$2.4 billion of state bonds issued in fiscal 2017. This debt, which can only be

### **Outstanding Bonded Debt**

Table MDA-10

August 31, 2017 and 2016 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	Business-Type Activities		Total Primary Government	
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	
General Obligation Bonds Payable	\$15,883,532	\$15,059,808	\$ 4,363,308	\$ 4,329,815	\$20,246,840	\$19,389,623	
Revenue Bonds Payable	4,777,468	4,290,384	26,020,440	23,410,697	30,797,908	27,701,081	
Total Bonds Payable	\$20,661,000	\$19,350,192	\$30,383,748	\$27,740,512	\$51,044,748	\$47,090,704	

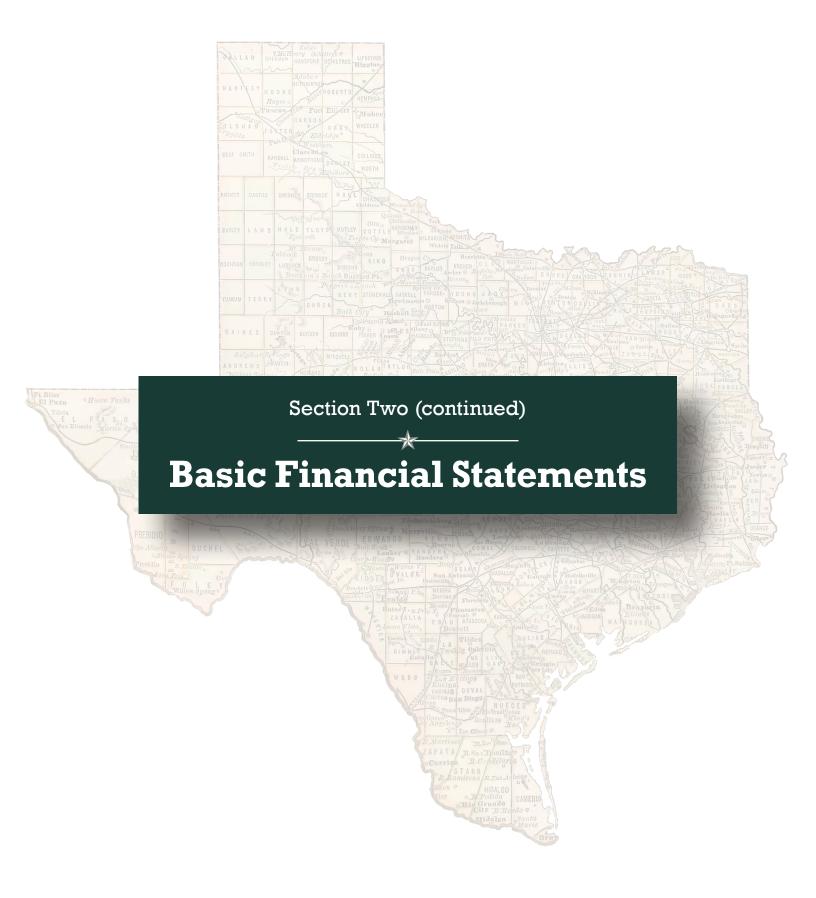
authorized by a constitutional amendment, carries the full faith and credit of the state. The remaining \$6 billion is due to new issuances of revenue bonds, which are serviced by the revenue flows of individual entity projects. Bonds retired during the fiscal year were composed of \$678.6 million in general obligation bonds and \$1.2 billion in revenue bonds. Also, \$1 billion in general obligation bonds and \$2.1 billion in revenue bonds were refunded. The total outstanding general obligation debt of the state after new issuances, retirements and refundings as of Aug. 31, 2017 was \$20.2 billion. This represents an increase of \$857.2 million or 4.4 percent from fiscal 2016. An additional \$10.9 billion of general obligation bonds were authorized but are unissued. Total revenue bonds outstanding were \$30.8 billion, which is an increase of \$3.1 billion or 11.2 percent from fiscal 2016. Note 5 discloses the details on the state's long-term liabilities and Note 6 provides detailed information on the state's bonded indebtedness.

### **Economic Condition**

From November 2016 to November 2017 the Texas economy added 330,600 nonfarm jobs, an increase of 2.7 percent, to reach 12,445,200. Private-sector employment rose by 2.9 percent while government employment (federal, state and local) grew by 1.9 percent. Texas added more new jobs than any other state over the twelvemonth period ending November 2017, and had the lowest unemployment rate among the 10 most populous states at the end of that period (3.8 percent). The state's rate of job growth was the highest among the 10 most populous states and the second highest among all states (just behind Utah at 2.8 percent).

# **Contacting the State's Financial** Management

This financial report is designed to provide the state's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the state's finances and to demonstrate the state's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Financial Reporting section of the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts at 111 E. 17th Street, Austin, Texas 78774.



# **Statement of Net Position**

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Governmental	Business-Type		Component
ASSETS	Activities	Activities	Total	Units
Current Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 21,834,499	\$ 5,790,802	\$ 27,625,301	\$ 1,592,054
Short-Term Investments	637.622	1,170,867	1,808,489	47,134
Securities Lending Collateral	2,864,236	607,970	3,472,206	17,131
Receivables:	2,001,200	007,570	5,172,200	
Taxes	3,134,705		3,134,705	
Federal	2,195,521	1,005,439	3,200,960	51
Other Intergovernmental	656,113	123,735	779,848	1,682
Accounts	931,746	2,242,495	3,174,241	58,638
Interest and Dividends	101,238	276,731	377,969	838
Gifts	735	276,044	276,779	
Investment Trades	29,440	748,936	778,376	
Other	38,840	506,542	545,382	547
From Fiduciary Funds	3,756		3,756	
Due From Primary Government (Note 12)				176
Due From Component Units (Note 12)	1,000		1,000	
Inventories	391,252	208,794	600,046	4,963
Prepaid Items	2,257	221,884	224,141	5,037
Loans and Contracts	77,643	413,124	490,767	563
Other Current Assets Restricted:		395,386	395,386	3,614
Cash and Cash Equivalents	60,017	4,410,109	4,470,126	2,22
Short-Term Investments	10,910	1,139,743	1,150,653	
Loans and Contracts	121,476	163,665	285,141	8,601
Total Current Assets	33,093,006	19,702,266	52,795,272	1,726,121
N				
Noncurrent Assets:	15 445	(15.445)		
Internal Balances (Note 12) Loans and Contracts	15,445 1,568,523	(15,445) 6,387,417	7,955,940	5,308
Investments	43,774,006	14,401,207	58,175,213	6,224
Receivables:	43,774,000	14,401,207	30,173,213	0,22-
Taxes	7,971		7,971	
Gifts	•	688,041	688,041	3,378
Other	365,516	25,223	390,739	
Restricted:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents		366,298	366,298	13,130
Short-Term Investments		55,585	55,585	
Investments		43,220,883	43,220,883	496,741
Receivables		180,026	180,026	
Loans and Contracts	1,510,825	3,561,580	5,072,405	6,505
Other	92,867	12,888	105,755	
Assets Held in Trust		5,490	5,490	5,442
Hedging Derivative Asset (Note 7)		14,565	14,565	2.05
Prepaid Items				3,056
Intangible Assets – Service Concession		2 255 252	2.255.252	
Arrangements (Note 26) Other Noncurrent Assets	71.620	2,355,252	2,355,252	070
	71,620	185,051	256,671	878
Capital Assets: (Note 2) Non-Depreciable or Non-Amortizable	20 725 502	6 174 024	36,900,516	5 26
Depreciable or Amortizable, Net	30,725,592 74,252,753	6,174,924 25,116,742	99,369,495	5,364 23,567
Total Noncurrent Assets	152,385,118	102,735,727	255,120,845	569,593
otal Assets	185,478,124	122,437,993	307,916,117	2,295,714
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred Outflows of Resources (Note 27)	10,959,432	1,836,820	12,796,252	
_ ====== (110tb = 110b ulled (110tb 21)	10,727,724	1,000,020	12,170,202	

Concluded on the following page

# Statement of Net Position (concluded)

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)		Primary Government				
	Governmental	Business-Type		Component		
LIABILITIES	Activities	Activities	Total	Units		
Current Liabilities: Payables:						
Accounts	\$ 5,049,835	\$ 1,894,051	\$ 6,943,886	\$ 539,544		
Payroll	787,472	991,864	1,779,336	519		
Other Intergovernmental	666,652	3,443	670,095			
Federal	2,660	39,883	42,543			
Investment Trades	93,221	804,319	897,540			
Interest	324,230	124,828	449,058	661		
Tax Refunds (Note 23)	570,647	7.520	570,647			
Annuities To Fiduciary Funds	418,342	7,538	7,538 418,342			
Due To Primary Government (Note 12)	410,342		410,342	1,000		
Due To Component Units (Note 12)	176		176	1,000		
Internal Balances (Note 12)	918,266	(918,266)	170			
Unearned Revenue	878,310	3,782,984	4,661,294	292,740		
Obligations/Reverse Repurchase Agreement	35,827	, ,	35,827	,		
Obligations/Securities Lending	2,898,999	607,969	3,506,968			
Claims and Judgments (Note 5)	45,171	130,866	176,037			
Capital Lease Obligations (Note 5, 8)	4,023	12,146	16,169	46		
Employees' Compensable Leave (Note 5)	607,814	461,725	1,069,539	1,580		
Notes and Loans Payable (Note 5)	203,421	41,715	245,136	3,039		
General Obligation Bonds Payable (Note 5, 6)	626,992	235,825	862,817	10.452		
Revenue Bonds Payable (Note 5, 6)	281,957	2,440,944	2,722,901 40.824	10,473		
Pollution Remediation Obligation (Note 5) Liabilities Payable From Restricted Assets (Note 5)	40,824	532,108	532,108			
Short-Term Debt (Note 4)		772,690	772,690			
Funds Held for Others		138,801	138,801	198,167		
Other Current Liabilities	354,970	216,525	571,495	113,018		
Total Current Liabilities	14,809,809	12,321,958	27,131,767	1,160,787		
		<del></del>		-		
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Claims and Judgments (Note 5)	61,452	51,531	112,983			
Capital Lease Obligations (Note 5, 8)	19,060	60,938	79,998	85		
Employees' Compensable Leave (Note 5)	255,862	416,689	672,551	1,076		
Notes and Loans Payable (Note 5)	1,168,735	2,281,795	3,450,530	8,840		
General Obligation Bonds Payable (Note 5, 6)	15,256,540	4,127,483	19,384,023	26.076		
Revenue Bonds Payable (Note 5, 6) Pollution Remediation Obligation (Note 5)	4,495,511 213,416	23,579,826 1,023	28,075,337 214,439	36,976		
Liabilities Payable From Restricted Assets (Note 5)	213,410	2,235,846	2,235,846			
Assets Held for Others		937,324	937,324			
Net Pension Liability (Note 9)*	42,400,618	4,369,774	46,770,392			
Total Pension Liability (Note 9)*	328,044	, ,	328,044			
Net OPEB Obligation (Note 11)		6,666,002	6,666,002			
Derivative Instrument Liability		171,471	171,471			
Hedging Derivative Liability (Note 7)		478,681	478,681			
Other Noncurrent Liabilities		161,097	161,097	417,309		
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	64,199,238	45,539,480	109,738,718	464,286		
T . 11 ' 1 '1'.	70 000 047	57.0(1.420	126 070 405	1 (05 072		
Total Liabilities	79,009,047	57,861,438	136,870,485	1,625,073		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred Inflows of Resources (Note 27)	15,504,980	651,251	16,156,231			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	15,504,980	651,251	16,156,231	0		
NET POSITION	-< 00- 01-		00 604 506	10.700		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	76,925,845	11,755,741	88,681,586	18,560		
Restricted for: Education	584,230	2 267 550	2.051.700			
		3,367,558	3,951,788 3,123,976			
Transportation Debt Service	3,123,976 618,138	429,284	1,047,422			
Capital Projects	010,130	1,360,182	1,360,182			
Veterans Land Board Housing Programs		699,509	699,509			
Unemployment Trust Fund		1,430,426	1,430,426			
Funds Held as Permanent Investments:						
Nonexpendable	40,944,666	24,107,126	65,051,792	235,148		
Expendable	1,941,317	11,403,266	13,344,583	34,114		
Other	2,955,696	4,497,166	7,452,862	115,741		
Unrestricted	(25,170,339)	6,711,866	(18,458,473)	267,078		
Total Nat Decide	¢ 101 022 520	¢ (5.7(0.104	¢ 167 (95 652	¢ (70 (41		
Total Net Position	\$ 101,923,529	\$ 65,762,124	\$ 167,685,653	\$ 670,641		

<sup>\*</sup> Net Pension Liability is related to the trusted pension plans under GASB Statement No. 68. Total Pension Liability is related to the non-trusted pension plan under GASB Statement No. 73

# **Statement of Activities**

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

			Program Revenues	
			Operating	Capital
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT				
Governmental Activities:				
General Government	\$ 5,213,330	\$ 1,327,396	\$ 708,549	\$ 8
Education	28,400,268	1,084,465	9,600,480	
Employee Benefits	1,695	70		
Teacher Retirement State Contributions	2,148,958			
Health and Human Services	55,499,408	4,029,864	35,266,515	493
Public Safety and Corrections	6,354,517	338,672	352,468	401
Transportation	6,143,369	2,920,669	3,834,985	49,542
Natural Resources and Recreation	2,163,813	719,546	981,314	758
Regulatory Services	420,273	575,609	3,682	
Interest on General Long-Term Debt	167,115			
Total Governmental Activities	106,512,746	10,996,291	50,747,993	51,202
Business-Type Activities:				
General Government	139,018	75,580	58,529	
Education	29,952,017	15,884,278	11,636,444	180,782
Employee Benefits	1,584			
Health and Human Services	2,684,798	2,688,423	83,640	
Public Safety and Corrections	99,239	113,459		
Transportation	451,780	359,149	13,858	
Natural Resources and Recreation	356,284	40,644	522,781	
Lottery	3,749,583	5,078,175		
Total Business-Type Activities	37,434,303	24,239,708	12,315,252	180,782
Total Primary Government	\$143,947,049	\$ 35,235,999	\$ 63,063,245	\$ 231,984
COMPONENT UNITS				
	\$ 2.750.116	\$ 2.766.645	¢ 76.500	\$ 0
Component Units	\$ 2,759,116	\$ 2,766,645	\$ 76,588	\$ 0
Total Component Units	\$ 2,759,116	\$ 2,766,645	\$ 76,588	\$ 0

Concluded on the following page

# Statement of Activities (concluded)

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	-			
	Governmental	Business-Type		Component
Functions/Programs	Activities	Activities	Total	Units
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT				
Governmental Activities:				
General Government	\$ (3,177,377)	\$	\$ (3,177,377)	\$
Education	(17,715,323)		(17,715,323)	
Employee Benefits	(1,625)		(1,625)	
Teacher Retirement State Contributions	(2,148,958)		(2,148,958)	
Health and Human Services	(16,202,536)		(16,202,536)	
Public Safety and Corrections	(5,662,976)		(5,662,976)	
Transportation	661,827		661,827	
Natural Resources and Recreation	(462,195)		(462,195)	
Regulatory Services	159,018		159,018	
Interest on General Long-Term Debt	(167,115)		(167,115)	
Total Governmental Activities	(44,717,260)	0	(44,717,260)	0
Business-Type Activities:				
General Government		(4,909)	(4,909)	
Education		(2,250,513)	(2,250,513)	
Employee Benefits		(1,584)	(1,584)	
Health and Human Services		87,265	87,265	
Public Safety and Corrections		14,220	14,220	
Transportation		(78,773)	(78,773)	
Natural Resources and Recreation		207,141	207,141	
Lottery		1,328,592	1,328,592	
Total Business-Type Activities	0	(698,561)	(698,561)	0
Total Primary Government	(44,717,260)	(698,561)	(45,415,821)	0
COMPONENT UNITS				
Component Units				84,117
Total Component Units	0	0	0	84,117
General Revenues				
Taxes:				
Sales and Use	29,041,682		29,041,682	
Motor Vehicle and Manufactured Housing	4,572,207		4,572,207	
Motor Fuels	3,643,017		3,643,017	
Franchise	3,423,345		3,423,345	
Oil and Natural Gas Production	3,309,915		3,309,915	
Insurance Occupation	2,359,979		2,359,979	
Cigarette and Tobacco	1,522,924		1,522,924	
Other	2,314,745		2,314,745	
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	481,261	86,447	567,708	5,295
Settlement of Claims	537,444	1,213	538,657	
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	1,249	26	1,275	654
Loss on Other Financial Activity	(3,279)		(3,279)	
Other General Revenues	2,721,599	177,799	2,899,398	8,306
Capital Contributions	84,619	5,593	90,212	
Contributions to Permanent and Term Endowments		209,404	209,404	
Transfers - Internal Activities (Note 12)	(5,345,718)	5,345,718		
Total General Revenues, Contributions, Special Items			=4	
and Transfers	48,664,989	5,826,200	54,491,189	14,255
Change in Net Position	3,947,729	5,127,639	9,075,368	98,372
Net Position, September 1, 2016	98,744,452	60,647,997	159,392,449	571,685
Restatements (Note 14)	(768,652)	(13,512)	(782,164)	584
Net Position, September 1, 2016, as Restated	97,975,800	60,634,485	158,610,285	572,269
Net Position, August 31, 2017	\$101,923,529	\$ 65,762,124	\$167,685,653	\$ 670,641

# **Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds**

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)	General	State Highway Fund	Permanent School Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Totals
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$11,072,577	\$3,596,317	\$ 3,457,034	\$3,687,664	\$21,813,592
Short-Term Investments	99,422		127,686	113,881	340,989
Securities Lending Collateral Receivables:			2,845,888		2,845,888
Accounts	424,475	162,984	127,047	4,246	718,752
Taxes (Note 23)	2,786,422	267,006		89,248	3,142,676
Federal	1,766,082	429,114	20.006	325	2,195,521
Investment Trades	41	120 421	29,006	393	29,440
Other Intergovernmental	525,682	130,431	69.204	12 400	656,113
Interest and Dividends Other	10,317	6,981	68,294	12,488 731	98,080 405,091
Due From Other Funds (Note 12)	404,360 196,476	979,693	5	153,535	1,329,709
Due From Component Units (Note 12)	1,000	979,093	3	133,333	1,000
Interfund Receivable (Note 12)	24,249				24,249
Inventories	236,960	153,869	100	323	391,252
Prepaid Items	2,256	133,007	1	323	2,257
Investments	2,258,583		37,861,921	3,133,922	43,254,426
Loans and Contracts	272,491	626,137	119	747,419	1,646,166
Other Assets	71,620	,		,	71,620
Restricted:	, , , ,				, , , .
Cash and Cash Equivalents	36,397	22,120		1,500	60,017
Short-Term Investments		10,910			10,910
Loans and Contracts	578,382			1,053,919	1,632,301
Other Assets	<u></u> ,			92,867	92,867
Total Assets	\$ 20,767,792	\$6,385,562	\$44,517,101	\$9,092,461	\$80,762,916
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:					
Payables:					
Accounts	\$ 3,294,733	\$ 965,814	\$ 10,129	\$ 143,302	\$ 4,413,978
Investment Trades			93,221		93,221
Other Intergovernmental	666,652				666,652
Tax Refunds (Note 23)	570,647	75 710	2.511	5.270	570,647
Payroll	703,971	75,712	2,511	5,278	787,472
Federal Due To Other Funds (Note 12)	2,660 2,264,233	3,760	36	72,428	2,660 2,340,457
Due To Component Units (Note 12)	2,204,233	3,700	30	12,420	2,340,437
Interfund Payable (Note 12)	15			2,332	2,347
Unearned Revenues	445,969	113,707	91,240	663,315	1,314,231
Obligations/Reverse Repurchase Agreements	35,827	115,707	71,210	005,515	35,827
Obligations/Securities Lending			2,880,372		2,880,372
Other Liabilities	351,966	1,056	, ,	1,948	354,970
Total Liabilities	8,336,849	1,160,049	3,077,509	888,603	13,463,010
Deferred Inflows of Resources:					
Deferred Inflows of Resources (Note 27)	412,665	188,064	21,625		622,354
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	412,665	188,064	21,625	0	622,354
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable (Note 13)	698,186	153,869	40,083,721	861,369	41,797,145
Restricted (Note 13)	1,166,030	3,079,796	1,334,246	7,239,961	12,820,033
Committed (Note 13)	4,545,214	927,031	, - , -	109,171	5,581,416
Assigned (Note 13)	50,880	876,753		2,795	930,428
Unassigned (Note 13)	5,557,968	,		(9,438)	5,548,530
Total Fund Balances	12,018,278	5,037,449	41,417,967	8,203,858	66,677,552
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources					
and Fund Balances	\$ 20,767,792	\$6,385,562	\$44,517,101	\$9,092,461	\$80,762,916

# **Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet** to the Statement of Net Position

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

Total Fund Balance – Governmental Funds		\$ 66,677,552
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets less accumulated depreciation and amortization are included in the Statement of Net Position. (Note 2)		
Capital Assets – Non-Depreciable or Non-Amortizable Capital Assets – Depreciable or Amortizable, Net	\$ 30,725,592 74,252,753	101070217
Reversal of prior year unearned tax revenues recorded in governmental funds, but not in the Statement of Net Position.		104,978,345 436,551
Deferred inflows of resources represent revenues the state earned after fiscal year-end but not available to pay current year's expenditures, therefore, the revenues are deferred in the funds, but not reported in the Statement of Net Position. (Note 27)		622,354
Deferred outflows of resources were reported in the Statement of Net Position to reflect the loss on bond/debt refunding and impact of pension implementation. (N	(ote 27)	10,959,432
Deferred inflows of resources were reported in the Statement of Net Position to reflect the unamortized upfront payments received, gain on bond refundings at capital assets acquired in refundings and capital assets acquired in connection wit service concession arrangements and impact of pension implementation. (Note 20)	th the	(15,504,980)
Long-term liabilities applicable to the state's governmental activities are not due a payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported in the funds. These liabilities, however, are included in the Statement of Net Position. (Note 5, 9, and	2	
Claims and Judgments Capital Lease Obligations Employees' Compensable Leave Notes and Loans Payable General Obligation Bonds Payable Revenue Bonds Payable Pollution Remediation Obligation Net Pension Liability Total Pension Liability	(106,623) (23,083) (863,676) (1,372,156) (15,883,532) (4,777,468) (254,240) (42,400,618) (328,044)	
* current portion = \$1,810,202 and noncurrent portion = \$64,199,238		(66,009,440) *
Interest payable applicable to the state's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported in the funds. These liabilities, however, are included in the Statement of Net Position.		(324,230)
The internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of employees life, accident and health insurance benefits fund to individual funds. Since governmental activities are the predominant activities of internal service funds, the assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.		87,945
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 101,923,529

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	General	State Highway Fund	Permanent School Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Totals
REVENUES	<u> </u>	i unu	- Lunu	i unus	Totals
Taxes	\$45,207,226	\$ 2,675,915	\$	\$2,310,408	\$ 50,193,549
Federal	39,835,769	3,781,833		51,946	43,669,548
Licenses, Fees and Permits	3,041,707	1,613,887		867,368	5,522,962
Interest and Other Investment Income	113,783	57,728	4,326,952	402,755	4,901,218
Land Income	19,872	13,222	940,519	12	973,625
Settlement of Claims	510,081	28,215	561	867	539,724
Sales of Goods and Services	3,789,672	70,135	103,883	208,367	4,172,057
Other	5,327,334	10,749	3,498	22,195	5,363,776
Total Revenues	97,845,444	8,251,684	5,375,413	3,863,918	115,336,459
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General Government	2,916,381	512		253,997	3,170,890
Education	26,279,701	5.2	163,973	1,948,180	28,391,854
Employee Benefits	2,112		103,773	23,876	25,988
Teacher Retirement State Contributions	2,148,958			23,070	2,148,958
Health and Human Services	55,448,840			17,529	55,466,369
Public Safety and Corrections	6,135,427	556		65,845	6,201,828
Transportation	16,079	3,542,977		181,470	3,740,526
Natural Resources and Recreation	2,109,290	-,- :=,- : :		28,331	2,137,621
Regulatory Services	420,185	(1,463)		1,378	420,100
Capital Outlay	262,565	6,018,624	374	771,174	7,052,737
Debt Service:	- ,	-,,-		,	.,,
Principal	111,347	109,081		548,419	768,847
Interest	177,373	,		667,150	844,523
Other Financing Fees	503	4,267		9,780	14,550
Total Expenditures	96,028,761	9,674,554	164,347	4,517,129	110,384,791
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	1,816,683	(1,422,870)	5,211,066	(653,211)	4,951,668
Over (Olider) Experimitures	1,810,083	(1,422,870)	3,211,000	(033,211)	4,931,008
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfer In (Note 12)	3,083,132	943,558		2,345,437	6,372,127
Transfer Out (Note 12)	(7,879,077)	(532,259)	(1,056,412)	(2,238,237)	(11,705,985)
Bonds and Notes Issued	222,900	886,210		804,661	1,913,771
Bonds Issued for Refunding		89,370		1,202,560	1,291,930
Premiums on Bonds Issued		112,255		294,275	406,530
Payment to Escrow for Refunding		(100,000)		(1,360,887)	(1,460,887)
Sale of Capital Assets	14,560	8,469	4	3	23,036
Service Concession Arrangement		392			392
Loss on Other Financial Activity	(3,279)				(3,279)
Insurance Recoveries	9,875				9,875
Capital Contributions	83,652				83,652
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(4,468,237)	1,407,995	(1,056,408)	1,047,812	(3,068,838)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(2,651,554)	(14,875)	4,154,658	394,601	1,882,830
F 181 0 1 1 2017	14 (51 0 (5	5.052.015	25 272 222	7.000 110	(4 <b>=</b> 00 4 <b>0</b> =
Fund Balances, September 1, 2016	14,671,967	5,052,817	37,263,929	7,809,412	64,798,125
Restatements (Note 14)	(2,135)	(493)	(620)	(155)	(3,403)
Fund Balances, September 1, 2016, as Restated	14,669,832	5,052,324	37,263,309	7,809,257	64,794,722
Fund Balances, August 31, 2017	\$12,018,278	\$ 5,037,449	\$41,417,967	\$ 8,203,858	\$ 66,677,552

# Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

### **Net Change in Fund Balances**

\$1,882,830

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the Statement of Activities, however, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The amount by which capital outlay exceeds depreciation in the current period is:

Capital Outlay	\$ 7,052,737
Depreciation Expense (Note 2)	(2,093,944)
Amortization Expense (Note 2)	(57,863)

The effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (such as sales and trade-ins) is to decrease net position.

(21,786)

4,900,930

Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

(2,170,389)

The internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of the employees life, accident and health insurance benefits fund to individual funds. The adjustments for the internal service fund close the fund by allocating these amounts to participating governmental activities.

91.330

Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but increase long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

Repayment of long-term debt consumes current financial resources and is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

Bonds and Notes Issued	(3,205,701)
Premium on Bond Proceeds	(406,530)
Repayment of Bond and Capital Lease Principal	2,229,734

(1,382,497)

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources, therefore, they are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

652,272

Transfers of capital assets are not reported in the governmental funds. In addition, resources flow between fiduciary funds and governmental funds and are converted to revenues or expenses on the Statement of Activities.

Capital Asset Transfers (Note 2)	(4,961)
Increase in Revenues	7,279
Increase in Expenses	(380)
Net Change in Transfers	(6,899)

(4,961)

### **Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities**

3.947.729

# **Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds**

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

Name			Business-T	ype Activities – Ente	rprise Funds		Governmental	
ASSETS   Current Assets:   Cash and Cash Equivalents   S. 4,693,373   S. 622   S. 241,274   S. 855,533   S. 790,802   S. 20,003   Securities   Cash and Cash Equivalents   645,709   S. 623,138   1,170,867   296,633   S. 620,000   S. 620,000   S. 622,138   1,170,867   296,633   S. 620,000   S. 620,000   S. 622,138   1,170,867   296,633   S. 620,000   S. 620,000   S. 622,138   S. 71,1064   667,797   S. 626,633   S. 620,000   S. 620		and		•	Enterprise	T.4.1.	Internal Service	
Current Assest:   Cash and Cash Equivalents   \$4,693,373   \$6.22   \$241,274   \$855,333   \$5,790,802   \$20,007   Short-Term Investments   645,709   \$25,158   \$1,170,867   296,633   Socuries Lending Collideral   490,006   \$11,004   607,970   \$18,348   \$20,007   \$25,158   \$1,170,867   296,633   \$20,007   \$25,158   \$1,170,867   296,633   \$20,007   \$25,158   \$1,170,867   296,633   \$20,007   \$25,158   \$1,170,867   \$26,633   \$25,158   \$1,170,867   \$26,633   \$25,158   \$1,170,867   \$26,633   \$25,158   \$1,170,867   \$26,633   \$20,007   \$25	ASSETS	Universities	Trust Fund	Fund	Funds	Totals	Fund*	
Cash and Cash Equivalents								
Short-ferm Investments		\$ 4,693,373	\$ 622	\$ 241,274	\$ 855,533	\$ 5,790,802	\$ 20,907	
Restricted:   Cash and Cash Equivalents   2,011,184   1,315,402   80,317   452,467   1,139,743   1,063,523   4,410,109   8,047   452,467   1,139,743   1,063,655   163,665   1				,			296,633	
Cash and Cash Faturalents	Securities Lending Collateral	490,906			117,064	607,970	18,348	
Short-Term Investments	Restricted:							
Loans and Contracts			1,315,402					
Receivables:   Federal   974,623   8,962   21,854   1,005,439   Other Intergovernmental   123,735   123,735   123,735   123,735   123,735   123,735   123,735   123,735   123,735   123,735   123,735   123,735   123,735   123,735   123,735   123,735   123,735   124,7358   1,578   748,936   Other Street		606,959		80,317		, ,		
Federal					163,665	163,665		
Other Intergovernmental   123,735		0.74 (0.0	0.060		21.071	1 007 100		
Accounts			8,962		21,854			
Interest and Dividends		,	250 146	21.020	57.507		212.004	
Gifs Investment Trides				21,839				
Investment Trades			5,096		184,484		3,138	
Other					1 570			
Due From Other Funds (Note 12)   1,087,335   4,207   38,396   1,129,938   2,843								
Interfund Receivable (Note 12)			4 207				2 8/13	
Investments			4,207				2,043	
Prepaid Items   215,566   592   5,726   221,834   1,124   Other Current Assets   395,327   59   395,336	· /			27 118				
Loans and Contracts   143,668   269,456   413,124   Other Current Assets   395,327   59   395,386   Total Current Assets   395,327   371,140   3,794,109   20,917,294   584,883					,			
Other Current Assets         395,327         59         395,386           Total Current Assets         15,159,610         1,592,435         371,140         3,794,109         20,917,294         554,883           Noncurrent Assets:         Restricted:         Total Assets         8         342,298         366,298         55,585         55,585         55,585         55,585         10,000         43,220,883         43,220,883         44,220,883         42,220,883         48,220,883         48,220,883         48,220,883         48,220,883         48,220,883         48,220,883         48,220,883         48,220,883         48,220,883         48,220,883         42,220,883         42,220,883         42,220,883         42,280,833         44,401,207         519,580         48,281,401         48,401,401,207	•	,		3,2		,		
Total Current Assets   15,159,610   1,592,435   371,140   3,794,109   20,917,294   554,883								
Restricted: Cash and Cash Equivalents   332,000   34,298   366,298   Short-Term Investments   55,585   Investments   40,434,161   518,658   2,268,045   355,585   Investments   40,434,161   518,658   2,268,045   34,220,883   Receivables   668,895   111,131   180,026   Loans and Contracts   94,080   3,467,500   3,561,580   Other   12,000   888   12,888   Loans and Contracts   20,342   6,367,075   6,387,417   Investments   14,274,908   126,299   14,401,207   519,580   Interfund Receivable (Note 12)   891,586   1,980   893,566   Gifs Receivable   688,041   688,041   688,041   Other Receivable or Non-Amortizable   5,462,616   712,308   6174,924   Depreciable or Amortizable, Net   23,100,359   546   2,015,837   25,116,742   Assets Held in Trust   362   5,128   5,490   Hedging Derivative Asset (Note 2)   10,339   4,226   14,565   Intangible Assets - Service   Concessions Arrangements (Note 26)   Other Noncurrent Assets   185,008   43   185,051   Total Noncurrent Assets   185,008   21,802   519,204   17,470,029   103,644,738   519,580   Total Assets   100,793,313   1,614,237   890,344   21,264,138   124,562,032   1,074,463   DeFerreD Outflows of Resources (Note 27)   1,574,124   0   0   262,696   1,836,820   0   0   1,836,820	Total Current Assets		1,592,435	371,140	3,794,109		554,883	
Cash and Cash Equivalents   332,000   34,298   366,298   Short-Term Investments   55,585   Short-Term Investments   40,434,161   518,658   2,268,064   43,220,833   Receivables   68,895   111,131   180,026   Loans and Contracts   94,080   3,467,500   3,561,580   Other   12,000   6888   12,888   Loans and Contracts   20,342   63,67,075   6,387,417   Investments   14,274,908   126,299   14,401,207   519,580   Interfund Receivable (Note 12)   891,586   1,980   893,566   Gifts Receivable   688,041   Gifts Receivable   688,041   Gifts Receivable   688,041   Gifts Receivable   712,308   6,174,924   Capital Assets: (Note 2)   Non-Depreciable or Non-Amortizable   5,462,616   712,308   6,174,924   Capital Assets: (Note 2)   Non-Depreciable or Amortizable, Net   23,100,359   546   2,015,837   22,5116,742   Assets Held in Trust   362   5,128   5,490   Hedging Derivative Asset (Note 7)   10,339   4,226   14,565   Intangible Assets - Service   Concessions Arrangements (Note 26)   2,355,252   2,355,252   Content Non-Current Assets   185,008   43   185,051   Total Noncurrent Assets   88,633,703   21,802   519,204   17,470,029   103,644,738   519,580   DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES   Deferred Outflows of Resources (Note 27)   1,574,124   0   0   262,696   1,836,820   Content Liabilities:   Payables:   Accounts   1,765,166   41,789   33,591   53,505   1,894,051   635,857   Payroll   984,230   2,126   5,508   991,864   Gifts   Gif								
Short-Term Investments		332 000			34 298	366 298		
Investments	•				31,270			
Receivables				518.658	2.268.064			
Loans and Contracts	Receivables			,				
Loans and Contracts	Loans and Contracts							
Investments	Other	12,000			888	12,888		
Interfund Receivable (Note 12)	Loans and Contracts	20,342			6,367,075	6,387,417		
Gifts Receivable         688,041 Other Receivables         3,421         21,802         25,223           Capital Assets: (Note 2)         25,223         25,223         25,223           Capital Assets: (Note 2)         3,421         21,802         25,223           Non-Depreciable or Non-Amortizable, Net         23,100,359         546         2,015,837         25,116,742           Assets Held in Trust         362         5,128         5,490           Hedging Derivative Asset (Note 7)         10,339         4,226         14,565           Intangible Assets - Service         2,355,252         2,355,252         2,355,252           Other Noncurrent Assets         185,008         43         185,051           Total Noncurrent Assets         85,633,703         21,802         519,204         17,470,029         103,644,738         519,580           Total Noncurrent Assets         100,793,313         1,614,237         890,344         21,264,138         124,562,032         1,074,463           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred Outflows of Resources (Note 27)         1,574,124         0         0         262,696         1,836,820           Total Deferred Outflows of Resources (Note 27)         1,574,124         0         0         2	Investments	14,274,908			126,299	14,401,207	519,580	
Capital Assets: (Note 2)   S,462,616   T12,308   6,174,924	Interfund Receivable (Note 12)	891,586			1,980	893,566		
Capital Assets: (Note 2)   Non-Depreciable or Non-Amortizable   5,462,616   712,308   6,174,924								
Non-Depreciable or Non-Amortizable   5,462,616   712,308   6,174,924     Depreciable or Amortizable, Net   23,100,359   546   2,015,837   25,116,742     Assets Held in Trust   362   5,128   5,490     Hedging Derivative Asset (Note 7)   10,339   4,226   14,565     Intangible Assets - Service   Concessions Arrangements (Note 26)   2,355,252   2,355,252     Other Noncurrent Assets   185,008   43   185,051     Total Noncurrent Assets   185,008   43   185,051     Total Noncurrent Assets   100,793,313   1,614,237   890,344   21,264,138   124,562,032   1,074,463      DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES   Deferred Outflows of Resources (Note 27)   1,574,124   262,696   1,836,820     Total Deferred Outflows of Resources   1,574,124   0   0   262,696   1,836,820     DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES   2,574,124   0   0   0   262,696   1,836,820     Deferred Outflows of Resources   1,574,124   0   0   0   262,696   1,836,820     Deferred Outflows of Resources   3,574,124   0   0   0   262,696   1,836,820     Deferred Outflows of Resources   3,574,124   0   0   0   262,696   1,836,820     Deferred Outflows of Resources   3,574,124   0   0   0   262,696   1,836,820     Other Intergovernmental   3,443   3,443   3,443     Federal   38,841   1,042   39,883     Investment Trades   801,300   3,019   804,319     Interest   37,395   87,433   124,828		3,421	21,802			25,223		
Depreciable or Amortizable, Net   23,100,359   546   2,015,837   25,116,742     Assets Held in Trust   362   5,128   5,490     Hedging Derivative Asset (Note 7)   10,339   4,226   14,565     Intangible Assets - Service								
Assets Held in Trust 362 5,128 5,490 Hedging Derivative Asset (Note 7) 10,339 4,226 14,565 Intangible Assets - Service  Concessions Arrangements (Note 26) Other Noncurrent Assets 185,008 2355,252 2,355,252 Other Noncurrent Assets 185,008 43 185,051  Total Noncurrent Assets 85,633,703 21,802 519,204 17,470,029 103,644,738 519,580  Total Assets 100,793,313 1,614,237 890,344 21,264,138 124,562,032 1,074,463  DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Outflows of Resources (Note 27) 1,574,124 262,696 1,836,820 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 1,574,124 0 0 0 262,696 1,836,820 0 0  LIABILITIES  Current Liabilities: Payables: Accounts 1,765,166 41,789 33,591 53,505 1,894,051 635,857 Payroll 984,230 2,126 5,508 991,864 Other Intergovernmental 3,443 3,443 Federal 38,841 1,042 39,883 Investment Trades 801,300 3,019 804,319 Interest 37,395 87,433 124,828								
Hedging Derivative Asset (Note 7)   10,339   4,226   14,565     Intangible Assets - Service   Concessions Arrangements (Note 26)   185,008   2,355,252   2,355,252     Other Noncurrent Assets   185,008   243   185,051     Total Noncurrent Assets   85,633,703   21,802   519,204   17,470,029   103,644,738   519,580     Total Assets   100,793,313   1,614,237   890,344   21,264,138   124,562,032   1,074,463     DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES   Deferred Outflows of Resources (Note 27)   1,574,124   0   0   262,696   1,836,820     Total Deferred Outflows of Resources (Note 27)   1,574,124   0   0   262,696   1,836,820     Current Liabilities:   Payables:   Accounts   1,765,166   41,789   33,591   53,505   1,894,051   635,857     Payroll   984,230   2,126   5,508   991,864     Other Intergovernmental   3,443   3,443     Federal   38,841   1,042   39,883     Investment Trades   801,300   3,019   804,319     Interest   37,395   87,433   124,828				546				
Intangible Assets - Service   Concessions Arrangements (Note 26)   Concessions Arrangements (Note 27)   Concessions Arrangements (Note 27)   Concessions Arrangements (Note 27)   Concessions Arrangements (Note 27)   Concessions (Note 27)   C								
Concessions Arrangements (Note 26)   Concessions Arrangements (Note 26)   Cother Noncurrent Assets   185,008   Cother Noncurrent Assets   100,793,703   Cother Noncurrent Assets   100,793,703   Cother Noncurrent Assets   100,793,313   Cother Noncurrent Assets   1,764,124   Cother Noncurrent Assets   1,764,138   Cother Noncurr		10,339			4,226	14,565		
Other Noncurrent Assets         185,008         43         185,051           Total Noncurrent Assets         85,633,703         21,802         519,204         17,470,029         103,644,738         519,580           Total Assets         100,793,313         1,614,237         890,344         21,264,138         124,562,032         1,074,463           Deferred Outflows of Resources (Note 27)         1,574,124         262,696         1,836,820         0           LIABILITIES           Current Liabilities:           Payables:           Accounts         1,765,166         41,789         33,591         53,505         1,894,051         635,857           Payroll         984,230         2,126         5,508         991,864         91,864           Other Intergovernmental         3,443         3,443         3,443         3,443           Federal         38,841         1,042         39,883         39,883           Investment Trades         801,300         3,019         804,319           Interest         37,395         87,433         124,828					2 255 252	2 255 252		
Total Noncurrent Assets	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	185 008						
Total Assets 100,793,313 1,614,237 890,344 21,264,138 124,562,032 1,074,463  DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES  Deferred Outflows of Resources (Note 27) 1,574,124 262,696 1,836,820 0  Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 1,574,124 0 0 0 262,696 1,836,820 0  LIABILITIES  Current Liabilities:  Payables: Accounts 1,765,166 41,789 33,591 53,505 1,894,051 635,857 Payroll 984,230 2,126 5,508 991,864 Other Intergovernmental 3,443 3,443 3,443 Federal 38,841 1,042 39,883 Investment Trades 801,300 3,019 804,319 Interest 37,395 87,433 124,828			21.802	519 204			519 580	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES   Deferred Outflows of Resources (Note 27)   1,574,124   262,696   1,836,820   Total Deferred Outflows of Resources   1,574,124   0   0   262,696   1,836,820   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0	Total Policarent Pissets		21,002	317,201	17,170,025	103,011,730	217,500	
Deferred Outflows of Resources (Note 27)   1,574,124   262,696   1,836,820     Total Deferred Outflows of Resources   1,574,124   0   0   0   262,696   1,836,820   0     LIABILITIES   Current Liabilities:   Payables:   Accounts   1,765,166   41,789   33,591   53,505   1,894,051   635,857     Payroll   984,230   2,126   5,508   991,864     Other Intergovernmental   3,443   3,443     Federal   38,841   1,042   39,883     Investment Trades   801,300   3,019   804,319     Interest   37,395   87,433   124,828	Total Assets	100,793,313	1,614,237	890,344	21,264,138	124,562,032	1,074,463	
LIABILITIES         Current Liabilities:           Payables:         1,765,166         41,789         33,591         53,505         1,894,051         635,857           Payroll         984,230         2,126         5,508         991,864           Other Intergovernmental         3,443         34,43         34,43           Federal         38,841         1,042         39,883           Investment Trades         801,300         3,019         804,319           Interest         37,395         87,433         124,828	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
LIABILITIES         Current Liabilities:           Payables:         1,765,166         41,789         33,591         53,505         1,894,051         635,857           Payroll         984,230         2,126         5,508         991,864           Other Intergovernmental         3,443         34,43         34,43           Federal         38,841         1,042         39,883           Investment Trades         801,300         3,019         804,319           Interest         37,395         87,433         124,828	Deferred Outflows of Resources (Note 27)	1,574,124			262,696	1,836,820		
Current Liabilities:       Payables:     1,765,166     41,789     33,591     53,505     1,894,051     635,857       Payroll     984,230     2,126     5,508     991,864       Other Intergovernmental     3,443     3,443       Federal     38,841     1,042     39,883       Investment Trades     801,300     3,019     804,319       Interest     37,395     87,433     124,828	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		0	0		1,836,820	0	
Payables:       Accounts     1,765,166     41,789     33,591     53,505     1,894,051     635,857       Payroll     984,230     2,126     5,508     991,864       Other Intergovernmental     3,443     3,443       Federal     38,841     1,042     39,883       Investment Trades     801,300     3,019     804,319       Interest     37,395     87,433     124,828								
Accounts     1,765,166     41,789     33,591     53,505     1,894,051     635,857       Payroll     984,230     2,126     5,508     991,864       Other Intergovernmental     3,443     3,443       Federal     38,841     1,042     39,883       Investment Trades     801,300     3,019     804,319       Interest     37,395     87,433     124,828								
Payroll     984,230     2,126     5,508     991,864       Other Intergovernmental     3,443     3,443       Federal     38,841     1,042     39,883       Investment Trades     801,300     3,019     804,319       Interest     37,395     87,433     124,828	,	1,765.166	41.789	33.591	53.505	1,894.051	635.857	
Other Intergovernmental     3,443       Federal     38,841     1,042     39,883       Investment Trades     801,300     3,019     804,319       Interest     37,395     87,433     124,828			,, ->				,	
Federal     38,841     1,042     39,883       Investment Trades     801,300     3,019     804,319       Interest     37,395     87,433     124,828	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			,	,			
Interest 37,395 87,433 124,828			1,042					
Interest 37,395 87,433 124,828	Investment Trades	801,300			3,019	804,319		
Annuities 7,538 7,538		37,395			87,433			
	Annuities			7,538		7,538		

Concluded on the following page

# Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds (concluded)

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

August 31, 2017 (Alfibulits III Thousands)	Business-Type Activities — Enterprise Funds		Governmental			
	Colleges and	Unemployment	Lottery	Nonmajor Enterprise		Activities — Internal Service
LIABILITIES (concluded)	<u>Universities</u>	Trust Fund	Fund	Funds	Totals	Fund*
Current Liabilities (concluded):						
Due To Other Funds (Note 12)	\$ 36,065	\$	\$ 160,604	\$ 8,546	\$ 205,215	\$ 331,404
Interfund Payable (Note 12)	91,299	Ψ	Ψ 100,001	248	91,547	Ψ 331,101
Unearned Revenue	3,633,999	140,980		8,005	3,782,984	630
Obligations/Securities Lending	490,906	140,700		117,063	607,969	18,627
Short-Term Debt (Note 4)	691,507			81,183	772,690	10,027
Claims and Judgments (Note 5)	130,866			01,105	130,866	
Capital Lease Obligations (Note 5, 8)	12,146				12,146	
Employees' Compensable Leave (Note 5)	457,591		1,357	2,777	461,725	
Notes and Loans Payable (Note 5)	41,491		1,507	224	41,715	
General Obligation Bonds Payable (Note 5, 6)	3,517			232,308	235,825	
Revenue Bonds Payable (Note 5, 6)	2,366,008			74,936	2,440,944	
Liabilities Payable From Restricted	2,500,000			7 1,750	2, , ,	
Assets (Note 5)	60,768		166,977	304,363	532,108	
Funds Held for Others	138,801		,		138,801	
Other Current Liabilities	212,579		1,095	2,851	216,525	
Total Current Liabilities	11,997,918	183,811	373,288	981,969	13,536,986	986,518
Town Current Entermittee		100,011	373,200	,01,,0	15,550,500	,,,,,,,,,
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Interfund Payable (Note 12)	909,011				909,011	
Claims and Judgments (Note 5)	51,531				51,531	
Capital Lease Obligations (Note 5, 8)	60,938				60,938	
Employees' Compensable Leave (Note 5)	414,490		1,178	1,021	416,689	
Notes and Loans Payable (Note 5)	1,320,169		1,170	961,626	2,281,795	
General Obligation Bonds Payable (Note 5, 6)	23,816			4,103,667	4,127,483	
Revenue Bonds Payable (Note 5, 6)	15,486,678			8,093,148	23,579,826	
Liabilities Payable From Restricted	10,100,070			0,075,110	25,577,020	
Assets (Note 5)	13,722		476,693	1,745,431	2,235,846	
Pollution Remediation Obligation (Note 5)	1,023		., ., ., .	-,,,	1,023	
Assets Held for Others	932,197			5,127	937,324	
Net OPEB Obligation (Note 11)	6,666,002			-,	6,666,002	
Net Pension Liability (Note 9)	4,369,774				4,369,774	
Derivative Instrument Liability	171,471				171,471	
Hedging Derivative Liability (Note 7)	246,088			232,593	478,681	
Other Noncurrent Liabilities	73,540			87,557	161,097	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	30,740,450	0	477,871	15,230,170	46,448,491	0
Total Liabilities	42,738,368	183,811	851,159	16,212,139	59,985,477	986,518
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred Inflows of Resources (Note 27)	647,025			4,226	651,251	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	647,025	0	0	4,226	651,251	
otal Deferred filliows of Resources	047,023			7,220	031,231	
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	11,079,292		546	675,903	11,755,741	
Restricted for:	11,017,272		5-10	075,705	11,755,771	
Education	3,367,558				3,367,558	
Debt Service	85,667			343,617	429,284	
Capital Projects	1,360,182			5 15,017	1,360,182	
Veterans Land Board Housing Programs	1,500,102			699,509	699,509	
Unemployment Trust Funds		1,430,426		277,207	1,430,426	
Funds Held as Permanent Investments:		1,150,120			1,150,120	
Nonexpendable	24,106,900			226	24,107,126	
Expendable	11,403,266			220	11,403,266	
Other	11,105,200		5,000	4,492,166	4,497,166	87,945
Unrestricted	7,579,179		33,639	(900,952)	6,711,866	
Total Net Position	\$58,982,044	\$ 1,430,426	\$ 39,185	\$ 5,310,469	\$65,762,124	\$ 87,945
	. , . ,	. , ,		- , -,	. , . ,	

<sup>\*</sup> Employees life, accident and health insurance benefits fund is the only internal service fund. Combining statements are not presented.

# Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – **Proprietary Funds**

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

		Business-T	ype Activities – Ente	rprise Funds		Governmental
	Colleges and	Unemployment	Lottery	Nonmajor Enterprise	Tabel	Activities – Internal Service
OPERATING REVENUES	Universities	Trust Fund	Fund	Funds	Totals	Fund*
Lottery Collections	\$	\$	\$ 5,077,816	\$	\$ 5,077,816	\$
Tuition Revenue	172,891	Ψ	\$ 2,077,010	Ψ	172,891	•
Tuition Revenue – Pledged	6,429,829				6,429,829	
Discounts and Allowances	(1,654,353)				(1,654,353)	
Hospital Revenue – Pledged	13,572,250				13,572,250	
Discounts and Allowances	(7,785,987)				(7,785,987)	
Professional Fees	6,299,584				6,299,584	
Professional Fees – Pledged	34,134				34,134	
Discounts and Allowances	(4,245,322)				(4,245,322)	
Auxiliary Enterprises	3,018				3,018	
Auxiliary Enterprises – Pledged	1,571,689			111,847	1,683,536	
Discounts and Allowances	(91,605)			ŕ	(91,605)	
Unemployment Taxes		2,687,903			2,687,903	
Other Sales of Goods and Services	32,346			54,822	87,168	
Other Sales of Goods and Services – Pledged	953,529			391,483	1,345,012	
Discounts and Allowances	(6,867)			(37,181)	(44,048)	
Interest and Investment Income	3,079			296,866	299,945	
Interest and Investment Income - Pledged	79			57,120	57,199	
Federal Revenue	2,027,806	83,640		60,553	2,171,999	
State Grant Revenue	19,567				19,567	
Premium Revenue						2,525,528
Other Operating Grant Revenue	941,776				941,776	
Other Operating Grant Revenue – Pledged	1,007,924				1,007,924	
Other Revenues	77,043	150,349	799	89,492	317,683	1,905
Other Revenues – Pledged	509,938			15,704	525,642	
Total Operating Revenues	19,872,348	2,921,892	5,078,615	1,040,706	28,913,561	2,527,433
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Cost of Goods Sold	202,601			78,388	280,989	
Salaries and Wages	13,215,327		19,033	47,516	13,281,876	6,749
Payroll Related Costs	3,510,075		6,628	13,924	3,530,627	2,441
Professional Fees and Services	1,207,363		5,717	104,446	1,317,526	924
Travel	340,143		350	693	341,186	55
Materials and Supplies	2,462,438		1,959	10,513	2,474,910	595
Communication and Utilities	694,053		529	2,237	696,819	365
Repairs and Maintenance	617,003		372	21,979	639,354	463
Rentals and Leases	315,804		5,300	2,535	323,639	157
Printing and Reproduction	72,943		33,289	140	106,372	15
Depreciation and Amortization	2,194,361		229	124,135	2,318,725	
Unemployment Benefit Payments		2,682,909			2,682,909	
Bad Debt Expense	14,784		171	303	15,258	
Interest Expense	239			293,311	293,550	
Scholarships	1,147,063				1,147,063	
Lottery Fees and Other Costs			381,654		381,654	
Lottery Prize Payments			3,257,375		3,257,375	
Employee/Participant Benefit Payments				42,253	42,253	2,434,697
Claims and Judgments	43,814			(500)	43,314	
Net Change in OPEB Obligations	900,772				900,772	
Other Expenses	1,969,172		36,977	108,084	2,114,233	3,297
Total Operating Expenses	28,907,955	2,682,909	3,749,583	849,957	36,190,404	2,449,758
Operating Income (Loss)	(9,035,607)	238,983	1,329,032	190,749	(7,276,843)	77,675

Concluded on the following page

# Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – **Proprietary Funds** (concluded)

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Business-Type Activities – Enterprise Funds Governmen			Governmental		
	Colleges			Nonmajor		Activities —
	and	Unemployment	Lottery	Enterprise	T.A.I.	Internal Service
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	<u>Universities</u>	Trust Fund	Fund	Funds	Totals	Fund*
Federal Revenue	\$ 1,003,530	\$	\$	\$ 166,035	\$ 1,169,565	\$
Gifts	571,082	•	*	521	571,603	*
Gifts – Pledged	161,324				161,324	
Land Income				12	12	
Interest and Investment Income	4,850,681	21,762	(27,648)	106,012	4,950,807	13,475
Interest and Investment Income – Pledged	773,380	<i>,</i>	. , ,	,	773,380	,
Loan Premium and Fees on Securities Lending	,			108	108	94
Investing Activities Expense	(147,554)			(424)	(147,978)	
Depreciation and Amortization	· / /			24,934	24,934	
Interest Expense	(549,836)	(1,872)		(276,277)	(827,985)	
Borrower Rebates and Agent Fees	(5,982)	. , ,		(304)	(6,286)	84
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets	(140,704)		20	5	(140,679)	
Settlement of Claims	1,211			2	1,213	2
Claims and Judgments	(935)				(935)	
Other Revenues	140,028			2,338	142,366	
Other Revenues – Pledged	136,480				136,480	
Other Expenses	(122,969)	(15)		(20,376)	(143,360)	
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	6,669,736	19,875	(27,628)	2,586	6,664,569	13,655
Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions,						
Endowments and Transfers	(2,365,871)	258,858	1,301,404	193,335	(612,274)	91,330
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS, ENDOWMENTS						
AND TRANSFERS						
Capital Contributions – Federal	100				100	
Capital Contributions – Other	186,044			5,191	191,235	
Contributions to Permanent and						
Term Endowments	209,404				209,404	
Transfer In (Note 12)	6,878,819	189,071		84,495	7,152,385	
Transfer Out (Note 12)	(424,127)		(1,333,968)	(55,116)	(1,813,211)	
Total Capital Contributions, Endowments						
and Transfers	6,850,240	189,071	(1,333,968)	34,570	5,739,913	0
Change in Net Position	4,484,369	447,929	(32,564)	227,905	5,127,639	91,330
Net Position, September 1, 2016	54,511,165	982,497	71,749	5,082,586	60,647,997	498,874
Restatements (Note 14)	(13,490)		,>	(22)	(13,512)	(502,259)
Net Position, September 1, 2016, as Restated	54,497,675	982,497	71,749	5,082,564	60,634,485	(3,385)
Net Position, August 31, 2017	\$58,982,044	\$ 1,430,426	\$ 39,185	\$ 5,310,469	\$65,762,124	\$ 87,945

<sup>\*</sup> Employees life, accident and health insurance benefits fund is the only internal service fund. Combining statements are not presented.

# **Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds**

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Business-Type Activities-Enterprise Funds Governmental					
	Colleges	,		Nonmajor		Activities-
	and	Unemployment	Lottery	Enterprise		Internal Service
	Universities	Trust Fund	Fund	Funds	Totals	Fund*
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Proceeds from Customers	\$ 8,543,888	\$2,671,150	\$ 5,075,530	\$ 603,045	\$16,893,613	\$ 559,671
Proceeds from Tuition and Fees	4,982,232	=< 100			4,982,232	
Proceeds from Research Grants and Contracts	3,918,489	76,492		5.1	3,994,981	
Proceeds from Gifts	207 221			51	51	
Proceeds from Loan Programs	297,331			586,304	883,635	
Proceeds from Auxiliaries	1,493,688	155.021		77.250	1,493,688	1 022 124
Proceeds from Other Operating Revenues	1,084,492	155,921	(471 422)	77,259	1,317,672	1,932,134
Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(8,203,603)		(471,432)	(319,011)	(8,994,046)	(3,902)
Payments to Employees	(16,347,383)		(25,824)	(56,932)	(16,430,139)	(12,701)
Payments for Loans Provided	(300,288)		(2.255.7(0)	(231,869)	(532,157)	
Payments for Lottery Prizes Payments for Unemployment Benefits		(2,695,100)	(3,255,760)		(3,255,760) (2,695,100)	
	(1.044.450)	(2,093,100)		(242 140)		(2.360.054)
Payments for Other Operating Expenses Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(1,044,450)	209 463	1,322,514	(242,140)	(1,286,590)	(2,360,054)
Net Cash Provided (Osed) by Operating Activities	(5,575,604)	208,463	1,322,314	416,707	(3,627,920)	115,148
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL						
FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Proceeds from Debt Issuance				2,096,369	2,096,369	
Proceeds from Gifts	872,836			2,070,307	872,836	
Proceeds from Endowments	329,598				329,598	
Proceeds from Transfers from Other Funds	6,882,216	346,947		221,463	7,450,626	
Proceeds from Interfund Payables	.,,	,-		6,381	6,381	250,000
Proceeds from Loan Programs	19,583				19,583	,
Proceeds from Grant Receipts	1,016,495			163,062	1,179,557	
Proceeds from Other Noncapital Financing Activities	445,090		2,470	1,950	449,510	
Payments of Principal on Debt Issuance	(278)	(304,786)		(1,893,480)	(2,198,544)	
Payments of Interest	(24)	(3,951)		(411,325)	(415,300)	
Payments of Other Costs on Debt Issuance	(305)	(19)		(3,407)	(3,731)	
Payments for Transfers to Other Funds	(1,236,101)	(159,118)	(1,294,908)	(123,285)	(2,813,412)	
Payments for Grant Disbursements	(18,215)			(29,659)	(47,874)	
Payments for Interfund Receivables				(16,098)	(16,098)	
Payments for Other Noncapital Financing Uses	(396,791)		(70,790)	(111,025)	(578,606)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital						
Financing Activities	7,914,104	(120,927)	(1,363,228)	(99,054)	6,330,895	250,000
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED						
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	7.260				7.260	
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	7,269				7,269	
Proceeds from Debt Issuance	6,624,795				6,624,795	
Proceeds from State Grants and Contracts	47,416			2 201	47,416	
Proceeds from Federal Grants and Contracts	100			3,301	3,401	
Proceeds from Gifts	1,092			12	1,092	
Proceeds from Other Capital and Related Financing Activities	264,361			13	264,374	
Proceeds from Capital Contributions  Proceeds from Additions to Conital Assets	290,210		(222)	(9.054)	290,210	
Payments for Additions to Capital Assets Payments of Principal on Debt Issuance	(3,587,556) (4,000,454)		(322)	(8,054) (7,885)	(3,595,932) (4,008,339)	
Payments of Principal on Debt Issuance Payments for Capital Leases	(10,993)			(510)	(11,503)	
Payments for Capital Leases Payments of Interest on Debt Issuance	(634,969)			(107,051)		
Payments of Other Costs on Debt Issuance	(267,384)			(25)	(742,020) (267,409)	
Payments for Interfund Receivables	(5,434)			(23)	(5,434)	
Net Cash (Used) by Capital and	(3,434)				(3,434)	
Related Financing Activities	(1,271,547)	0	(322)	(120,211)	(1,392,080)	0
	(1,2/1,57/)		(322)	(120,211)	(1,572,000)	

Concluded on the following page

# Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds (concluded)

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Business-Type Activities-Enterprise Funds				Gc	vernmental	
	Colleges	•		Nonmajor			Activities-
	and	Unemployment	Lottery	Enterprise		Inte	ernal Service
	Universities	Trust Fund	Fund	Funds	Totals		Fund*
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Proceeds from Sale of Investments	\$23,614,411	\$	\$ 70,790	\$2,046,695	\$25,731,896	\$	
Proceeds from Interest and Investment Income	1,666,352	21,529		1,354,877	3,042,758		600
Proceeds from Principal Payments on Loans	6			465,551	465,557		
Payments to Acquire Investments	(25,179,131)		(2,734)	(2,750,087)	(27,931,952)		(374,294)
Payments for Nonprogram Loans Provided				(1,263,613)	(1,263,613)		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	101,638	21,529	68,056	(146,577)	44,646		(373,694)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash							
and Cash Equivalents	1,168,591	109,065	27,020	50,865	1,355,541	_	(8,546)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, September 1, 2016	5,867,784	1,206,959	214,254	1,922,489	9,211,486		29,453
Restatements	182	1,200,737	211,231	1,722,107	182		27,133
Cash and Cash Equivalents, September 1, 2016, as Restated	5,867,966	1,206,959	214,254	1,922,489	9,211,668		29,453
Cash and Cash Equivalents, August 31, 2017	\$ 7,036,557	\$1,316,024	\$ 241,274	\$1,973,354	\$10,567,209	\$	20,907
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Outside Income (Local)	¢ (0.025 (07)	¢ 220,002	¢ 1 220 022	¢ 100.740	¢ (7.277, 9.42)	¢	77 (75
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (9,035,607)	\$ 238,983	\$ 1,329,032	\$ 190,749	\$ (7,276,843)	\$	77,675
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss)							
to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:							
Depreciation and Amortization	2,194,361		229	124,135	2,318,725		
Bad Debt Expense	537,053		171	303	537,527		
Pension Expense	502,463		1/1	303	502,463		
Operating Income (Loss) and Cash Flow Categories	302,103				302,103		
Classification Differences**	8,288			61,630	69,918		(502,257)
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	-,			,	,		(==,==;)
(Increase) Decrease in Receivables	(771,340)	(10,020)	(3,086)	17,375	(767,071)		(57,676)
(Increase) Decrease in Due From Other Funds	(1,082)	( , ,	( ) ,	1,538	456		504,121
(Increase) Decrease in Inventories	(8,767)		(12,614)	(1,210)	(22,591)		,
(Increase) Decrease in Notes Receivable	1,131		, , ,	( ) ')	1,131		
(Increase) Decrease in Loans and Contracts	(10,504)			(631,755)	(642,259)		
(Increase) Decrease in Other Assets	14,515			(109,161)	(94,646)		
(Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Expenses	(4,465)		198	(1,996)	(6,263)		
Increase (Decrease) in Payables	117,168	(23,790)	8,584	(191,784)	(89,822)		24,690
Increase (Decrease) in Deposits	1,349	( ) /	,	673,291	674,640		,
Increase (Decrease) in Due To Other Funds	234			691	925		68,629
Increase (Decrease) in Unearned Revenue	313,993	3,290		619	317,902		(34)
Increase (Decrease) in Employees'							
Compensable Leave	18,693			(61)	18,632		
Increase (Decrease) in Benefits Payable	528,128			` '	528,128		
Increase (Decrease) in Other Liabilities	18,785			282,343	301,128		
Total Adjustments	3,460,003	(30,520)	(6,518)	225,958	3,648,923		37,473
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ (5,575,604)	\$ 208,463	\$ 1,322,514	\$ 416,707	\$ (3,627,920)	\$	115,148
NONESCUEDANGA CEICHA							
NONCASH TRANSACTIONS	ф2 -2 :	Ф	d.	Φ - 100	d 5==1=	¢	
Donation of Capital Assets	\$ 52,524	\$	\$ (27.640)	\$ 5,191	\$ 57,715	\$	(0.7.7)
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	\$ 2,253,514	\$	\$ (27,649)	\$ 34,144	\$ 2,260,009	\$	(830)
Borrowing Under Capital Lease Purchase	\$ 12,868	\$	\$	\$ 701	\$ 12,868	\$	
Other	\$ 134,593	\$	\$ 20	\$ 791	\$ 135,404	\$	

<sup>\*</sup> Employees life, accident and health insurance benefits fund is the only internal service fund. Combining statements are not presented.

<sup>\*\*</sup> See note 14 for the amount reported under Internal Service Fund.

# **Statement of Fiduciary Net Position**

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds	External Investment Trust Fund*	Private- Purpose Trust Funds	Agency Funds
ASSETS	201011111111111111111111111111111111111			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 755,534	\$	\$1,044,791	\$ 1,545,724
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents			14	
Securities Lending Collateral	18,180,633			
Investments:				
U.S. Government	24,439,184	11,275,681	84,658	298,748
Corporate Equity	27,226,455		35,932	129,766
Corporate Obligations	1,310,725	2,586,491	2,945	394
Repurchase Agreements		3,848,742		36,229
Foreign Securities	36,077,375		8,439	
Externally Managed Investments	66,731,217			
Other	17,722,318	729,717	3,118,237	167,617
Receivables:				
Federal	207,897			
Interest and Dividends	317,602	7,648	152	1,040
Accounts	527,537		95	7,498
Taxes				19
Investment Trades	1,111,120		606	
Other	149,635		4,343	
Due From Other Funds (Note 12)	428,426		380	
Prepaid Items	132			
Properties, at Cost, Net of Accumulated				
Depreciation or Amortization	93,998		649	
Other Assets				1,558,296
Total Assets	195,279,788	18,448,279	4,301,241	3,745,331
LIABILITIES				
Payables:				
Accounts	\$ 347,578	\$ 19,417	\$ 766,571	\$ 608
Investment Trades	716,138	3,493		
Payroll	5,507			
Other Intergovernmental				1,077,347
Interest			9	
Annuities	128,998			
Due To Other Funds (Note 12)	13,286			934
Unearned Revenue	843		759	
Employees' Compensable Leave	12,210			
Obligations/Securities Lending	18,161,275			
Funds Held for Others			96	2,666,421
Other Liabilities	182,726	333	290,376	21
Total Liabilities	19,568,561	23,243	1,057,811	3,745,331
NET POSITION				
Restricted for Pensions	174,582,301			
Held in Trust for:	177,302,301			
OPEB and Other Purposes**	1,128,926			
Individuals, Organizations and Other Governments	1,120,720		3,243,430	
Pool Participants		18,425,036	<u></u>	
Total Net Position	\$ 175 711 227	\$ 18 425 026	\$ 2 2/2 /20	\$ 0
TOTAL INCL POSITION	\$175,711,227	\$18,425,036	\$3,243,430	\$ 0

<sup>\*</sup> The activities of the Texas local government investment pool (TexPool) and the Texas local government investment pool prime (TexPool Prime) are reported as an external investment trust fund. Combining statements are not presented.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)

# **Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position**

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds	External Investment Trust Fund*	Private- Purpose Trust Funds
ADDITIONS			
Contributions:			
Member Contributions	\$ 4,271,853	\$	\$
State Contributions	3,789,429		
Premium Contributions	629,253		2.455
Federal Contributions	174,839		3,477
Other Contributions Total Contributions	1,995,948		204,795
Total Contributions	10,861,322	0	208,272
Investment Income:			
From Investing Activities:			
Net Increase in Fair Value of Investments	13,191,104		284,846
Interest, Dividend and Other	6,435,687	153,294	47,166
Total Investing Income	19,626,791	153,294	332,012
Less Investing Activities Expense	254,090	9,504	4,116
Net Income from Investing Activities	19,372,701	143,790	327,896
From Securities Lending Activities:			
Securities Lending Income	240,265		
Less Securities Lending Expense:	,		
Borrower Rebates**	129,975		
Management Fees	10,701		
Net Income from Securities Lending	99,589	0	0
Total Net Investment Income	19,472,290	143,790	327,896
		143,770	
Capital Share and Individual Account Transactions: Net Increase in Participant Investments	0	3,992,908	0
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Other Additions:			
Settlement of Claims	2,048		4,615
Other Revenue	3,696		312,303
Transfer In (Note 12)	117,236		380
Total Other Additions	122,980	0	317,298
Total Additions	30,456,592	4,136,698	853,466
DEDUCTIONS			
Benefits	14,965,106		182,955
Refunds of Contributions	544,677		7.015
Transfer Out (Note 12)	115,717		7,215
Intergovernmental Payments Administrative Expenses	73,255		74,642 7,589
Depreciation and Amortization Expense	4,587		39
Settlement of Claims	4,567		14,723
Interest Expense			8
Loss on Sale of Capital Assets	11		0
Other Expenses	5,814		895,826
o their Edipenses	2,011		0,0,020
Total Deductions	15,709,167	0	1,182,997
INCREASE IN NET POSITION	14.747.425	4 126 600	(220,521)
INCREASE IN NET POSITION	14,747,425	4,136,698	(329,531)
NET POSITION			
Net Position, September 1, 2016	160,461,543	14,288,338	3,572,961
Restatements (Note 14)	502,259		
Net Position, September 1, 2016, as Restated	160,963,802	14,288,338	3,572,961
Net Position, August 31, 2017	\$ 175,711,227	\$ 18,425,036	\$ 3,243,430
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<sup>\*</sup> The activities of the Texas local government investment pool (TexPool) and the Texas local government investment pool prime (TexPool Prime) are reported as an external investment trust fund. Combining statements are not presented.

<sup>\*\*</sup> The pension funds of the Employees Retirement System of Texas received rebates from borrowers in excess of payments made to borrowers due to increased demand in the securities lending market.

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# Note 1

# **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

### **Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying financial statements of the state of Texas were prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The state implemented the following six GASB statements in fiscal 2017.

GASB Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not Within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68, establishes requirements for defined benefit pensions that are not within the scope of GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, as well as for assets accumulated for the purposes of providing pensions.

GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, improves the decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and interperiod equity, and creates additional transparency for postemployment benefits other than pension plans (OPEB).

GASB Statement No. 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures, establishes financial reporting standards for tax abatement agreements entered into by governments. Certain information about tax abatement agreements that are entered into by the reporting government and entered into by other governments that reduce the reporting government's tax revenues is required to be disclosed.

GASB Statement No. 78, Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pensions Plans, amends the scope and applicability of GASB Statement No. 68 to exclude pensions provided to employees of governmental employers through a costsharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that meets certain criteria.

GASB Statement No. 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units - An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14, amends the blending requirement for the financial statement presentation of component units. The additional criteria requires blending of a component unit incorporated as a not-for-profit corporation in which the primary government is the sole corporate member.

GASB Statement No. 82, Pension Issues - An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73, with paragraph 7 not applicable to the state of Texas pension plans. GASB Statement No. 82 addresses certain issues that have been raised with respect to GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68 and No. 73.

### **Financial Reporting Entity**

For financial reporting purposes, the state of Texas includes all agencies, boards, commissions, authorities, institutions of higher education and other organizations that compose its legal entity. The reporting entity also includes legally separate organizations for which the state is financially accountable and any other organizations that would cause the financial statements to be misleading if they were excluded. All activities considered part of the state are included. These activities provide a range of services in the areas of:

- General government
- Education
- Employee benefits
- Teacher retirement state contributions
- Health and human services
- Public safety and corrections
- Transportation
- Natural resources and recreation
- Regulatory services

The reporting entity for the state is in accordance with the criteria established by GASB. Note 19 provides a listing and brief summary of the component units and their relationship to the state of Texas. The governmentwide financial statements present the balances and activities of the state of Texas (the primary government) and its component units.

The state's public school districts, junior and community colleges are excluded from the state's financial reporting entity. These entities are legally separate and fiscally independent from the state. The state is not financially accountable for these entities and it does not make the state's financial statements misleading to exclude them.

### Financial Reporting Structure

The basic financial statements include governmentwide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to the financial statements. The reporting model based on GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments, focuses on the state as a whole in the government-wide financial statements and major individual funds in the fund financial statements.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (statement of net position and statement of activities) display information about the state as a whole - its financial position at the end of the fiscal year and the change in financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal year, except for its fiduciary activities. These statements include separate columns for the governmental and business-type activities of the state (including its blended component units), and its discretely presented component units. These statements also report all current and noncurrent assets and liabilities, revenues, expenses, and gains and losses of the state using an economic resources measurement focus and an accrual basis of accounting.

The statement of net position is presented in a net position format. The net position is displayed in three components: net investment in capital assets; restricted (presented with major categories of restrictions); and unrestricted. This statement reports deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources in separate categories from assets and liabilities and distinguishes between restricted and unrestricted current and noncurrent assets.

The statement of activities reflects both the gross expense and net expense/revenue by function (public safety and corrections, transportation, etc.) The net expense/revenue is calculated by netting program expenses, including depreciation and amortization, against program revenues for each program. The net expense/revenue identifies the extent to which each function draws from the general revenues of the state or is self-financing through fees and intergovernmental aid.

Program revenues are directly associated with a function of governmental or business-type activities. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues.

Program revenues include charges for services, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions. Charges for services arise from charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from the goods, services or privileges provided. Charges for services include special assessments and payments made by parties outside of the state's citizenry if that money is restricted to a particular program. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while capital grants reflect capital-specific grants from other governments, organizations or individuals. Multipurpose grants that provide financing for more than one program are reported as program revenue if the amounts restricted to each program are specifically identifiable. Multipurpose grants that do not provide for specific identification of the programs and amounts are reported as general revenues.

Certain general government administrative overhead expenses are charged to the various functions of the state. These charges are paid from applicable funding sources and are reflected as direct expenses. Other expenses reported for each function are clearly identifiable to that particular function and are direct expenses. The amount of direct interest expense included in direct expenses in the statement of activities is \$665 million.

Fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type (pension and other employee benefit trust, external investment trust, private-purpose trust and agency). The assets of fiduciary funds are held for the benefit of others and cannot be used to finance activities or obligations of the government. They are, therefore, not incorporated into the government-wide financial statements.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements are presented after the government-wide financial statements. They display information about major funds individually and in the aggregate for governmental and proprietary nonmajor funds. In governmental and fiduciary funds, assets and liabilities are presented in order of relative liquidity. In proprietary funds, assets and liabilities are presented in a classified format that distinguishes between all current and noncurrent assets and liabilities. Current assets in the classified format are those considered available for appropriation and expenditure. Examples of expendable financial resources include cash, various receivables and short-term investments not restricted for specific purposes. All other assets are considered noncurrent. Current liabilities are obligations to be paid within the next fiscal year. Examples include payables and the current portion of long-term liabilities.

The governmental funds in the fund financial statements are presented on a current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. This presentation is deemed most appropri-

ate to demonstrate compliance with legal and covenant requirements, the source and use of financial resources, and how the state's actual results of activities conform to the budget. A reconciliation between the governmental fund financial statements and the governmental activities column of the government-wide financial statements is presented since a different measurement focus and basis of accounting is used. The reconciliation explains the adjustments required to convert the fundbased financial statements to the reporting entity-based financial statements.

The state uses funds to report its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. State transactions are recorded in the fund types described below.

### **Governmental Fund Types**

Governmental funds focus on the sources and uses of funds. Included in the governmental fund financial statements are general, special revenue, debt service, capital projects and permanent funds. The general fund is the principal operating fund used to account for most of the state's general activities. It accounts for all financial resources except those accounted for in other funds. Special revenue funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. Debt service funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest payments. Capital projects funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. Capital projects funds exclude those types of capital-related outflows financed by proprietary funds or for assets that will be held in trust for individuals, private organizations or other governments. Permanent funds are used to report resources legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the state's programs.

The state's major governmental funds are listed below.

The **General Fund** is the primary operating fund for the state and includes transactions for general government, education, employee benefits, teacher retirement state contributions, health and human services, public safety and corrections, transportation, natural resources and recreation, and regulatory services.

The State Highway Fund, a special revenue fund, receives funds allocated by law for public road construction, maintenance, monitoring and law enforcement of the state's highway system.

The **Permanent School Fund** is an investment fund consisting of land and proceeds from the sale of land that establishes a perpetual provision for the support of the public schools of Texas. All dividends and other income are allocated to the credit of the available school fund.

### **Proprietary Fund Types**

Proprietary funds focus on determining operating income, changes in financial position and cash flows. Proprietary funds are reported using economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. GAAP similar to those used by private-sector businesses are applied in accounting for these funds. Included in proprietary fund financial statements are enterprise funds and an internal service fund.

Enterprise funds are used to report any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. Activities must be reported as enterprise funds if any one of the following criteria is met:

- The activity is financed with debt secured solely by a pledge of the net revenues from fees and charges of the activity.
- · Laws or regulations require the activity's costs of providing services, including capital costs (such as depreciation, amortization or debt service), to be recovered with fees and charges.
- The pricing policies of the activity establish fees and charges designed to recover its costs, including capital costs.

Internal service funds are used to report any activity that provides goods or services, on a cost reimbursement basis, to other funds, departments or agencies of the reporting entity or other governments. The Employees Life, Accident and Health Insurance Benefits Fund accounts for the services provided to state of Texas agencies and institutions of higher education that participate in the Texas Employees Group Benefits Program.

The major enterprise funds for the state are listed below.

### The Colleges and Universities include:

- University of Texas System
- Texas A&M University System
- Texas Tech University System
- University of Houston System
- Texas State University System
- University of North Texas System
- Texas Woman's University
- Stephen F. Austin State University
- Texas Southern University
- Midwestern State University
- Texas State Technical College

These institutions of higher education are represented as a single column in the proprietary fund financial statements and individually in the schedules of colleges and universities in the other supplementary information section of this report.

The **Unemployment Trust Fund** contains the activity of the state related to the administration of state and federally financed unemployment benefits.

The **Lottery Fund** receives fees from external users and uses the fees to operate the state lottery, finance debt and make investments to meet future installment obligations to prize winners.

### **Fiduciary Fund Types**

Fiduciary funds account for assets held in either a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units or other funds. When assets are held under the terms of a formal trust agreement, either a pension trust fund or a privatepurpose trust fund is used.

Pension and other employee benefit trust funds report resources held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of defined benefit pension plans.

External investment trust funds report the external portions of investment pools reported by the sponsoring government.

Private-purpose trust funds report all other trust arrangements whose principal and interest benefit individuals, private organizations or other governments. These trusts include tobacco settlement money, reserve for insurance company liquidations, relief of catastrophic insurance losses, contributions of prison inmates, educational savings plans and others.

Agency funds report assets the state holds on behalf of others in a purely custodial capacity. Agency funds involve only the receipt and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations or other governments. Agency funds include those funds established to account for the collection of sales and use tax for distribution to localities, bond escrow funds, deposits of insurance carriers, child support collections and other miscellaneous accounts.

### **Component Units**

All component units of the state of Texas are reported as nonmajor component units. The combining statement of net position – component units and the combining statement of activities – component units are discretely presented.

Additional information about blended and discretely presented component units can be found in Note 19. More detailed information of the individual component units is available from the component units' separately issued financial statements.

### **Basis of Accounting, Measurement Focus** and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-wide financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the economic resources measurement focus, all economic resources and obligations of the reporting entity, both current and noncurrent, are reported. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchangelike transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions and GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, which partially amended GASB Statement No. 33.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Governmental funds use the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, generally only current assets and current liabilities are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (such as revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (such as expenditures and other financing uses) in current financial resources.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they become both measurable and available to finance operations of the fiscal year or liquidate liabilities existing at fiscal year-end. The state of Texas considers all major revenues (such as operating grants and contributions and taxes) reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are due at fiscal year-end and collected within 60 days thereafter.

In the governmental fund financial statements, revenues that are earned but not expected to be collected within 60 days are not available to liquidate the liabilities of the current period and are reported as deferred inflows of resources. Unearned revenue is recorded when cash or other assets are received prior to being earned.

Under the accrual basis of accounting, as used in the government-wide financial statements, proprietary fund financial statements and fiduciary fund financial statements, unearned revenue is recorded when cash or other assets are collected in advance before the revenue recognition criteria are met. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized at the time liabilities are incurred. Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets rather than reported as expenditures as they would be under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental fund financial statements. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as liabilities rather than other financing sources under the modified accrual basis. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the state are reported as reductions of the related liabilities rather than expenditures.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses result from providing services or producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary funds' principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for enterprise and internal service funds include the cost of sales

and services, administrative expenses, and capital asset depreciation and amortization. Revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Although agency funds use the accrual basis of accounting, they do not have a measurement focus because they do not recognize revenues and expenses.

### **Budgetary Information**

The budgetary comparison schedule and the notes to the budgetary comparison schedule are in the required supplementary information other than management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) section. The budgetary comparison schedule presents the original budget, the final budget and the actual activity of the major governmental funds. Reconciliations for the general fund and the state highway fund budgetary basis to the GAAP basis are presented as required supplementary information with explanations of the reconciling items. Budgetary information for nonmajor governmental funds is presented as other supplementary information. The governmental funds with legally adopted annual budgets are the general fund, the state highway fund and the other nonmajor special revenue funds listed in other supplementary information.

### Cash and Cash Equivalents

For reporting purposes, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, cash in transit, cash in local banks, cash in the federal and state treasuries, and cash equivalents. Cash in local banks is primarily held by enterprise funds, discrete component units, employee benefit trust funds and agency funds. Cash balances of most state funds are pooled and invested by the Treasury Operations Division of the Comptroller's office. Interest earned is deposited in the general revenue fund and specified funds designated by law.

The statement of cash flows for proprietary funds presents the change in cash and cash equivalents during the fiscal year. Cash equivalents are defined as shortterm, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and so near maturity they present insignificant risk of a decrease in value due to changes in interest rates. Investments with an original maturity of three months or less and used for cash management rather than investing activities are considered cash equivalents. Restricted securities held as collateral for securities lending are not included as cash equivalents on the statement of cash flows.

#### Investments

Investments are reported at fair value in the balance sheet or other statements of net financial position with exceptions. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Texas local government investment pool (TexPool) and Texas local government investment pool prime (TexPool Prime) meet the criteria for a qualifying external investment pool under GASB Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participant. Certain money market investments may be reported at amortized cost provided the investment has a remaining maturity of one year or less at date of purchase. All investment income, including changes in the fair value of investments, is recognized as revenue in the operating statement or statement of activities.

#### Receivables and Payables

The major receivables for governmental activities are federal revenue and taxes receivables. The major receivables for business-type activities are federal revenue and patient receivables. Receivables represent amounts due to the state as of Aug. 31, 2017, from private persons or organizations. Amounts expected to be collected within the next fiscal year are classified as current and amounts expected to be collected beyond the next fiscal year are

classified as noncurrent. All receivables are recorded net of allowances for uncollectible accounts.

Taxes receivable represent amounts earned in fiscal 2017 that will be collected sometime in the future. In the government-wide financial statements, a corresponding amount is recorded as revenue. In the governmental fund financial statements, the portion considered available is recorded as revenue; the remainder is recorded as unearned revenue. Taxes receivable are estimated based on collection experience. Tax refunds payable represent amounts owed to taxpayers for overpayments or amended tax returns. See Note 23 for details on taxes receivable and tax refunds payable.

Other receivables in the general fund consist primarily of program receivables for health care assistance and temporary assistance for needy families. Other receivables in the colleges and universities fund consist primarily of receivables from investments, from external parties and other companies. Other receivables in proprietary funds other than the colleges and universities fund consist of receivables related to unemployment compensation benefit overpayments. Other receivables in the pension and other employee benefit trust funds consist primarily of receivables for service credit purchase and rebate income from pharmaceutical manufacturers for prescription drugs under a retiree group health insurance program. Activities between funds that represent lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at fiscal year-end are interfund loans. All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as due from/due to other funds. Any residual balances between governmental and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Noncurrent interfund receivables in the general fund, as shown in Note 12, are reported as nonspendable fund balance. Noncurrent interfund receivables in other governmental funds are reported as committed, restricted or assigned fund balance.

Investment trade receivables are reported for sales of investments pending settlement. Investment trade payables are purchases of investments pending settlement.

### **Inventories and Prepaid Items**

Inventories include both merchandise inventories on hand for sale and consumable inventories. Inventories are valued at cost generally utilizing the last-in, first-out method.

The consumption method of accounting is used to account for inventories and prepaid items that appear in both governmental and proprietary fund types. The costs of inventories are expensed when they are consumed. Prepaid items reflect payments for costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded in both government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements.

#### **Restricted Assets**

Restricted assets include monies or other resources restricted by legal or contractual requirements. These assets include certain proceeds of enterprise fund general obligation and revenue bonds, as well as certain revenues, set aside for statutory or contractual requirements.

### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets are reported in proprietary funds, fiduciary funds and on the government-wide financial statements. The capitalization threshold and the estimated useful life of the assets vary depending upon the asset type. Note 2 includes a table identifying the capitalization threshold and the estimated useful life by asset type. It also provides information on the state's depreciation/amortization policy and other detailed information.

The state has adopted the depreciation method for reporting its highway system. The Texas Department of Transportation, the state agency responsible for

construction and maintenance of the state's road and highway systems, adopted the composite approach for reporting infrastructure and bridges. The composite approach is a method for calculating depreciation of a group of similar and dissimilar assets of the same class (all the roads and bridges of the state) using the same depreciation rate. The composite depreciation rate for fiscal 2017 is 2.5 percent based on a 40-year weighted average life expectancy of the assets in service.

### **Long-Term Liabilities**

Reporting long-term liabilities in the statement of net position requires two components - the amount due within one year (current) and the amount due in more than one year (noncurrent).

General long-term liabilities consist of claims and judgments, capital lease obligations, employees' compensable leave and other noncurrent liabilities. General long-term liabilities are not reported as liabilities in governmental funds but are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide statement of net position. The state reports rebatable arbitrage in claims and judgments. General long-term debt is not limited to liabilities arising from debt issuances, but may also include noncurrent liabilities on lease-purchase agreements and other commitments that are not current liabilities.

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are currently amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. State agencies also have the option of using bonds outstanding or the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond accretion, premium or discount. Gain or loss on refunding is reported as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources, respectively, and amortized over a shorter final maturity of the refunded or the refunding bonds. Issuance costs are expensed in the fiscal year in which they were incurred.

In the governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums, discounts and bond issuance costs are recognized during the current fiscal year. The face amount of the debt issued and the related premiums are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

### **Employees' Compensable Leave Balances**

Annual leave, commonly referred to as vacation leave, and other compensated absences with similar characteristics are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned by the employee. Benefits are earned when the employee's right to receive compensation is attributable to services already rendered and it is probable the employer will compensate the employee for the benefits through paid time off or some other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement. Employees accrue vacation time at a rate of eight to 21 hours per month depending on years of employment. The maximum number of hours that can be carried forward to the next fiscal year ranges from 180 hours to 532 hours based on years of service.

Under the federal Fair Labor Standards Act and state laws for nonexempt, nonemergency employees overtime can be accumulated in lieu of immediate payment as compensatory leave (at one-and-one-half hours for each overtime hour worked) to a maximum of 240 hours. All overtime exceeding 240 hours must be paid with the next regular payroll. At termination or death, all overtime balances must be paid in full. For emergency personnel (firefighters, law enforcement, prison officers, etc.), overtime can be accumulated to a maximum of 480 hours. Unused overtime is included in the calculation of current and noncurrent liabilities because each employee may be paid for the overtime or use it as compensatory time.

Compensatory leave is allowed for exempt employees not eligible for overtime pay. This leave is accu-

mulated on an hour-for-hour basis and must be taken within one year from the date earned or it lapses. There is no death or termination benefit for compensatory leave and it is nontransferable. Compensatory leave is reported as a current liability.

Sick leave is accrued at a rate of eight hours per month with no limit on the amount that can be carried forward to the next fiscal year. Accumulated sick leave is not paid at employee termination, although an employee's estate may be paid for one-half of the accumulated sick leave to a maximum of 336 hours. In 2009, the 81st Legislature passed House Bill 2559, which does not allow employees hired on or after Sept. 1, 2009, to apply unused sick or annual leave as service credit to meet retirement eligibility. State employees hired before Sept. 1, 2009, are entitled to service credit in the retirement system for unused sick or annual leave on the last day of employment. The maximum amount of the state's contingent obligation for sick leave was not determined. The probability of a material impact on state operations in any given fiscal year is considered remote.

#### **Capital Lease Obligations**

Capital lease contracts payable, which are not funded by current resources, represent the liability for future lease payments under capital lease contracts. Note 8 provides details for capital lease obligations.

### **Conduit Debt Obligations**

Conduit debt issued by the state in the form of bonds is for the express purpose of providing capital financing for a specific third party that is not part of the state's financial reporting entity. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received from the third party on the underlying loans. The state has no obligations for the debt beyond the resources provided by the third party on whose behalf the bonds were issued. The state has chosen to continue reporting conduit debt obligations as

long-term liabilities on the balance sheet for debt issued prior to GASB Interpretation No. 2, Disclosure of Conduit Debt Obligations, an Interpretation of NCGA Statement 1, as well as subsequent debt obligations that are substantially the same as those already reported. GASB Interpretation No. 2, which was effective for Texas beginning Sept. 1, 1996, requires only note disclosure for issuance of all other conduit debt. Note 6 provides details on conduit debt obligations.

### **Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources**

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are defined in GASB Concepts Statement No. 4, Elements of Financial Statements, as the consumptions and acquisitions of net assets by the government that are applicable to future periods. Based on this concept, the state reports the following as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources:

- · various types of revenues earned but not available within 60 days of fiscal year end.
- gains and losses on bond refunding transactions.
- the difference between the fair value of the capital assets constructed or improved and the present value of contractual liabilities in service concession arrangements (SCAs) reported as deferred inflows of resources. Note 26 provides details on SCAs.
- the changes in the fair value of hedging derivative instruments reported as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources. Note 7 presents additional information about derivative instruments.
- certain changes in net pension liability reported as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources. Note 9 provides details on pensions.
- the excess consideration provided over the net position acquired in the acquisition of the Texas

Wesleyan University Law School reported as deferred outflows of resources.

Note 27 provides details on deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources.

### **Net Position and Fund Balances**

The state reports restricted net position when constraints placed on resources are either:

- externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments; or
- imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Enabling legislation authorizes the government to assess, levy, charge or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources can only be used for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. Restricted net position is designated as either expendable or nonexpendable. Expendable restricted resources are those that may be expended for either a stated purpose or for a general purpose subject to externally imposed stipulations. Nonexpendable restricted resources are those required to be retained in perpetuity. Restricted resources include the state's permanent endowment funds subject to externally imposed restrictions governing their use.

Net investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets - including restricted capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation/amortization and reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes or other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of such assets. Significant unspent related debt proceeds are not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets. The unspent portion of the debt is included in the restricted for capital projects category of net position.

Fund balances for governmental funds are classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Nonspendable fund balances include amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in a spendable form or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Fund balances are reported as restricted when constraints placed upon the use of resources are either:

- externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments; or
- imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balances are amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed through legislation passed into law by formal action of the Texas Legislature, the state's highest level of decision making authority. These committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Texas Legislature removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts. Fund balances are reported as assigned when the state intends for resources to be used for specific purposes, yet the constraints do not meet the requirements to be reported as restricted or committed. Intent is expressed by either the Texas Legislature, agency governing board or the agency head/ official to which the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Unassigned fund balances represent amounts that have not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes. The Texas Legislature, agency governing board/the agency head or official to which the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts shall determine the procedures and policies for determining assigned fund balances. The general fund is the only fund that can report a positive unassigned fund balance. Note 13 presents disaggregated fund balances.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the state's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources as they

are needed. When only unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the state's policy to use committed resources first, then assigned resources, and lastly unassigned resources.

### **Interfund Activity and Transactions – Government-wide Financial Statements**

Interfund activities are presented on the fund financial statements but are not carried forward to the government-wide financial statements. The interfund activities on the government-wide financial statements are consolidated to present only the activities between governmental activities and business-type activities. Interfund services provided and used are allocated to various functions within the primary government. Interfund activity with fiduciary funds is reclassified and reported as external activity.

Interfund payables and receivables are also presented on the fund financial statements, but are not carried forward to the statement of net position except for amounts due between governmental and business-type activities. These amounts are reported as internal balances on the statement of net position. Interfund activities between the primary government and component units with a different fiscal year-end are limited and immaterial.

Interfund transactions with discretely presented component units are reclassified and reported as external activity. Note 12 provides details of interfund activities and transactions.

### Risk Financing

The state maintains a combination of commercial insurance and self-insurance programs. The state is selfinsured for workers' compensation and unemployment compensation claims. The liabilities are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. The group insurance programs are provided through a combination of insurance contracts, self-funded health plans and health maintenance organization contracts.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims incurred but not reported. See Note 17 for additional information.

# Note 2

### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets of governmental funds, which include land, infrastructure, buildings, equipment and intangible assets are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase and capitalized in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position. Capital assets of other funds and component units are capitalized in the fund in which they are utilized. Capital assets are assets with a cost above a set minimum capitalization threshold that, when acquired, have an estimated useful life of more than one year. The capitalization thresholds and estimated useful lives of the state's various categories of capital assets are presented in table 2A.

Capitalization of Ass	ets	
Туре	Capitalization Threshold	Estimated Useful Life
Land and Land Improvements	\$ 0	Not applicable
Infrastructure, Non-Depreciable	0	Not applicable
Construction in Progress	0	Not applicable
Buildings and Building Improvements	100,000	5-30 years
Infrastructure, Depreciable	500,000	10-50 years
Facilities and Other Improvements	100,000	10-60 years
Furniture and Equipment	5,000	3-15 years
Vehicles, Boats and Aircraft	5,000	5-40 years
Other Capital Assets		
(Library Books, Leasehold		
Improvements and Livestock)		
Depreciable	Various	3-22 years
Non-Depreciable	0	Not applicable
Internally Generated		
Computer Software	1,000,000	3-10 years
Other Computer Software	100,000	3-10 years
Land Use Rights – Permanent	0	Not applicable
Land Use Rights – Term	100,000	10-60 years
Other Intangible Capital Assets	100,000	3-15 years

Table 2B on the following pages present the composition of the state's capital assets, adjustments, reclassifications, additions and deletions during fiscal 2017. The adjustments column includes assets not previously reported, accounting errors and other changes. The reclassifications column includes amounts for transfers of capital assets between agencies and reclassifies amounts for completed construction projects previously reported as construction in progress. The additions column includes current year purchases, depreciation and amortization. The deletions column includes assets removed during the current fiscal year.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Depreciation or amortization is reported on all exhaustible assets. Inexhaustible assets, such as works of art and historical treasures, are not depreciated. Professional, academic and research library books and materials are considered exhaustible assets and are depreciated. Intangible assets with determinable useful lives are amortized. Donated assets are reported at the acquisition value. Assets are depreciated or amortized over their estimated useful life using the straight-line method.

Most land improvements (infrastructure), including curbs, sidewalks, fences, bridges and lighting systems, are capitalized. The state's highway infrastructure is reported using the depreciation approach.

Capitalization of interest incurred during the construction of capital assets is not applicable for governmental activities. For proprietary fund types and fiduciary funds with measurement focus on income determination or capital maintenance, the net amount of interest cost for qualifying assets is capitalized. In proprietary fund types, \$361.2 million of interest was charged to expense and \$65.1 million of interest was capitalized, for a net \$426.3 million of interest cost incurred.

Capital Asset Activity
Table 2B
For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT					
	Balance 9/1/16	Adjustments	Reclassifications	Additions	Deletions	Balance 8/31/17
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	3/1/10	Aujustilielits	neciassifications	Auditions	Deletions	0/31/17
Non-Depreciable & Non-Amortizable Assets						
Land and Land Improvements	\$ 12,609,626	\$ 83,136	\$ 893	\$ 758,738	\$ (3,817)	\$ 13,448,576
Infrastructure	636					636
Construction in Progress	15,838,662	(13,683)	(4,827,202)	6,179,477	(2)	17,177,254
Other Capital Assets	72,315	(92.120)		129	(3)	72,441
Land Use Rights – Permanent Total Non-Depreciable & Non-Amortizable Assets	119,914 28,641,153	(83,130) (13,677)	(4,826,309)	2,395 6,940,739	(12,494) (16,314)	26,685 30,725,592
Total Non-Depreciable & Non-Amortizable Assets	26,041,133	(13,077)	(4,820,309)	0,940,739	(10,314)	30,723,392
Depreciable Assets						
Buildings and Building Improvements	6,185,944		124,695	10,759	(18,307)	6,303,091
Infrastructure	85,292,043	(5,292)	4,675,529	963	(7,845)	89,955,398
Facilities and Other Improvements	233,258	(-,)	6,682	1,824	(668)	241,096
Furniture and Equipment	1,196,768	707	3,182	74,096	(57,902)	1,216,851
Vehicles, Boats and Aircraft	1,246,248	284	28	134,649	(61,635)	1,319,574
Other Capital Assets	152,467	(13)	1,025	1,837	(524)	154,792
Total Depreciable Assets at Historical Cost	94,306,728	(4,314)	4,811,141	224,128	(146,881)	99,190,802
Total Depreciable Assets at Historical Cost	74,300,728	(4,514)	4,011,141	224,120	(140,001)	77,170,002
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:						
Buildings and Building Improvements	(4,148,548)	(77)		(189,594)	9,156	(4,329,063)
Infrastructure	(17,046,537)	(11)		(1,725,609)	572	(18,771,574)
Facilities and Other Improvements	(172,834)			(6,558)	660	(178,732)
Furniture and Equipment	(890,705)	603	102	(82,640)	54,737	(917,903)
Vehicles, Boats and Aircraft	(774,785)	(105)	(29)	(83,432)	55,050	(803,301)
Other Capital Assets		(103)	(29)		251	
	(88,513) (23,121,922)		73	(6,111)	120,426	(94,383)
Total Accumulated Depreciation*		(2.002)	4,811,214	(2,093,944)		(25,094,956)
Depreciable Assets, Net	71,184,806	(3,903)	4,811,214	(1,869,816)	(26,455)	74,095,846
Intangible Capital Assets – Amortizable						
Land Use Rights – Term	19,440				(3,684)	15,756
Computer Software	526,963	(8)	10,134	21,252	(17,899)	540,442
Other Intangible Capital Assets – Term	79,673	(0)	10,154	21,232	(17,077)	79,673
Total Intangible Assets at Historical Cost	626,076	(8)	10,134	21,252	(21,583)	635,871
Total Intaligible Assets at Historical Cost	020,070	(8)	10,134	21,232	(21,363)	033,671
Less Accumulated Amortization for:						
Land Use Rights – Term	(13,579)			(2,477)	2,792	(13,264)
Computer Software	(395,438)	8		(47,419)	17,769	(425,080)
Other Intangible Capital Assets – Term	(32,653)	0		(7,967)	17,707	(40,620)
Total Accumulated Amortization*	(441,670)	8	0	(57,863)	20,561	(478,964)
Amortizable Assets, Net	184,406	0	10,134	(36,611)	(1,022)	156,907
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Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$100,010,365	\$ (17,580)	\$ (4,961)	\$ 5,034,312	\$ (43,791)	\$104,978,345
* Di-ti dtiti dd t						
* Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to government General Government	entai activities as ioiic	\$ 54,659				
Education		19,456				
Employee Benefits		5				
Health and Human Services		56,570				
Public Safety and Corrections		177,747				
Transportation		1,800,438				
Natural Resources and Recreation		39,131				
Regulatory Services		3,801				
Total		\$2,151,807			Continued on the	e following page

# Capital Asset Activity (continued) Table 2B For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT						
	Balance 9/1/16	Adjustments	Reclassifications	Additions	Deletions	Balance 8/31/17	
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES							
Non-Depreciable & Non-Amortizable Assets							
Land and Land Improvements	\$ 2,039,730		\$ 4,779	\$ 92,365	\$ (5,202)	\$ 2,131,672	
Construction in Progress	2,733,473	(1,154)	(2,261,212)	2,878,421	(146,921)	3,202,607	
Other Capital Assets	714,336		2,136	87,865	(465)	803,872	
Land Use Rights – Permanent	22,799			91		22,890	
Other Intangible Capital Assets – Permanent	13,883					13,883	
Total Non-Depreciable & Non-Amortizable Assets	5,524,221	(1,154)	(2,254,297)	3,058,742	(152,588)	6,174,924	
Depreciable Assets							
Buildings and Building Improvements	31,250,129	4,721	1,786,432	160,229	(37,880)	33,163,631	
Infrastructure	3,800,657	(11)	152,402	4,336	(1,506)	3,955,878	
Facilities and Other Improvements	2,757,529		193,810	14,309	(522)	2,965,126	
Furniture and Equipment	5,633,396	687	65,197	487,309	(276,179)	5,910,410	
Vehicles, Boats and Aircraft	304,421	6	200	29,086	(13,413)	320,300	
Other Capital Assets	1,642,477		6,062	67,533	(19,679)	1,696,393	
Total Depreciable Assets at Historical Cost	45,388,609	5,403	2,204,103	762,802	(349,179)	48,011,738	
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:							
Buildings and Building Improvements	(14,295,307)	(5,249)		(1,295,427)	19,770	(15,576,213)	
Infrastructure	(981,001)	( ) /		(110,763)	Ź	(1,091,764)	
Facilities and Other Improvements	(1,016,783)	(33)		(105,309)	230	(1,121,895)	
Furniture and Equipment	(3,855,343)	(1,251)	59	(479,980)	228,826	(4,107,689)	
Vehicles, Boats and Aircraft	(220,621)	700	15	(22,877)	11,941	(230,842)	
Other Capital Assets	(1,110,300)	(125)		(75,075)	17,798	(1,167,702)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation**	(21,479,355)	(5,958)	74	(2,089,431)	278,565	(23,296,105)	
Depreciable Assets, Net	23,909,254	(555)	2,204,177	(1,326,629)	(70,614)	24,715,633	
Intangible Capital Assets – Amortizable							
Land Use Rights – Term	255			9,275	(9,275)	255	
Computer Software	1,529,640		55,082	34,010	(83,406)	1,535,326	
Other Intangible Capital Assets – Term	312			319		631	
Total Intangible Assets at Historical Cost	1,530,207	0	55,082	43,604	(92,681)	1,536,212	
Less Accumulated Amortization for:							
Land Use Rights – Term	(166)			(9,300)	9,274	(192)	
Computer Software	(1,054,998)			(156,069)	76,223	(1,134,844)	
Other Intangible Capital Assets – Term	(43)			(24)		(67)	
Total Accumulated Amortization**	(1,055,207)	0	0	(165,393)	85,497	(1,135,103)	
Amortizable Assets, Net	475,000	0	55,082	(121,789)	(7,184)	401,109	
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 29,908,475	\$ (1,709)	\$ 4,962	\$ 1,610,324	\$(230,386)	\$ 31,291,666	
** Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to business Education Transportation Lottery	-type activities as foll	ows: \$2,194,361 54,403 229					
Other Business-Type Activities		5,831					
Total		\$2,254,824		(	Concluded on the	e following page	

### Capital Asset Activity (concluded)

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT					
	Balance 9/1/16	Adjustments	Reclassifications	Additions	Deletions	Balance 8/31/17
COMPONENT UNITS						_
Non-Depreciable & Non-Amortizable Assets						
Land and Land Improvements	\$ 386		\$ 5,760	\$ 300	\$ (1,799)	\$ 4,647
Construction in Progress	456			261		717
Total Non-Depreciable & Non-Amortizable Assets	842	0	5,760	561	(1,799)	5,364
Depreciable Assets						
Buildings and Building Improvements	18,931		(5,760)	1,061		14,232
Facilities and Other Improvements	401			6		407
Furniture and Equipment	35,271	(5,895)		208	(562)	29,022
Vehicles, Boats and Aircraft	5,053			1,458	(1,386)	5,125
Other Capital Assets	1,938					1,938
Total Depreciable Assets at Historical Cost	61,594	(5,895)	(5,760)	2,733	(1,948)	50,724
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:						
Buildings and Building Improvements	(6,157)			(204)		(6,361)
Facilities and Other Improvements	(397)			(1)		(398)
Furniture and Equipment	(20,201)	5,497		(3,111)	552	(17,263)
Vehicles, Boats and Aircraft	(2,729)			(958)	1,060	(2,627)
Other Capital Assets	(438)	(258)		(179)		(875)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(29,922)	5,239	0	(4,453)	1,612	(27,524)
Depreciable Assets, Net	31,672	(656)	(5,760)	(1,720)	(336)	23,200
Intangible Capital Assets – Amortizable						
Computer Software	424	5,895		275	(301)	6,293
Total Intangible Assets at Historical Cost	424	5,895	0	275	(301)	6,293
Less Accumulated Amortization for:						
Computer Software	(274)	(5,239)		(713)	300	(5,926)
Total Accumulated Amortization	(274)	(5,239)	0	(713)	300	(5,926)
Amortizable Assets, Net	150	656	0	(438)	(1)	367
Component Units Capital Assets, Net	\$ 32,664	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ (1,597)	\$ (2,136)	\$ 28,931

The state's capitalization policy regarding works of art and historical treasures states that capitalization is encouraged, but not required, for works of art and historical treasures that meet certain conditions. Works of art and historical treasures not required to be capitalized are those that are:

- Held for public exhibition, education or research in furtherance of public service, rather than for financial gain;
- · Protected, kept unencumbered, cared for and preserved; and/or

Subject to an organizational policy that requires the proceeds from sales of collection items to be used to acquire other items for the collection.

Assets of this nature include the historical archives of the Texas General Land Office. This vast collection includes more than 35.5 million documents and approximately 45 thousand maps, dating back to 1561.

## Note 3

### **Deposits, Investments and Repurchase Agreements**

### **Authority for Investments**

All monies in funds established in the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts (Comptroller) Treasury Operations Division (Treasury) by the Texas Constitution or by an act of the Texas Legislature are pooled for investment purposes. State statutes authorize the Treasury to invest state funds in fully collateralized time deposits, direct security repurchase agreements, reverse repurchase agreements, obligations of the United States and its agencies and instrumentalities, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper and contracts written by the Comptroller's office, which are commonly known as covered call options.

The Treasury obtains direct access to the services of the Federal Reserve System through the Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company (Trust Company). The Federal Reserve Bank requires that the Trust Company maintain a positive cash balance in the account during and at the end of the day. The Trust Company met those requirements throughout fiscal 2017. The Trust Company safe-keeps U.S. Government securities in book-entry form for the major investment funds, safe-keeps collateral pledged to secure deposits of the Treasury in financial institutions and acts as trustee for other public bodies to hold and manage funds on their behalf.

Certain state agencies, component units, public employee retirement systems and institutions of higher education are authorized to invest funds not deposited with the Treasury. As of Aug. 31, 2017, the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS), the permanent school fund (PSF), the Employees Retirement System of Texas (ERS) and the University of Texas System (UT) reported more than 89.3 percent of the total investment fair value; this does not include the investments held by the Texas Comptroller's Treasury Pool. TRS, PSF, ERS,

UT and Texas Prepaid Higher Education Tuition Board (TPHETB) make investments following the prudent investor rule. Authorized investments include equities, fixed income obligations, cash equivalents and other investments.

### **Collateralization**

State law requires all treasury funds deposited in financial institutions above the amounts insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation be fully collateralized by pledging, to the Treasury, securities valued at market excluding accrued interest. Generally, the list of eligible securities includes all U.S. Treasury obligations, most federal agency obligations and securities issued by state agencies and political subdivisions within the state. All securities pledged to the Treasury must be held by a third-party bank doing business in the state through a main office or one or more branches, any Federal Reserve Bank, the Trust Company, any Federal Home Loan Bank or in the vault of the Treasury. During fiscal 2017, no depository holding state funds failed.

State agencies and institutions of higher education with deposits of public funds not managed by the Treasury are required to secure deposits through collateral pledged by depository banks and savings and loan institutions. Eligible collateral securities are prescribed by state law; however, retirement systems and PSF are exempt by statute from this requirement.

### **External Investment Pool**

The activities of the Texas local government investment pool (TexPool) and the Texas local government investment pool prime (TexPool Prime) are reported as an external investment trust fund. Separate audited financial statements may be obtained by contacting:

Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company 208 E. 10th St., 4th floor Austin, Texas 78701.

### **Deposits**

As of Aug. 31, 2017, the carrying amounts of deposits for governmental and business-type activities, fiduciary funds and discretely presented component units were \$ 1.1 billion, \$297.2 million and \$180.8 million, respectively. These amounts consist of all cash in local banks and a portion of short-term investments. These amounts are included on the combined statement of net position as part of the cash and cash equivalents and investment related line items. As of Aug. 31, 2017, the total bank balances for governmental and businesstype activities, fiduciary funds and discretely presented component units were \$1.1 billion, \$286.8 million and \$173.1 million, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk: Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, deposits or collateral securities in the possession of an outside party will not be recovered. There is no formal deposit policy for managing custodial credit risk. The state's securities lending programs are subject to custodial credit risk. This type of risk is inherent to the securities lending programs. The bank balances exposed to custodial credit risk as of Aug. 31, 2017, are presented in table 3A.

Bank Balances Exp Custodial Credit Ri		
Table 3A		
August 31, 2017 (Amounts in The	ousands)	
	Uninsured and	Uninsured and Collateralized with Securities Held by the Pledging
	Uncollateralized	Financial Institution
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		
Permanent School Fund	\$ 5,262	\$
Total Governmental Activities	5,262	0
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		
Colleges and Universities	7,776	67,423
Total Business-Type Activities	7,776	67,423
Total Governmental and		
Business-Type Activities	\$ 13,038	\$ 67,423
FIDUCIARY FUNDS	\$ 129,697	\$ 0
COMPONENT UNITS	\$ 554,916	\$ 0

Foreign Currency Risk: Foreign currency risk for bank balances is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the deposit. There is no formal deposit policy for managing foreign currency risk. Foreign currency deposits are intended for settlement of pending international investment trades. Table 3B presents the bank balances exposed to foreign currency risk as of Aug. 31, 2017.

### **Bank Balances Exposed to Foreign Currency Risk**

Table 3B

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Governmental and Business-Type Activities	Fiduciary Funds			
Australian Dollar	\$ 446	\$ 6,420			
Bangladeshi Taka		75			
Botswana Pula		45			
Brazilian Real	59	3,732			
British Pound	240	3,951			
Canadian Dollar	94	8,673			
Chilean Peso		97			
Colombian Peso		98			
Croatian Kuna		168			
Czech Koruna		249			
Danish Krone	1	71			
Egyptian Pound		157			
Euro	336	46,391			
Ghanaian New Cedi		160			
Hong Kong Dollar	218	11,896			
Hungarian Forint		27			
Indian Rupee		2,774			
Indonesian Rupiah		157			
Israeli New Shekel	17	133			
Japanese Yen	18	27,738			
Jordanian Dinar		52			
Kenyan Shilling		175			
Kuwaiti Dinar		117			
Malaysian Ringgit		186			
Mauritius Rupee		111			
Mexican Peso	13	347			
Moroccan Dirham		158			
New Zealand Dollar	1	269			
Nigerian Naira		259			
Norwegian Kroner		78			
Omani Rial		222			
Pakistani Rupee		98			
Peruvian Nuevo Sol		75			
Philippine Peso		170			
Polish Zloty		383			
Qatar Riyal	523	5			
Romanian New Lei		308			
	Concluded on the	following page			

### Bank Balances Exposed to Foreign Currency Risk (concluded)

#### Table 3B

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Governmental and Business-Type Activities	Fiduciary Funds			
Singapore Dollar	\$ 25	\$ 708			
South African Rand	97	889			
South Korean Won	12	925			
Sri Lankan Rupee		64			
Swedish Krona	25	166			
Swiss Franc	3	1,524			
Taiwan Dollar	3,923	4,703			
Thai Baht	56	602			
Tunisian Dinar		73			
Turkish Lira	1	137			
United Arab Emirates Dirham		108			
Vietnamese Dong		493			
Total	\$6,108	\$126,417			

#### Investments

The state's investments are recorded at fair value and have been categorized based upon a fair value hierarchy in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, valuation techniques used for assets and liabilities accounted for at fair value are generally categorized into three types:

1. Market approach valuation techniques use prices and other relevant information from market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or liabilities. Valuation techniques consistent with the market approach include comparables and matrix pricing. Comparables use market multiples, which may be in ranges with a different multiple for each comparable. The selection of where within the range the appropriate multiple falls requires judgment to consider both quantitative and qualitative factors specific to the measurement. Matrix pricing is a mathematical technique used to value certain securities without relying exclusively on quoted

- prices for those securities by comparing them to benchmark or comparable securities.
- 2. Income approach valuation techniques convert future amounts, such as cash flows or earnings, to a single present amount. These techniques rely on current market expectations of future amounts. Examples of income approach valuation techniques include present value techniques, option-pricing models, binomial or lattice models that incorporate present value techniques and the multi-period excess earnings method.
- 3. Cost approach valuation techniques are based upon the amount that, at present, would be required to replace the service capacity of an asset or its current replacement cost. From the perspective of a market participant (seller), the price that would be received for the asset is determined based on the cost to a market participant (buyer) to acquire or construct a substitute asset of comparable utility.

GASB Statement No. 72 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Where available, fair value is based on observable market prices or parameters or derived from such prices or parameters. The availability of valuation techniques and observable inputs can vary from security to security and is affected by a wide variety of factors including the type of security, whether the security is new and not yet established in the marketplace and other characteristics particular to the transaction.

GASB Statement No. 72 establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 inputs) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 inputs). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under GASB Statement No. 72 are described below:

- Level 1 inputs Unadjusted, quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical assets or liabilities. An active market is defined as a market where transactions for the financial instrument occur with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.
- Level 2 inputs Inputs, other than quoted prices in active markets that are either directly or indirectly observable for the asset or liability through correlation with market data at the measurement date and for the duration of the instrument's anticipated life.
- Level 3 Inputs Inputs are unobservable inputs and should be used only if relevant Level 1 and Level 2 inputs are not available. The state may use their own data or assumptions to develop unobservable inputs.

In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, an investment's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Management's assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and consideration of factors specific to the investment.

The state has some investments that are not subject to GASB Statement No. 72. Investments not measured at fair value include money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a remaining maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less. These investments are reported at amortized cost.

U.S. treasury securities, equity securities, fixed income money market and bond mutual funds classified in Level 1 are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities.

Debt and debt derivative securities classified in Level 2 are valued using either a bid evaluation or a matrix pricing technique. Bid evaluations may include market quotations, yields, maturities, call features and ratings. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities relationship to benchmark quoted prices. Index linked debt securities are valued by multiplying the external market price feed by the applicable day's index ratio. Level 2 debt securities also have nonproprietary information from multiple independent sources that were readily available to market participants who are known to be actively involved in the market. Equity and equity derivative securities classified in Level 2 are securities whose values are derived daily from associated traded securities.

Level 3 debt securities use proprietary information or single source pricing. Value of equity securities classified in Level 3 is based on last trade data that is 30 days or more before the fiscal year-end or not qualified to be reported in Level 1, Level 2 or at Net Asset Value (NAV). Real assets classified in Level 3 are real estate investments generally valued using the income approach by internal manager reviews or independent external appraisers, except for the lands with interest in oil and gas described below.

The fair value of the PSF and permanent university fund (PUF) lands' interest in oil and gas is based on a third party reserve study of proved reserves. The present value of the royalty cash flows is calculated by applying a 10 percent discount rate to future expected production volumes of oil and gas based on the price of oil and gas on Aug. 31, 2017. A percentage of probable and possible reserves of oil and gas are included in the fair value estimate. The PSF and PUF lands' surface interests are reported at the price per acre from the American Society of Farm Managers and Rural Appraisers. The PSF and PUF lands are categorized as Level 3 in the

fair value hierarchy. The remaining minerals, the trust minerals, because of size, distribution and limited production histories are valued at three times the previous

12 months revenue. This measure has historically been used to determine the selling price of these types of properties by willing parties. Other types of real estate

Governmental & Business-Type A	ctivities			
Table 3C				
August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)		Fair Value III avandus		
	Level 1	Fair Value Hierarchy Level 2	Level 3	Total
INVESTMENTS AT FAIR VALUE	Level I	Level 2	Level 5	iviai
U.S. Treasury Securities	\$ 3,383,257	\$ 4,068,497	\$	\$ 7,451,754
U.S. Treasury Strips	294,316	4 1,000,000	*	294,316
U.S. Treasury TIPS	1,072,854	192,651		1,265,505
U.S. Government Agency Obligations	898,714	5,218,966		6,117,680
Corporate Obligations	72,934	3,869,652	1,535	3,944,121
Corporate Asset and Mortgage Backed Securities	4,133	3,227,551	1,000	3,231,684
Equity	10,070,965	2,201		10,073,166
International Obligations (Govt and Corp)	2	5,580,251		5,580,253
International Equity	4,235,504	5,673		4,241,177
International Other Commingled Funds	8,060	67,061		75,121
Repurchase Agreement	1,631,387	355,536		1,986,923
Mutual Funds – Domestic/International	949,030	41,377	1,039	991,446
Fixed Income Money Market and Bond Mutual Fund	6,022,028	190,897	1,037	6,212,925
Other Commingled Funds	235,796	51,145	68,496	355,437
Commercial Paper	346,131	7,649,002	00,490	7,995,133
Invested Collateral	18,348	3,348,479		3,366,827
Securities Lending Collateral Investment Pool	105,378	3,340,479		105,378
Real Estate	105,578	2,068	8,929,938	8,932,021
Derivatives – Domestic/International	9,064		0,929,930	
		162,741 113,474	410.525	171,805
Externally Managed Investments – Domestic/International Miscellaneous	5,538,945 3,215,585	102,128	419,535 13,407	6,071,954 3,331,120
Total Investments at Fair Value	38,112,446	34,249,350	9,433,950	81,795,746
				<del></del>
INVESTMENTS AT NAV				51 520
U.S. Government Agency Obligations				51,530
Equity				113,559
International Obligations (Govt and Corp)				27,018
International Equity				123,484
International Other Commingled Funds				3,398,744
Repurchase Agreement				56,238
Mutual Funds – Domestic/International				282,379
Fixed Income Money Market and Bond Mutual Fund				514,203
Other Commingled Funds				4,413,110
Real Estate				2,489,212
Externally Managed Investments – Domestic/International				41,832,447
Miscellaneous				49,432
Total Investments at NAV				53,351,356
INVESTMENTS AT AMORTIZED COSTS OR NOT SUBJECT TO GAS	B STATEMENT NO. 72			
U.S. Treasury Securities				167,125
U.S. Government Agency Obligations				688,230
Repurchase Agreement				716,273
Fixed Income Money Market and Bond Mutual Fund				1,313,704
Other Commingled Funds				326,74
Miscellaneous				26,183
Total Investments at Amortized Costs or not subject to GASB Sta	atement No. 72			3,238,256

holdings are reported by one of the following methods of valuation: the latest available appraised amount as determined by an independent state certified or other licensed appraiser, tax assessments used for real estate

investments with values that are not significant or by any other generally accepted industry standard. The fair values of investments as of Aug. 31, 2017, are presented in tables 3C, 3D and 3E.

Investments Fair Values				
Fiduciary Funds				
Table 3D				
August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)		Fair Value Hierarchy		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
INVESTMENTS AT FAIR VALUE				
U.S. Treasury Securities	\$17,743,626	\$ 1,350,211	\$	\$ 19,093,837
U.S. Treasury Strips		12,402		12,402
U.S. Treasury TIPS		6,254,955		6,254,955
U.S. Government Agency Obligations	2,045	11,287,153		11,289,198
Corporate Obligations	58,367	1,325,182	561	1,384,110
Corporate Asset and Mortgage Backed Securities	,	476,225		476,225
Equity	27,143,670	42,237	117	27,186,024
International Obligations (Govt and Corp)	., -,	1,500,422		1,500,422
International Equity	34,750,693	-,,	6,928	34,757,621
Repurchase Agreement	180,496	3,848,742	0,,,20	4,029,238
Mutual Funds - Domestic/International	1,159	5,010,712	80	1,239
Fixed Income Money Market and Bond Mutual Fund	220,170	158,973	00	379,143
Other Commingled Funds	431,056	130,773		431,056
Commercial Paper	451,050	3,242,134		3,242,134
Invested Collateral	6,431,608	11,734,849		18,166,457
Real Estate	980,144	37,056		1,017,200
Derivatives - Domestic/International	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Externally Managed Investments - Domestic/International	(49,676)	21,792	026 561	(27,884
Miscellaneous	10,037	2,782	926,561	939,380
	832,387	6,219	024 247	838,606
Total Investments at Fair Value	88,735,782	41,301,334	934,247	130,971,363
INVESTMENTS AT NAV				
Equity				9,926
International Other Commingled Funds				5,299,068
Mutual Funds - Domestic/International				1,267,026
Fixed Income Money Market and Bond Mutual Fund				729,037
Other Commingled Funds				5,883,127
Externally Managed Investments - Domestic/International				67,984,525
Miscellaneous				3,910,167
Total Investments at NAV				85,082,876
INVESTMENTS AT AMORTIZED COSTS OR NOT SUBJECT TO GAS	R STATEMENT NO. 72			
U.S. Treasury Securities	JIAILMLNIN NO.72			44,194
U.S. Treasury Strips				14,922
U.S. Government Agency Obligations				7,960
Repurchase Agreement				965,610
Fixed Income Money Market and Bond Mutual Fund				20,852
Invested Collateral				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
				14,176
Miscellaneous  Total Investments at American Costs or not subject to CASP St.	atamant No. 72			2,375
Total Investments at Amortized Costs or not subject to GASB St	atement No. 72			1,070,089
Total of Investments - Fiduciary Funds				

Table 3E								
August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)								
			Fair V	alue Hierarchy				
	_	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total
INVESTMENTS AT FAIR VALUE	_							
U.S. Treasury Securities	\$	6,481	\$	58,740	\$		\$	65,221
U.S. Treasury Tips	•	-, -	•	2,875	·		·	2,875
U.S. Government Agency Obligations		3,445		53,790				57,235
Corporate Obligations		-, -		22,137				22,137
Corporate Asset and Mortgage Backed Securities				85,543				85,543
Equity		14,033		40				14,073
International Obligations (Govt and Corp)		,		35,357				35,357
International Other Commingled Funds				25,718				25,718
Repurchase Agreement		24,346						24,346
Mutual Funds - Domestic/International		171,629				14		171,643
Fixed Income Money Market and Bond Mutual Fund		10,254		47,394				57,648
Other Commingled Funds				15,414				15,414
Commercial Paper				117,561				117,561
Real Estate						6,844		6,844
Derivatives - Domestic/International				624				624
Externally Managed Investments - Domestic/International		2,455		26,159		26,711		55,325
Miscellaneous		551,008		482				551,490
Total Investments at Fair Value	_	783,651		491,834		33,569		1,309,054
INVESTMENTS AT NAV								
International Obligations (Govt and Corp)								3,432
Real Estate								5,856
Externally Managed Investments - Domestic/International								96,467
Total Investments at NAV								105,755
INVESTMENTS AT AMORTIZED COSTS OR NOT SUBJECT TO GA	SB STATE	MENT NO. 72						
Repurchase Agreement								552,443
Fixed Income Money Market and Bond Mutual Fund								13,196
Other Commingled Funds								99
Miscellaneous								7,845
Total Investments at Amortized Costs or not subject to GASB S		1 70						573,583

The state utilizes the NAV per share as a method for determining fair value for certain investments in equity, repurchase agreements, commingled funds, mutual funds, real estate, fixed income money market and externally managed investment. These investments calculate the NAV consistent with the Financial Accounting Standards Board's (FASB) measurement principles for investment companies and the state does not intend to sell all or a portion of the investment for an amount that is different from the NAV. These investments are exempt from classification within the fair value hierarchy.

TRS, PSF, ERS and UT account for 88.9% of the value reported at NAV. For more detailed information about the redemption frequency, redemption notice period, related unfunded commitments, redemption restrictions and the significant investment strategies of these agencies pertaining to their investments reported at NAV, please refer to the individual financial statements of the agency by contacting:

Employment Retirement System of Texas P.O. Box 13207 Austin, Texas 78711

Teacher Retirement System of Texas 1000 Red River St. Austin, Texas 78701

Texas Permanent School Fund 400 West 15th St. Austin, Texas 78701

The University of Texas 601 Colorado St. Austin, TX 78701

The investments measured at NAV per share as of Aug. 31, 2017, including unfunded commitments, are presented in table 3F.

Securities are owned by the overall fund and each investor owns a pro rata share of the fund. The Security Exchange Commission (SEC) does not oversee commingled funds.

### Energy, Natural Resources and Infrastructure:

Energy, natural resources and infrastructure funds are also referred to as real assets. Real assets are physical assets that have value due to their substance and properties. Real assets include precious metals, commodities, agricultural land, machinery and oil.

*Fixed Income:* Fixed income investments generally pay a return on a fixed schedule, though the amount of the payments can vary. These investments include private fixed income funds and bonds issues by countries in emerging markets.

Hedge Funds: Hedge funds may be broadly defined as pooled funds that are not registered with the SEC, are typically available only to institutional investors or individuals with a high net worth and use advanced trading

> strategies such as leverage, derivatives, short selling and arbitrage.

### **Net Asset Value (NAV)** Table 3F

**Investments Reported at** 

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousand	ds)			
		Redemption	Redemption	Unfunded
	Fair Value	Frequency	Notice Period	Commitment
INVESTMENT TYPE				
Alternative	\$ 26,027,111	Daily - Annually	1 - 90 days	\$11,062,450
Commingled Funds	18,226,676	Daily - Annually	1 - 184 days	390,247
Energy, Natural Resources, Infrastructure	7,946,991	Daily - 4yr	1 day - 1yr	5,767,739
Fixed Income	3,052,783	Daily - Monthly	1 - 90 days	317,217
Hedge funds	31,146,203	Daily - 5yr	1 day - 2yr	1,191,549
Mutual Funds	4,516,146	Daily - Monthly	1 - 60 days	
Private Equity	35,814,643	Monthly - 5yr	45 days - 1yr	22,067,219
Real Estate	5,750,624	4yr - 5yr	2 days - 1yr	2,796,865
Risk Parity	6,007,280	Daily - Monthly	1 - 15 days	
U.S. Government Obligations	51,530	N/A	N/A	
Total Investments at Fair Value	\$138,539,987			\$43,593,286

**Alternative:** These investments are externally managed and invest in multiple types of assets and securities, which may include hedge funds, private equity, and the other types described below.

Commingled Funds: An external manager pools and invests the funds of several institutional investors.

### Mutual Funds:

Similar to commingled funds, the funds of multiple investors are pooled by the external manager. The investors own shares of the fund but do not own the individual securities. The public, as well as institutional investors can invest in mutual

funds. In contrast with commingled funds, mutual funds are regulated by the SEC.

**Private Equity:** Private equity funds are privately managed investment pools, typically organized as limited partnerships. They are managed by the fund's general partners who typically make long-term investments in private companies and who may take a controlling interest with the aim of increasing the value of these companies, often by helping to manage the companies. Private equity fund strategies include venture capital investments and leveraged buyouts among others.

**Real Estate:** Includes real estate held for investment directly or through investment vehicles such as private investment funds, which are limited partnerships that invest in real estate. Such investments are designed to

produce high current income and/or capital gains through appreciation in the underlying real estate.

Risk Parity: Risk parity is a portfolio allocation strategy based on targeting risk levels across the various components of an investment portfolio. The risk parity approach to asset allocation allows investors to target specific levels of risk and to divide that risk equally across the entire investment portfolio in order to achieve optimal portfolio diversification for each individual investor. Risk parity strategies are in contrast to traditional allocation methods that are based on holding a certain percentage of investment classes, such as 60 percent stocks and 40 percent bonds, within one's investment portfolio.

*U.S. Government Obligations:* These investments are made in an index fund which invests in securi-

ties issued by the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Government Agencies.

TRS, PSF, ERS, UT and TPHETB participate in individual securities lending programs. Cash collateral received by the lending agent on behalf of each entity is invested in a non-commingled pool exclusively for the benefit of the individual entity. Additional information about securities lending activity is disclosed in the "Securities Lending" section of this note. As of Aug. 31, 2017, the investment type balances for the invested securities lending cash collateral are presented in table 3G.

# Invested Securities Lending Collateral Fair Value

Table 3G

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

Governmental and Business-Type Activities		F	air Val	ue Hierarc				
<b>7</b>	Level 1 Level 2		Level 3	Total				
INVESTMENTS AT FAIR VALUE								
U.S. Treasury Securities	\$		\$	9,676	\$		\$	9,676
U.S. Government Agency Obligations				55,043				55,043
Corporate Obligations			1,9	25,046			1	1,925,046
Corporate Asset and Mortgage Backed Securities			3	362,723				362,723
Equity				601				601
International Obligations (Govt and Corp)			1	52,540				152,540
Repurchase Agreement	18	3,348	2	258,037				276,385
Commercial Paper			1	61,586				161,586
Miscellaneous				123,227				423,227
Total Investments at Fair Value	\$ 18	3,348	\$3,3	348,479	\$	0	\$ 3	3,366,827
Fiduciary Funds	Fair Value Hierarchy							
	Leve	el 1	L	evel 2		Level 3		Total
INVESTMENTS AT FAIR VALUE								
Repurchase Agreement	\$6,343	3,562	\$ 6	539,400	\$		\$ 6	5,982,962
Commercial Paper	88	3,046		95,449			11	1,183,495
Total Investments at Fair Value	6,431	,608	11,7	734,849	_	0	18	8,166,457
INVESTMENTS AT AMORTIZED COST OR NOT SUBJECT TO GASB 72								
Miscellaneous								14,176
Total Investment at amortized cost or not subject to	GASB	72					_	14,176

Custodial Credit Risk: Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the value of its investments or collateral securities in the possession of an outside party

will not be recovered. There is no formal investment policy for managing custodial credit risk. Consistent with the securities lending program, underlying securities on loans are subject to custodial credit risk.

As of Aug. 31, 2017, the investments exposed to custodial credit risk are presented in the table 3H.

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)  GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	Fair Value that is Uninsured and Unregistered with Securities Held by the Counterparty	Fair Value that is Uninsured and Unregistered with Securities Held by the Counterparty's Trust Department or Agent but Not in the State's Name
Permanent School Fund		
U.S. Government Agency Obligations	\$	\$ 55,043
Corporate Obligations	·	1,868,852
Corporate Asset and Mortgage Backed Securities		362,723
Repurchase Agreement		91,326
Commercial Paper		40,474
Miscellaneous		427,470
Total Governmental Activities	0	2,845,888
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		
Colleges and Universities		
U.S. Treasury Securities	3,698	
U.S. Government Agency Obligations	3,665	
Corporate Obligations	6,253	
Equity	36,526	
International Equity	5,644	
Fixed Income and Bond Mutual Fund	79,190	
Other Proprietary Funds		
Repurchase Agreement	15,020	
Total Business-Type Activities	149,996	0

Foreign Currency Risk: Foreign currency risk for investments is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the investment. TRS, PSF, ERS and UT are exposed to investment foreign currency risk. TRS, PSF and ERS do not have an investment policy for managing foreign currency risk. UT's investment policy has no limitation on investments in non-U.S. denominated bonds or common stocks.

The investments exposed to foreign currency risk as of Aug. 31, 2017, are presented on table 3I.

### **Investments Exposed to Foreign Currency Risk**

Table 3

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

International		International Other				International	
		o tilici				Other	
Obligations	International Equity	Commingled Funds	Other Investments	International Obligations	International Equity	Commingled Funds	Other Investments
\$	\$	\$ 1,168	\$ 772	\$	\$ 38	\$	\$
246,531	46,411	(834)	317,582	181,321	909,721	358	29,370
<i>'</i>	ĺ	,	ĺ	ĺ			ĺ
178 658	439 005	46 999	105 517	21 723			
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			2 714	504,154
				′			304,134
	86,703	404	020,013	497	1,427,009	702	
15,550	1.527	0	16.556		01 201		
	1,337		10,330		81,291		
	407.022		0.612		(20)	167	
20.024						16/	
38,024	382	2,813	6,900		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	9,421	(47)	2,869		39,231		
113,589	9,018	(2,803)	70,398		466,839	815	
328	18,343	484	2,541		34,367		
413,425	390,773	30,933	1,659,257	311,448	6,367,093	641,730	2,734,604
ŕ	ŕ			ŕ		ŕ	
	198 814	(5)	415 316				
14 159							
				03		461	
_				93		401	
34,909							
201 271				4.620		1.506	
281,271	412,105	(3,417)	869,040	4,630	f - f	1,586	
					5,218		
		116					
					15,472		
124,806	33,511	1,142	35,973		212,765		
					6,117		
269,573	125,116	2,664	54,568		412,506		
					5,811		
123.829	- ,	4.022	6.327	3.362			
,		-,		-,			
30.078		6.701					
30,070		0,701	23,713				
			602				
20.750		514	003				
30,730	11.605		15.161				
178,174							
	5,855	193	8,642				
5,609							
323		1,101	33,568		48,070		
95,444	28,929	(1,162)	49,474		164,082		
94,962	45,068	2,361	92,633	6,064	759,733	120	
	446,604		195,163		1,807,416		
	.,	,	,				
40 377	22.845	4 677	107 513			357	
.0,577							
						1,517	
16 091						150	
10,981	43,478	1,1/9	29,848			130	
12.000	17.700	2.275	10.710				
12,060							
	44,611		9,127		42,902		
70		103					
			10,387				
	10,305				6,007		
\$2,563,180	\$3,431,215	\$218,778	\$6,050,629	\$896,841	\$30,899,021	\$650,739	\$3,268,128
		===					
	178,658 129,168 55,867 13,536  38,024  678 113,589 328 413,425  14,159 1 54,909 281,271  124,806 269,573 123,829 30,078 30,750 178,174 5,609 323 95,444 94,962  40,377 16,981 12,060 70	178,658       439,005         129,168       215,713         55,867       88,763         13,536       1,537         406,832       38,024         38,024       382         678       9,421         113,589       9,018         328       18,343         413,425       390,773         198,814       1,492         1       86,431         54,909       34,555         25,031       281,271         412,105         124,806       33,511         269,573       125,116         3,382         123,829       30,078         30,750       11,695         178,174       2,707         5,609       323         95,444       28,929         94,962       45,068         446,604         40,377       22,845         62,022       143,772         16,981       43,478         12,060       16,689         44,611       70         10,305	246,531       46,411       (834)         178,658       439,005       46,999         129,168       215,713       85,705         55,867       88,763       484         13,536       1,537       8         (19,784)       406,832       26,957         38,024       382       2,813         678       9,421       (47)         113,589       9,018       (2,803)         328       18,343       484         413,425       390,773       30,933         198,814       (5)       (5)         14,159       1,492       (96)         1       86,431       6,247         54,909       34,555       1,854         25,031       (20)         281,271       412,105       (3,417)         116         124,806       33,511       1,142         269,573       125,116       2,664         3,382       123,829       4,022         30,078       6,701         30,750       514         178,174       2,707       (2,560)         5,855       193         5,609       323       1,101	246,531         46,411         (834)         317,582           178,658         439,005         46,999         105,517           129,168         215,713         85,705         716,323           55,867         88,763         484         626,013           13,536         1,537         8         16,556           (19,784)         406,832         26,957         8,612           38,024         382         2,813         6,900           678         9,421         (47)         2,869           113,589         9,018         (2,803)         70,398           328         18,343         484         2,541           413,425         390,773         30,933         1,659,257           198,814         (5)         415,316           14,159         1,492         (96)         4,784           1         86,431         6,247         1,768           54,909         34,555         1,854         31,494           25,031         (20)         9,502           281,271         412,105         (3,417)         869,040           116         124,806         33,511         1,142         35,973           30,0	246,531         46,411         (834)         317,582         181,321           178,658         439,005         46,999         105,517         21,723           129,168         215,713         85,705         716,323         367,703           55,867         88,763         484         626,013         497           13,536         1,537         8         16,556           (19,784)         406,832         26,957         8,612           38,024         382         2,813         6,900           678         9,421         (47)         2,869           113,589         9,018         (2,803)         70,398           328         18,343         484         2,541           413,425         390,773         30,933         1,659,257         311,448           198,814         (5)         415,316         4,784         1,469         1,784         93           54,909         34,555         1,854         31,494         25,031         (20)         9,502           281,271         412,105         (3,417)         869,040         4,630           124,806         33,511         1,142         35,973           269,573         125,11	246,531	246,531

### **Investments Exposed to** Foreign Currency Risk (concluded)

Table 3I

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Component Unit							
		International						
		Other						
		Commingled	Other					
	Obligations	Funds	Investment					
Argentine Peso	\$	\$	\$ 98					
Australian Dollar		122						
Bangladeshi Taka								
Botswana Pula								
Brazilian Real	710	114	1,039					
British Pound		123	,					
Canadian Dollar								
CFA Franc	1,719							
Chilean Peso	-,,							
Chinese Yuan (Offshore)								
Chinese Yuan Renminbi		545	1,094					
Colombian Peso	796	5.15	102					
Croatian Kuna	770		102					
Zzech Koruna			71					
		85	/1					
Danish Krone		0.5	104					
Egyptian Pound		207						
Euro		397	1,026					
Ghanaian New Cedi		(2)	411					
Hong Kong Dollar		63	411					
Iungarian Forint								
ndian Rupee		294	225					
ndonesian Rupiah		50	165					
sraeli New Shekel								
apanese Yen		246						
ordanian Dinar								
Kazakhstani Tenge								
Kenyan Shilling								
Kuwaiti Dinar								
Malaysian Ringgit		54	803					
Mauritius Rupee								
Mexican Peso		27	723					
Moroccan Dirham								
New Zealand Dollar								
Nigerian Naira			37					
Norwegian Kroner								
Omani Rial								
Pakistan Rupee			77					
Peruvian Nuevo Sol	206							
Philippine Peso								
Polish Zloty								
atar Riyal								
Romanian New Lei								
Russian Ruble			245					
Singapore Dollar			273					
South African Rand		46	281					
		349	201					
South Korean Won		347						
Sri Lankan Rupee								
Swedish Krona		40						
Swiss Franc		49	(27					
Taiwan Dollar		320	637					
Thai Baht		110	104					
Tunisian Dinar			20-					
Turkish Lira		52	305					
Jnited Arab Emirates Dirham			118					
Jraguayan Peso								
enezuelan Boliviar Fuerte			1,319					
/ietnamese Dong								

Credit Risk: Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Credit risk ratings are assigned by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization (NRSRO).

TRS' investment policy states that for over-thecounter derivatives, the minimum credit rating, based on a NRSRO, must be at least A- or better at the inception of the contract. The net market value of all overthe-counter derivative positions, less collateral posted, may not exceed \$500 million and all over-the-counter derivative positions without collateral may not exceed 5 percent of the total market value of the fund. Repurchase agreements may not exceed 5 percent of the market value of the total investment portfolio. A securities lending agent must be an organization rated A or better by a NRSRO.

PSF's investment policy requires investments to adhere to specific Standard & Poor's rating guidelines. Fixed income securities must be rated at least BBB and short-term money market instruments must be rated at least A-1.

ERS' general investment policy requires that noncash interest paying securities in the high yield bond portfolios not exceed 15 percent of the market value of the portfolio.

UT's investment policy has no requirements or limitations for investment ratings.

As of Aug. 31, 2017, the credit quality distribution for securities with credit risk exposure is presented on table 3J.

### Investments Exposed to Credit Risk\*

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Governmental and Business-Type Activities									
	U.S.		Corporate			Fixed				
	Government	Corporate	Asset/Mortgage	International	Repurchase	Income/Bond	Commercial	<b>Other</b>		
	Agency	Obligations	Backed	Obligations	Agreements	Mutual Fund	Paper	Investments	Totals	
AAA	\$ 2,163,564	\$ 35,133	\$2,513,065	\$ 2,649,839	\$ 457,890	\$	\$	\$ 309,051	\$ 8,128,542	
AA	7,008,524	1,764,341	85,814	339,502	2,015,738			120,254	11,334,173	
A	161,510	2,198,766	36,289	661,118	114,999			71,243	3,243,925	
BBB	10,608	1,439,069	249,597	388,146				776	2,088,196	
BB		119,436	2,625	170,062				35,326	327,449	
В		68,291	1,911	19,315					89,517	
CCC		3,885	7,499	2,305					13,689	
CC			481						481	
C		73							73	
D			3,875					1,620	5,495	
AAAf						6,830,265			6,830,265	
AAAm						1,456,622			1,456,622	
Af						28,827			28,827	
BBBf						24,555			24,555	
BBf						33,829			33,829	
Bf						39,926			39,926	
CCCf						6,684			6,684	
A-1							8,116,946		8,116,946	
A-2							28		28	
A-3							287,304		287,304	
Not Rated	1 222,116	185,087	693,250	1,375,609	244,523	1,844,801	346,131	6,981,354	11,892,871	
Total	\$ 9,566,322	\$ 5,814,081	\$3,594,406	\$5,605,896	\$2,833,150	\$10,265,509	\$8,750,409	\$7,519,624	\$ 53,949,397	

					Fiduciary Funds				
	U.S.		Corporate			Fixed			
	Government	Corporate	Asset/Mortgage	International	Repurchase	Income/Bond	Commercial	<b>Other</b>	
	Agency	Obligations	Backed	Obligations	Agreements	Mutual Fund	Paper	Investments	Totals
AAA	\$ 10,285,019	\$ 24,185	\$ 209,874	\$ 205,224	\$4,807,889	\$	\$	\$ 844,805	\$16,376,996
AA	4,301,875	97,541	29,019	3,362	181,641			174	4,613,612
A	37,841	36,768	3,938	8,981				252,824	340,352
BBB		99,742	5,546	32,463				17	137,768
BB		594,372	13,127	210,107				37,056	854,662
В		392,380	30,851	132,431				5	555,667
CCC		40,089	29,778	37,601					107,468
CC			1,483						1,483
C		1,444							1,444
D			9,804						9,804
AAAf						361,185			361,185
AAAm						5,884			5,884
Af						36,542			36,542
BBBf						17,524			17,524
A-1							3,242,134		3,242,134
Not Rated	14,693	94,642	142,806	870,252		775,391	402	347,242	2,245,428
Total	\$14,639,428	\$1,381,163	\$ 476,226	\$1,500,421	\$4,989,530	\$ 1,196,526	\$3,242,536	\$1,482,123	\$ 28,907,953
							(	Concluded on the	e following page

### Investments Exposed to Credit Risk\* (concluded)

Table 3J

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Component Units																	
		U.S.			(	orporate						Fixed						
	G	overnment	C	orporate	Asse	t/Mortgage	Int	ernational	R	Repurchase	lr	ncome/Bond	C	ommercial		<b>Other</b>		
		Agency	0	bligations		Backed	01	bligations	A	greements	N	lutual Fund		Paper	lr	nvestments		Totals
AAA	\$	6,410	\$		\$	77,364	\$	34,548	\$	535,802	\$		\$		\$	512,679	\$	1,166,803
AA		55,347		16,315		61				40,172						99		111,994
A		1,978		3,794				809										6,581
AAAf												32,821						32,821
A-1														111,776				111,776
A-2														5,784				5,784
Not Rated	i			2,029		8,118		3,432		7		84,234				8,982	_	106,802
Total	\$	63,735	\$	22,138	\$	85,543	\$	38,789	\$	575,981	\$	117,055	\$	117,560	\$	521,760	\$	1,542,561

<sup>\*</sup> Credit risk exposure for investments may be less than their fair values due to classification differences.

The total fair value of investments is appropriately greater than the credit risk exposure.

Invested collateral reported in fair value is reported by investment type for credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk: Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the investment in a single issuer. UT's investment policy states that no more than 5 percent of its cumulative market value of fixed income securities may be invested in a single issuer. PSF's policy precludes exceeding 2.5 percent, ERS employs a limit of 3 percent, TRS sets the limit at 5 percent and the Comptroller's Office does not place a limit on the amount the Treasury Pool may invest in any one issuer. As of Aug. 31, 2017, governmental and business-type activities did not hold more than 5 percent of investments in any one issuer.

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. TRS and PSF use the effective weighted duration method to identify and manage interest rate risk. ERS and UT use the modified duration method.

Duration is a measure of the price sensitivity of a debt investment to changes arising from movements in interest rates. Duration is the weighted average maturity of an instrument's cash flows, where the present value of the cash flows serves as the weights. The duration of an instrument can be calculated by multiplying the time

until receipt of cash flow by the ratio of the present value of that cash flow to the instrument's total present value. The sum of these weighted time periods is the duration of the instrument. Effective duration extends this analysis to incorporate an option-adjusted measure of an instrument's sensitivity to changes in interest rates. It incorporates the effect of embedded options for corporate bonds and changes in prepayments for mortgage backed securities. Modified duration estimates the sensitivity of the fund's investments to changes in interest rates.

The investment policy of PSF mandates the average duration of the fixed income portfolio to be consistent with the Barclay Aggregate Bond Index's duration and the duration of the real return portfolio to be consistent with the Barclay's Capital U.S. Treasury Inflation Protected Securities (TIPS) Index. As of Aug. 31, 2017, the Barclay's Aggregate Bond Index duration was 5.93 years and the Barclay's TIPS Index was 5.98 years. The maximum maturity for invested securities lending collateral is 397 days except for bank time deposits (60 days), bankers' acceptances (45 days), reverse repurchase agreements (180 days) and floating rate securities (three years). The maximum weighted average maturity of the entire collateral portfolio must be 180 days or less. The

maximum weighted average interest rate exposure of the entire collateral portfolio must be 60 days or less. TRS, ERS and UT do not have a formal investment policy for managing interest rate risk.

As of Aug. 31, 2017, PSF's investments by investment type, fair value and the effective weighted duration rate are presented in the table 3K.

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)		
		Effective Weighted
PSF Investment Type	Fair Value	Duration Rat
Asset Backed Securities	\$ 33,778	1.01
Collateralized Loan Obligations	212,431	0.19
Commercial Mortgage Backed Securities	78,861	4.79
Corporate Obligations	1,006,751	8.31
Non Agency Mortgage Backed Securities	120,003	4.36
Non U.S. Government Agency Obligations	85,962	3.19
Sovereign Government Debt	78,616	7.51
U.S. Government Agency Commercial Mortgage Backed Securities	46,553	4.27
U.S. Government Agency Mortgage Backed Securities	135,370	4.78
U.S. Government Agency Obligations	735,841	4.18
U.S. Taxable Municipal Bonds	83,600	9.13
U.S. Treasury Securities	1,510,002	6.24
U.S. Treasury TIPS	35,156	6.16
Total	\$4,162,924	5.70
U.S. Treasury TIPS	\$ 959,056	5.88
Emerging Market Debt	2,289,188	5.17

Table 3L provides information about PSF's interest rate risks and maturities associated with its invested securities lending collateral by investment type as of Aug. 31, 2017.

Invested Securities Lending Collateral Exposed to Interest Rate Risk Table 3L August 21, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)										
August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousan	ds)									
PSF Investment Type	Fair Value	Investment Maturities in Less Than One Year	Investment Maturities Greater Than One Year							
U.S. Government Agency Obligations	\$ 55,043	\$ 55,043	\$							
Asset Backed Floating Rate Notes	362,723	189,523	173,200							
Certificates of Deposit	53,700	53,700								
Commercial Paper	40,474	40,474								
Floating Rate Notes	1,868,852	1,806,199	62,653							
Repurchase Agreements	91,326	91,326								
Time Deposits	373,770	373,770								
Total	\$ 2,845,888	\$ 2,610,035	\$ 235,853							

Table 3M presents TRS' investments by investment type, fair value and the effective weighted duration rate as of Aug. 31, 2017.

Investments Exposed to	Interest Rat	e Risk
Table 3M		
August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)		
TRS Investment Type	Fair Value	Effective Weighted Duration Rate
U.S. Treasury Securities	\$ 14,440,954	17.90
U.S. Government STRIPS and TIPS	6,250,320	5.46
U.S. Government Agency Obligations	8,595	4.75
Asset and Mortgage Backed Obligations	132,861	1.53
Corporate Obligations	7,983	0.03
International Government Obligations	900,937	8.31
International Corporate Obligations	93	7.37
Total	\$ 21,741,743	13.82

As of Aug. 31, 2017, ERS' investments by investment type, fair value and the modified duration rate are presented in table 3N.

Table 3N				
August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)				
	Fair \	<b>Modified Duration Rate</b>		
ERS Investment Type	Fiduciary Funds	Proprietary Fund	Fiduciary Funds	Proprietary Fund
U.S. Treasury Securities	\$3,288,461	\$ 321,271	3.68	3.94
U.S. Government Agency Obligations	537,173	56,485	4.26	4.26
Corporate Obligations	1,173,574	61,637	4.62	4.58
Corporate Asset and Mortgage Backed Securities	119,289	12,367	2.68	2.71
International Obligations	389,873	20,317	4.21	4.21
Real Estate Investment Trust	37,056	1,931	5.47	5.47
Money Market and Bond Fund	451,445	296,605	0.08	0.08
Total	\$5,996,871	\$770,613	3.67	2.52

As of Aug. 31, 2017, UT's investments by investment type, fair value and the modified duration rate are presented in table 3O.

Investments Exposed to Interest Rate Risk

Table 30

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

UT Investment Type	Fair Value	Modified Duration Rate
INVESTMENTS IN SECURITIES		
U.S. Government Guaranteed:		
U.S. Treasury Bonds and Notes	\$ 787,129	6.69
U.S. Treasury Inflation Protected	32,726	5.65
U.S. Agency Asset Backed	16,328	3.46
Total U.S. Government Guaranteed	836,183	6.59
U.S. Government Non-Guaranteed:		
U.S. Agency	3,794	0.06
U.S. Agency Asset Backed	142,123	5.48
Total U.S. Government Non-Guaranteed	145,917	5.34
Total U.S. Government	982,100	6.40
Corporate Obligations:		
Domestic	803,272	6.06
Foreign	504,635	6.71
Total Corporate Obligations	1,307,907	6.31
Foreign Government and Provincial Obligations	2,342,656	4.36
Other Debt Securities	17,329	15.64
Total Debt Securities	2,359,985	
Total U.S. Government, Corporate and		
Debt Securities	4,649,992	5.38
Other Investment Funds – Debt	33,198	6.80
Fixed Income Money Market Funds	2,466,331	0.26
Total Investments Exposed	\$ 7,149,521	3.62

### Investments with Fair Values Highly Sensitive to **Interest Rate Changes**

In accordance with the applicable investment policies, TRS, PSF, ERS and UT may invest in asset backed and mortgage backed obligations. Mortgage backed obligations are subject to early principal payment in a period of declining interest rates. The resultant reduction in expected cash flows affects the fair value of these securities. Asset backed obligations are backed by home equity loans, auto loans, equipment loans and credit card receivables. Prepayments by the obligee of the underlying assets in periods of declining interest rates

could reduce or eliminate the stream of income that would have been received. As of Aug. 31, 2017, the fair value of investments in asset and mortgage backed obli-

> gations highly sensitive to interest rate changes for TRS, PSF, ERS and UT was \$1.8 billion.

### **Reverse Repurchase Agreements**

Investments in reverse repurchase agreements by the Treasury and the Trust Company are permitted by statute. A reverse repurchase agreement consists of a sale of securities with a simultaneous agreement to repurchase them in the future at the same price plus a contract rate of interest. Sale proceeds are invested in securities or repurchase agreements that mature at or almost at the same time as the reverse repurchase agreement. Proceeds from the matured securities are used to liquidate the agreement resulting in a matched position. With a matched position, there is minimal market risk because the sellerborrower will hold the securities to maturity and liquidate them at face value. In the event of default on a reverse repurchase agreement, the Treasury would potentially suffer a loss. The loss occurs if the cash received does not exceed the fair value of the securities underlying the reverse repurchase agreements. The amount of the loss would equal the difference between the fair

value plus accrued interest of the underlying securities and the agreement price plus accrued interest. To minimize the risk of default, all securities backing reverse repurchase agreements are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the state's name.

As of Aug. 31, 2017, the Treasury's aggregate amount of reverse repurchase agreement obligations was \$35.8 million, including accrued interest. The aggregate fair value of the securities underlying those agreements, including accrued interest, was \$36.0 million. There was no credit exposure during fiscal 2017.

### **Securities Lending**

TRS, PSF, ERS, UT, TPHETB and the Veterans Land Board (VLB) participate in securities lending programs as authorized by state statute. TRS, PSF, ERS and UT established their own separately managed securities lending programs. TPHETB has its own separately managed securities lending programs but also participates in collateral investment pools. VLB participates in collateral investment pools that commingle the cash collateral of several entities. Under these programs, the governmental entities transfer securities to an independent broker or dealer in exchange for collateral in the form of cash, governmental securities or bank letters of credit. In addition, PSF may receive collateral in the form of other assets that it specifically agrees to with

its lending agent. TRS, ERS, UT and VLB receive collateral equal to 102 percent of the value of domestic securities lent and 105 percent for international securities. PSF receives collateral in an amount of 102 percent of the fair value plus accrued income for domestic corporate securities and 105 percent of the fair value plus accrued income for foreign securities. However, the required percentage is 102 percent for foreign securities denominated and payable in U.S. dollars. TPHETB receives collateral of 102 percent of the value of domestic securities lent plus accrued interest

and 105 percent plus accrued interest for foreign securities. There is a simultaneous agreement to return the collateral for the same securities in the future.

The custodians of the securities are the security lending agents. The securities lending contracts do not allow the governmental entities to pledge or sell collateral securities unless the borrower defaults. The lending agents are required to indemnify TRS, PSF, ERS, UT, TPHETB and VLB if the borrowers fail to return the securities.

TRS, PSF, ERS, UT, TPHETB and VLB loans are terminable at will. There were no significant violations of legal or contractual provisions, no borrower or lending agent default losses and no recoveries of prior period losses during the fiscal year.

Differences between the fair value of the invested cash collateral and the cash collateral liability are recorded as part of the net increase/(decrease) in fair value of investments. There is no credit risk exposure to the lender when the fair value of the security on loan is less than the cash collateral liability. The overall securities lending activity as of Aug. 31, 2017, is summarized in table 3P.

### **Securities Lending Activity Summary**

#### Table 3P

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

Entity	Fair Value of Securities on Loan	Non-Cash Collateral*	Cash Collateral Liability (Obligation/ Securities Lending)	Fair Value of Invested Cash Collateral (Securities Lending Collateral)	Net Increase/ (Decrease) In Fair Value
TRS	\$ 17,698,026	\$ 431,287	\$ 17,637,063	\$ 17,654,071	\$ 17,008
ERS	530,409	,	542,839	544,910	2,071
PSF	3,234,900	454,344	2,880,372	2,845,888	(34,484)
UT**	632,813	162,007	490,906	490,906	
VLB**	103,383		105,378	105,378	
TPHETB**	11,479		11,685	11,685	
Total	\$22,211,010	\$1,047,638	\$21,668,243	\$21,652,838	\$(15,405)

- Non-cash collateral received for securities lending activities is not recorded as assets because the underlying investments remain under the control of the borrower, except in the event of default.
- \*\* UT, VLB and TPHETB did not experience any net change in fair value because the cash collateral pools they participated in were maintained at amortized cost as of Aug. 31, 2016.

### **Investment Derivative Instruments**

Derivatives are financial instruments (securities or contracts) whose value is linked to or "derived" from changes in interest rates, currency rates and stock and commodity prices. These securities or contracts serve as components of the investment strategies of certain state agencies, public employee retirement systems and institutions of higher education. Those investment strategies

are utilized to manage and reduce the risk of the overall investment portfolio. Investment derivative levels and types are monitored to ensure that portfolio derivatives are consistent with the intended purpose and at the appropriate level.

All investment derivative instruments are reported at fair value on the statement of net position and the statement of fiduciary net position. The changes in the fair value of investment derivative instruments are reported as investment revenue in the operating statements. As of Aug. 31, 2017, TRS, PSF, UT, Texas A&M University System (A&M), Texas Tech University System (TTU) and VLB held investment derivatives (swaps, options, futures and forwards).

Forward foreign currency exchange contracts are used for the purchase or sale of a specific foreign currency at a fixed quantity and price on a future date as a hedge against either specific transactions or portfolio positions. The contracts are in the currency native to the security transactions for settlement date and are marked-to-market daily with the change in market value recorded as an unrealized gain or loss. Realized gain or loss is recorded at the closing of the contract. Risks associated with such contracts include the potential inability of the counterparties to meet the terms of their contracts and unanticipated movements in currency exchange rates.

Futures contracts are standardized, exchangetraded contracts to purchase or sell a specific financial instrument at a predetermined price and date. Futures contracts are used to facilitate various trading strategies, primarily as a tool to hedge against the increase or decrease of market exposure to various asset classes. Upon entering into a futures contract, an initial margin deposit is pledged to the broker equal to a percentage of the contract amount. Contracts are marked-to-market, settled in cash with the broker and recorded as an unrealized gain or loss daily. The daily gain or loss difference is referred to as the daily variation margin. Realized

gain or loss is recorded at the closing of the contract. Holders of futures contracts look to the exchange for performance under the contract and not to the entity holding the offsetting futures. Accordingly, the amount of risk posed by the nonperformance of counterparties to futures contracts is minimal. Risks due to movements in the value of the futures contracts and the inability to close out futures contracts due to a non-liquid secondary market remain.

Options are used to alter market (systematic) exposure without trading the underlying cash market securities and to hedge and control risks so the actual risk/ return profile is more closely aligned with the target risk/return profile. Option contracts provide the option purchaser with the right, but not the obligation, to buy or sell the underlying security at a set price during a period or a specified date. The option writer is obligated to buy or sell the underlying security if the option purchaser chooses to exercise the option. With written options, market risk arises from an unfavorable change in the price of the derivative instrument, security or currency underlying the written option.

Swaps represent contracts that obligate two counterparties to exchange a series of cash flows at specified intervals. The ultimate gain or loss depends upon the price or rate at which the underlying financial instrument of the swap is valued at the settlement date. Swaps are used to manage risk and enhance returns. As of Aug. 31, 2017, swap investments were interest rate, credit default, commodity, equity and total return swaps.

VLB invested in pay-variable, receive-variable interest rate swap agreements that are reported as investment derivatives because they are ineffective hedges.

Foreign Currency Risk: TRS, UT and A&M have exposure to investment foreign currency risk in swaps, options, futures and forwards derivative investments. As of Aug. 31, 2017, derivative investments exposed to foreign currency risk are presented in table 3Q.

### **Derivative Investments Exposed to Foreign Currency Risk**

Table 3Q

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Gove	ernmental and Bu	ısiness-Type Acti	Fiduciary Funds				
	Swaps	Options	Futures	Forwards	Swaps	Options	Futures	Forwards
Australian Dollar	\$ (19)	\$	\$ (5)	\$ (2,037)	\$ 180	\$	\$	\$ (7,558)
Brazilian Real		(1,771)		(1,549)		8		58
British Pound	84,059			(1,637)	1,692			(4,903)
Canadian Dollar	(140)	(28)	(33)	394				2,391
Chilean Peso								(1,467)
Chinese Yuan Renminbi				(107)				384
Chinese Yuan (Offshore)				(19,783)				(129)
Colombian Peso								(364)
Czech Koruna				(47)	269			11,735
Danish Krone				(3,474)				(57)
Euro	373	(974)	1	6,650	15,569			(58,223)
Hong Kong Dollar				157	440			1
Hungarian Forint				(96)				(325)
Indian Rupee				1,006				87
Indonesian Rupiah				24				(38)
Israeli New Shekel				(21)				(293)
Japanese Yen	(830)		(6)	(12,113)	417			(845)
Malaysian Ringgit				(37)				75
Mexican Peso	(116)			(236)				960
Moroccan Dirham							2	
New Zealand Dollar	168			3,792				(212)
Norwegian Kroner				6,541				913
Peruvian Nuevo Sol				8				
Philippine Peso								(18)
Polish Zloty				(2,578)				111
Romanian New Lei								4
Russian Ruble				175				719
Singapore Dollar				(1,162)				(24)
South African Rand	69			(1,535)				(844)
South Korean Won	(129)			82	392			269
Swedish Krona	(215)			4,743			138	1,083
Swiss Franc				32				(742)
Taiwan Dollar				(558)	(897)			86
Thai Baht				18				(59)
Turkish Lira				1,373			7	4,621
Total	\$ 83,220	\$ (2,773)	\$ (43)	\$(21,975)	\$ 18,062	\$ 8	\$ 147	\$ (52,604)

Credit Risk: TRS and UT instituted policies to mitigate counterparty credit risk for investment derivatives by having master netting agreements and collateral posting arrangements. TRS and UT negotiated thresholds or limits for each counterparty above which collateral must be posted.

TRS' investment policy limits the net market value of all over-the-counter derivative positions, less collateral posted, to an amount not exceeding \$500 million for any individual counterparty.

UT requires collateral to be posted on a daily basis by the counterparty to cover exposure to a counterparty above the limits set in place by the master netting agreement. Collateral posted by counterparties is held by UT in one of its accounts at its custodian bank.

The aggregate fair value of investment derivative instruments in asset positions as of Aug. 31, 2017, was \$230.5 million. The investment derivative instruments were executed with counterparties that had a credit rating of no less than A using the Standard & Poor's

rating scale. This represents the maximum amount of loss that would have been recognized as of Aug. 31, 2017, if all counterparties failed to perform as contracted. This maximum exposure is reduced by \$92.4 million of collateral held and by \$227.1 million in liabilities included in netting arrangements with those counterparties, resulting in a negative \$89 million

net exposure of investment derivative instruments to credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk: TRS, UT and VLB are exposed to interest rate risk on swap transactions. Investments in pay-variable and receive-variable interest rate swaps ranged from payment of 100 to 131.25 percent of Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association (SIFMA) and receipt of 94.35 to 100 percent of one month to three month London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR). Investments in pay-variable, receive-fixed interest rate swaps ranged from payment of various foreign currency rates (Euro Interbank Offered Rate (EURIBOR), LIBOR, Stockholm Interbank Rate, Bank Bill Swap Rate or Canadian Dollar Offered Rate) and receipt of 0.3 to 3.5 percent. Investments in pay-fixed, receive-variable interest rate swaps ranged from receipt of various foreign currency rates (EURIBOR, LIBOR,

Mexican Interbank Rate, Johannesburg Interbank Agreed Rate or Canadian Doller Offered Rate) and payment of 0.0 to 8.5 percent. As of Aug. 31, 2017, the investment maturities for the state's swap contracts exposed to interest rate risk are presented in table 3R.

### **Derivative Investments Exposed to Interest Rate Risk**

Table 3R

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

		Investment Maturities (in years)						
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less Than 1	1-5	6-10	11-15	More than 15		
Interest Rate Swaps	\$(1,758)	\$2,372	\$(1,424)	\$(91)	\$383	\$(2,998)		

### **Investment Funds**

Investment funds include hedge fund pools, private investment pools, public market funds and other alternative investments managed by external investment managers. Risks associated with these investments include investment manager risk, liquidity risk, market risk and leverage risk. Investment manager risk is substantially dependent upon key investment managers; therefore, the loss of those individuals may adversely impact the return on investment. Also, some investment funds are not subject to regulatory controls. Liquidity may be limited due to imposed lock-up periods, with penalties to redeem units or restricting redemption of shares until a certain period of time has elapsed. Investment funds may employ sophisticated investment strategies using leverage, which could result in the loss of invested capital. As of Aug, 31, 2017, the fair value of various investment funds was \$117 billion.

## Note 4

### **Short-Term Debt**

On Aug. 22, 2017, (with an issue date of Sept. 1, 2017) \$5.4 billion of state of Texas Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes, Series 2017 (Series 2017 Notes), were sold to coordinate cash flow for the state for fiscal 2018. Issuance of the Series 2017 Notes enhanced the state's ability to make timely payment of expenditures payable from the general revenue fund. On Aug. 22, 2017, good faith funds in the amount of \$54 million were received. The Series 2017 Notes bore interest at 4 percent and were priced to yield 0.9638 percent. The balance of the \$5.4 billion was received on Sept. 1, 2017.

The Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs (Department) executed an advance and security agreement with the Federal Home Loan Bank of Dallas for \$1.1 billion to fund the purchase of the Department's program loans, and \$81.1 million was remaining at fiscal year-end.

Texas Tech University System issued commercial paper notes for \$46.8 million to serve as an interim financing source for long-term construction projects in advance of issuing authorized bonds, and \$33.8 million matured.

The University of North Texas System issued commercial paper notes for \$44.6 million to finance project costs of eligible projects and to refinance, renew or refund commercial paper notes, prior encumbered obligations and parity debt, including interest, and \$39.5 million matured.

Texas State University System issued commercial paper notes for \$12.5 million to finance various construction projects, and \$2.6 million matured.

The University of Houston System issued commercial paper notes for \$58.8 million to finance various capital projects, and \$64.5 million matured.

The University of Texas System issued commercial paper notes for \$738.9 million to provide interim financing for capital improvements and to finance capital equipment purchases, and \$1 billion matured.

Short-term debt activity for the fiscal year ended Aug. 31, 2017, is presented in table 4A.

Short-Term Debt Table 4A For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)							
	Beginning Balance 9/1/16	Issued	Redeemed	Ending Balance 8/31/17			
Commercial Paper Other Advances (Loans)	\$ 957,159	\$ 901,603 1,057,575	\$1,167,255 976,392	\$691,507 81,183			
	\$ 957,159	\$1,959,178	\$2,143,647	\$772,690			

## Note 5

### **Long-Term Liabilities**

Long-term liabilities activity for the fiscal year ended Aug. 31, 2017, is presented in table 5A.

### **Long-Term Liabilities Activity**

Table 5A

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	_	Balance 9/1/16		estatements djustments*	A	dditions**		Reductions		Balance 8/31/17	ı	Amounts Due Within One Year	-	lmounts Due nereafter
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	ø	110.046	ø		\$	42.747	ø	55.070	ď	107 (22	ø	45 171	ø	(1.45)
Claims and Judgments	\$	118,846	\$	97	Þ	43,747	\$	55,970	\$	,	\$	45,171	\$	61,452
Capital Lease Obligations		27,044		86		1 140 420		4,047		23,083		4,023		19,060
Employees' Compensable Leave		856,576		1,779		1,140,430		1,135,109		863,676		607,814		255,862
Notes and Loans Payable		1,422,907		155 570		497,169		547,920		1,372,156		203,421		,168,735
General Obligation Bonds Payable		15,059,808		155,579		2,069,530		1,401,385		5,883,532		626,992		,256,540
Revenue Bonds Payable		4,290,384		62,804		690,580		266,300		4,777,468		281,957	4	,495,511
Pollution Remediation Obligation	_	261,067	_		_	54,543	_	61,370		254,240		40,824		213,416
Governmental Activities														
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	22,036,632	\$	220,248	\$	4,495,999	\$	3,472,101	\$2	3,280,778	\$	1,810,202	\$21	,470,576
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES														
Claims and Judgments	\$	156,466	\$		\$	1,244,226	\$	1,218,295	\$	182,397	\$	130,866	\$	51,531
Capital Lease Obligations		70,457		3,148		12,868		13,389		73,084		12,146		60,938
Employees' Compensable Leave		859,515				338,560		319,661		878,414		461,725		416,689
Notes and Loans Payable		2,195,247		(17,012)		2,071,010		1,925,735		2,323,510		41,715	2	,281,795
General Obligation Bonds Payable		4,329,815		838		325,350		292,695		4,363,308		235,825	4	,127,483
Revenue Bonds Payable		23,410,697		376,232		5,260,724		3,026,883	2	6,020,770		2,440,944	23	,579,826
Pollution Remediation Obligation		1,023								1,023				1,023
Liabilities Payable From Restricted Assets		2,925,887				161,179		319,112		2,767,954		532,108	2	,235,846
Business-Type Activities														
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	33,949,107	\$	363,206	\$	9,413,917	\$	7,115,770	\$3	6,610,460	\$	3,855,329	\$32	2,755,131
COMPONENT UNITS														
Capital Lease Obligations	\$	175	\$		\$		\$	44	\$	131	\$	46	\$	85
Employees' Compensable Leave		2,638				1,293		1,275		2,656		1,580		1,076
Notes and Loans Payable		16,088				5,272		9,481		11,879		3,039		8,840
Revenue Bonds Payable		81,658		(3,935)				30,274		47,449		10,473		36,976
Component Units							_							
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	100,559	\$	(3,935)	\$	6,565	\$	41,074	\$	62,115	\$	15,138	\$	46,977

<sup>\*</sup> Includes current year amortization of premiums and discounts.

Claims and judgments are payments on behalf of the state, its agencies and employees for various legal proceedings, self-insurance and workers' compensation claims. Tort claims are covered under the Texas Tort Claims Act. Numerous miscellaneous claims are covered under the Miscellaneous Claims Act for legal liabilities against the state for which no appropriation otherwise

exists. Individual claims above \$50 thousand or numerous separate claims from the same individual or entity that in total exceed \$50 thousand must be approved by the Texas Legislature before being paid. Claims are paid from governmental funds. Workers' compensation claims are usually paid from the same funding source(s) from which the employees' salary or wage compensation was paid.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Includes current year amortization of accretion of \$38.1 million for Governmental and \$71.3 million for Business-Type Activities. An additional \$13.5 million in bond issuances were reclassified and not depicted as other financing sources related to long-term debt for Governmental Activities.

### **Notes and Loans Payable Debt Service Requirements Governmental Activities**

Table 5B

(Amounts in Thousands)

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 203,421	\$ 2,870	\$ 206,291
2019	181,913	2,826	184,739
2020	182,251	2,413	184,664
2021	158,454	2,009	160,463
2022	131,029	1,629	132,658
2023 - 2027	356,794	47,543	404,337
2028 - 2032	56,392	44,479	100,871
2033 - 2037	64,103	37,364	101,467
2038 - 2042	97,848	26,167	124,015
2043 - 2047	71,709	14,094	85,803
2048 - 2052	78,796	6,249	85,045
Total Requirements	1,582,710	187,643	1,770,353
Unamortized Accretion	(210,554)		(210,554)
Total Requirements	\$1,372,156	\$ 187,643	\$1,559,799

### **Notes and Loans Payable Debt Service Requirements Business-Type Activities**

Table 5C

(Amounts in Thousands)

Year	Principal Interest		Total
2018	\$ 41,715	\$ 39,110	\$ 80,825
2019	60,643	45,043	105,686
2020	17,077	44,323	61,400
2021	16,926	78,592	95,518
2022	17,391	78,185	95,576
2023 - 2027	142,325	383,948	526,273
2028 - 2032	115,121	364,651	479,772
2033 - 2037	191,511	340,371	531,882
2038 - 2042	96,871	317,281	414,152
2043 - 2047	1,229,924	248,170	1,478,094
2048 - 2052	478,540	37,470	516,010
Total Requirements	2,408,044	1,977,144	4,385,188
Unamortized Accretion	(84,534)		(84,534)
Total Requirements	\$2,323,510	\$1,977,144	\$4,300,654

### **Notes and Loans Payable Debt Service Requirements** Component Units

Table 5D

(Amounts in Thousands)

Year	P	Principal		Interest		Total
2018	\$	3,039	\$	142	\$	3,181
2019		3,053		111		3,164
2020		1,555		95		1,650
2021		2,411		88		2,499
2022		561		66		627
2023 - 2027		1,260		120		1,380
Total Requirements	\$	11,879	\$	622	\$	12,501

Capital lease obligations are described in detail in Note 8.

Employees' compensable leave is the state's liability for all unused vacation and unpaid overtime accrued by employees, payable as severance pay under specified conditions. This obligation is paid only at the time of termination, usually from, the same funding source(s) from which the employees' salary or wage compensation was paid.

Notes and loans payable consist of amounts used to purchase capital equipment. Other uses include the acquisition, construction and renovation of other capital assets, including the interim financing of higher education projects; software/database acquisition and development; refinancing of existing debt; and the funding of agency specific missions such as economic development projects and pest eradication programs. The Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) entered into pass-through toll agreements with local entities as a means of financing state highway capital improvements and maintenance. In fiscal 2017, TxDOT recognized an additional \$30 million as a long-term liability for pass-through toll payables related to highway projects constructed under pass-through financing agreements. At Aug. 31, 2017, there was a pass-through toll payable of \$1 billion. See Note 15 for additional details.

At Aug. 31, 2017, the University of Texas System (UT) included \$929.1 million in commercial paper outstanding as notes and loans payable as they were refunded through the issuance of long-term bonds in September, October and November 2017. Interest associated with this refinancing totaled \$908.9 million and is included in the debt service requirements for business-type activities table 5C. \$158 thousand in principal and \$25.4 million in interest is included as amounts due within one year.

Debt service requirements for notes and loans payable in the long-term liabilities are presented in tables 5B, 5C, and 5D.

General obligation bonds and revenue bonds are described in detail in Note 6.

Long-term liabilities associated with the acquisition of restricted assets or long-term liabilities that will be liquidated with restricted assets are classified as liabilities payable from restricted assets.

### **Pollution Remediation Obligations**

Pollution remediation obligations are recognized in the financial statements for existing pollution sites after the occurrence of one or more of the following events:

- The pollution creates an imminent endangerment to public health or the environment.
- The state is in violation of a pollution prevention-related permit or license.
- The state is named as a potentially responsible party by a regulator.
- The state is named in a lawsuit that compels it to participate in remediation.
- The state has commenced or legally obligated itself to begin cleanup activities.

Under applicable accounting standards, estimated expected recoveries from insurance policies and other responsible parties that are not yet realizable in the financial statements reduce the measurement of the pollution remediation obligation liability. A realized or realizable recovery involves the acknowledgment or recognition by the third party of its responsibility. Realized or realizable recoveries are recognized as assets.

Federal Regulatory Cleanup Requirements: Pollution remediation obligations are associated with projects initiated under federal regulatory requirements. Applicable federal laws and regulations include the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (also known as Superfund), the National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants and U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Class V Wells regulations.

The Superfund obligation estimates are based on budgeted projections to cover necessary activities for the upcoming fiscal year, along with estimated costs for future years and phases, plus direct salaries and benefits. For sites without available budget projections, estimated costs were provided for the Superfund phases of investigation and cleanup, based on staff experience with similar sites.

Federal reimbursements are expected to offset a portion of these expected costs. The potential for changes due to price increases or reductions, technology or applicable laws or regulations was incorporated into these estimates.

State Regulatory Cleanup Requirements: Other pollution remediation obligations are associated with cleanups required under state of Texas law. The Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) operates as a regulatory agency to ensure cleanups are conducted within applicable state laws and regulations contained in the Texas Administrative Code, Title 30; Texas Water Code; Texas Health and Safety Code; Texas Occupations Code; and Texas Natural Resources Code.

Major Remediation Activity: TCEQ oversees the cleanup of leaking petroleum storage tanks (LPST). Cleanup costs are paid by the owners' environmental liability insurance or other financial assurance mechanisms or from their own funds. If the responsible party is unknown, unwilling or financially unable to do the work, state and federal funds are used to pay for the corrective actions. Revenue is generated from a fee on the delivery of petroleum products removed from bulk storage facilities. State statutes allow cost recovery from the current owner or any previous responsible owner, however, to date this has not been necessary.

TCEQ calculates expected outlays related to this pollution remediation by establishing the average cost of cleanup and multiplying that cost by the number of active sites, plus direct salaries and benefits for the duration of the cleanup. This methodology is based upon

historical experience in estimating these cleanups. At Aug. 31, 2017, there were 309 active state lead sites, with a total estimated pollution remediation obligation of \$64.1 million.

The TCEQ Superfund Section (Section) includes the State Superfund, Federal Superfund, Superfund Site Discovery and Assessment (SSDAP) and the Preliminary Assessment/Site Inspection (PA/SI) Programs. On behalf of TCEQ, the Section identifies, ranks, and addresses sites contaminated with hazardous substances, which no parties are willing to address through a permit, corrective action, voluntary cleanup or enforcement program. These sites are identified through referral from internal and external groups such as TCEQ Enforcement, TCEQ Regional Offices, TCEQ Water Supply Division, public complaints and the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

Site estimates may change drastically from one year to another as the investigations progress and a better understanding of site conditions is obtained. The estimate of liabilities is limited to sites that have been, or are, being assessed and ranked for the Superfund program. Cost recovery activities during fiscal 2017 resulted in collections of \$230 thousand.

At the end of fiscal 2017, Texas had 67 sites with pollution remediation obligations in the state and federal Superfund programs and two sites that required an immediate response or removal action. The current total Superfund liability, as of Aug. 31, 2017, is \$133.2 million.

TCEQ is responsible for collecting fees for a remediation fund designed to help pay for the cleanup of contaminated dry cleaner sites. The fees are generated from the annual registration of facilities and drop stations, as well as from the sale of perchloroethylene and other dry cleaning solvents. TCEQ receives applications for remediation, and then ranks and prioritizes them for corrective action. Legislation in 2007 established requirements for property owners and preceding property owners who wish to claim benefits from the remediation fund, and authorized a lien against property owners and preceding property owners who fail to pay registration fees due during corrective action. No additional cost recovery is allowed by statute.

The pollution remediation obligation is measured by the national average cleanup cost, as calculated by the State Coalition for Remediation of Drycleaners. Direct salary and benefit costs are added to the national average and the total cost is multiplied by the number of active sites. The amount of the estimated pollution remediation assumes that there will be no major increases in the cost of providing these cleanup services. At Aug. 31, 2017, there were 205 active sites, with a total estimated pollution remediation obligation of \$45.4 million. The amount of the estimated pollution remediation assumes that there will be no major increases in the cost of providing these cleanup services.

The Railroad Commission of Texas (Commission) currently has three areas of remediation: abandoned oil and gas wells, oil and gas sites and mines. Under Texas Natural Resource Code, Section 89.043, the Commission may plug abandoned wells if the wells have not been properly plugged or need replugging and the responsible party cannot be found or is not financially able to plug the well, or if the wells will cause or are likely to cause a serious threat of pollution or injury to the public health. The Commission has 15 active well plugging projects as of Aug. 31, 2017, with an estimated cost of \$2.8 million.

Under Texas Natural Resource Code, Section 91.113, the Commission may clean up abandoned oil and gas sites that are causing or are likely to cause the pollution of surface or subsurface water. The Commission has four active site remediation projects as of Aug. 31, 2017, with an estimated cost of \$205 thousand. Funding for these programs come from regulatory and permit fees paid by the oil and gas industry.

Under the Texas Surface Coal Mining and Reclamation Act, the Commission administers funds from the U.S. Department of the Interior for the Abandoned Mine Land Reclamation Program. The Commission has two projects on-going as of Aug. 31, 2017, with an estimated cost of \$584 thousand.

The Commission enters into contracts with third parties for abandoned site remediation and abandoned well plugging. These contracts are used to estimate the amount of the plugging and pollution remediation obligation.

TxDOT is responsible for the cleanup and remediation of several polluted sites. Regulatory requirements established by federal and state law obligate TxDOT to perform these pollution remediation activities. Historical cost averages were used to calculate the estimated pollution remediation obligation liabilities. The areas of remediation include compliance with asbestos regulations, lead based paint regulations, Federal Safe Drinking Water Act, state LPST cleanup requirements, Occupational Safety and Health Administration Health and Safety Plan requirements, waste disposal regulations and state non-LPST cleanup requirements at an estimated cost of \$5.9 million for fiscal 2017.

### Note 6

### **Bonded Indebtedness**

### **Description of Bond Issues**

The state of Texas had 431 bond issues outstanding as of Aug. 31, 2017. Scheduled debt service payments from the general revenue fund for fiscal 2017 totaled \$673.3 million.

Information on Bond Issuances								
Table 6A								
August 31, 2017								
	Bond Is	sues Outstanding		ge of st Rates	Matı	rities	First	
Description of Issue	Number	Amount Issued (in Thousands)	Lowest	Highest	First Year	Last Year	Call Date	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES								
General Obligation Bonds	74	\$17,456,210	0.18	6.07	2005	2046	05-18-2005	
Revenue Bonds	15	4,695,755	1.00	5.33	2008	2034	02-01-2017	
Governmental Activities Total	89	22,151,965						
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES								
General Obligation Bonds	71	5,218,665	0.23	5.25	1999	2047	04-28-1999	
Revenue Bonds	266	30,526,513	0.12	15.00	1999	2054	05-04-1995	
Business-Type Activities Total	337	35,745,178						
COMPONENT UNITS								
Revenue Bonds	5	270,385	2.70	6.10	2007	2041	11-01-2008	
Total	431	\$58,167,528						

# Changes in Bonds Payable Table 6B

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Bonds Outstanding 9/1/16	Adjustments *	Bonds Issued**	Bonds Matured or Retired	Bonds Refunded	Bonds Outstanding 8/31/17	Due Within One Year
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES							
General Obligation Bonds	\$15,059,808	\$155,579	\$2,069,530	\$ 459,175	\$ 942,210	\$15,883,532	\$ 626,992
Revenue Bonds	4,290,384	62,804	690,580	166,300	100,000	4,777,468	281,957
Governmental Activities Total	19,350,192	218,383	2,760,110	625,475	1,042,210	20,661,000	908,949
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES General Obligation Bonds Revenue Bonds Business-Type Activities Total	4,329,815 23,410,697 27,740,512	838 376,232 377,070	325,350 5,260,724 5,586,074	219,375 1,069,204 1,288,579	73,320 1,957,679 2,030,999	4,363,308 26,020,770 30,384,078	235,825 2,440,944 2,676,769
COMPONENT UNITS							
Revenue Bonds	81,658 81,658	(3,935)	0	30,274 30,274	0	47,449 47,449	10,473 10,473
Total	\$47,172,362	\$591,518	\$8,346,184	\$1,944,328	\$3,073,209	\$51,092,527	\$3,596,191

<sup>\*</sup> Includes current year amortization of premiums and discounts.

### **Debt Service Requirements**

### Table 6C

(Amounts in Thousands)

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		General Obligation Bond	ls		Revenue Bonds	
Year	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 512,730	\$ 665,309	\$ 1,178,039	\$ 234,005	\$ 207,030	\$ 441,035
2019	533,595	641,217	1,174,812	234,685	196,560	431,245
2020	506,580	618,451	1,125,031	241,540	185,137	426,677
2021	527,270	595,484	1,122,754	251,120	172,936	424,056
2022	539,865	570,856	1,110,721	262,725	160,947	423,672
2023 - 2027	2,866,675	2,457,514	5,324,189	1,496,520	605,318	2,101,838
2028 - 2032	2,989,085	1,753,410	4,742,495	1,400,005	218,572	1,618,577
2033 - 2037	2,936,840	1,070,715	4,007,555	338,165	25,568	363,733
2038 - 2042	2,223,415	411,010	2,634,425			
2043 - 2047	770,050	61,732	831,782			
	14,406,105 *	8,845,698	23,251,803	4,458,765 *	1,772,068	6,230,833
Premium	1,477,792		1,477,792	318,703		318,703
Discount	(365)		(365)			
Total	\$15,883,532	\$8,845,698	\$24,729,230	\$ 4,777,468	\$ 1,772,068	\$ 6,549,536
					Concluded on	the following page

<sup>\*\*</sup> Includes current year amortization of accretion.

<b>Debt</b>	<b>Service</b>	Requirement	S (concluded)
			, (coc.aaca,

Table 6C

(Amounts in Thousands)

<b>BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVIT</b>	TIES (	ieneral Obligation Bond	s		Revenue Bonds	
Year	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 229,380	\$ 102,322	\$ 331,702	\$ 2,283,537	\$ 981,970	\$ 3,265,50
2019	254,455	96,882	351,337	872,967	948,717	1,821,684
2020	260,180	91,348	351,528	884,704	914,064	1,798,76
2021	251,815	85,994	337,809	916,967	878,405	1,795,37
2022	241,825	80,783	322,608	924,669	841,925	1,766,59
2023 - 2027	1,145,035	320,359	1,465,394	4,676,895	3,728,347	8,405,24
2028 - 2032	778,720	205,044	983,764	3,978,069	2,882,535	6,860,60
2033 - 2037	570,330	120,925	691,255	3,707,009	2,044,107	5,751,11
2038 - 2042	408,860	50,380	459,240	3,590,574	1,248,882	4,839,45
2043 - 2047	122,600	6,610	129,210	1,624,249	630,369	2,254,61
2048 - 2052	270	1	271	1,140,688	283,946	1,424,63
2053 - 2057				430,449	16,485	446,93
	4,263,470 *	1,160,648	5,424,118	25,030,777 *	15,399,752	40,430,52
Accretion				(564,798)		(564,79
Premium	99,838		99,838	1,572,246		1,572,24
Discount				(17,785)		(17,78
Total	\$ 4,363,308	\$1,160,648	\$ 5,523,956	\$26,020,440	\$15,399,752	\$41,420,19
COMPONENT UNITS		Revenue Bonds				
Year	Principal	Interest	Total			
2018	\$ 8,535	\$ 1,259	\$ 9,794			
2019	870	1,190	2,060			
2020	930	1,156	2,086			
2021	920	1,118	2,038			
2022	1,005	1,078	2,083			
2023 - 2027	5,645	4,651	10,296			
2028 - 2032	7,385	3,301	10,686			
2033 - 2037	9,720	2,127	11,847			
2038 - 2042	10,320	681	11,001			
2030 - 2042	10,520	001	11,001			

2,119

64,010

Premium

Total

### **General Obligation Bonds – General Comments**

2,119

47,449

16,561

The Texas Constitution authorizes the state to issue several types of general obligation bonds. Each issue of general obligation bonds is designed to be self-supporting from a primary revenue source related to the program being financed, except for the general obligation bonds of the Texas Public Finance Authority (TPFA), the Texas Water Development Board (TWDB), the Constitutional Appropriation Bonds (CABs) and the Texas Transportation Commission Highway Improvement Bonds.

The purpose and primary pledged revenue sources of each type of general obligation bond are summarized below.

The **Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board** issues bonds for educational loans to eligible Texas college students. Payments received on the loan contracts are applied to debt service on the bonds.

The **Texas Parks and Wildlife Department** (**TPWD**) issues bonds to finance the acquisition and development of state park sites. Park entrance fees,

<sup>\*</sup> Includes accretion adjustments on deep discount bonds.

sporting goods sales tax revenue and investment earnings are applied to debt service on the bonds.

TPFA issues general obligation bonds to finance the acquisition, construction or renovation of buildings for the use of state agencies and institutions of higher education and to fund cancer research. The TPFA is also authorized to issue general obligation bonds to assist local government economic development projects and the Texas Military Value Revolving Loan Fund (TMVRLF). The bonds are payable from state appropriations.

**TWDB** issues bonds to provide financial assistance to political subdivisions for water conservation and development, water quality enhancement projects and flood control projects. Debt service payments are funded by principal and interest received on loans to political subdivisions, repayments of purchased water storage contracts, earnings on temporary investments and general revenues.

The Veterans Land Board (VLB) issues bonds to provide funds to loan to eligible Texas veterans for the purchase of land, housing or home improvements. Principal and interest payments on loans, plus investment earnings, are the primary source of repayment for bonds.

The Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT), prior to Jan. 1, 2015, through the Texas mobility fund, issued general obligation bonds to pay or reimburse the state highway fund for the payment of part of the costs of constructing, reconstructing, acquiring and expanding state highways. In addition, the bond proceeds provided funds for participation by the state in the payment of part of the costs of constructing and providing certain publicly owned toll roads and other public transportation projects. After Jan. 1, 2015,

TxDOT may only issue debt to refund existing debt in certain circumstances. Sources of pledged revenue for the Texas mobility fund include the "United We Stand" license plate fees, investment income, motor vehicle inspection fees, driver record information fees, driver license fees and certificate of title fees. Debt service for highway improvement bonds is provided by the state's general revenue.

**CABs** are issued in support of the construction programs of institutions of higher education not benefiting from the permanent university fund (PUF), which is dedicated to the University of Texas System (UT) and Texas A&M University System (A&M). Debt service payments on bonds issued are limited to the \$131.3 million in general revenue funds available for debt service each year.

The Economic Development and Tourism Office (EDTO), a division within the Office of the Governor, issues general obligation bonds to provide financial assistance to export businesses, promote domestic business development, provide loans to finance the commercialization of new and improved products and processes, and provide loans to defense-related communities for economic development projects. Debt service payments are funded from revenues of the EDTO, primarily from the repayment of loans and the disposition of debt instruments.

### **General Obligation Bonds – Authorized But Unissued**

The Texas Constitution limits the amount of bonds that can be issued in any of the general obligation categories. As of Aug. 31, 2017, the amounts of general obligation bonds, other than CABs, authorized but unissued, are presented in table 6D.

General Obligation Bonds Authorized But Unissued Table 6D (Amounts in Thousands)		
SELF-SUPPORTING		
Texas Agricultural Finance Authority Bonds	\$	55,000
Farm and Ranch Loan Bonds		475,000
Veterans Land and Housing Bonds		1,116,689
Texas Water Development Bonds	:	5,973,405
College Student Loan Bonds		1,115,275
Texas Military Value Revolving Loan Fund		200,405
Total	:	8,935,774
NOT SELF-SUPPORTING		
Agricultural Water Conservation Bonds		164,840
Texas Public Finance Authority Bonds		1,779,437
Texas Water Development Bonds -		
Economically Distressed Areas Program		53,492
Total		1,997,769
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$10	0,933,543

### **Revenue Bonds – General Comments**

Each series of revenue bonds is backed by the pledged revenue sources and restricted funds specified in the bond resolution. The purpose and primary pledged revenue sources of each type of revenue bond are summarized below.

### **Self-Supporting**

The VLB issues bonds to assist in the construction of skilled nursing care facilities for veterans and to make land and home mortgage loans to veterans. The bonds are limited and special revenue obligations payable solely from the income, revenues, receipts and collateral pledged under the related trust indentures.

The Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs (TDHCA) issues bonds to assist in financing the purchase of homes by or the construction of rental housing for families with very low to moderate incomes and persons with special needs. Loan payments provide the revenues for debt service payments. The agency also issued taxable bonds for investment in collateralized mortgage obligations of federal agencies, to finance mortgage loans and to carry out financial assistance programs.

**TWDB** issues bonds for the state water pollution control revolving fund. The proceeds are used to provide financial assistance to political subdivisions for water quality enhancement purposes. Principal and interest repayments from political subdivision loans are pledged for debt service requirements of the bonds.

UT and A&M issue **PUF** bonds to build, equip or buy buildings or other permanent improvements. The Texas Constitution limits UT's and A&M's PUF debt to an amount not to exceed 20 percent and 10 percent, respectively, of the cost value of PUF assets, excluding real estate. Revenue from investments of the PUF is pledged to secure the payment of principal and interest. The cost value of PUF assets as of Aug. 31, 2017, excluding real estate, was \$16.3 billion. A comparison between the legal debt limits and the actual bonds outstanding at that date is presented in table 6E.

### **Permanent University Fund Bonds**

### Table 6E

(Amounts in Thousands)

	Legal Debt Limits	Actual Bonds Payable	Authorized But Unissued
University of Texas System	\$3,269,051	\$ 2,214,035	\$1,055,016
Texas A&M University System	1,634,525	877,200	757,325
Total	\$4,903,576	\$3,091,235	\$1,812,341

### Miscellaneous College and University Revenue

**Bonds** are issued to provide funds to acquire, construct, improve, enlarge and equip property, buildings, structures or facilities. The revenue bonds issued by each institution's governing board are secured by the pledged revenue of the respective institutions and are not an obligation of the state of Texas.

**TxDOT** issues revenue bonds to finance state highway improvement projects. Pledged revenues include all revenues deposited to the credit of the state highway fund, including dedicated registration fees, dedicated taxes, dedicated federal revenues, amounts collected or received pursuant to other state highway fund revenue

laws and any interest or earnings from the investment of these funds.

The **Texas Transportation Commission** issued bonds to pay a portion of the costs of planning, designing, engineering, developing and constructing the initial phase of the Central Texas Turnpike System located in the greater city of Austin metropolitan area in Travis and Williamson counties. The bond obligations are payable from and secured solely by a first lien on and pledge of the trust estate.

The **Texas Workforce Commission** issued revenue bonds to fund the workers' compensation insurance fund. The bond obligations are secured by a special obligation assessment imposed on Texas employers. All bonds were retired by end of year.

**Not Self-Supporting** 

The following revenue bonds are supported by pledged lease or rental revenue derived from contracts with other state agencies, which in turn comes from legislative appropriations.

The Texas Military Department (TMD),

previously named the

Adjutant General's Department, assumed the Texas Military Facilities Commission's (TMFC) responsibilities on Sept. 1, 2007. The TMFC's title to facilities, rental and other income pledged to the bonds was transferred to the TPFA. Title will pass to TPFA upon final discharge of all bond obligations. Bonds are issued for the construction, expansion and renovation of armories. The bonds are payable from certain pledged revenues, primarily rentals from the TMD. As of Aug. 31, 2017, the bond obligations were still outstanding.

**TPFA** issues bonds to finance the acquisition of real property and to construct, equip or renovate buildings for the use of state agencies and institutions of higher education. The bonds are payable from specified pledged revenues, collected primarily from occupantagency rentals.

**TPWD** issues bonds for infrastructure repairs and construction. The bonds are payable from rent payments, funded by state appropriations, made by the TPWD to the TPFA.

### **Pledged Future Revenues**

Pledged revenues are those specific revenues that are formally committed to directly secure revenue bonds. Table 6F provides information on pledged revenue and pledged future revenue for the state's revenue bonds.

Pledged Future Revenue Table 6F (Amounts in Thousands)				
	General Obligation Bonds Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities	Revenue Bonds Business-Type Activities	Component Units
Pledged Revenue Required for Future Principal				
and Interest on Existing Bonds	\$10,601,120	\$6,230,833	\$40,430,529	\$61,891
Current Year Pledged Revenue	470,178	8,217,643	18,159,904	34,096
Current Year Principal and Interest Paid	340,997	364,004	1,867,755	32,792
Term of Commitment Fiscal Year Ending August 31,	2045	2034	2054	2042
Percentage of Revenue Pledged	100%	100%	89%	100%

### **Build America Bonds (BABs)**

The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 was implemented in February 2009. As part of this federal legislation, a new bond program called BABs was created. Authority to issue BABs expired on Dec. 31, 2010.

TxDOT, UT, the TPFA and the University of Houston System (UOH) had \$3.5 billion, \$1.6 billion, \$181.8 million and \$76.0 million of direct payment BABs outstanding, respectively, as of Aug. 31, 2017.

Under the Budget Control Act of 2011, acrossthe-board sequestration took effect on March 1, 2013. This resulted in the 35 percent federal subsidy for BABs interest payments being reduced by the applicable federal sequestration reduction rate.

### Variable Rate Bonds

Seven state agencies had a total of 80 variable rate bond issues with outstanding balances as of Aug. 31, 2017. Most of the issues' interest rates reset every seven days. The remaining issues' interest rates reset daily or monthly. The potential volatility for related debt service increases with these interest rate reset provisions.

#### **Demand Bonds**

The Office of the Governor, the VLB, TDHCA, TxDOT, UOH and UT had outstanding demand bonds as of Aug. 31, 2017.

A bond holder may tender any of these bonds for repurchase prior to maturity, usually every seven days. Any bonds so tendered will be purchased either by the proceeds of the remarketing of such bonds or, if not successfully remarketed, from amounts drawn under a letter of credit, liquidity agreement or standby purchase agreement of the respective agency until such time as the remarketing is finalized. As of Aug. 31, 2017, there were no purchased bonds held by liquidity providers under the terms of the various agreements. Details are presented in tables 6G and 6H.

August 31, 2017		Number of		Dringinal
	Demand Bond Issues	Standby Purchase Agreements	Other	Principal Balance Outstanding (In Thousands)
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	Dona 133uc3	Agreements	Ville	(III I III OUSUIIUS)
General Obligation Bonds				
Texas Department of Transportation	1	1 (a)		\$ 150,000
Office of the Governor	2	(a)		45,000
Total	3	3	0	195,000
Revenue Bonds				
Texas Department of Transportation	1_	(a)		150,000
Total	1_	_1_	0	150,000
Governmental Activities Total	4	4	0	\$ 345,000
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES				
General Obligation Bonds				
Veterans Land Board	6	6 (a)		\$ 769,065
Total	6	6	0	769,065
Revenue Bonds				
University of Texas System	4		4 (b)	1,431,500
Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs	5	5 (a)		106,710
University of Houston System	1_		<u>1</u> (b)	345
Total	10		5	1,538,555
Business-Type Activities Total	16	_11_	5	\$ 2,307,620

Demand Bond – Standby	ruiciias	e Agreei	iieiit2
August 31, 2017  Counterparties	Number of Secured Bond Issue Agreements	Annual Liquidity Fee	Agreement Termination Date
Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ	1	0.35%	09/04/18
Landesbank Hessen-Thuringen Girozentrale	1	0.32%	12/31/19
Landesbank Hessen-Thuringen Girozentrale	1	0.28%	01/20/21
Mizuho Bank, LTD.	1	0.34%	07/19/19
State Street Bank and Trust Company	1	0.35%	09/07/18
Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corp	1	0.30%	01/18/22
Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corp	1	0.30 - 3.00%	04/01/22
Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts*	6	0.12%	08/31/19
U.S. Bank National Association	2	0.25%	06/01/18
Total	15		

Takeout agreements are used by TxDOT to provide an alternative debt instrument to replace any repurchased bonds that were not remarketed within the prescribed time constraints. Table 6I provides the estimated impact of such an event.

Demand Bonds – Takeo	ut A	greer	nen	t Provisio	ons
August 31, 2017					
7.0gust 51, 2017	-	Estimated ebt Service			
	(In	Thousands)		Rate	Basis
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					
Revenue Bonds					
Texas Department of Transportation					
State Highway Fund Revenue Bonds					
Series 2014B1	\$	174,921	(a)	9.50%	2.00%
(a) - Replacement debt is subject to semi-annual payr	nents ove	er three years	starting	the first day of the si	ixth month of that period

# **Early Extinguishment of Debt**

Table 6J presents early debt extinguishments in fiscal 2017. The source of funds used for the extinguishments included loan repayments and other available funds.

# Refunding

Table 6K summarizes bonds refunded during fiscal 2017 to lower interest rates or to restructure debt service requirements for cash management purposes.

<b>Early Extinguished Debt Issues</b>	;	
Table 6J		
(Amounts in Thousands)		
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		
General Obligation Bonds		
Office of the Governor (TMVRLP)	\$	7,260
Texas Water Development Board		9,355
Governmental Activities Total	\$	16,615
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		
General Obligation Bonds		
Texas Water Development Board	\$	22,400
Revenue Bonds		
Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs		205,233
Texas Water Development Board		422,340
Texas Workforce Commission		88,935
University of Houston System		905
Business-Type Activities Total	\$	739,813

Table 6K					
(Amounts in Thousands)					
	Types of Refunding	Par Value of Refunding Issue*	Par Value Refunded	Cash Flow Difference Increase (Decrease)	Economic Gain (Loss)
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				· · · · ·	
General Obligation Bonds					
Texas Department of Transportation	Advanced Refunding	\$ 474,135	\$ 536,210	\$101,761	\$ 56,586
Texas Department of Transportation	Current Refunding	296,020	347,795	72,927	41,218
Office of the Governor (TMVRLP)	Current Refunding	25,420	25,490	9,976	5,681
Texas Water Development Board	Current Refunding	13,520	16,100	3,463	2,836
Revenue Bonds					
Texas Department of Transportation	Current Refunding	89,370	100,000	**	**
Governmental Activities Total	-	898,465	1,025,595	188,127	106,321
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES					
General Obligation Bonds					
Texas Water Development Board	Current Refunding	48,755	50,920	13,586	6,291
Revenue Bonds					
Texas Department of Transportation	Current Refunding	190,955	190,730	***	***
Texas Tech University System	Advanced Refunding	81,110	75,430	(5,680)	4,809
University of Texas System	Advanced Refunding	159,240	170,440	18,010	15,557
University of Texas System	Current Refunding	258,835	298,210	62,613	51,817
Texas A&M University System	Advanced Refunding	114,589	121,350	14,824	12,307
University of Houston System	Advanced Refunding	93,460	101,565	14,323	10,021
University of North Texas System	Advanced Refunding	118,305	115,595	(10,048)	7,115
Stephen F. Austin State University	Advanced Refunding	21,497	24,245	3,451	3,043
Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs	Current Refunding	29,610	29,610	10,740	10,414
Texas State University System	Advanced Refunding	76,215	80,055	7,982	(6,895
Midwestern State University	Advanced Refunding	33,465	33,035	3,454	2,726
Business-Type Activities Total		1,226,036	1,291,185	133,255	117,205
Total		\$2,124,501	\$2,316,780	\$321,382	\$ 223,526

- Other funds totaling approximately \$31.6 million were used to refund/defease additional bonds.
   Mode change from variable rate to another mode, no gain (loss) on transaction.
   Mode change from variable rate to another mode, no gain (loss) on transaction. Includes \$107.2 million refunded with agency notes payable.

#### **Defeased Bonds**

Texas defeases various bond issues by placing funds in irrevocable trusts with external financial institutions to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. As of Aug. 31, 2017, the amounts of defeased bonds, at par, that remain outstanding for all bond issuers are presented in table 6L. Also included are various bond issues defeased by placing funds in irrevocable trusts in the Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company (Trust Company). Funds placed in the Trust Company to defease \$214.7 million in bonds are included in the state's financial statements in an agency fund. The trust account assets and the liability for all other defeased bonds are not included in the state's financial statements.

<b>Defeased Bonds Outstanding</b>	
Table 6L	
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
(Amounts in Thousands)	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	
General Obligation Bonds	
Texas Department of Transportation	\$ 990,870
Texas Public Finance Authority	214,655
Texas Water Development Board	9,355
Revenue Bonds	
Texas Department of Transportation	45,500
Governmental Activities Total	1,260,380
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	
General Obligation Bonds	
Texas Water Development Board	27,665
Veterans Land Board	15,500
Revenue Bonds	,
University of Texas System	271,268
Texas A&M University System	656,540
Texas Department of Transportation	80,375
Texas State University System	162,315
University of Houston System	169,090
Texas Tech University System	75,430
Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs	25,000
University of North Texas System	120,130
Midwestern State University	50,630
Texas State Technical College	20,440
Business-Type Activities Total	1,674,383
Total	\$ 2,934,763
	- ,

#### **Conduit Debt**

The Texas State Affordable Housing Corporation (TSAHC), a discrete component unit of the state, is authorized to issue statewide 501(c)(3) tax-exempt multifamily mortgage revenue bonds under Texas Govern-

ment Code, Section 2306.555. The 501(c)(3) tax-exempt multifamily mortgage revenue bond program provides long-term variable-rate or fixed-rate financing to non-profit borrowers/developers of new or existing multifamily rental properties in order to generate and/or preserve affordable rental housing. TSAHC may finance single developments or pools of properties located throughout the state of Texas. Borrowers must agree to set aside a prescribed percentage of a property's units for rent to persons and families of low income. TSAHC finances properties under the program primarily through the sale of tax-exempt multifamily housing revenue bonds.

The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. TSAHC, the state and any political subdivision thereof are not obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying statements.

As of Aug. 31, 2017, there were 14 series of multifamily housing revenue bonds outstanding with an aggregate \$183 million principal amount payable.

The Texas Private Activity Bond Surface Transportation Corporation (TxPABST), a blended component unit of the state, issued four series of bonds in the aggregate amount of \$1.6 billion that remains outstanding as of Aug. 31, 2017. The proceeds were loaned to LBJ Infrastructure Group LLC, NTE Mobility Partners LLC, NTE Mobility Partners Segments 3 LLC and Blueridge Transportation Group, LLC to finance the development and expansion of public transportation projects. Debt service is funded from loan and interest repayments from the borrowers. The bonds do not constitute a debt or pledge of the faith and credit of TxPABST, TxDOT or the state of Texas. Remaining bond authority has expired.

Conduit bond debt for the TDHCA (multifamily housing bonds) predates the implementation of note disclosure requirements and is reported in the financial statements.

#### **Interest Rate Swaps**

Effective interest rate swap agreements are considered hedging derivatives. The aggregate debt service requirements and associated net swap payments are detailed in this note. See Note 7 for additional information on derivatives.

### **Estimated Debt Service of Swap Payments**

Using rates as of Aug. 31, 2017, the debt service requirements of the state's variable-rate, fixed-rate bonds and associated net swap payments were estimated and are presented in tables 6M, 6N and 6O.

# **Pay-Fixed, Receive-Variable Interest Rate Swaps: Estimated Debt Service Requirements of Variable-Rate Debt Outstanding and Net Swap Payments**

(Amounts in Thousands)

	Variable-	Rate Bonds	Interest Rate	
Year	Principal	Interest	Swaps, Net	Total
2018	\$ 184,255	\$ 42,418	\$ 84,129	\$ 310,802
2019	198,455	40,119	79,700	318,274
2020	196,095	37,731	75,198	309,024
2021	188,085	35,394	70,925	294,404
2022	197,905	33,178	66,883	297,966
2023 - 2027	917,595	133,780	268,953	1,320,328
2028 - 2032	805,925	86,308	167,116	1,059,349
2033 - 2037	694,945	49,148	83,873	827,966
2038 - 2042	298,915	22,319	19,553	340,787
2043 - 2047	302,085	9,053	6,416	317,554
2048 - 2052	270	1		271
Total	\$3,984,530	\$ 489,449	\$ 922,746	\$5,396,725

# Pay-Variable, Receive-Variable Interest Rate Swaps: **Estimated Debt Service Requirements of Variable-Rate Debt Outstanding and Net Swap Payments**

Table 6N

(Amounts in Thousands)

	Variable-l	Rate Bonds	Interest Rate	
Year	Principal	Interest	Swaps, Net	Total
2018	\$ 1,205	\$ 482	\$ (54)	\$ 1,633
2019	1,280	461	(52)	1,689
2020	1,365	438	(49)	1,754
2021	1,445	413	(46)	1,812
2022	1,535	388	(44)	1,879
2023 - 2027	9,250	1,490	(168)	10,572
2028 - 2032	10,995	568	(64)	11,499
2033 - 2037	1,370	12	(1)	1,381
Total	\$ 28,445	\$ 4,252	\$ (478)	\$ 32,219

# Pay-Variable, Receive-Variable Interest Rate Swaps: **Estimated Debt Service Requirements of Fixed-**Rate Debt Outstanding and Net Swap Payments

Table 60

(Amounts in Thousands)

	Fixed-Ra	rte Bonds	Interest Rate	
Year	Principal	Interest	Swaps, Net	Total
2018	\$	\$ 1,760	\$ (194)	\$ 1,566
2019		1,760	(194)	1,566
2020		1,761	(194)	1,567
2021		1,760	(194)	1,566
2022		1,761	(194)	1,567
2023 - 2027	31,630	2,703	(291)	34,042
Total	\$ 31,630	\$ 11,505	\$ (1,261)	\$ 41,874

The tables were prepared assuming current interest rates and swap index relationships remain the same for their terms. As rates and index relationships vary in the future, so will the resulting actual interest payments and net swap payments.

# Note 7

#### **Derivative Instruments**

Derivatives are financial instruments whose values are derived, in whole or part, from the value of any one or more underlying assets or index of asset values. Derivatives include swap contracts, futures contracts, options, options on futures contracts, and forward contracts.

Hedging derivatives are entered into to reduce the overall cost of borrowing long-term capital and protect against the risk of rising interest rates. The hedging derivatives primarily consist of interest rate swap agreements entered into in connection with long-term bonds. The derivative contracts enable the state to issue bonds at a cost less than what the state would have paid to issue conventional fixed rate debt.

Investment derivatives are entered into with the intention of managing transaction risk, reducing interest cost, or reducing currency exchange risk in purchasing, selling or holding investments. Ineffective hedges are also reported as investment derivatives.

The state implemented GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, in fiscal year 2016. It requires the use of appropriate valuation techniques for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value and that maximize the use of relevant observable inputs while minimizing the use of unobservable inputs. Valuation techniques consistent with the market approach, cost approach, or income approach should be used to measure fair value.

## **Summary of Derivative Activity**

The fair value of effective hedging derivatives is recorded as derivative instrument assets (positive fair value) and derivative instrument liabilities (negative fair value). The cumulative change in fair value of effective hedging derivatives is reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. The type of derivative instruments held by entity is shown in table 7A. The state's cumulative derivative activity as of Aug. 31, 2017, is summarized in table 7B. The notional amounts are presented in U.S. dollar equivalents.

# **Derivative Instruments** by Entity and Type

Table 7A

**Entity/Type of Derivative Instruments** 

#### Veterans Land Board (VLB)

Hedging and investment derivatives

#### **Texas Department of Housing and Community** Affairs (TDHCA)

Hedging derivatives

#### University of Texas System (UT)

Hedging and investment derivatives

#### Texas A&M University System (A&M)

Investment derivatives

#### Permanent School Fund (PSF) \*

Investment derivatives

#### **Employees Retirement System of Texas (ERS)**

Investment derivatives

#### Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS)

Investment derivatives

#### Texas Tech University System (TTU)

Investment derivatives

#### Texas Woman's University (TWU) \*\*

Investment derivatives

#### Midwestern State University (MSU) \*\*

Investment derivatives

#### Stephen F. Austin State University (SFA) \*\*

Investment derivatives

- The permanent school fund is jointly managed by the Texas Education Agency and the Texas General Land Office, but issues a separately audited stand-alone annual financial report.
- \*\* Stephen F. Austin, Midwestern State University, and Texas Woman's University invest funds in Texas A&M University System's investment pool which includes investment derivatives in the form of forward currency exchange contracts.

# **Summary of Derivative Activity**

(Amounts in Thousands)

	Change in Fair Value	Fair Value	Notional Amount
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES			
Investment Derivatives			
Futures	\$ 3,863	\$	\$ 20,108
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES			
Cash Flow Hedges			
Pay-Fixed Receive-Variable Interest Rate Swaps	\$ (13,442)	\$(464,116) *	\$3,983,675
Investment Derivatives			
Pay-Fixed Receive-Variable Interest Rate Swaps	\$ 968	\$ 975	\$ 788,944
Pay-Variable Receive-Fixed Interest Rate Swaps	1,275	(4,787)	923,932
Basis Swaps	21,505	15,232	1,593,303
Commodity Swaps	(156)	(156)	5,047
Credit Default Swaps	(135)	1,776	163,584
Currency Swaps	3,674	3,674	175,412
Equity Swaps	(3,868)	(3,868)	91,187
Foreign Currency Forward	(21,987)	(21,987)	4,667,810
Futures	11,898		1,389,122
Options	19,028	11,972	1,022,818
Rate Lock	(2,877)	(2,877)	318,500
Total Return Swaps	(1,369)	379	(243,598
FIDUCIARY ACTIVITIES			
Investment Derivatives			
Credit Default Swaps	\$ 18,183	\$ 20,909	\$ 482,055
Forwards Contracts	(54,563)	(52,603)	(1,988,070
Futures	341,299		6,440,220
Options	21,641	(1,313)	(1,598
Pay-Fixed Receive-Variable Interest Rate Swaps	7,157	(581)	(422,649
Pay-Variable Receive-Fixed Interest Rate Swaps	(5,360)		
Rights	4,817	147	693
Total Return Swaps	(65,391)	(403)	(150,383)
Warrants	774	5,961	818
DISCRETE COMPONENT UNITS			
Investment Derivatives			
Futures	\$ 1,200	\$	\$ 15,093
Options	2,101	576	468
Total Return Swaps	(174)	48	(30,940

\* Of the net \$464,116 fair value for cash flow hedges, \$14,565 is reported as a hedging derivative asset and \$478,681 is reported as a hedging derivative liability.

#### Fair Value

Derivative instruments are recorded at fair value. The fair values of the interest rate swaps were determined using a combination of methods.

The University of Texas System (UT) has calculated the fair value of the interest rate swaps using a forecast of expected discounted future net cash flows. UT continued to use the zero-coupon method in determining the fair values of their effective interest rate swaps, but

also considered the nonperformance risk of the parties, as required by GASB Statement No. 72. All UT's interest rate swaps are classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

The Veteran Land Board's (VLB) fair value measurements of its swap transactions were calculated by an independent third-party swap advisory consultant using the Income Approach, as described in GASB Statement No. 72. Using observable inputs from interest rate markets and credit default swap prices, the fair value measurements are determined based upon the present value of future implied cash flows. Since the inputs to these fair value measurements are observable from market data sources, they constitute Level 2 measurements, as described in GASB Statement No. 72.

Several of VLB's effective interest rate swaps contain a provision for the state to be "knocked out" of the swaps by the respective counterparties upon the breach of certain predetermined barriers. In each of these cases, VLB was paid an up-front option premium by the respective counterparties. With regard to the swap associated with Vet Land Tax Ref Bds Ser 2000 (now a part of State of Texas Veterans Bonds, Taxable Refunding Series 2014B-3 attributable to bond refunding), the knock-out is permanent once the option is taken at the discretion of the counterparty. In the remainder of the swaps with knockout provisions, the knock-out is mandatory and is periodic in nature, with the knock-out period corresponding only to the period during which the respective barrier is breached. The knock-out provisions are an integral part of the associated swaps and the fair values of the swaps include the effects of the knock-outs.

Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs (TDHCA) adopted the Income Approach from GASB Statement No. 72 in the fair value measurement of their derivative instruments. Using observable inputs of interest rate markets and municipal bond yields, the fair value measurement is based on the present value of future implied cash flows reflective of nonperformance risk. All TDHCA's derivative instruments are classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

Futures contracts are marked-to-market daily and valued at closing market prices on the valuation date. A daily variation margin (the gain or loss) between the daily value of the contracts and the value on the previous day is recorded and settled in cash with the broker the following morning. Options and swaps are valued using broker quotes, proprietary pricing agents or appropriate pricing models with primarily externally verifiable model inputs.

The fair value of forward currency contracts is estimated by adding the forward points to the corresponding spot rate. These rates are then applied to the outstanding currency exchange to derive a change in valuation.

# **Hedging Derivatives**

The state entered into interest rate swap agreements with various counterparties, all of which are highly rated financial institutions, to manage various risks associated with the state's debt programs. Each of the state's interest rate swaps is a contractual agreement entered into between the state and a counterparty under which each party agrees to exchange periodic fixed or variable payments, based upon a stated notional amount, over the stated life of the agreement. The net differential paid or received is recognized over the life of the agreement as an adjustment to interest expense. Interest rate swaps determined to be hedging derivatives are designated as cash flow hedges. The specific objectives for each category of effective hedges are summarized below.

Pay-fixed Interest Rate Swaps: The combination of these swaps and variable-rate bonds creates synthetic fixed-rate debt. The use of synthetic fixed-rate debt has historically lowered the state's borrowing costs, as compared to the borrowing costs associated with the issuance of traditional fixed-rate bonds.

#### Significant Terms and Credit Ratings

The significant terms and credit ratings of the state's hedging derivatives as of Aug. 31, 2017, are presented in table 7C. The variable rates are quoted in terms of a percentage of the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) or Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association (SIFMA) municipal swap index rates as noted. Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor service credit ratings are disclosed for each swap.

# Hedging Interest Rate Swaps: Significant Terms and Credit Ratings

**Table 7C** (Amounts in Thousands)

Associated Bond Issue	Notional Amount	Effective Date	Maturity Date	Term
VETERANS LAND BOARD –				
PAY-FIXED, RECEIVE-VARIABLE INTEREST				
RATE SWAPS				
Vet Hsg Ref Bds Ser '95	\$	11/29/1995	12/01/2016	Pay 5.52%; receive Actual Bond Rate
Vet Land Ref Bds Ser '99A	7,135	06/01/1999	12/01/2018	Pay 5.112%; receive 68% of 6M LIBOR
Vet Hsg Fund II Bds Ser 2001A-2	20,000	03/22/2001	12/01/2029	Pay 4.259%; receive 68% of 1M LIBOR
Vet Hsg Fund II Bds Ser 2001C-2	24,265	12/18/2001	12/01/2033	Pay 4.365%; receive 68% of 1M LIBOR
Vet Land Bds Ser 2002	13,820	02/21/2002	12/01/2032	Pay 4.14%; receive 68% of 1M LIBOR
Vet Hsg Fund II Bds Ser 2002A-2	23,405	07/10/2002	06/01/2033	Pay 3.8725%; receive 68% of 1M LIBOR
Vet Hsg Fund II Bds Ser 2003A	23,015	03/04/2003	06/01/2034	Pay 3.304%; receive 68% of 1M LIBOR
Vet Hsg Fund II Bds Ser 2003B	24,255	10/22/2003	06/01/2034	Pay 3.403%; receive 64.5% of 1M LIBOR
Vet Hsg Fund II Bds Ser 2004B	26,775	09/15/2004	12/01/2034	Pay 3.68%; receive 68% of 1M LIBOR
Vet Hsg Fund II Bds Ser 2005A	26,375	02/24/2005	06/01/2035	Pay 3.279%; receive 68% of 1M LIBOR
Vet Hsg Fund II Bds Ser 2006A	28,715	06/01/2006	12/01/2036	Pay 3.517%; receive 68% of 1M LIBOR
Vet Hsg Fund II Bds Ser 2006D	30,200	09/20/2006	12/01/2036	Pay 3.689%; receive 68% of 1M LIBOR
Vet Hsg Fund II Bds Ser 2007A	30,375	02/22/2007	06/01/2037	Pay 3.645%; receive 68% of 1M LIBOR
Vet Hsg Fund II Bds Ser 2007B	32,025	06/26/2007	06/01/2038	Pay 3.712%; receive 68% of 1M LIBOR
Vet Hsg Fund II Bds Ser 2008A	31,990	03/26/2008	12/01/2038	Pay 3.189%; receive 68% of 1M LIBOR
Vet Hsg Fund II Bds Ser 2008B	33,120	09/11/2008	12/01/2038	Pay 3.225%; receive 68% of 1M LIBOR
Vet Bds Ser 2010C	57,855	08/20/2010	12/01/2040	Pay 2.3095%; receive 68% of 1M LIBOR
Vet Bds Ser 2011A	57,655	03/09/2011	06/01/2041	Pay 2.675%; receive 68% of 1M LIBOR
Vet Bds Ser 2011B	58,840	08/25/2011	12/01/2041	Pay 2.367%; receive 68% of 1M LIBOR
Vet Bds Ser 2011C	59,945	12/15/2011	06/01/2042	Pay 1.917%; receive 68% of 3M LIBOR
Vet Bds Ser 2012A	60,065	05/23/2012	12/01/2042	Pay 1.692%; receive 68% of 3M LIBOR
Vet Bds Ser 2012B	80,300	11/01/2012	12/01/2042	Pay 1.447%; receive 68% of 3M LIBOR
Vet Bds Ser 2013A	85,295	03/20/2013	06/01/2043	Pay 1.7%; receive 68% of 3M LIBOR
Vet Bds Ser 2013B	128,785	08/22/2013	12/01/2043	Pay 2.145%; receive 68% of 1M LIBOR
Vet Hsg Fund II Tax Ref Bds Ser 2013C	33,495	12/01/2006	12/01/2026	Pay 5.461%; receive 100% of 1M LIBOR
Vet Hsg Fund II Tax Ref Bds Ser 2013C	25,290	12/01/2007	06/01/2029	Pay 4.658%; receive 100% of 1M LIBOR
Vet Hsg Fund II Tax Ref Bds Ser 2013C	8,610	12/01/2009	12/01/2021	Pay 6.22%; receive 100% of 6M LIBOR
Vet Hsg Fund II Tax Ref Bds Ser 2013C	54,195	12/01/2009	06/01/2031	Pay 5.4525%; receive 100% of 6M LIBOR
Vet Bds Ser 2014A	133,125	03/03/2014	06/01/2044	Pay 2.179%; receive 68% of 1M LIBOR
Vet Hsg Fund I Tax Ref Bds Ser 2014B-1	24,345	12/01/2003	06/01/2021	Pay 5.19%; receive 100% of 6M LIBOR
Vet Hsg Fund I Tax Ref Bds Ser 2014B-1	14,025	06/01/2004	12/01/2024	Pay 5.45%; receive 100% of 6M LIBOR
Vet Hsg Fund II Tax Ref Bds Ser 2014B-1 & B-2	21,610	12/01/2004	06/01/2020	Pay 5.348%; receive 100% of 1M LIBOR
Vet Hsg Fund I Tax Ref Bds Ser 2014B-1	9,800	12/01/2005	12/01/2023	Pay 4.929%; receive 100% of 1M LIBOR
Vet Hsg Fund I/II Tax Ref Bds Ser 2014B-1 & C-2	18,015	12/01/2005	06/01/2026	Pay 5.145%; receive 100% of 1M LIBOR
Vet Land Tax Ref Bds Ser 2014B-3	19,300	12/01/2000	12/01/2020	Pay 6.106%; receive 100% of 6M LIBOR
Vet Land Tax Ref Bds Ser 2014B-3	15,470	12/01/2005	12/01/2026	Pay 6.517%; receive 100% of 6M LIBOR
Vet Hsg Fund I Tax Ref Bds Ser 2014C-1	12,880	12/01/2002	06/01/2023	Pay 4.91%; receive 100% of 6M LIBOR
Vet Hsg Fund I Tax Ref Bds Ser 2014C-1	19,255	08/01/2012	12/01/2033	Pay 3.76%; receive 68% of 1M LIBOR
Vet Hsg Fund II Tax Ref Bds Ser 2014C-2	32,560	06/01/2006	12/01/2026	Pay 5.83%; receive 100% of 1M LIBOR
Vet Hsg Fund II Tax Ref Bds Ser 2014C-2	14,990	06/01/2006	12/01/2027	Pay 5.79%; receive 100% of 6M LIBOR
Vet Hsg Fund II Tax Ref Bds Ser 2014C-2	55,815	06/01/2010	12/01/2027	Pay 5.401%; receive 100% of 1M LIBOR
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* PUF stands for permanent university fund and RFS stands for	r revenue financing	system.		Continued on the following page

# Hedging Interest Rate Swaps: Significant Terms and Credit Ratings (continued) Table 7C (Amounts in Thousands)

Associated Bond Issue	Knock-Out Barrier	Up Front Premium Received	Counterparty Credit Ratings
VETERANS LAND BOARD –			
PAY-FIXED, RECEIVE-VARIABLE INTEREST			
RATE SWAPS			
	N/A	\$	DDD+ / Doo1
Vet Hsg Ref Bds Ser '95	N/A N/A	\$	BBB+ / Baa1 BBB+ / Baa1
Vet Land Ref Bds Ser '99A Vet Hag Fund II Bds Ser 2001 A 2	N/A N/A		BBB+/Baa1
Vet Hsg Fund II Bds Ser 2001A-2	N/A N/A		AA- / Aa2
Vet Hsg Fund II Bds Ser 2001C-2 Vet Land Bds Ser 2002	N/A N/A		BBB+/A3
Vet Hsg Fund II Bds Ser 2002A-2	N/A N/A		A+ / Aa3
	N/A N/A		A+ / Aa3 A+ / Aa3
Vet Hsg Fund II Bds Ser 2003A Vet Hsg Fund II Bds Ser 2003B	N/A N/A		A+ / Aa3 AA- / Aa2
	N/A N/A		A+/Aa3
Vet Hsg Fund II Bds Ser 2004B	N/A N/A		A+ / Aa3 AA- / Aa2
Vet Hsg Fund II Bds Ser 2005A			
Vet Hsg Fund II Bds Ser 2006A	N/A N/A		AA / Aa3 A+ / A1
Vet Hsg Fund II Bds Ser 2006D	N/A N/A		A+ / A1 AA- / Aa2
Vet Hsg Fund II Bds Ser 2007A	N/A N/A		AA- / Aa2 A+ / Aa3
Vet Hsg Fund II Bds Ser 2007B			
Vet Hsg Fund II Bds Ser 2008A	N/A N/A		AA / Aa3 AA- / Aa2
Vet Hsg Fund II Bds Ser 2008B	N/A N/A		BBB+/A3
Vet Bds Ser 2010C Vet Bds Ser 2011A	N/A N/A		A- / Baa2
Vet Bds Ser 2011B	N/A N/A		A- / Baa2 A- / Baa2
	N/A N/A		A- / Baa2 AA- / Aa2
Vet Bds Ser 2011C Vet Bds Ser 2012A	N/A N/A		AA- / Aa2 AA- / Aa2
	N/A N/A		
Vet Bds Ser 2012B	N/A N/A		AA-/Aa2
Vet Bds Ser 2013A	N/A N/A		AA- / Aa2 AA- / Aa2
Vet Bds Ser 2013B		2.652	
Vet Hsg Fund II Tax Ref Bds Ser 2013C	1M LIBOR >= 7.00%; 6M LIBOR > 4.00% and	2,652 1,018	A+ / Aa3
		1,016	
Vet Hsg Fund II Tax Ref Bds Ser 2013C	SIFMA/LIBOR Ratio > 74% 1M LIBOR >= 7.00%;	935	A+ / Aa3
vet 113g i und ii i ux ivei bus bei 2013e	SIFMA/5Y ISDA CMS > 71%	1,020	11.71143
Vet Hsg Fund II Tax Ref Bds Ser 2013C	6M LIBOR >= 7.00%	612	A+ / Aa3
Vet Hsg Fund II Tax Ref Bds Ser 2013C	6M LIBOR >= 7.00%	2,740	A+ / Aa3
Vet Bds Ser 2014A	N/A	2,740	AA-/Aa2
Vet Hsg Fund I Tax Ref Bds Ser 2014B-1	6M LIBOR > 7.00%	4,470	AA- / Aa2
Vet Hsg Fund I Tax Ref Bds Ser 2014B-1	6M LIBOR >= 7.00%	1,442	A+/Aa3
Vet Hsg Fund II Tax Ref Bds Ser 2014B-1 & B-2	1M LIBOR >= 7.00%	2,594	A+ / Aa3
Vet Hsg Fund I Tax Ref Bds Ser 2014B-1	1M LIBOR >= 7.00%;	484	A+ / Aa3
Vet 113g I tilid I Tux Rei Bd3 Sei 2014B-1	6M LIBOR > 4.00% and	267	n i i nus
	SIFMA/LIBOR Ratio > 74%	207	
Vet Hsg Fund I/II Tax Ref Bds Ser 2014B-1 & C-2	1M LIBOR >= 7.00%;	1,367	A+ / Aa3
vectrisg i und i/ii tax ter bas ser 2014b-1 et e-2	6M LIBOR > 4.00% and	567	n i i nus
	SIFMA/LIBOR Ratio > 74%	307	
Vet Land Tax Ref Bds Ser 2014B-3	1M LIBOR >= 7.00%	2,700	AA-/Aa2
Vet Land Tax Ref Bds Ser 2014B-3	6M LIBOR >= 7.00%	1,542	A+/Aa3
Vet Hsg Fund I Tax Ref Bds Ser 2014C-1	6M LIBOR > 7.00%	2,165	AA-/Aa2
Vet Hsg Fund I Tax Ref Bds Ser 2014C-1	1M LIBOR >= 7.00%	579	AA / Aa3
Vet Hsg Fund II Tax Ref Bds Ser 2014C-2	1M LIBOR >= 7.00%	1,992	A+ / Aa3
Vet Hsg Fund II Tax Ref Bds Ser 2014C-2	6M LIBOR >= 7.00%	1,493	A+ / Aa3
Vet Hsg Fund II Tax Ref Bds Ser 2014C-2	1M LIBOR >= 7.00%;	2,355	A+ / Aa3
	6M LIBOR > 4.00% and	1,427	11. / 1143
	SIFMA/LIBOR Ratio > 74%	1,127	
* PUF stands for permanent university fund and RFS stands for rev	venue financing system.		Continued on the following page

# **Hedging Interest Rate Swaps: Significant Terms and Credit Ratings (continued)**

Table 7C

(Amounts in Thousands)

Associated Bond Issue	Notional Amount	Effective Date	Maturity Date	Term
VETERANS LAND BOARD –				
PAY-FIXED, RECEIVE-VARIABLE INTEREST				
RATE SWAPS (concluded)				
Vet Hsg Fund II Tax Ref Bds Ser 2014C-2	\$ 30,950	12/01/2010	06/01/2032	Pay 2.79%; receive 100% of 1M LIBOR
Vet Land Tax Ref Bds Ser 2014C-3	20,595	06/01/2006	12/01/2027	Pay 6.54%; receive 100% of 6M LIBOR
Vet Land Tax Ref Bds Ser 2014C-3	13,315	12/01/2010	12/01/2030	Pay 5.209%; receive 100% of 1M LIBOR
Vet Land Tax Ref Bds Ser 2014C-4	18,435	12/01/2002	12/01/2021	Pay 4.935%; receive 100% of 6M LIBOR
Vet Land Tax Ref Bds Ser 2014C-4	13,850	12/01/2003	12/01/2023	Pay 5.123%; receive 100% of 1M LIBOR
Vet Land Tax Ref Bds Ser 2014C-4	15,955	12/01/2004	12/01/2024	Pay 5.455%; receive 100% of 6M LIBOR
Vet Land Tax Ref Bds Ser 2014C-4	16,915	06/01/2006	12/01/2026	Pay 4.61%; receive 100% of 6M LIBOR
Vet Land Tax Ref Bds Ser 2014C-4	27,125	12/01/2006	12/01/2027	Pay 6.513%; receive 100% of 1M LIBOR
Vet Bds Ser 2014D	90,760	09/10/2014	06/01/2045	Pay 1.9395%; receive 68% of 1M LIBOR
Vet Bds Ser 2015A	114,060	02/11/2015	06/01/2045	Pay 1.51%; receive 68% of 1M LIBOR
Vet Bds Ser 2015B	119,160	07/22/2015	06/01/2046	Pay 1.771%; receive 68% of 1M LIBOR
Vet Bds Ser 2016	242,375	12/01/2016	12/01/2046	Pay 1.564%; receive 68% of 1M LIBOR
Vet Bds Ser 2017	249,690	08/01/2017	12/01/2047	Pay 1.175%; receive 68% of 1M LIBOR + 0.085%
TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND COMMU PAY-FIXED, RECEIVE-VARIABLE INTEREST RATE	SWAPS	02/01/2014	00/01/0024	D 2 (70) : (5 50) (1100D : 200)
2004B Single Family 2004D Single Family	27,020 18,920	03/01/2014 01/01/2005	09/01/2034 03/01/2035	Pay 3.67%; receive 65.5% of LIBOR + .20% Pay 3.08%; receive Lesser of (the greater of (a)
				65% of LIBOR and (b) 56% of LIBOR + .45%) and LIBOR
2005A Single Family	25,675	08/01/2005	09/01/2036	Pay 4.01%; receive Lesser of (the greater of (a) 65% of LIBOR and (b) 56% of LIBOR + .45%)
				and LIBOR
2007A Single Family	30,385	06/05/2007	09/01/2038	Pay 4.01%; receive Lesser of (the greater of (a) 65% of LIBOR and (b) 56% of LIBOR + .45%; and LIBOR
UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS SYSTEM –	c.w.a.n.c.v			
PAY-FIXED, RECEIVE-VARIABLE INTEREST RATE		12/20/2005	00/01/002	D 2.0050/ : CHENTA
RFS Bonds 2007B	163,843	12/20/2007	08/01/2034	Pay 3.805%; receive SIFMA
RFS Bonds 2007B	163,843	12/20/2007	08/01/2034	Pay 3.805%; receive SIFMA
PUF Bonds 2008A	182,183	11/03/2008	07/01/2038	Pay 3.696%; receive SIFMA
PUF Bonds 2008A	182,183	11/03/2008	07/01/2038	Pay 3.6575%; receive SIFMA
RFS Bonds 2008B	119,905	03/18/2008	08/01/2036	Pay 3.9%; receive SIFMA
RFS Bonds 2008B RFS Bonds 2008B	119,905	03/18/2008 03/18/2008	08/01/2036 08/01/2039	Pay 3.9%; receive SIFMA
	249,640			Pay 3.614%; receive SIFMA
RFS Bonds 2016G	250,000	12/01/2016	08/01/2045	Pay 2.000%; receive 100% of 1M LIBOR
* PUF stands for permanent university fund and RFS stan	ds for revenue financing	g system.		Concluded on the following page

#### Risks

Credit Risk: The state is exposed to credit risk if the counterparty to an interest rate swap fails to meet the terms and obligations of its contracts. The state mitigates the credit risk associated with its swaps by entering into transactions with a diversified group of highly-rated counterparties. The interest rate swap

agreements also contain varying collateral agreements and insurance policies with the counterparties. Posted collateral may be held either by the state itself or by a quality third party custodian. Swap contracts with a negative fair value do not expose the state to credit risk. As of Aug. 31, 2017, the state was not exposed to credit

Table 7C			
(Amounts in Thousands)		Up Front	Countounoutu
Associated Bond Issue	Knock-Out Barrier	Premium Received	Counterparty Credit Ratings
Associated Dolld Issue	Dailiei	neceiveu	natings
VETERANS LAND BOARD –			
PAY-FIXED, RECEIVE-VARIABLE INTEREST RATE SWAPS (concluded)			
Vet Hsg Fund II Tax Ref Bds Ser 2014C-2	N/A		AA- / Aa2
Vet Land Tax Ref Bds Ser 2014C-3	6M LIBOR >= 7.00%	\$ 1,931	A+ / Aa3
Vet Land Tax Ref Bds Ser 2014C-3	1M LIBOR >= 7.00%;	466	A+ / Aa3
	6M LIBOR > 4.00% and	208	
	SIFMA/LIBOR Ratio > 74%		
Vet Land Tax Ref Bds Ser 2014C-4	6M LIBOR >= 7.00%	2,785	BBB+ / A3
Vet Land Tax Ref Bds Ser 2014C-4	1M LIBOR >= 7.00%	1,896	A+ / Aa3
Vet Land Tax Ref Bds Ser 2014C-4	6M LIBOR >= 7.00%	2,075	BBB+ / A3
Vet Land Tax Ref Bds Ser 2014C-4	6M LIBOR >= 7.00%	886	AA- / Aa2
Vet Land Tax Ref Bds Ser 2014C-4	1M LIBOR >= 7.00%	2,725	A+ / Aa3
Vet Bds Ser 2014D	N/A	ŕ	AA- / Aa2
Vet Bds Ser 2015A	N/A		A-/Baa2
Vet Bds Ser 2015B	N/A		AA- / Aa2
Vet Bds Ser 2016	N/A		AA- / Aa2
Vet Bds Ser 2017	N/A		A+ / A1
TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND COMMUNIT PAY-FIXED, RECEIVE-VARIABLE INTEREST RATE SWA			
2004B Single Family	N/A		AA- (Stable)/Aa2 (Stable)
2004D Single Family	N/A		A (Review Upgrade)/A1 (Stable)
2004D Shigic Falliny	IVA		A (Review Opgrade)/A1 (Stable
2005A Single Family	N/A		A+ (Stable)/ Aa3 (Stable)
2007A Single Family	N/A		A+ (Stable)/ Aa3 (Stable)
UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS SYSTEM –	ADC*		
PAY-FIXED, RECEIVE-VARIABLE INTEREST RATE SWA			A 22/A A
RFS Bonds 2007B	N/A		Aa2/AA-
RFS Bonds 2007B	N/A		Aa3/A+
PUF Bonds 2008A	N/A		Aa2/AA-
PUF Bonds 2008A	N/A		A1/A+
RFS Bonds 2008B	N/A		Aa3/A+
RFS Bonds 2008B	N/A		A3/BBB+
RFS Bonds 2008B RFS Bonds 2016G	N/A N/A		Aa3/A+ A1/A+

risk because the swaps recorded in the positive position were offset by other swaps with negative fair values.

Interest Rate Risk: On the pay-fixed, receive-variable interest rate swaps, as LIBOR or the SIFMA municipal swap index decrease, the state's net payment on the swap increases. For the related hedged variable-rate debt, as LIBOR or the SIFMA municipal swap

index decreases, the state's interest payments on the bonds decrease. The value of interest rate swap agreements with a longer weighted average maturity tend to be more sensitive to changing interest rates, and therefore, more volatile than those with shorter maturities.

**Basis Risk:** The state is exposed to basis risk to the extent that the interest payments on its variable-rate

bonds do not match the variable-rate payments received on the associated swaps. The state mitigates this risk by matching the notional amount and amortization schedule of each swap to the principal amount and amortization schedule of each associated variable-rate bond issue and by selecting an index for the variable-rate leg of each swap that is reasonably expected to closely match the interest rate resets on the associated variable-rate bonds over the life of each bond issue. Additionally, taxexempt interest rates can change without a corresponding change in taxable interest rates due to factors affecting the tax-exempt market that do not have a similar effect on the taxable market.

**Termination Risk:** Termination risk is the risk that the swap may be terminated prior to its scheduled maturity date as a result of certain specified events. The swap associated with the Vet Land Tax Ref Bds Ser 2000 (now a part of State of Texas Veterans Bonds, Taxable Refunding Series 2014B-3 attributable to bond refunding) provides the counterparty with the option to terminate the swap under certain conditions.

The state or the counterparties may terminate any of the swaps if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the respective swap agreements. If any of the swaps are terminated, the associated variable-rate bonds would no longer have a synthetic fixed-rate and the state would be subject to interest rate risk to the extent that the variable-rate bonds were not hedged with another swap or with variable-rate assets. At termination, if the fair value of the swap is negative, the state would owe the counterparty a termination payment equal to the swap's negative fair value; however, if the fair value of the swap is positive, the counterparty would owe the state a termination payment equal to the swap's positive fair value.

Several swap agreements include optional early termination provisions granting the state the right, but not an obligation, to terminate the interest rate swaps at par without a termination payment after an effective date or after the breach of certain counterparty credit ratings.

**Rollover Risk:** Rollover risk is the risk caused by a mismatch between the amortization of a derivative contract and the underlying hedged bonds. The maturity dates of the state's effective interest rate swaps were designed to extend to the maturity dates of the underlying bonds. However, in the case of the swap associated with the Vet Land Tax Ref Bds Ser 2000 (now a part of State of Texas Veterans Bonds, Taxable Refunding Series 2014B-3 attributable to bond refunding) the state will be subject to rollover risk if the counterparty exercises the option to terminate the swap contract.

*Market-access Risk:* Each swap associated with underlying variable-rate debt subject to tender at the option of the bondholder is subject to market-access risk. In the event the state is unable to remarket its variablerate bonds, the state may choose to refund the variablerate bonds with fixed-rate bonds and optionally terminate the related interest rate swap agreements. If an early termination event occurs, the state could be required to pay or to receive a substantial termination payment.

#### **Swap Payments and Associated Debt**

Aggregate debt service requirements of the state's variable-rate debt and net receipts/payments on associated hedging derivative instruments are disclosed in Note 6.

#### **Contingent Features**

Some of the state's derivative instruments include provisions that require the posting of collateral in the event that the contracting agency's credit rating falls below a specified level as issued by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Service. If the contracting agency fails to post eligible collateral, the derivative instrument may be terminated by the counterparty. Note 15 discloses detail about derivatives with contingent features.

#### **Investment Derivatives**

Investment derivatives expose the state to certain investment related risks. Note 3 discloses detail about the state's investment derivatives.

# Note 8

#### Leases

The state leases office buildings, computer and office equipment and other assets under a variety of agreements. Although lease terms vary, most leases are subject to biennial appropriation from the Texas Legislature to continue the lease obligations.

# **Operating Leases**

Operating lease payments are recorded as expenditures or expenses during the life of the lease. Rental expenditures or expenses related to operating leases for the year ended Aug. 31, 2017, are \$419.4 million for the primary government, \$2.3 million for discrete component units and \$3.3 million for fiduciary funds. Table 8A presents minimum future rental obligations on non-cancelable operating leases as of Aug. 31, 2017.

# Noncancelable Operating Lease Obligations

Table 8A

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Minimum Future Lease Payments						
Year	Primary Government	Component Units	Fiduciary Funds				
2018	\$ 331,892	\$ 1,748	\$ 2,275				
2019	284,181	1,718	1,926				
2020	220,780	1,670	1,876				
2021	181,703	1,580	1,082				
2022	142,385	1,439	173				
2023-2027	315,940	1,052					
2028-2032	24,781						
2033-2037	9,458						
2038-2042	10,289						
2043-2047	12,333						
2048 and beyond	63						
Total	\$1,533,805	\$ 9,207	\$ 7,332				

Additionally, the permanent school fund (PSF), the University of Texas System (UT), the Texas A&M University System (A&M) and the Texas Tech University System (Tech) have leased buildings, equipment and land to outside parties under various operating leases.

Table 8B presents estimated future lease rental income on noncancelable operating leases as of Aug. 31, 2017.

# Noncancelable Operating Lease Rental Income

Table 8B

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

		Minimum Lease Rent			
	Primary	Compo	nent	Fid	uciary
Year	Government	Uni	ts	F	unds
2018	\$ 43,446	\$	418	\$	42
2019	35,799		33		42
2020	33,000				41
2021	29,343				41
2022	27,633				46
2023 and beyond	334,834				440
Total	\$504,055	\$	451	\$	652

The carrying value of PSF's leased assets is \$257.8 million. The historical cost of PSF's leased buildings is \$11 million and related accumulated depreciation is \$833 thousand. The historical cost of PSF's leased land is \$247.6 million. Depreciation is not recorded on most of PSF's assets because they are held for investment purposes in a permanent fund. Real estate investments are reappraised periodically and the carrying amounts are adjusted when permanent impairments occur. In fiscal 2017, PSF reported contingent rental revenues in the amount of \$979 thousand.

As of Aug. 31, 2017, the carrying value of UT's leased assets is \$111.5 million. The historical cost of UT's leased buildings is \$165.8 million and related accumulated depreciation is \$68.7 million. The historical cost of UT's leased land is \$14.4 million. UT reported contingent rental revenues of \$387 thousand.

As of Aug. 31, 2017, the carrying value of A&M's leased assets is \$62.9 million. The historical cost of A&M's leased buildings is \$105 million and related accumulated depreciation is \$43.5 million. The historical cost of A&M's leased equipment is \$87 thousand and related accumulated depreciation is \$84 thousand. The historical cost of A&M's leased land is \$1.4 million.

As of Aug. 31, 2017, the carrying value of Tech's leased assets is \$41.9 million. The historical cost of Tech's leased buildings is \$62.2 million and the related accumulated depreciation is \$20.6 million. The historical cost of Tech's leased land is \$291 thousand.

# **Capital Leases**

Leases that are purchases in substance are reported as capital lease obligations. The capital assets are recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments at the inception of the lease plus any cash paid or trade-in value received.

For governmental and business-type activities, the assets and liabilities are recorded in the governmentwide financial statements.

Table 8C is a summary of the future minimum lease payments for capital leases.

# **Future Capital Lease Payments**

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

				Primary Go	vernment				ļ	Discretel	y Presen	ted	
	Go	vernmen	tal Activ	vities .	Вι	ısiness-Type Activ	vities			Compo	ent Unit	S	
Year	Principal	Int	erest	Total Future Minimum Lease Payments	Principal	Interest	Total Future Minimum Lease Payments	Pr	incipal	Int	erest	Minim	l Future num Lease /ments
2018	\$ 4,023	\$	10	\$ 4,033	\$12,146	\$ 2,503	\$14,649	\$	46	\$	7	\$	53
2019	3,677		9	3,686	9,728	2,717	12,445		47		4		51
2020	3,648		7	3,655	6,328	2,086	8,414		38		2		40
2021	3,632		7	3,639	5,031	1,854	6,885						
2022	3,600			3,600	3,741	1,683	5,424						
2023-2027	4,503			4,503	12,992	6,588	19,580						
2028-2032					14,855	3,552	18,407						
2033-2037				<u> </u>	8,263	478	8,741						
Total	\$23,083	\$	33	\$23,116	\$73,084	\$21,461	\$94,545	\$	131	\$	13	\$	144

Table 8D presents an analysis of the property recorded under capital leases by asset category at Aug. 31, 2017.

# **Assets Under Capital Leases**

Table 8D

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Primary Government					Discretely Presented		
	Government	al Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Compone	ent Units		
Туре	Assets under Capital Lease	Accumulated Depreciation	Assets under Capital Lease	Accumulated Depreciation	Assets under Capital Lease	Accumulated Depreciation		
Land	\$	\$	\$ 11	\$	\$	\$		
Buildings			50,386	(9,435)				
Furniture and Equipment	35,454	(19,303)	44,025	(18,147)	241	(44)		
Vehicles, Boats, Aircraft	83	(14)	634	(128)				
Computer Software	1,036	(604)	9,652	(2,760)				
Other Assets			2,015					
Total	\$ 36,573	\$(19,921)	\$ 106,723	\$(30,470)	\$ 241	\$ (44)		

# Note 9

#### **Retirement Plans**

#### **Defined Benefit Pension Plans**

The state of Texas has three retirement systems in its financial reporting entity - Employees Retirement System of Texas (ERS), Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS), and Texas Emergency Services Retirement System (TESRS). These three retirement systems administer the following six defined benefit pension plans:

- ERS the Employees Retirement System of Texas Plan (ERS Plan), the Law Enforcement and Custodial Officer Supplemental Retirement Plan (LECOS Plan), the Judicial Retirement System of Texas Plan One (JRS1 Plan) and Judicial Retirement System of Texas Plan Two (JRS2 Plan);
- TRS the Teacher Retirement System of Texas Plan (TRS Plan); and
- TESRS the Texas Emergency Services Retirement System Plan (TESRS Plan).

ERS, LECOS, JRS2, TRS and TESRS Plans are administered through trust; JRS1 Plan is operated on a pay-as-you-go basis.

The state implemented GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, in fiscal 2015. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 impacts the reporting of the ERS, LECOS, JRS2, TRS and TESRS Plans which are administered through trust. In fiscal year 2017, the state implemented GASB Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not Within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 73 affects the disclosure of the JRS1 Plan. JRS1 Plan has no plan assets and is not set up under trust or equivalent arrangements. In fiscal

2017, the state implemented GASB Statement No. 82, Pension Issues – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68 and No. 73, with paragraph 7 not applicable to the state of Texas pension plans. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 82 insignificantly impacts the state of Texas pension plans.

# **Employees Retirement System of Texas** (ERS)

The board of trustees of ERS is the administrator of the ERS, LECOS, JRS1 and JRS2 Plans that provide a standard monthly benefit in a life annuity at retirement and death and disability benefits for members. Each of these four plans is considered a single employer defined benefit plan under GASB Statement No. 68. The benefit and contribution provisions of the ERS Plans are authorized by state law and may be amended by the Legislature.

# **Employees Retirement System of Texas Plan** (ERS Plan)

In addition to the state of Texas, the ERS Plan includes employers that are component units of the state. ERS and the Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust company, which are blended component units, and the State Bar of Texas, which is a discrete component unit, are also employers of the ERS Plan. Pension activity for the ERS Plan is reported in governmental activities in the state's basic financial statements. Additionally, due to immateriality, separate disclosure for the State Bar of Texas is not presented.

The ERS Plan covers members in employee and elected classes. Employee class includes employees and appointed officers of the agencies of the state of Texas except those who are included in the coverage of TRS, JRS1 and JRS2 Plans. Elected class includes elected state officials not included in the coverage of the JRS1 and JRS2 Plans, members of the Legislature and district and criminal district attorneys.

The monthly benefit may vary by membership class.

The monthly standard annuity of the employee class is determined by a statutory percentage of 2.3 percent of a member's average monthly compensation multiplied by number of years of service credit. The average monthly compensation of the employee class may vary depending on the hire date. For members hired on or before Aug. 31, 2009, the average monthly compensation is the average of the highest 36 months of compensation. For members hired on or after Sept. 1, 2009 and before Sept. 1, 2013, the average monthly compensation is the average of the highest 48 months of compensation. For members hired on or after Sept. 1, 2013, the average monthly compensation is the average of highest 60 months of compensation.

The monthly standard annuity of the elected class equals the statutory percentage of 2.3 percent of the current state salary of a district judge multiplied by the number of years of service credit. Retirement benefits are automatically adjusted as state judicial salaries change.

ERS issues a stand-alone audited Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). Information on vesting and tier requirements may be obtained from ERS' CAFR:

Employees Retirement System of Texas 200 E. 18th Street Austin, Texas 78701

# Law Enforcement and Custodial Officer Supplemental Retirement Plan (LECOS Plan)

The LECOS Plan provides a supplemental retirement benefit to some employees in the ERS employee class.

The LECOS Plan covers custodial officers who are certified in accordance with the statutory requirements as having a normal job assignment that requires

frequent or infrequent regularly planned contact with inmates managed by hiring institutions. The plan also covers law enforcement officers who have been commissioned by the Commission on Law Enforcement Officer Standards and Education. The monthly benefit amount payable to LECOS Plan members is equal to the excess of total benefit over the regular benefit payable to the same members under the ERS Plan.

Total monthly standard annuity of the LECOS Plan members equals the statutory percentage of 2.3 percent from the ERS Plan plus an additional 0.5 percent from the LECOS Plan of the average monthly compensation multiplied by number of years of service credit. The average monthly compensation of the LECOS Plan members may vary depending on the hire date. For members hired on or before Aug. 31, 2009, the average monthly compensation is the average of the highest 36 months of compensation. For members hired on or after Sept. 1, 2009 and before Sept. 1, 2013, the average monthly compensation is the average of the highest 48 months of compensation. For members hired on or after Sept. 1, 2013, the average monthly compensation is the average of highest 60 months of compensation. Information on vesting and tier requirements may be obtained from ERS' CAFR.

# **Judicial Retirement System of Texas Plan Two** (JRS2 Plan)

The JRS2 Plan covers judges, justices and commissioners of the Supreme Court, the Court of Criminal Appeals, the Court of Appeals, District Courts and certain commissioners to a court who first became members after Aug. 31, 1985.

The monthly benefit for members of the JRS2 Plan is equal to 50 percent of the salary for the position from which the member retired and is increased by 10 percent of final compensation if in office within one year of benefit commencement. Information on vesting and tier requirements may be obtained from ERS' CAFR.

The membership data for the ERS, LECOS and JRS2 Plans as of the measurement date of Aug. 31, 2016 is presented in table 9A.

Employees Retirement System's Membership Table 9A					
	ERS Plan	LECOS Plan	JRS2 Plan		
Retirees and Beneficiaries					
Currently Receiving Benefits	103,758	11,515	331		
Terminated Employees Entitled to					
Benefits But Not Yet Receiving Them	108,873	15,203	166		
Current Employees					
Vested and Non-Vested	146,390	39,066	548		
Total Members	359,021	65,784	1,045		

The contribution rates for the state and the members are based on a percentage of the monthly gross compensation for each member. The contribution requirements for the ERS, LECOS and JRS2 Plans for the measurement period of fiscal 2016 are presented in table 9B.

		Employer			Members	
Plan	Employee Class	Elected Class – Legislators	Elected Class – Other	Employee Class	Elected Class – Legislators	Elected Class – Other
riali	Class	Legisiators	other	Class	Legisiators	other
ERS	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	9.5%	9.5%	9.5%
LECOS*	1.6%**	N/A	N/A	0.5%	N/A	N/A
JRS2	15.663%	N/A	N/A	7.2%	N/A	N/A

The state's contributions recognized by the ERS, LECOS and JRS2 Plans during the fiscal 2016 measurement period were \$686.8 million, \$27.5 million and \$12.4 million respectively.

The total pension liability is determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The methods and assumptions applied, except discount rate, in the actuarial valuation were based on an experience study covering the

five-year period from Sept. 1, 2006 through Aug. 31, 2011. Additionally, the actuarial valuation as of Aug. 31, 2016, incorporates the most significant across-theboard pay increases budgeted by the state Legislature for the fiscal 2016 - 2017 biennium. Table 9C presents the actuarial methods and assumptions used to measure the total pension liability for the ERS, LECOS and JRS2 Plans as of the Aug. 31, 2016, measurement date.

Table 9C	ds and Assumptions		
	ERS Plan	LECOS Plan	JRS2 Plan
Actuarial Valuation Date	August 31, 2016	August 31, 2016	August 31, 2016
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method Actuarial Assumptions:	Level Percent of Payroll, Open	Level Percent of Payroll, Open	Level Percent of Payroll, Open
Discount Rate	5.73%	3.69%	6.53%
Investment Rate of Return	8.0%	8.0%	8.0%
Inflation	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%
Salary Increase	0% to 11.5%	5% to 11.5%	3.5%
Mortality	1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table with no setback for males and set forward two years for females.  Generational mortality improvements in accordance with Scale AA are projected from the year 2000.	1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table with no setback for males and set forward two years for females.  Generational mortality improvements in accordance with Scale AA are projected from the year 2000.	1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table with no setback for males and set forward two years for females.  Generational mortality improvements in accordance with Scale AA are projected from the year 2000.
Cost-of-living Adjustments	None - Employee 3.5% - Elected compounded annually on Sept. 1	None	None

Table 9D presents the single blended rate applied to measure the total pension liability, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments and the 20-year municipal bond rate for the ERS, LECOS and JRS2 Plans.

# **Assumptions for Single Discount Rate**

Table 9D

	ERS Plan	LECOS Plan	JRS2 Plan
Single discount rate	5.73%	3.69%	6.53%
Investment rate of return	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%
Municipal bond rate*	2.84%	2.84%	2.84%
Year fiduciary net position depleted	2050	2035	2045

<sup>\*</sup> The source of the municipal bond rate is the Federal Reserve Statistical Release H. 15, citing the Bond Buyer Index of general obligation bonds with 20 years to maturity and mixed credit quality.

The fiduciary net position for the ERS, LECOS and JRS2 Plans is projected to be depleted in fiscal 2050, 2035 and 2045 respectively. As a result, the longterm expected investment rate of return was applied to projected benefit payments through fiscal 2049 for the ERS Plan, fiscal 2034 for the LECOS Plan and fiscal 2044 for the JRS2 Plan. The municipal bond rate was applied to all remaining projected benefit payments

after fiscal 2049 for the ERS Plan, after fiscal 2034 for the LECOS Plan and after fiscal 2044 for the JRS2 Plan.

The projections of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member and employer contributions will be made at the current statutory levels and remain a level percentage of payroll. The projected cash flows from the employers are based on contributions for the most recent five year period as of the measurement date, adjusted on consideration of subsequent events. There have been indicators of the Legislature's commitment to increase funding for the pension funds. The Legislature passed House Bill No. 9 in the 84th legislative session during fiscal 2015 to increase the member contribution rates for fiscal 2016 and 2017. The state contribution rates also increased as a result of this legislative session. The Legislature also maintained some changes made by Senate Bill No. 1459 in the 83rd legislative session. Considering these above events, the projected employer contributions are based on fiscal 2016 funding level.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was developed using a building-block method with assumptions including asset class of investment portfolio, target allocation, real rate of return on

investments, and inflation factor. Under this method, best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class for the ERS, LECOS and JRS2 Plans' investment portfolio are presented in table 9E.

rget Allocations le 9E				
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Arithmetic Real of Return		
Global Equity	55%	4.02%		
Global Credit	10%	0.19%		
Intermediate Treasuries	15%	0.18%		
Real Estate	10%	0.43%		
Infrastructure	4%	0.25%		
Hedge Funds	5%	0.35%		
Cash	1%	0.00%		
Total	100%			

Sensitivity analysis was performed on the impact of changes in the discount rate on the state's net pension liability. The results of the analysis for the ERS, LECOS and JRS2 Plans are presented in table 9F.

# **Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability** to Changes in Discount Rate

Table 9F

(Amounts in Thousands)

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
ERS Plan			
Discount Rate	4.73%	5.73%	6.73%
NPL	\$25,445,335	\$19,756,977	\$15,011,936
LECOS Plan			
Discount Rate	2.69%	3.69%	4.69%
NPL	\$ 1,723,378	\$ 1,353,753	\$ 1,057,973
JRS2 Plan			
Discount Rate	5.53%	6.53%	7.53%
NPL	\$ 155,036	\$ 105,362	\$ 62,709

The pension plan's fiduciary net position is determined using economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting, which is the same basis used by ERS. Benefits and refunds of contributions are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Investments of the pension trust fund are reported at fair value in accordance with GASB Statements No. 31 and 72. The fair value of investments is based on published market prices and quotations from major investment brokers at available current exchange rates. However, corporate bonds in general are valued based on currently available yields of comparable securities by issuers with similar credit ratings. More detailed information on the plan's investment valuation, investment policy, assets, and fiduciary net position may be obtained from ERS' fiscal 2016 CAFR.

The state's total pension liability is based on an actuarial valuation performed as of Aug. 31, 2016. For fiscal 2017 reporting, the measurement date of the state's net pension liability is Aug. 31, 2016. The schedule of changes in the state's net pension liability for the fiscal year ending Aug. 31, 2017 is presented on table 9G.

Schedule of Changes in	<b>Net Pension Liability</b>
------------------------	------------------------------

Table 9G

As of Measurement Date of August 31, 2016 (Amounts in Thousands)

	ERS Plan	LECOS Plan	JRS2 Plan
Total Pension Liability	LNJTIAN	LLCOSTIAN	JNJ2 Hall
Service Cost	\$ 1,146,791	\$ 71,429	\$ 19,429
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	2,522,625	88,410	30,980
Difference between Expected and Actual	, ,	,	,
Experience of the Total Pension Liability	133,557	(21,657)	(5,833)
Assumption Changes*	5,301,965	375,371	23,396
Benefit Payments and Refunds	(2,147,307)	(64,540)	(21,154)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	6,957,631	449,013	46,818
Total Pension Liability – Beginning	37,264,926	1,764,789	439,664
Total Pension Liability – Beginning  Total Pension Liability – Ending	\$44,222,557	\$2,213,802	\$486,482
	<del></del>	_+_,	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position			
Contributions – Employer	\$ 686,763	\$ 27,497	\$ 12,374
Contributions – Member	674,678	9,539	5,754
Pension Plan Net Investment Income	1,273,413	44,831	19,862
Benefit Payments and Refunds	(2,147,307)	(64,540)	(21,155)
Pension Plan Administrative Expense	(20,449)	(1,421)	(225)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	467,098	15,906	16,610
Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Beginning	23,998,482	844,143	364,510
Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Ending	\$24,465,580	\$ 860,049	\$381,120
Net Pension Liability – Beginning	13,266,444	920,646	75,154
Net Pension Liability – Ending	\$19,756,977	\$1,353,753	\$105,362

<sup>\*</sup> The change in the total pension liability due to the change in the single discount is included as an assumption change.

The change of discount rate is the assumption change during the current measurement period. There have been no changes to the benefit terms of the plan since the prior measurement date.

For the fiscal year ending Aug. 31, 2017, the state recognized pension expense of \$2.2 billion, \$190.0

million and \$23.9 million respectively for the ERS, LECOS and JRS2 Plans. At Aug. 31, 2017, the state reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the sources for these plans in table 9H.

Deferred Outflows of Resources Table 9H (Amounts in Thousands)	and Def	erred Inf	lows of R	Resource	S	
	ERS	5 Plan	LECO	S Plan	JRS	2 Plan
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual investment return	\$ 92,208 3,752,726 1,046,698	\$ 127,346 1,299,250	\$ 418,429 37,099	\$ 55,859	\$ 33,830 16,064	\$ 9,136 6,084
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date  Total	700,078 \$5,591,710	\$1,426,596	\$ 482,111	\$ 55,859	12,495 \$ 62,389	\$ 15,220

The \$700.1 million, \$26.6 million and \$12.5 million reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date for the ERS, LECOS and JRS2 Plans respectively will be recognized as a reduction in the net pension liability for the year ending Aug. 31, 2018.

Table 9I presents amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions that will be recognized in pension expense in the following years for the ERS, LECOS and JRS2 Plans.

# **Amortization Impact of Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources** on Pension Expense\*

#### Table 9I

(Amounts in Thousands) Year ended August 31:

	ERS Plan	LECOS Plan	JRS2 Plan
2018	\$ 812,445	\$104,669	\$8,631
2019	1,639,312	104,669	13,232
2020	890,437	115,919	10,977
2021	122,842	74,411	1,834
2022			
Thereafter	-	-	-

<sup>\*</sup> Positive amounts indicate increase in pension expense; negative amounts indicate decrease in pension expense.

# **Judicial Retirement System of Texas Plan One** (JRS1 Plan)

The JRS1 Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that is not administered through trust.

The JRS1 Plan covers the same kind of membership as the JRS2 Plan except JRS1 Plan members began membership prior to Sept. 1, 1985.

As a result of new judicial officers participating in the JRS2 Plan, the JRS1 Plan membership continues to decrease. Table 9J presents the membership for the JRS1 Plan as of Aug. 31, 2016.

# **Judicial Retirement System** of Texas Plan One (JRS1 Plan)'s Membership

Table 9J

	JKS I PIAII
Retirees and Beneficiaries	
Currently Receiving Benefits	374
Terminated Employees Entitled to	
Benefits But Not Yet Receiving Them	2
Current Employees	
Vested and Non-Vested	10
Total Members	386

Members are required to contribute a percentage of their monthly gross compensation to the general revenue fund, and the state is obligated to make appropriations from the general revenue fund in an amount sufficient to pay benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. The contribution requirements are statutorily established like the other ERS Plans.

The total pension liability is determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The methods and assumptions applied in the actuarial valuations were based on an experience study covering the five-year period from Sept. 1, 2006 through Aug. 31, 2011. Table 9K presents the actuarial methods and assumptions used to measure the total pension liability for the JRS1 Plan as of the Aug. 31, 2016, measurement date.

## **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions** Table 9K

August 31, 2016 Entry Age Normal

JRS1 Plan

Actuarial Valuation Date Actuarial Cost Method Actuarial Assumptions:

2.84%

Discount Rate\* Inflation Salary Increase

3.5% 3.5%

Mortality 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table with no setback for males and set forward two years for females. Generational mortality improvements in accordance

with Scale AA are projected from the year

3.5% Cost-of-living Adjustments

compounded annually on Sept. 1

\* the discount rate is a yield or index rate for 20-year, tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

Sensitivity analysis was performed on the impact of changes in the discount rate on the state's total pension liability. The results of the analysis for the JRS1 Plan is presented in table 9L.

# **Sensitivity of Total Pension Liability** to Changes in Discount Rate

Table 9L

(Amounts in Thousands)

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
JRS1 Plan Discount Rate TPL	1.84% \$ 360,895	2.84% \$ 328,044	3.84% \$ 299,981

The state's total pension liability is based on an actuarial valuation performed as of Aug. 31, 2016. For fiscal 2017 reporting, the measurement date of the state's total pension liability is Aug. 31, 2016. The schedule of changes in the state's total pension liability for the fiscal year ending Aug. 31, 2017 is presented on table 9M.

# **Schedule of Changes in Total** Pension Liability \*

#### Table 9M

As of Measurement Date of August 31, 2016 (Amounts in Thousands)

	JRS1 Plan
Total Pension Liability	
Service Cost	\$ 357
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	11,265
Difference between Expected and Actual	
Experience of the Total Pension Liability	5,488
Assumption Changes**	26,760
Benefit Payments and Refunds	(25,536)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	18,334
Total Pension Liability – Beginning	309,710
Total Pension Liability – Ending	\$328,044

- \* There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 73 to pay related benefits.
- \*\* The change in the total pension liability due to the change in the single discount is included as an assumption change.

For the fiscal year ending Aug. 31, 2017, the state recognized pension expense of \$43.9 million for the

JRS1 Plan. Since the expected remaining service lives is one year, at Aug. 31, 2017, the state did not report deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions for (1) Differences between expected and actual experience; and (2) Changes of assumptions.

The \$24.3 million reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from transactions subsequent to the measurement date for the JRS1 Plan will be recognized as a reduction in the total pension liability for the year ending Aug. 31, 2018.

# **Teacher Retirement System of Texas** (TRS)

# **Teacher Retirement System of Texas Plan** (TRS Plan)

TRS is the administrator of the TRS plan, a costsharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation.

The employers of the TRS Plan include the state of Texas, TRS, the state's public schools, education service centers, charter schools, community and junior colleges. All employees of public, state-supported education institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard workload and not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system. Employees of TRS and state of Texas colleges, universities and medical schools are members of the TRS Plan.

The TRS Plan provides retirement, disability annuities and death and survivor benefits. The benefit and contribution provisions of the TRS Plan are authorized by state law and may be amended by the Legislature. The pension benefit formulas are based on members' average annual compensation and years of service credit. The standard annuity is 2.3 percent of the average of the five highest annual salaries multiplied by years of service credit. For grandfathered members who were hired on or before Aug. 31, 2005, and meet certain

criteria, the standard annuity is based on the average of the three highest annual salaries. The plan does not provide automatic cost of living adjustments (COLAs).

TRS issued a stand-alone audited Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). The TRS CAFR may be obtained from:

Teacher Retirement System of Texas 1000 Red River Street Austin, Texas 78701-2698

The state is both an employer and a non-employer contributing entity under the TRS Plan. The state makes contributions to the plan for its employees as well as the employees of the Texas public school districts. During the measurement period of 2016 for fiscal 2017 reporting, the amount of the state's contributions recognized by the plan was \$473 million for the state as an employer and \$1.7 billion for the state as a non-employer contributing entity. Similar to the ERS, LECOS and JRS2 Plans, the contribution rates are based on a percentage of the monthly gross compensation for each member. The contribution requirements for the state and the members in the measurement period of fiscal 2016 are presented in table 9N.

Required Contribution Rates Table 9N		
Table 9N	TRS Plan	
Contribution Rates		
Employer	6.8%	
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	6.8%	
Employees	7.2%	

The total pension liability is determined by an annual actuarial valuation. Table 9O presents the actuarial methods and assumptions used to measure the total pension liability as of the Aug. 31, 2016 measurement date.

#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions** TRS Plan Actuarial Valuation Date August 31, 2016 Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal Amortization Method Level Percentage of Payroll, Floating Actuarial Assumptions: Discount Rate 8.0% Investment Rate of Return 8.0% 2.50% Inflation Salary Increase 3.50% to 9.50% including inflation Mortality Active 90% of the RP 2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females Post-Retirement 2015 TRS Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables Ad Hoc Post-Employment Benefit Changes None

The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were primarily based on the result of an actuarial experience study for the four-year period ending Aug. 31, 2014, and adopted in Sept. 2015. The active mortality rates were based on 90% of the RP 2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females. The Post-Retirement mortality rates were based on the 2015 TRS Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables.

There have been no changes to the benefit provisions of the plan since the prior measurement date.

The discount rate of 8.00 percent was applied to measure the total pension liability. There has been no change in the discount rate since the prior measurement date. The projected cash flows into and out of the pension plan assumed that members, employers and nonemployer contributing entity make their contributions at the statutorily required rates. Under this assumption, the pension plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to make all future pension benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the 8.00 percent long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was used as the discount rate without incorporating the municipal bond rate.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was developed using a building-block method with assumptions including asset class of investment portfolio, target allocation, real rate of return on investments and inflation factor. Under this method, best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class for the plan's investment portfolio are presented in table 9P.

Target Allocations TRS Plan Table 9P		
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
Global Equity		
U.S.	18%	4.6%
Non-U.S. Developed	13%	5.1%
Emerging Markets	9%	5.9%
Directional Hedge Funds	4%	3.2%
Private Equity	13%	7.0%
Stable Value		
U.S. Treasury	11%	0.7%
Absolute Return	0%	1.8%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	4%	3.0%
Cash	1%	(0.2)%
Real Return		
Global Inflation Linked Bonds	3%	0.9%
Real Assets	16%	5.1%
Energy and Natural Resources	3%	6.6%
Commodities	0%	1.2%
Risk Parity		
Risk Parity	5%	6.7%
Total	100%	

Sensitivity analysis was performed on the impact of changes in the discount rate on the state's net pension liability. The results of the analysis are presented in the table 9Q.

#### Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability to Changes in Discount Rate Table 90 (Amounts in Thousands) TRS Plan State as Employer Current 1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Increase (9%)(7%)(8%)\$ 8,690,420 \$ 5,615,188 \$ 3,006,770 State as Non-Employer Contributing Entity Current 1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Increase (7%)(8%)(9%)

\$ 19,929,042

\$ 10,671,423

\$ 30,843,444

The pension plan's fiduciary net position is determined using economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting, which is the same basis used by TRS. Benefits and refunds of contributions are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Investments are reported at fair value. Fair value is a market-based measurement, not an entity-specific measurement. TRS utilizes one or more of the following valuation techniques in order to measure fair value: the market approach, the cost approach and the income approach. More detailed information on the plan's investment policy, assets and fiduciary net position, may be obtained from TRS' fiscal 2016 CAFR.

At Aug. 31, 2017, the state reported a liability of \$5.6 billion for its proportionate share of the collective net pension liability as an employer and a liability of \$19.9 billion for its proportionate share of the collective net pension liability as a non-employer contributing entity. The collective net pension liability was measured as of Aug. 31, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the collective net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The state's proportion increased from 14.11 percent at Aug. 31, 2015, to 14.86 percent at Aug. 31, 2016, and decreased from 53.75 percent to 52.74 percent for its role as an employer and non-employer contributing entity respectively. The

state's proportions of the collective net pension liability were based on its contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all the employers and nonemployer contributing entity to the plan for the period Sept. 1, 2015 through Aug. 31, 2016.

The state recognized pension expense for its employees' pension and grant expense for the pension of Texas public school district and junior college employees. For the year ending Aug. 31, 2017, the state recognized pension expense of \$589 million and grant expense of \$2.1 billion. At Aug. 31, 2017, the state reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources in table 9R.

# **Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources**

Table 9R

(Amounts in Thousands)

	State as Employer		State as Non-Employer Contributing Entity	
TRS Plan	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 88,045	\$ 167,666	\$ 312,484	\$ 595,070
Changes of assumptions	171,141	155,646	607,401	552,407
Net difference between projected and actual investment return	475,483		1,687,550	
Change in proportion and contribution difference	259,581	692,540		1,784,092
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	495,500		1,697,963	
Total	\$1,489,750 *	\$1,015,852 **	\$4,305,398	\$2,931,569

The state's proportionate share of deferred outflows of resources as an employer consists of \$291,658 reported in governmental activity and \$1,198,091 reported in business-type activity.

# **Amortization Impact of Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources** on Pension/Grant Expense

Table 9S

(Amounts in Thousands) Year Ended August 31:

	TRS Plan		
		State as Non-Employer	
	State as Employer	Contributing Entity	
	Pension Expense*	Grant Expense*	
2018	\$ (47,641)	\$(191,318)	
2019	(47,641)	(191,318)	
2020	255,645	885,084	
2021	(70,942)	(274,047)	
2022	(132,178)	(505,061)	
Thereafter	21,156	(47,474)	

<sup>\*</sup> Positive amounts indicate increase in pension or grant expense; negative amounts indicate decrease in pension or grant expense

The \$495 million and \$1.7 billion reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date for the state as an employer and non-employer contributing entity respectively will be recognized as a reduction in the net pension liability for the year ending Aug. 31, 2018.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense and grant expense as follows in table 9S.

<sup>\*\*</sup> The state's proportionate share of deferred inflows of resources as an employer consists of \$389,957 reported in governmental activity and \$625,895 reported in business-type activity

# **Texas Emergency Services Retirement System (TESRS)**

# **Texas Emergency Services Retirement** System plan (TESRS Plan)

TESRS is an agency of the state of Texas and the administrator of the TESRS Plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation.

The TESRS Plan provides pension benefits for emergency services personnel who serve without significant monetary remuneration through participating fire or emergency services departments within the state. The TESRS Plan provides pension benefits to members with vested service and their beneficiaries as well as death and disability benefits to active volunteer fire fighters and first responders. The benefit and contribution provisions of the TESRS Plan are set by the TESRS board authorized by state law and may be amended by the board. Members are 50 percent vested after the tenth year of service, with the vesting percent increasing 10.00 percent for each of the next five years of service. For a vested member, the monthly pension benefit equals the member's vested percent multiplied by six times the average monthly contribution of the governing body (of the participating department) over the member's years of qualified service. For years of service in excess of 15 years, the monthly benefit is increased at the rate of 6.2 percent compounded annually. There is no provision for automatic postretirement benefit changes.

Contribution provisions are composed of two parts: Part One contributions and Part Two contributions. Part One contributions are determined by the TESRS Board of Trustees and Part Two contributions are actuarially determined.

Part One contributions: Contributions are made by the governing bodies for the participating departments. The governing bodies of each participating

department are required to make contributions for each month a member performs emergency services for the department. The contributions from the governing bodies are at a minimum rate of \$36 per member and there is no limit to the maximum rate. Individuals who are members of the TESRS Plan are not required, nor allowed, to make contributions. The state is required to contribute an amount necessary to make the system "actuarially sound" each year, which may not exceed one-third of the total contributions made by participating governing bodies in a particular year.

Part Two contributions: In case the expected future annual contributions from the state are not enough with the Part One contributions to provide an adequate contribution arrangement as determined by the most recent actuarial valuation, an actuarially determined contribution not to exceed 15 percent of the Part One contributions is to be actuarially adjusted every two years based on the most recent actuarial valuation. Based on the actuarial valuation as of Aug. 31, 2016, the Part Two contributions were established by the board to be 2% of the Part One contributions beginning Sept. 1, 2017.

The state of Texas is not an employer of the members under the TESRS Plan. However, the state makes contributions directly to the TESRS Plan for members of the participating fire or emergency services departments in the state. During the measurement period of 2016 for fiscal 2017 reporting, the amount of the state's contributions recognized by the plan was \$1.6 million.

The total pension liability is determined by an actuarial valuation as of Aug. 31, 2016. Table 9T presents the actuarial methods and assumptions used to measure the total pension liability as of the Aug. 31, 2016 measurement date.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Table 9T			
	TESRS Plan		
Actuarial Valuation Date	August 31, 2016		
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal		
Amortization Method	Level dollar		
Actuarial Assumptions:			
Discount Rate	7.75%		
Investment Rate of Return	7.75%		
Inflation	3.00%		
Salary Increase	N/A		
Mortality	RP-2000 Combined Healthy Lives		
	Mortality Tables for males and for		
	females projected to 2024 by scale AA.		
Ad Hoc Post-Retirement	•		
Benefit Changes	None		

The discount rate of 7.75 percent was applied to measure the total pension liability. There has been no change in the discount rate since the prior measurement date. No projection of cash flows was used to determine the discount rate because the Aug. 31, 2016 actuarial valuation showed that expected contributions would pay the normal cost and amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability in 30 years using the conservative level dollar amortization method. Because of the 30-year amortization period with the conservative amortization method, TESRS Plan's fiduciary net position is expected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on the TESRS Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments without incorporating the municipal bond rate.

The long-term expected rate of return on the TESRS Plan investments was developed using a building-block method with assumptions including asset class of investment portfolio, target allocation, real rate of return on investments, and inflation factor. Under this method, expected future real rates of return (net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These rates are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target

asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. In addition, the final 7.75 percent assumption reflected a reduction of 0.22 percent for adverse deviation.

The target allocation and expected arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class for the TESRS Plan's investment portfolio are presented in table 9U.

Target Allocatio TESRS Plan Table 9U	n	
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Arithmetic Net Real Rate of Return
Equities		
Large cap domestic	32%	5.7%
Small cap domestic	10%	6.0%
Developed International	21%	6.2%
Emerging markets	6%	7.2%
Master limited partnership	5%	7.6%
Fixed income		
Domestic	21%	1.6%
International	5%	1.8%
Cash	0%	0.0%
Total	100%	

Sensitivity analysis was performed on the impact of changes in the discount rate on the state's net pension liability. The results of the analysis are presented in table 9V.

Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability to Changes in Discount Rate Table 9V (Amounts in Thousands)				
TESRS Plan				
	1% Decrease (6.75%)	Current Discount Rate (7.75%)	1% Increase (8.75%)	

The TESRS Plan's fiduciary net position is determined using economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting, which is the same basis used by TESRS. Contributions are recognized immediately upon billing, reflecting actual participation in the member fire department during the prior quarter. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Investments of the TESRS Plan are reported at fair value. The fair value of investments is based on market prices provided by the fund custodian. For investments where no readily ascertainable market value exists, management, in consultation with their investment advisors, determines the fair values for the individual investments. More detailed information on the plan's investment policy, assets, and fiduciary net position may be obtained from the fiscal 2016 audited Annual Financial Report for TESRS:

Texas Emergency Services Retirement System P. O. Box 12577 Austin, Texas 78711

At Aug. 31, 2017, the state reported a liability of \$10.1 million for its proportionate share of the collective net pension liability as a non-employer contributing entity. The collective net pension liability was measured as of Aug. 31, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the collective net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of Aug. 31, 2016. The state's proportion as a non-employer contributing entity decreased from 34.66 percent at Aug. 31, 2015 to 34.57 percent at Aug. 31, 2016. The state's proportion of the collective net pension liability was based on a fiscal 2016 schedule of contributions consisting of Part One contributions by the contributing fire and/or emergency services department members and the appropriated "maximum state contributions" as defined in the Texas Emergency Services Retirement System Act.

There has been no change of actuarial methods and benefit terms since the prior measurement date. The actuarial assumptions for mortality is based on RP - 2000 Combined Healthy Lives Mortality Tables for

males and for females projected to 2024 by scale AA in the measurement date as of Aug. 31, 2016.

The state recognized grant expense as a nonemployer contributing entity for the pension of the volunteer emergency services personnel in the state. For the year ending Aug. 31, 2017, the state recognized grant expense of \$2.0 million. At Aug. 31, 2017, the state reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the emergency services personnel's pension from the following sources in table 9W.

		State as No		
	Out	Contribut ferred flows of ources	De Inf	ty eferred flows of sources
	nes	ources	ne.	soui (es
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	16	\$	
Change of assumptions	Ψ	214	Ψ	
Net difference between projected and				
actual investment return		1,907		
Change in proportion and contribution difference		21		186
Contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		1,584		
measurement date		3,742		

The \$1.6 million reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date for the state as a non-employer contributing entity will be recognized as a reduction in the net pension liability for the year ending Aug. 31, 2018.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the emergency services personnel's pension will be recognized in grant expense in table 9X.

Amortization Impoutflows and Def Resources on Gra Table 9X (Amounts in Thousands) Year ended August 31:	ferred Inflows of	
real chace hagases in	TESRS Plan State as Non-Employer Contributing Entity	
	Grant Expense	
2018	\$458	
2019	511	
2020	868	
2021	134	
Thereafter		

# Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended Aug. 31, 2017, the state recognized pension expense of \$5.1 billion. Of this amount, \$2.1 billion is incurred as a non-employer contributing entity. The reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are identified in Note 27.

#### **Defined Contribution Pension Plan**

# **Optional Retirement Program**

The state's contributions to the Optional Retirement Program (ORP) are authorized by Texas Government Code, Chapter 830. Full-time faculty, librarians and certain professionals and administrators employed in public higher education are eligible to elect ORP in lieu of the TRS Plan before the 91st day after becoming eligible. It is a one-time irrevocable choice between two distinct plans. ORP is administered by each employer. The Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board develops policies, practices and procedures to provide greater uniformity in the administration of ORP.

ORP is a defined contribution retirement plan in which each participant selects from a variety of investments offered by several insurance and investment companies through annuity contracts or mutual fund

investments. These types of investments are authorized by Internal Revenue Code, Section 403(b). With the purchase of these individual contracts, the state has effectively transferred the obligation for the payment of benefits to the companies. Participants vest in ORP after one year of participation.

The contributory percentages of participant salaries provided by each participant and the state were 6.65 percent and 6.60 percent, respectively, for fiscal 2017. Institutions and agencies authorized under state law to provide ORP to their employees may supplement the state contribution at a rate of up to 1.90 percent of payroll.

Individual accounts are maintained at the insurance and investment companies selected by each ORP participant. Separate financial statements for ORP are not prepared because the state retains no liability for plan performance and has very limited administrative involvement.

The employers of ORP are institutions of higher education, one educational state agency and some two-year college institutions that are not part of the state reporting entity. State entity participation in ORP for fiscal 2017 resulted in participant contributions of \$265.4 million and employer contributions of \$318.7 million.

As of Aug. 31, 2017, ORP had 37,615 participants. The total participant contributions were \$293.2 million and total employer contributions were \$353.4 million. Additional information for ORP is included in the fiscal 2017 *ORP Participation Report Summary* published annually by the Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board (THECB). The report is available on THECB's website at www.thecb.state.tx.us/orp. The report can also be obtained from:

Statewide Coordinator, Optional Retirement Program Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board P. O. Box 12788 Austin, Texas 78711

# Note 10

# **Deferred Compensation**

The state of Texas offers two deferred compensation plans to all state employees. One was established in accordance with Internal Revenue Code, Section 457. The second was established in accordance with Internal Revenue Code, Section 401(k). All costs of administering and funding these programs are the responsibility of plan participants. The assets of the two plans remain the property of the contributing employees and are not presented in the accompanying financial statements. The state makes no contributions to either plan, the assets do not belong to the state and the state has no liability related to the plans.

The University of Texas System (UT) offers two deferred compensation plans. The first one, for UT employees, was created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code, Section 457(b), where all UT employees are eligible to participate in UT's plan and do not participate in the plan offered by the state of Texas. All investments, amounts, property and rights held under the deferred compensation trust fund are held for the exclusive benefit of participants and beneficiaries at the fair market value of the plan account for each participant. UT has no liability under the plan. The second one, Physician Referral Service Supplemental Retirement Plan (SRP)/Retirement Benefit Plan (RBP), was created for physicians of the University of Texas M.D. Anderson Cancer Center (M.D. Anderson), a component unit of UT. It was established in accordance with Internal Revenue Code, Section 457(f). Only physicians hired before July 1, 1986, participate in the SRP. The remainder of eligible employees participates in the RBP. Assets of the SRP/RBP remain subject to the claims of the general creditors of M.D. Anderson.

The Texas A&M University System (A&M) offers a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code, Section 457(f). It allows A&M to defer income for eligible participants without regard to

the amount deferred or an adverse impact on other retirement plans in which the participant is enrolled. All A&M employees are eligible to participate in this plan subject to the approval of the A&M board of regents, chancellor or any chancellor-designated member chief executive officer.

# Note 11

# **Postemployment Health Care** and Life Insurance Benefits

In addition to providing pension benefits, the state of Texas contributes to four plans that provide health care and life insurance benefits for retired employees, their spouses and beneficiaries. These other postemployment benefits (OPEB), authorized by statute and contributions, are established by the General Appropriations Act.

The state of Texas is a participating employer in three different OPEB plans and is an on-behalf contributor to one plan. The financial statement recognition and note disclosure requirements in GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, were applied separately for each plan. The Employees Retirement System of Texas (ERS) and Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) implemented GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, in fiscal 2017. However, the state continues to follow GASB Statement No. 45 until the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, in fiscal 2018. The following note disclosures are organized by OPEB plan administrator.

# **University of Texas and** Texas A&M University Systems

The state of Texas contributes to two single-employer defined benefit retiree health care and life insurance benefit plans: the University of Texas System Employee

Group Insurance Program (UT Plan) and Texas A&M University System Group Insurance Program (A&M Plan). The UT Plan is administered by the University of Texas System (UT) and the A&M Plan is administered by the Texas A&M University System (A&M).

UT and A&M each issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Those reports may be obtained by writing to the systems at the following addresses:

University of Texas System Controller's Office 210 West 7th Street Austin, Texas 78701

Texas A&M University System 301 Tarrow Street College Station, Texas 77840-7896

#### **Plan Descriptions**

Each plan provides separate postemployment health care and life insurance coverage to university system retirees, surviving spouses and beneficiaries. UT and A&M are part of the state of Texas primary government. Employees of these University systems are considered to be state employees. Benefit provisions for the UT and A&M plans are established and amended by the administering systems as allowed under Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1601. Retiree eligibility for insurance continuation after employment is determined by the Legislature and is subject to change.

#### **Funding Policy**

The university system and member contribution rates are determined annually by each University system based on the recommendations of the employee benefits office and consulting actuaries. The plan rates are based on the plan costs expected to be incurred, the funds appropriated for the plans and the funding policy established by the Legislature in connection with benefits provided through the plan. Amounts contributed by the state are currently based on pay-as-you-go financing requirements determined during each legislative session. State contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the Legislature. The three-year history of employer contributions and annual OPEB costs is presented in table 11A.

Table 11A		end Info	ormation	
Fiscal Year Ended	Employer Contribution	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
UT Plan				
8/31/17	\$182,510	\$ 915,730	19.9%	\$5,380,651
8/31/16	197,816	860,270	23.0%	4,647,431
8/31/15	185,328	810,956	22.9%	3,984,976
A&M Plan				
8/31/17	\$ 74,423	\$ 241,975	30.8%	\$1,285,351
8/31/16	64,215	198,140	32.4%	1,117,799
8/31/15	62,620	186,728	33.5%	983,874

For the fiscal year ended Aug. 31, 2017, the state made monthly contributions for health care and life insurance to the UT and A&M plans. Contribution rates for the state and retirees are presented in table 11B. Costs are estimated by an actuary for claims expected to be paid during the year. The retiree contributes any premium over and above state contributions.

# **Required Contribution Rates –** Retiree Health Care and Life Insurance Premium

Table 11B

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017

	UT Plan		A&M Plan	
Level of Coverage	Employer	Plan Member	Employer	Plan Member*
Retiree Only	\$ 598	\$	\$ 594	\$
Retiree/Spouse	912	258	875	281
Retiree/Children	799	269	789	195
Retiree/Family	1,114	507	989	395
redired, raining	1,111	20,	, , ,	5,0

<sup>\*</sup> Plan member contribution for health insurance only. There is no plan member contribution for basic life.

#### **Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation**

The state's annual OPEB cost for the UT and A&M plans is calculated based on the employer annual required contributions (ARC). The ARC is an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding, that if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period no greater than 30 years. Table 11C presents the components of the annual OPEB cost for the UT and A&M plans for fiscal 2017 and the net OPEB obligation for these two plans as of Aug. 31, 2017.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation Table 11C (Amounts in Thousands)	I	
,	UT Plan	A&M Plan
Annual Required Contribution (ARC) Interest on Net OPEB Obligation Adjustment to ARC Annual OPEB Cost	\$ 851,254 278,846 (214,370) 915,730	\$ 221,649 78,245 (57,919) 241,975
Employer Contributions Made	(182,510)	(74,423)
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation	733,220	167,552
Net OPEB Obligation, September 1, 2016	4,647,431	1,117,799
Net OPEB Obligation, August 31, 2017	\$5,380,651	\$1,285,351

#### **Funded Status and Funding Progress**

The funded status of the UT and A&M plans as of Aug. 31, 2017, based on UT's valuation as of Dec. 31, 2015 and A&M's valuation as of Sept. 1, 2016 valid for fiscal 2017 reporting, is presented in table 11D.

UT	A&M
Plan	Plan
Dec. 31, 2015	Sept. 1, 2016
\$	\$
8,584,045	2,548,478
\$ 8,584,045	\$ 2,548,478
0.0%	0.0%
0.070	0.070
\$ 5,948,245	\$ 1,607,611
144.3%	158.5%
	Plan  Dec. 31, 2015  \$ 8,584,045  \$ 8,584,045  0.0%  \$ 5,948,245

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. The amounts which determine the funded status of the plan and the ARC of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress is presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements. The schedule presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits. Since there are no plan assets for the UT and A&M plans, the actuarial accrued liability for these two plans continues to increase.

#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used in the UT and A&M plan valuations include techniques designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. Table 11E provides additional detail on the actuarial methods and assumptions used in the UT and A&M plan valuations.

# **Summary of Actuarial Methods** and Assumptions

Table 11E

	UT Plan	A&M Plan
Actuarial Valuation Date	Dec. 31, 2015	Sept. 1, 2016
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Percent of Pay	Level Percent of Pay
Amortization Period	30 years, Open	30 years, Open
Asset Valuation Method	Market	Market
Actuarial Assumptions:	1.5% . 10.5%	4.5% . 10.5%
Projected Salary Increases	4.5% to 10.5%	4.5% to 10.5%
Investment Rate of Return	6.00%	7.00%
Includes Inflation at	3.50%	3.50%
Health Care Trend Rates	7% in fiscal 2017	8% in fiscal 2018
	Increasing to 8.00%	and declining to
	in fiscal 2018	5.5% in fiscal 2023
	and declining to 5.5% in fiscal 2024	
	3.5% III 118Cat 2024	
Mortality Tables <sup>1</sup>	TRS tables <sup>2</sup>	TRS tables <sup>2</sup>

- 1. As most of the UT and A&M group insurance program OPEB plan members participate in the Teacher Retirement System (TRS) retirement plan, the mortality tables used by TRS retirement plan that reflects TRS specific experience was adopted for UT and A&M service retirees and UT disability retirees.
- 2. For UT and A&M service retirees, tables based on TRS experience with full generational projection using Scale BB from Base Year 2014 were used. For disability retirees, same mortality tables for service retirees but using a three-year set forward and minimum mortality rates of four per 100 male members and two per 100 female members were used.

# **Employees Retirement System of Texas**

ERS administers a program that provides postemployment health care, life and dental insurance benefits to retirees through the Texas Employees Group Benefits Program as authorized by Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1551. The State Retiree Health Plan (SRHP) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan with 61 participating employers.

There is no special funding situation in SRHP. In a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan without a special funding situation, employers recognize their annual contractually required contributions to the plan in the fund financial statements.

For cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plans like SRHP, the amount of OPEB liability or asset is equal to the difference between contributions required and contributions made. Contractually required contributions to a cost-sharing multipleemployer OPEB plan are not required to be based on the plan ARC.

#### **Plan Description**

Retirees of state agencies, institutions of higher education including the University of Texas Medical Branch Correctional Managed Care program and the University of Texas Mental Sciences Institute of the University of Texas Health Science Center at Houston (other parts of UT and A&M are under the UT Plan and A&M Plan, respectively) and other non-state entities selected by the Legislature are eligible to receive OPEB through SRHP. Retirees must meet certain age and service requirements and have at least 10 years of service at retirement to participate in the plan. Surviving spouses and dependents of retirees are also covered by the plan. Benefit and contribution provisions of SRHP are authorized by state law and may be amended by the Legislature.

The financial statements of SRHP are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions are recognized when due, pursuant to state law. Benefits and refunds of contributions are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

# **Funding Policy**

The Legislature sets and has the power to amend annual state contributions to SRHP. Currently, the state pays 100 percent of eligible retiree health insurance premiums and 50 percent of dependents' premiums. The

retiree contributes any premium over and above state contributions. Table 11F summarizes the maximum monthly state and retiree contributions toward the health and basic life premiums of eligible retirees.

# Required Contribution Rates – **Retiree Health Care and** Life Insurance Premium

Table 11F

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017

	ERS	ERS SRHP		
Level of Coverage	Employer	Plan Member		
		_		
Retiree Only	\$ 617	\$		
Retiree/Spouse	971	354		
Retiree/Children	854	237		
Retiree/Family	1,208	590		

Contractually required contributions to the plan are currently based on the annual pay-as-you-go expenses of SRHP. In fiscal 2017, the state contributed \$837 million to SRHP, which equaled the required contribution as established by the Legislature. In fiscal 2016 and fiscal 2015, the state contributed \$576 million and \$549 million, respectively. These contributions also equaled the contribution required by the Legislature.

# **Funded Status and Funding Progress**

The funded status of ERS as of Aug. 31, 2017, based on ERS's valuation as of Aug. 31, 2017, is presented in table 11G.

Funded Status Table 11G (Amounts in Thousands)	
	ERS SRHP*
Actuarial Valuation Date	Aug. 31, 2017
Actuarial Value of Plan Assets Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	\$ 709,783 29,720,305
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	\$ 29,010,522
Funded Ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	2.4%
Covered Payroll (active plan members)	\$ 11,745,310
UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	247.0%
* The values represented in ERS SRHP are for th cost-sharing OPEB plan administers by ERS, i the state is a participating employer.	

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. The amount which determine the funded status of the plan is subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress is presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements. The schedule presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits. The actuarial accrued liability continues to increase.

# **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions

used in ERS valuation includes techniques designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. Table 11H provides additional detail on the actuarial methods and assumptions used in ERS valuation.

Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions			
1425.111	ERS SRHP		
Actuarial Valuation Date	Aug. 31, 2017		
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal		
Amortization Method	Level Percent of Pay		
Amortization Period	30 years, Open		
Asset Valuation Method	Market		
Actuarial Assumptions: Projected Salary Increases Investment Rate of Return Includes Inflation at Health Care Trend Rates	2.5% to 9.5% 4.50% 2.50% 8.5% in Fiscal 2019 and declining to 4.5% in Fiscal 2027		

# **Teacher Retirement System of Texas**

TRS administers a program that provides benefits to public school district retirees with at least 10 years of service. The Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan with 1,217 participating employers, provides a free basic level of coverage for eligible retirees and optional coverage for eligible retirees and their dependents.

The state of Texas is not an employer in the TRS-Care OPEB plan and is not legally required to continue contributing benefits. The fiscal 2017 contributions to the TRS-Care OPEB plan are presented in table 11I.

# Schedule of Contributions from the **Employers and Other Contributing Entities**

Table 11I

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	TRS-Care		
	\$		
From Reporting Entities		180,416	
On Behalf From State	303,7		
On Behalf From Federal Government		24,303	
	\$	508,479	

### **Plan Description**

Basic coverage includes participation in a major medical group health insurance plan with deductibles based upon enrollment in Part A or Part B of Medicare. Eligibility provisions of the TRS-Care plan are established in Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575.

The 85th Legislature, Regular Session, passed the following statutory changes in House Bill 3976, which became effective September 1, 2017:

- Creates the TRS-Standard plan that provides a zero cost for generic prescriptions for certain maintenance drugs and provides a zero premium for disability retirees who retired as a disability retiree on or before January 1, 2017 and are not eligible to enroll in Medicare.
- Creates the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage Plan for Medicare-eligible participants, which will maintain similar benefits as current TRS-Care Medicare Advantage level 2 plan; and maintain Medicare Part D plan for prescription drug benefits.
- Eliminates the statutory requirement for TRS to provide a zero premium health benefit.

The financial statements for TRS-Care are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions are recognized in the period in which amounts are due, pursuant to state law. Benefits and refunds of contributions are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

#### **Funding Policy**

Funding for free basic coverage is provided based on public school district payroll. The state and active school employee contribution rates are 1 percent and 0.65 percent of school district payroll, respectively, with school districts also contributing 0.55 percent of payroll. The Texas Legislature determines the funding of benefits and has no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The three-year history of state, active employee and school districts is presented in table 11J.

Three-Year Trend Information Table 11J				
Fiscal Year Ended	State	Active Employee	School Districts	
TRS-Care				
8/31/17	1.00%	0.65%	0.55%	
8/31/16	1.00	0.65	0.55	
8/31/15	1.00	0.65	0.55	

TRS-Care retiree health care and life insurance benefits are financed on a pay-as-you-go basis. The expenses are recognized when reimbursements are made for claims paid by non-state entities or when premiums are paid.

#### **Funded Status and Funding Progress**

The funded status of TRS-Care as of Aug. 31, 2017, based on TRS-Care's valuation as of Aug. 31, 2017, is presented in table 11K.

Funded Status Table 11K (Amounts in Thousands)	
(Amounts in mousands)	TRS-Care*
Actuarial Valuation Date	Aug. 31, 2017
Actuarial Value of Plan Assets Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	\$ 399,536 43,885,785 \$ 43,486,249
Funded Ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	0.9%
Covered Payroll (active plan members)	\$ 32,806,335
UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	132.6%
* The values represented in TRS-Care are for the er cost-sharing OPEB plan administers by TRS, in the state is an on-behalf contributor.	

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. The amount which determine the funded status of the plan is subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress is presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements. The schedule presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits. The actuarial accrued liability continues to increase.

#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used in TRS-Care valuation are based on past experience and often modified for projected changes in conditions. Table

11L provides additional detail on the actuarial methods and assumptions used in TRS-Care valuation.

# **Summary of Actuarial Methods** and Assumptions

Table 11L

	iks-care
Actuarial Valuation Date	Aug. 31, 2017
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age
	Normal
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Projected Salary Increases	3.5% to 9.5%
Investment Rate of Return	3.42%
III Council Italia of Italiani	
Includes Inflation at	2.50%
Health Care Trend Rates	7.0% for non-Medicare,
	10.0% for Medicare retirees
	and 12.0% for prescriptions
	for all retirees in Fiscal
	2019 and declining to
	4.5% in Fiscal 2029
Mortality Tables	Active - RP-2014 tables <sup>1</sup>
	Retiree - TRS tables <sup>2</sup>

- 1. The active mortality rates were based on 90% of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females, with full generational mortality using Scale BB.
- 2. The retirees mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2015 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables, with full generational mortality using Scale BB.

#### **Medicare Part D**

In fiscal 2017, the administrators of each OPEB plan received payments from the federal government pursuant to the retiree drug subsidy provisions of Medicare Part D. On-behalf payments are recorded as revenues and expenses of each plan. Table 11M presents Medicare Part D receipts from the federal government as reported by the OPEB administrators in fiscal 2017.

# **Medicare Part D Receipts**

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

UT Plan	\$ 19,500
A&M Plan	4,728
ERS SRHP	73,120
TRS-Care	38,335
	\$ 135,683

# Note 12

# **Interfund Activity and Transactions**

Interfund activity refers to financial interactions between funds and/or blended component units and is restricted to internal events. Interfund transactions refer to financial interactions with legally separate entities, i.e., discrete component units and other governments, and are restricted to external events.

#### **Reciprocal Interfund Activity**

Interfund loans are reciprocal interfund activity with a requirement for repayment. These loans are reported as interfund receivables/payables and are classified as either current or noncurrent.

Interfund services are sales and purchases of goods and services for a price approximating their external exchange value. This activity is reported as revenues in seller funds and expenditures or expenses in purchaser funds. Unpaid amounts are reported as receivables and payables.

#### **Nonreciprocal Interfund Activity**

Interfund transfers are nonreciprocal interfund activity. This activity refers to flows of assets without equivalent flows of assets in return and without a requirement for repayment. In governmental funds, transfers are reported as other financing sources or uses. In proprietary funds, transfers are reported after nonoperating revenues and expenses. The majority of transfers are legally authorized by statute or bond covenant to move amounts from one fund to another. Amounts not transferred at fiscal year-end are accrued as due from/due to. Activity occurring within the same fund is eliminated. Additional eliminations are made and transfers in and out are netted and presented in the government-wide statement of activities as transfers-internal activities.

Certain reclassifications and eliminations are made between the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements. Resource flows between the primary government and its discretely presented component units are reported as revenues and expenses, as if they were external transactions, on the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the governmental or business-type activities and fiduciary funds are reported as transfers on the fund financial statements and are reclassified to revenues and expenses, as if they were external transactions, on the government-wide financial statements.

Due from/due to amounts between the primary government and the discretely presented component units are reported separately from due from/due to amounts between funds in the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements. Due from/due to amounts between governmental or business-type activities and fiduciary funds are reported as due from/due to amounts between funds in the fund financial statements and are reclassified to receivables from fiduciary funds/ payables to fiduciary funds, as if they were external transactions, on the government-wide financial statements.

Interfund reimbursements are repayments from funds responsible for payment of expenditures or expenses to the funds that actually made the payment. These reimbursements are reported in the appropriate expenditure/expense category in the fund responsible for the payment.

For the state of Texas, routine transfers are those transfers from unrestricted revenue collected in the gen-

eral revenue fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with the General Appropriations Act, which is the primary budget document for the state of Texas. Other transfers are legally authorized by statute to move resources from one fund to another. The interfund receivables/payables include loans for energy efficiency programs of approximately \$24 million. There is also a \$976.5 million receivable for Texas A&M University System from the University of Texas System from permanent university funds. The earnings will be used for bond payments.

Significant transfers include a \$1.4 billion transfer from the property tax relief fund and a \$1.3 billion transfer from the lottery fund to the foundation school fund for educational programs. There is also a \$1 billion transfer from the permanent school fund to the available school fund.

There is also \$734.4 million due from amount for the state highway fund from the Comptroller's office related to a November 2014 amendment to Article 3 of the Constitution. Under the amendment, a portion of the funds collected and deposited in the general revenue fund are transferred equally to the economic stabilization fund and the state highway fund. The funds were transferred to the state highway fund on Nov. 29, 2017.

The detail of interfund activity and transactions by fund type and category as of Aug. 31, 2017, is presented in tables 12A-E.

(Amounts in Thousands)						
	Cu	rrent	Nonci	urrent	To	tal
Fund Type	Interfund Receivables	Interfund Payables	Interfund Receivables	Interfund Payables	Interfund Receivables	Interfund Payables
COVERNMENTAL FUNDS						
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS General Fund	\$ 6,679	\$ 15	\$ 17,570	\$	\$ 24,249	\$ 15
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ 0,079	207	\$ 17,570	2,125	\$ 24,249	2,332
r tommajor de vermienar r anas	6,679	222	17,570	2,125	24,249	2,347
PROPRIETARY FUNDS			<del></del>			
Colleges and Universities	84,930	91,299	891,586	909,011	976,516	1,000,310
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	160	248	1,980		2,140	248
	85,090	91,547	893,566	909,011	978,656	1,000,558

#### **Due From/Due To**

Table 12B

(Amounts in Thousands)

		Due From		Due To			
	Other	Primary	Component	Other	Primary	Component	
Fund Type	Funds	Government	Unit	Funds	Government	Unit	
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS							
General Fund	\$ 196,476	\$	\$ 1,000	\$2,264,233	\$	\$ 176	
State Highway Fund	979,693	*	-,	3,760	•		
Permanent School Fund	5			36			
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	153,535			72,428			
	1,329,709	0	1,000	2,340,457	0	176	
PROPRIETARY FUNDS							
Colleges and Universities	1,087,335			36,065			
Unemployment Trust Fund	4,207			ŕ			
Lottery Fund				160,604			
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	38,396			8,546			
Internal Service Fund	2,843			331,404			
	1,132,781	0	0	536,619	0	0	
FIDUCIARY FUNDS			·				
Agency Funds				934			
Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds	428,426			13,286			
Private-Purpose Trust Funds	380						
	428,806	0	0	14,220	0	0	
DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS	0	176	0	0	1,000	0	
Total	\$2,891,296	\$ 176	\$ 1,000	\$2,891,296	\$ 1,000	\$ 176	

### **Transfers In/Out**

Table 12C

(Amounts in Thousands)

	Transfers In	Transfers Out
Fund Type	Other Funds	Other Funds
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		
General Fund	\$ 3,083,132	\$ 7,879,077
State Highway Fund	943,558	532,259
Permanent School Fund	715,550	1,056,412
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	2,345,437	2,238,237
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	6,372,127	11,705,985
PROPRIETARY FUNDS		
Colleges and Universities	6,878,819	424,127
Lottery Fund	-,,-	1,333,968
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	84,495	55,116
Unemployment Trust Fund	189,071	,
1 3	7,152,385	1,813,211
FIDUCIARY FUNDS		
Pension and Other Employee		
Benefit Trust Funds	117,236	115,717
Private-Purpose Trust Funds	380	7,215
·	117,616	122,932
Total	\$13,642,128	\$13,642,128

### Internal Balances per the Government-wide Financial Statements

Table 12D

(Amounts in Thousands)

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	To	tal
NONCURRENT ASSETS Internal Balances	\$ 15,445	\$ (15,445)	\$	0
CURRENT LIABILITIES Internal Balances	\$ 918,266	\$(918,266)	\$	0

# Transfers – Internal Activities per the Government-wide Financial Statements

Table 12E

(Amounts in Thousands)

Fund Category	Other Funds
Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities	\$(5,345,718) \$ 5,345,718

# Note 13

### Classification of Fund Balances/ **Net Position**

Table 13A on the following pages presents a summary of the governmental fund balances by fund type and specific purpose as of Aug. 31, 2017.

The classifications of nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned are the fund balance classifications according to GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. With the exception of nonspendable fund balances, fund balances are presented based on each fund's specific purpose. For the general fund, special revenue funds, capital projects funds and nonmajor permanent funds, the specific purpose of the fund is determined by the Texas Legislature. The revenues received to fund the programs within the fund and the applicable expenditures allowed from the fund are derived through statute. The fund may support multiple programs within multiple agencies. The remaining unspent fund balances are determined to be restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned at fiscal year-end. Unassigned fund balances are then reported by the governmental function assigned to the agency.

Of the \$5.6 billion governmental funds total unassigned fund balance, \$11 billion is for the economic stabilization fund (ESF). The ESF was authorized by the Texas Constitution, Article III, Section 49g. This authorized a transfer to the ESF within 90 days after the end of the fiscal year. In November of each year, a transfer is made from the general revenue fund equal to 75 percent of the excess of the prior fiscal year net collections for oil and natural gas production taxes over 1987 collections. The transfer amount of each production tax is calculated separately and must be in excess of the 1987 threshold. An amendment to the Texas Constitution, passed in November 2014, amended the transfer to include the state highway fund. As of fiscal

2015, the ESF receives at least one-half of the 75 percent transferred and the remainder is transferred to the state highway fund.

The ESF shall also receive a transfer from the general revenue fund, by the 90th day of each biennium, for one-half of any unencumbered positive balance remaining in the general revenue fund on the last day of the preceding biennium. The Texas Legislature may appropriate within the statutory guidelines by a three-fifths vote of the members present in each house, amounts in the ESF that do not exceed the amount of any unanticipated deficit in a current biennium or anticipated revenue decline during the next biennium. The Texas Legislature may also appropriate any amount from the ESF for any purpose only if approved by at least two-thirds of the members present in each house.

In previous years, the corpus of the permanent school fund (PSF) was classified as nonspendable, and the balance of the PSF was classified as restricted based on provisions in the Texas Constitution which limit the use of the PSF to the support of public free schools. The Texas Constitution, Article 7 describes the fund as permanent, specifically describes how the PSF may be spent and explicitly restricts the Texas Legislature from appropriating any part of the PSF to any other purpose. The Texas Constitution allows the PSF to be spent on 1) transfers to the available school fund in accordance with Constitutional requirements, 2) expenses of managing the PSF land and investments, and 3) guaranteed bond payments in the event of default. Accordingly, in the current year and going forward, to the extent that these conditions exist, the portion of the fund balance that is spendable is classified as restricted based on Constitutional provisions that limit the use of the PSF to these purposes. The remainder of the fund balance is classified as nonspendable, in alignment with the PSF's permanent nature as described in the Constitution.

Restrictions of net position are listed on the face of the government-wide and proprietary statements of net position. Per GASB Statement No. 54, balances reported as restricted in the fund financial statements

plus the nonspendable permanent fund corpus balances are reported as restricted in the statement of net position. All other fund financial balances are reported as unrestricted in the statement of net position.

# **Governmental Fund Balances –** Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned and Unassigned

Table 13A

(Amounts in Thousands)

	General Fund	State Highway Fund	Highway School		TOTAL	
Nonspendable for:	<u>-</u>					
Inventory	\$ 236,954	\$ 153,869	\$ 100	\$ 324	\$ 391,247	
Long-term Receivables	458,976				458,976	
Permanent Principal			40,083,621	861,045	40,944,666	
Prepaid Items	2,256				2,256	
Total Nonspendable	698,186	153,869	40,083,721	861,369	41,797,145	
Restricted:						
Capital Purposes	88,408			745,503	833,911	
Debt Service				323,052	323,052	
Economic and Consumer Affairs	506,490			48,038	554,528	
Education – Public Schools	186,218		1,334,246	941,766	2,462,230	
Education – Loan Programs				1,148,119	1,148,119	
Environment and Natural Resources – Other	23			2,754,766	2,754,789	
General Government*	201,418			285,230	486,648	
Parks and Recreation	36,744			5,510	42,254	
Public Health and Welfare – Federal Programs	14,095				14,095	
Public Health and Welfare – Public Programs	56,857			24,010	80,867	
Public Safety and Criminal Justice	55,308			43,113	98,421	
Public Safety and Criminal Justice – Corrections				141	141	
Public Safety and Criminal Justice - Law Enforcement	12,329			10,332	22,661	
Transportation – Construction		1,808,625			1,808,625	
Transportation – Licensing and Regulation		117,858			117,858	
Transportation – Maintenance		172,022			172,022	
Transportation – Other	8,140	981,291		910,381	1,899,812	
Total Restricted	1,166,030	3,079,796	1,334,246	7,239,961	12,820,033	

Concluded on the following page

<sup>\*</sup> General Government is tasked with the collection of revenues that benefit the state overall and has expenditures that are not restricted to carry out specific programs or purposes. Included in the classification are the fund balances of state agencies that are semi-independent and do not receive appropriations for operating purposes

# **Governmental Fund Balances –** Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned and Unassigned (concluded)

Table 13A

(Amounts in Thousands)

		neral und	Hig	ate Jhway und	S	manent chool Fund		her ınds		TOTAL
Committed:	_									
Capital Purposes	\$	11,892	\$		\$		\$		\$	11,892
Economic and Consumer Affairs	6	84,453						5,628		690,081
Education – Public Schools		84,523						9,819		94,342
Education – Loan Programs	3	64,606								364,606
Environment and Natural Resources – Other	2,2	60,901							1	2,260,901
General Government*	4:	24,455					2	24,599		449,054
Parks and Recreation	9	92,836								92,836
Public Health and Welfare – Federal Programs		255								255
Public Health and Welfare – Public Programs	4	10,377								410,377
Public Safety and Criminal Justice	13	88,881						9,366		198,247
Public Safety and Criminal Justice – Corrections							3	34,871		34,871
Public Safety and Criminal Justice – Law Enforcement		22,035								22,035
Transportation – Construction			5	66,065						566,065
Transportation – Maintenance				53,840						53,840
Transportation – Other			3	07,126			2	24,888		332,014
Total Committed	4,5	45,214		27,031		0		09,171		5,581,416
Assigned: Economic and Consumer Affairs General Government* Transportation – Construction Transportation – Maintenance Transportation – Other Total Assigned		216 50,664 50,880	2	35,366 50,919 90,468 76,753		0		2,795		216 53,459 535,366 50,919 290,468 930,428
Unassigned:		30,880		70,733				2,193	_	930,428
Economic and Consumer Affairs		12,224								12,224
Education Education		15,056								115,056
Environment and Natural Resources		39,640					(1	11,171)		28,469
General Government*		13,638)					(1	1,733	0	5,111,905)
General Government - ESF		43,163						1,733		1,043,163
Public Health and Welfare	/	39,594							1	139,594
Public Safety and Corrections		39,394 86,477								286,477
Transportation		35,452								35,452
Total Unassigned		57,968		0		0		(9,438)		5,548,530
Total Chassigned		57,700		<u> </u>				(2,730)		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Total Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	\$12,0	18,278	\$ 5,0	37,449	\$41,4	117,967	\$ 8,20	03,858	\$60	5,677,552

<sup>\*</sup> General Government is tasked with the collection of revenues that benefit the state overall and has expenditures that are not restricted to carry out specific programs or purposes. Included in the classification are the fund balances of state agencies that are semi-independent and do not receive appropriations for operating purposes.

# Note 14

# **Restatement of Beginning Balances**

During fiscal 2017, certain accounting changes and adjustments were made that required the restatement of fund balances or net position. The beginning balances and all related restatements for the components of the state's financial reporting entity are presented in table 14A and discussed on the following page.

(Amounts in Thousands)	September 1, 2016,		Change in	Correction	September 1,
	As Previously Reported	GASB Statement No. 73	Reporting Entity	of Prior Year Errors	2016, As Restated
GOVERNMENT-WIDE ACTIVITIES:			•		
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:					
Governmental Activities	\$ 98,744,452	\$ (245,609)	\$	\$ (523,043)	\$ 97,975,800
Business-Type Activities	60,647,997		10,898	(24,410)	60,634,485
Total Primary Government	\$159,392,449	\$ (245,609)	\$ 10,898	\$ (547,453)	\$158,610,28
Discrete Component Units	\$ 571,685	\$	\$	\$ 584	\$ 572,269
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:					
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS					
Major Governmental Funds:					
General Fund	\$ 14,671,967	\$	\$	\$ (2,135)	\$ 14,669,83
State Highway Fund	5,052,817			(493)	5,052,32
Permanent School Fund	37,263,929			(620)	37,263,30
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:					
Special Revenue Funds	4,294,671			15	4,294,68
Debt Service Funds	845,506				845,50
Capital Project Funds	1,302,847			(170)	1,302,67
Permanent Funds	1,366,388				1,366,38
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 64,798,125	\$	\$	\$ (3,403)	\$ 64,794,72
PROPRIETARY FUNDS					
Major Enterprise Funds:					
Colleges and Universities	\$ 54,511,165	\$	\$ 10,898	\$ (24,388)	\$ 54,497,67
Unemployment Trust Fund	982,497				982,49
Lottery Fund	71,749				71,74
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	5,082,586			(22)	5,082,56
Total Proprietary Funds	\$ 60,647,997	\$	\$ 10,898	\$ (24,410)	\$ 60,634,48
Internal Service Fund	\$ 498,874			\$ (502,259)	\$ (3,38
FIDUCIARY FUNDS					
Pension and Other Employee Benefit					
Trust Funds	\$160,461,543	\$	\$	\$ 502,259	\$160,963,80
External Investment Trust Funds	14,288,338				14,288,33
Private-Purpose Trust Funds	3,572,961				3,572,96
Total Fiduciary Funds	\$178,322,842	\$	\$	\$ 502,259	\$178,825,10
Fotal Reporting Entity *	\$338,286,976	\$ (245,609)	\$ 10,898	\$ (44,610)	\$338,007,65

Restatements are grouped in table 14A by the following types of activity:

#### **GASB Pronouncements and Related Items**

The \$245.6 million restatement decrease is to record the effect of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. The objective of this statement is to improve the usefulness of information about pensions included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governments for making decisions and assessing accountability. The restatement amount includes three separate transactions: the closing of the liability balance belonging to the prior methodology, the initial balance of the new methodology and the inclusion of the matching deferred inflows of resources and the deferred outflows of resources. Additional details concerning the change in methodology can be found in Note 9 Retirement Plans.

#### Changes in the Reporting Entity

The \$10.9 million restatement increase in Colleges and Universities is to record Texas Tech Law School Foundation as a blended component unit of Texas Tech University System.

#### **Correction of Prior Year Errors**

#### Government-wide activities

Governmental activities include a restatement decrease of \$17.7 million for adjustments to capital assets and accumulated depreciation or amortization. The remaining restatements primarily include decreases of \$505.3 million to correct accounting errors in the prior period related to the elimination of a due from/due to other funds related to implicit rate subsidies,

accounts payables, land conveyances, distributions from partnerships, reclassification of expenditures and a capital lease payment.

Business-type activities include a restatement decrease of \$8.6 million for adjustments to capital assets and accumulated depreciation or amortization. The remaining restatements primarily include decreases of \$15.8 million to correct accounting errors in the prior period related to the change in reporting endowment gift pledges, state benefits refund, reclassifying an operating lease to capital lease, unrecorded sales tax liability, understated payroll related costs and overstated bad debt expense. Discrete component units include restatement increase of \$584 thousand to correct accounting errors in the prior period related to the recognition of expense and accounts payable.

#### Fund Financial Statements-Governmental

The restatements for governmental funds of \$2.1 million decrease in the general fund, \$493 thousand decrease in the state highway fund and \$620 thousand decrease in the permanent school fund primarily include correction of accounting errors in the prior period related to accounts payables and distribution from partnerships.

The restatements for other nonmajor governmental funds of \$15 thousand increase in special revenue funds and \$170 thousand decrease in capital projects funds primarily include correction of accounting errors in the prior period for retainage payables related to construction projects, bond issuance costs and reclassification of expenditures.

#### Fund Financial Statements-Proprietary

The restatements for colleges and universities of \$24.4 million decrease primarily include correction of accounting errors in the prior period related to capital assets, accumulated depreciation or amortization, adjusting loan balances, funds held for others, change in reporting endowment gift pledges, state benefits refund, reclassifying an operating lease to capital lease, unrecorded sales tax liability, understated payroll related costs and overstated bad debt expense and deferred revenue. The other nonmajor enterprise funds primarily include \$22 thousand restatement decrease to correct accounting errors in the prior period

related to capital assets, accumulated depreciation or amortization and accounts payable. The internal service fund \$502.3 million restatement decrease is to correct accounting errors in the prior period for the elimination of a due from/due to other funds related to implicit rate subsidies.

#### Fund Financial Statements-Fiduciary

The restatement for the pension and other employee benefit trust funds of \$502.3 million increase is a correction of accounting errors in the prior period for the elimination of a due from/due to other funds related to implicit rate subsidies.

Restatements to Ch Table 14B (Amounts in Thousands)	ange in Ne	et Positio	n				
( <u> </u>	Sept. 1, 2015 Previously Reported	Change in Net Position Aug. 31, 2016 As Previously Reported	GASB Statement No. 73	Change in Reporting Entity	Correction of Prior Year Errors	Change in Net Position Aug. 31, 2016 as Restated	Net Position Sept. 1, 2016 as Restated
GOVERNMENT-WIDE ACTIVITIES: PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:		_					
Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities	\$ 96,376,005 58,684,236	\$ 2,368,447 1,963,761	\$ (245,609)	\$ 10,898	\$ (523,043) (24,410)	\$ 1,599,795 1,950,249	\$ 97,975,800 60,634,485
Total Primary Government	\$155,060,241	\$4,332,208	\$ (245,609)	\$ 10,898	\$ (547,453)	\$3,550,044	\$158,610,285
Discrete Component Units	\$ 593,563	\$ (21,878)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 584	\$ (21,294)	\$ 572,269

# Note 15

# **Commitments and Contingencies**

#### **Commitments**

#### **Outstanding Loan Commitments**

The state makes loan commitments to political subdivisions for financing purposes. These loan commitments are provided from remaining current bond proceeds, future bond proceeds and federal drawdowns. The Texas Water Development Board had loan commitments of \$4.8 billion as of Aug. 31, 2017. The Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) has equity loan commitments of \$15.3 billion. Of this amount, \$5.8 billion is related to North Texas Tollway Authority for State Highway 161 Project in Dallas. The remaining \$9.5 billion is used by the Grand Parkway Transportation Corporation to pay for certain costs related to development, construction, operation, maintenance and financing of projects in Harris County and possible extensions or expansions of the Grand Parkway in the Houston area.

#### **Investment Funds**

As of Aug. 31, 2017, state agencies, public employee retirement systems and institutions of higher education have entered into capital commitments with investment managers for future funding of investment funds. Investment funds include hedge fund pools, private investment pools, public market funds and other alternative investments managed by external investment managers. As of Aug. 31, 2017, the remaining commitment was \$43.1 billion.

#### **Construction and Other Commitments**

As of Aug. 31, 2017, TxDOT had contractual commitments of approximately \$10.9 billion for construction and comprehensive developments. These are not recognized liabilities because the terms of the contracts

or agreements were not met and benefits were not received as of the end of the fiscal year.

Additionally, TxDOT is party to several passthrough toll agreements with local entities. Under these agreements, the local entities will finance, design and construct certain roadway projects and may maintain them for a specified period of time. Upon completion of the projects, TxDOT will make payments (i.e., passthrough toll payments) to the entities based on traffic utilization of the roadways and other payment requirements governed by the agreements. Motorists traveling these roadways will not be required to pay a toll. Estimated payments under the agreements are included as notes payable as each project is completed. Liabilities for uncompleted agreements are not recognized. As of Aug. 31, 2017, the amount of unrealized payables for uncompleted pass-through toll agreements was \$144.2 million. In addition, TxDOT has equity grant commitments of \$202.4 million to various local toll project entities.

The University of North Texas system initiated approximately \$408 million in capital commitments for construction and renovation of various facilities in numerous stages of development.

Texas Parks and Wildlife Department had contractual commitments of approximately \$99 million for facilities and other improvements, building replacements, building maintenance and repairs, infrastructure and infrastructure maintenance and repairs.

### **Contingencies**

#### **Protested Tax Payments**

As of Aug. 31, 2017, pending litigation filed by taxpayers seeking refunds of state taxes totaled \$240.1 million. The protested taxes include sales, franchise, insurance and other taxes. Although the outcome of these cases cannot presently be determined, adverse rulings in some of them could result in significant additional refunds.

#### **Unpaid Claims and Lawsuits**

A variety of cases that may affect the state were filed as of Aug. 31, 2017. These claims totaled \$197.7 million and include a number of lawsuits and claims that may be significant to individual state agencies. Although the outcome of these cases cannot be determined, adverse rulings could result in additional liabilities. Additionally, TxDOT filed cases exercising eminent domain for \$410.9 million.

#### Federal Assistance

The state receives federal financial assistance subject to review or audit by federal grantor agencies. Entitlement to this assistance is generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of assistance for allowable purposes. Any disallowance as a result of the audits may become a liability of the state but is considered immaterial to its overall financial condition.

The Texas Office of the Attorney General and the Texas Health and Human Services Commission's Office of Inspector General investigate allegations of overpayments to Medicaid providers. Until investigations are completed, the total amount of overpayments to providers is potentially subject to recovery (amounts associated with the "open case list") and may represent a corresponding potential liability for the federal share of these payments – about 55 to 60 percent of that total.

An actual liability is realized only after a completed investigation substantiates an overpayment and the provider is notified of the results and given an opportunity to submit rebuttal or claims for offsets. The percent of total dollars on the open case list that are ultimately confirmed as overpayments cannot be reliably predicted. The state estimates the amounts that may become payable to the federal government will be immaterial to its overall financial condition.

#### **Guaranteed Debt**

In 1983, Texas voters approved a constitutional amendment that establishes the guarantee of the permanent school fund (PSF) for a defined capacity of up to \$111.9 billion in school district bonds as of Aug. 31, 2017. Approval by the state of Texas attorney general is required for each bond issuance and on approval by the Texas commissioner of education, bonds properly issued by a school district are fully guaranteed by the PSF. In 2011, legislation was enacted authorizing the use of PSF to guarantee revenue bonds issued for the benefit of certain open-enrollment charter schools designated as charter districts by the commissioner of education. In the event of a default by a school district or charter district, the PSF will transfer to the paying agent/registrar an amount necessary to pay the maturing or matured principal and/or interest to bondholders. As of Aug. 31, 2017, \$72.9 billion debt in outstanding bond issues was guaranteed by the permanent school fund for 843 school districts and \$1.4 billion for 15 charter districts within the state. Under statute, payments by the PSF on such guarantees are recoverable from the state of Texas. These dollar amounts represent the principal amount and do not reflect any subsequent accretions in value for compound interest bonds (zero coupon securities), nor do they include interest on current interest bonds or variable rate notes. These amounts also exclude bonds that were refunded and released from the bond guarantee program. From the inception of the program through Aug. 31, 2017, none of the school districts or charter districts with guaranteed debt have defaulted on the debt.

#### Arbitrage

Rebatable arbitrage is defined by Internal Revenue Code, Section 148, as earnings on investments purchased with the gross proceeds of a bond issue in excess of the amount that would have been earned if the investments were invested at a yield equal to the yield

on the bond issue. The rebatable arbitrage must be paid to the federal government. State agencies and institutions of higher education responsible for investments from bond proceeds carefully monitor their investments to restrict earnings to a yield less than the bond issue and, therefore, limit any state arbitrage liability. The state estimates that rebatable arbitrage liability, if any, will be immaterial to its overall financial condition.

#### **Derivatives with Contingent Features**

All of the Department of Housing and Community Affairs' (TDHCA) hedging derivative instruments include provisions that require posting collateral in the event its credit rating falls below a specified level as issued by Moody's Investor Service and Standard & Poor's. If TDHCA fails to post eligible collateral, the derivative instrument may be terminated by the counterparty. As of Aug. 31, 2017, the aggregate fair value of all derivative instruments with collateral provisions was negative \$9.9 million. If the posting requirements had been triggered, TDHCA would have been required to post eligible collateral equal to the aggregate fair value of the derivative instruments. TDHCA posted no collateral as of Aug. 31, 2017.

The Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) derivative investments include provisions that require TRS to post collateral in the event that the fair value surpasses a specified contractual threshold. As of Aug. 31, 2017, the aggregate fair value of all derivative instruments with these provisions was negative \$54.4 million. If the collateral posting thresholds of all these investment derivative instruments did not exist, TRS would be required to post the aggregate amount of \$72.7 million in collateral to its counterparties. TRS has posted \$12.7 million of collateral as of Aug. 31, 2017.

# Note 16

### **Subsequent Events**

#### **Primary Government**

### **Bonds and Commercial Paper Issued/Refunded** and Other Debt Financing

State agencies and institutions of higher education issued \$2.7 billion in new bonds and commercial paper and \$1.8 billion in refunding bonds since Aug. 31, 2017, as presented in table 16A. This routine activity finances state facilities, housing assistance programs, educational loans and refunds outstanding debt.

#### **Other Subsequent Events**

On Sept. 1, 2017, House Bill 2578 of the 85th legislative session became effective, eliminating the license fee to conduct charitable bingo and resulting in refunds exceeding \$1.3 million to over 700 conductors.

On Sept. 26, 2017 and Oct. 23, 2017, Texas Department of Insurance transmitted in total \$742.8 million of the Catastrophe Reserve Fund Trust to the Texas Windstorm Insurance Association to cover losses and damages resulting from Hurricane Harvey.

On Nov. 1, 2017, the toll equity loan agreement, dated as of April 1, 2011, between the Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) and the North Texas Tollway Authority terminated in accordance with its terms. TxDOT has no further obligations under such agreement.

The Health Science Center of the University of North Texas System reached an agreement with the National Institute of Health (NIH) to repay \$13 million due to non-compliance with certain regulatory and/or sponsor-imposed obligations on NIH-funded research projects.

# **Bonds and Commercial Paper Issued/Refunded Subsequent to** Aug. 31, 2017 Table 16A

(Amounts in Thousands)

Description	Amount	Issuance Date	Purpose
DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND COMMUNITY AFFAIRS			
Multifamily Revenue Bonds, MF Series 2017 Casa Brendan Apartments	\$ 5,000	10/17/17	To fund the acquisition, construction and equipping of multifamily rental housing developments.
Multifamily Revenue Bonds, MF Series 2017 Nuestro Hogar Apartments	5,700	10/17/17	To fund the acquisition, construction and equipping of multifamily rental housing developments.
Multifamily Revenue Bonds, MF Series 2017 Casa Inc. Apartments	24,000	10/17/17	To fund the acquisition, construction and equipping of multifamily rental housing developments.
Multifamily Revenue Bonds, MF Series 2017 Emli at Liberty Crossing Apartments	17,600	10/20/17	To fund the acquisition, construction and equipping of multifamily rental housing developments.
Multifamily Revenue Bonds, MF Series 2018 Vista on Gessner Apartments	50,000	02/05/18	To fund the acquisition, construction and equipping of multifamily rental housing developments.
TEXAS PUBLIC FINANCE AUTHORITY			
Texas Historical Commission Project, Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Taxable Series 2017	4,085	09/13/17	To refund certain outstanding bonds of the state to provide debt service savings.
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Taxable Series 2017B	21,070	09/13/17	To refund certain outstanding bonds of the state to provide debt service savings.
TFC Revenue Notes, Series 2016A	10,000	09/21/17	To fund TFC construction projects.
General Obligation CPRIT Series A (Taxable)	68,200	09/28/17	To fund CPRIT's grant awards.
Master Lease Purchase Program Notes, Series 2003	800	09/28/17	To fund equipment purchases.
TFC Revenue Notes, Series 2016A	27,000	10/03/17	To fund TFC construction projects.
General Obligation Commercial Paper Notes, Series 2008	5,250	10/20/17	To fund various projects of multiple agencies.
Master Lease Purchase Program Notes, Series 2003	200	01/03/18	To fund equipment purchases.
TEXAS WATER DEVELOPMENT BOARD			
State Water Implementation Revenue Fund, Texas Revenue Bonds, Series 2017A and Taxable Series 2017B	1,065,905	10/12/17	To provide financial assistance through the purchase of or entering into political subdivision obligations and to pay the costs of issuance of the bonds.
Water Financial Assistance and Refunding Bonds, Series 2018A	61,280	01/26/18	To refund certain outstanding bonds of the state, to provide state matching funds for federal state revolving funds, to provide financial assistance through the purchase of political subdivision obligations and to pay the costs of issuance.
TEXAS HIGHER EDUCATION COORDINATING BOARD			
State of Texas General Obligation Bonds, Series 2017	170,614	12/28/17	To fund ongoing student loan program which provides low interest loans to eligible Texas college students.
TEXAS TECH UNIVERSITY SYSTEM			
Revenue Financing System Commercial Paper Notes Tax-Exempt and Taxable, Series A	22,500	10/24/17	To reimburse incurred expenditures and acquire new proceeds to fund new construction, renovation and additions across university system campuses.
UNIVERSITY OF HOUSTON SYSTEM			
Consolidated Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2017-C	320,635	12/21/17	To refund commercial paper that was issued to finance various construction projects and to provide additional financing for capital projects.
			Concluded on the following page

# **Bonds and Commercial Paper Issued/Refunded Subsequent to** Aug. 31, 2017 (concluded) Table 16A

(Amounts in Thousands)

Description	Amount	Issuance Date	Purpose
TEXAS A&M UNIVERSITY SYSTEM			
Permanent University Fund Taxable Commercial Paper Notes	\$ 69,350	09/07/17	To provide interim financing for construction projects.
Revenue Financing System Taxable Commercial Paper Notes	59,600	09/07/17	To provide interim financing for construction projects.
Permanent University Fund Bonds, Series 2017A	90,365	10/31/17	To refund outstanding commercial paper notes and certain outstanding bonds and to pay the costs of issuance.
Permanent University Fund Bonds, Taxable Series 2017B	310,515	10/31/17	To provide construction funds for eligible projects, to refund portion of outstanding taxable commercial paper notes and certain outstanding bonds and to pay the costs of issuance.
Revenue Financing System Bonds, Taxable Series 2017D	158,680	12/20/17	To refund outstanding commercial paper notes and to pay the costs of issuance.
Revenue Financing System Bonds, Series 2017E	341,995	12/20/17	To provide construction funds for eligible projects, to refund certain outstanding bonds and to pay the costs of issuance.
Permanent University Fund Taxable Commercial Paper Notes	54,000	01/24/18	To provide interim financing for construction projects.
Revenue Financing System Commercial Paper Notes	65,000	01/25/18	To provide interim financing for construction projects.
Revenue Financing System Taxable Commercial Paper Notes	30,000	01/25/18	To provide interim financing for construction projects.
UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS SYSTEM			
Revenue Financing System Taxable Commercial Paper Notes, Series B	75,000	09/07/17	To finance a variety of capital projects and equipment purchases at various University of Texas System institutions.
Revenue Financing System Bonds, Taxable Series 2017A	350,815	09/14/17	To refund principal amount of Revenue Financing System Commercial Paper Notes, Series B and to pay the costs of issuance.
Revenue Financing System Bonds, Series 2017B	265,490	10/24/17	To refund principal amount of Revenue Financing System Commercial Paper Notes, Series A and Series B and to pay the costs of issuance.
Permanent University Fund Bonds, Taxable Series 2017A	302,640	11/14/17	To refund principal amount of Permanent University Fund Taxable Commercial Paper Notes, Series A and Taxable Series B and to pay the costs of issuance.
Permanent University Fund Commercial Paper Notes, Series A	100,000	11/21/17	To finance a variety of capital projects and equipment purchases at various University of Texas System institutions.
Revenue Financing System Taxable Commercial Paper Notes, Series B	25,000	11/21/17	To finance a variety of capital projects and equipment purchases at various University of Texas System institutions.
Revenue Financing System Refunding Bonds, Series 2017C	258,465	12/07/17	To refund principal amount of Revenue Financing System Bonds Series 2009D, 2012A and Series 2012B and to pay the costs of issuance.
Revenue Financing System Taxable Commercial Paper Notes, Series B	20,000	12/20/17	To finance a variety of capital projects and equipment purchases at various University of Texas System institutions.
Revenue Financing System Commercial Paper Notes, Series A	11,639	01/22/18	To finance a variety of capital projects and equipment purchases at various University of Texas System institutions.
Total Bond and Commercial Paper Issued/Refunded	\$4,468,393		

# Note 17

### Risk Management

The state of Texas is exposed to various risks of loss related to property, general and employer liability, net income and personnel. The state of Texas and its employees are covered by numerous immunities and defenses that limit some of these risks of loss, particularly in liability actions brought against the state or its employees. Remaining exposures are managed by selfinsurance arrangements, contractual risk transfers, the purchase of commercial insurance or a combination of these risk financing techniques.

Estimates of liabilities for incurred but not reported claims are actuarially determined based on estimates of the ultimate cost of settling claims, using past experience adjusted for current trends and any other factors that would modify past experience. Claims liabilities include specific, incremental claims adjustment expenditures/expenses. In addition, estimated recoveries on unsettled claims, such as salvage and subrogation, are evaluated in terms of their estimated realizable value and deducted from the liability for unpaid claims. Unallocated claim adjustment expenditures/expenses are not included in the liability for claims and judgments.

There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the past year. Also, in the past three years, settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage.

### Property and Liability

The Texas Labor Code, Chapter 412, states that the State Office of Risk Management (SORM) shall operate as a full-service risk and insurance manager for state agencies and shall administer programs to reduce property and liability losses, including workers' compensa-

SORM administers the statewide workers' compensation program. The state does not carry commercial insurance for workers' compensation, but instead, uses

the general revenue fund to account for its risk financing activities. Certain agencies are exempt from the SORM program or elect to purchase additional insurance coverage outside of the program. The University of Texas System (UT), Texas A&M University System (A&M) and Texas Department of Transportation administer separate self-insured workers' compensation programs.

Where applicable, certain agencies purchased fire and extended insurance coverage for buildings financed through the issuance of bonds. Other risks are addressed through a combination of interim financing and commercial coverage for fire and all other perils, as well as coverage for medical malpractice, torts, named windstorms, floods and other potential liabilities.

### **Health, Life and Dental**

Insurance coverage is provided to active state employees and their dependents by one of three health plan administrators. All state employees not covered by insurance plans provided by UT and A&M are included in the Texas Employees Group Benefits Program (GBP) administered by the Employees Retirement System of Texas (ERS). Public school employees and their dependents are covered by the Texas School Employees Uniform Group Benefits Program (TRS-ActiveCare) administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). Risk of loss is retained with self-insured plans or transferred to the insurance carrier with health maintenance organization (HMO) plans.

#### **Texas Employees Group Benefits Program**

Claims for health, life, accidental death and dismemberment (AD&D), disability and dental insurance coverages are established under the GBP. These coverages are provided through a combination of insurance contracts, a self-funded health plan, a self-funded dental indemnity plan, HMO contracts and dental health maintenance organizations contracts.

# University of Texas System and Texas A&M University System

UT and A&M provide health insurance, dental insurance, vision insurance, life insurance, AD&D, long-term disability, short-term disability, long-term care and flexible-spending account coverages to all benefits-eligible employees. These insurance benefits are provided through both self-funded and fully insured arrangements.

#### **Teacher Retirement System**

TRS-ActiveCare is a health benefits program that offers options ranging from catastrophic coverage with reduced premiums to a comprehensive plan at higher premiums. TRS-ActiveCare covers members currently employed by public educational employers that participate in the plan.

TRS-ActiveCare offers employees of participating entities the option of three preferred provider organization plans and also offers employees of certain areas the option of choosing coverage under an HMO plan. In fiscal 2017, 1,093 entities participated in the program. The risk associated with TRS-ActiveCare is retained by the plan's participants, and no risk is transferred to the plan's administrators, employers or the state.

#### Changes in Claims Liability Balances

Table 17A presents the changes in claims liability reported in various balance sheet/statement of net position liability accounts during fiscal 2017 and fiscal 2016. Claims and judgment amounts presented in Note 5 are also included in table 17A.

Changes in Claims Liability Balances Table 17A (Amounts in Thousands)				
	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
2017 2016	\$ 871,236 \$ 820,194	\$ 3,944,881 \$ 3,832,798	\$3,893,422 \$3,781,756	\$ 922,695 \$ 871,236

Of the fiscal 2017 claims liability ending balance, \$289 million relates to long-term claims liabilities, which are reported in Note 5. \$729.5 million relates to the state's health, life and dental insurance programs, and the remainder to miscellaneous claims and judgments, all of which are reported as accounts payable.

# Note 18

#### **Contested Taxes**

The state may make a determination on a taxpayer's tax obligation and liability. Taxpayers may petition for a redetermination hearing before an administrative law judge if they wish to challenge a tax liability assessed by the state. If the request for a redetermination hearing is received by a specified date, the taxpayer does not have to pay the tax until 20 days after a final decision is made by the Comptroller's office in redetermination hearing and served on the taxpayer. As of Aug. 31, 2017, there was an estimated \$1 billion of assessments filed that are currently in the redetermination hearings process. Collectability of these assessments is dependent upon the Comptroller's office decision in the redetermination hearing. These assessments are not recognized as tax revenue until after a Comptroller's office decision becomes final. Therefore, these amounts are not included in the receivables reported in the financial statements.

# Note 19

# **Component Units and Related Organizations**

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. Component units can also be other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with a primary government is such that exclusion would cause the reporting

entity's financial statements to be misleading. In addition, component units can be organizations that raise and hold economic resources for the direct benefit of a government unit. Because of the closeness of their relationships with the primary government, some component units are blended as though they are part of the primary government. Other component units are discretely presented. None of the discrete component units for the state of Texas meet the criteria for major component unit presentation and those presented are for informational purposes of interested parties. The component units are reported for the fiscal year ended Aug. 31, 2017 unless indicated otherwise.

#### **Blended Component Units**

The state is financially accountable for the following legally separate entities. These component units are reported as if they are part of the primary government because they provide substantially all of their services directly to the state, or the component units' debts are expected to be repaid entirely or almost entirely with the resources of the state. The component units' financial data is blended in the appropriate funds within the financial statements.

#### **GASB Statement No. 80 Disclosure**

The state implemented GASB Statement No. 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units — an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14, in fiscal 2017. It amends the blending requirements for the financial statement presentation of component units. The additional criterion requires blending of a component unit incorporated as a not-for-profit corporation in which the primary government is the sole corporate member. None of the state's existing discretely presented component units meets the criteria of GASB Statement No. 80. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 80 had no effect on the state's net position or changes in net position for the years ended Aug. 31, 2017.

Employees Retirement System of Texas (ERS) is a legally separate entity established by the Legislature to administer benefits for officers and employees of the state. ERS is governed by a six-member board of trustees. The six-member board is composed of three elected members and three members who are appointed respectively by the governor, the speaker of the Texas House of Representatives, and the chief justice of the Supreme Court of Texas. The state of Texas has the ability to impose its will upon ERS through its legislative and budget approval powers. Separate financial statements may be obtained by contacting ERS at P.O. Box 13207, Austin, Texas 78711.

#### Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company

(Trust Company) is a legally separate entity established by the Legislature. The Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts is the single shareholder of the Trust Company and is charged with managing the Trust Company. The Trust Company is authorized to manage, disburse, transfer, safekeep and invest funds and securities provided by statute or belonging to state and local entities and gives the Comptroller's office direct access to services provided by the Federal Reserve System. Separate financial statements may be obtained by contacting the Trust Company at 208 E. 10th St., 4th Floor, Austin, Texas 78701.

**Alamo Complex Management** (ACM) is a legally separate entity established to operate exclusively for the benefit of The Alamo Endowment, a discretely presented component unit of the Texas General Land Office (GLO). ACM has contracted with The Alamo Endowment for the preservation, management, education, maintenance, operation and restoration of the Alamo Complex. The GLO appoints the voting majority of the ACM. GLO is able to impose its will on ACM through its ability to remove board members at will, its ability to modify or approve the budget of ACM, its ability to modify or approve the rates or fees affecting revenues of ACM, its ability to veto, overrule or modify the decisions of ACM's governing body, its ability to appoint, hire, reassign or dismiss those persons responsible for ACM's day-to-day operations, and its ability to unilaterally abolish ACM by ordering ACM to cease operations. ACM is reported for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. Information about ACM may be obtained by contacting GLO at 1700 N. Congress Ave. Austin, TX 78701.

Texas Private Activity Bond Surface Transportation Corporation (TxPABST) is a legally separate entity that acts on behalf of TxDOT in the promotion and development of transportation facilities by issuing private activity bonds for projects developed under comprehensive development agreements (CDA) entered into by TxDOT. Bonds issued by TxPABST are not legal obligations of the state and are payable solely from payments received by or on behalf of a CDA developer. The Texas Transportation Commission appoints the voting majority of TxPABST's governing board, and has the ability to remove appointed board members at will. TxPABST does not have any financial activity, as its sole purpose is to issue debt on behalf of TxDOT. TxPABST does not issue separate financial statements. Information about TxPABST may be obtained by contacting TxPABST at 125 East 11th Street, Austin, Texas 78701.

#### **Grand Parkway Transportation Corporation**

(GPTC) is a legally separate entity that acts on behalf of TxDOT in the promotion and development of the Grand Parkway project by issuing bonds and entering into CDAs with developers for the design and construction of several segments of the Grand Parkway project. The Texas Transportation Commission appoints the members of GPTC's governing board, all of whom must be TxDOT employees, and the Commission has the ability to remove appointed board members at will. The financial activity of GPTC is reported in the financial statements of TxDOT. Information about GPTC

may be obtained by contacting GPTC at 125 East 11th Street, Austin, Texas 78701.

Windham School District (WSD) is a legally separate entity that provides education to offenders within the Texas Department of Criminal Justice. The Texas board of Criminal Justice serves as the board of trustees for the WSD. The primary government is able to impose its will on the WSD through its ability to modify or approve the budget of the WSD. WSD's entire debt is covered by the state of Texas through appropriations, and the state is liable for any and all outstanding debt. WSD does not issue separate financial statements. Information about WSD may be obtained by contacting the Texas Department of Criminal Justice at P.O. Box 13034, Austin, Texas 78711.

#### Friends of the Texas Historical Commission

(Friends) is a legally separate entity whose sole purpose is to support the activities of the Texas Historical Commission (THC). Friends is reported as a component unit due to it being closely related to the primary government. The THC has the power to appoint and remove the majority of the Friends board of trustees. The THC provides office space to Friends. In addition, the staff of Friends participates in programs sponsored by THC. Separate financial statements may be obtained by contacting Friends at P.O. Box 13497, Austin, Texas 78711.

**Texas Tech Foundation Inc.** (TTF) is a legally separate entity established to financially support and serve the fundraising needs of Texas Tech University System (TTUS). The governing board of TTF is appointed by the TTUS board of regents. The board of regents has the ability to impose its will on TTF through its ability to veto, override, or modify the decisions of TTF and its ability to modify or approve the budget of TTF. Separate financial statements may be obtained by contacting the TTUS Office of Institutional Advancement, located at 1508 Knoxville Avenue, Suite 315, Lubbock, TX 79409.

Texas Tech Physician Associates (TTPA) is a legally separate entity established for the sole purpose of, and is operated exclusively for, the benefit of the Texas Tech University Health Science Center (TTUHSC) and TTUHSC at El Paso. The nine-member governing board of TTPA is appointed by TTUHSC. TTUHSC controls all financial and operational transactions of TTPA, and has the ability to remove board members at will. Separate financial statements may be obtained by contacting TTPA at Provider Payor Relations, 3601 4th Street, Lubbock, Texas 79430.

The Angelo State University Foundation (ASUF) is a legally separate nonprofit organization created exclusively to provide financial assistance to Angelo State University (ASU) primarily from gifts and earnings on endowed funds. There is no appointment of board members. The Texas Tech University System Chancellor, Angelo State University President, Angelo Faculty Senate President and ASU Chief Financial Officer are non-voting ex-officio members on the board of Directors. ASUF is closely related to ASU. Failure to include the financial information of ASUF would result in misleading financial statements. Separate financial statements may be obtained by contacting the Angelo State University Foundation at 2601 W. Ave N, San Angelo, TX 76909.

The Texas Tech Law School Foundation (TTLSF) is a legally separate, nonprofit organization established exclusively to provide financial assistance for professorships and scholarships within the Texas Tech University (TTU) School of Law, primarily from gifts and endowment earnings. The TTU Dean of the School of Law is an ex officio, permanent voting trustee of the board. TTLSF is closely related to TTU; failure to include the financial information of the foundation would result in misleading financial statements. Separate financial statements may be obtained by contacting the Texas Tech Law School Foundation at 1802 Hartford Avenue, Lubbock, Texas 79409.

Texas State University (TSU) Research Foundation (TSURF) is a legally separate entity established to support the mission of TSU and its objectives of promoting higher education, conducting research, providing public service and assisting in economic development in Texas. The key business officers of TSU compose the entirety of TSURF's officers and directors. TSU is able to impose its will on TSURF through its ability to modify or approve the budget of TSURF, its ability to modify or approve the rates or fees affecting revenues of TSURF and its ability to appoint, hire, reassign or dismiss those persons responsible for the day-today operations of TSURF. TSURF is reported for the fiscal year ended Feb. 28, 2017. Separate financial state-

ments may be obtained by contacting TSU, Director of

Accounting, General Accounting Office, 601 University

Drive, JCK 589, San Marcos, Texas 78666-4684.

Harold M. Freeman Educational Foundation (Freeman Foundation) is a legally separate entity formed through a trust to make the use of the Freeman Ranch available exclusively to TSU. The Freeman Ranch is used and operated solely for farm, ranch and game management, education, and research purposes in connection with the educational activities of TSU. There is no formal governing board for the Freeman Foundation. TSU acts as an active co-trustee to operate the ranch. Frost Bank operates as an inactive trustee to ensure the provisions of the trust are followed. Based on the Freeman Foundation being closely related to TSU, the Freeman Foundation is included as a blended component unit. Separate financial statements are not issued by the Freeman Foundation. Information about the Freeman Foundation may be obtained by contacting TSU, Director of Accounting, General Accounting Office, 601 University Drive, JCK 589, San Marcos, Texas 78666-4684.

Texas A&M Research Foundation (TAMRF) is a legally separate entity established to facilitate research

and development within the Texas A&M University System (A&M). TAMRF is included as a blended component unit in the combined financial statement of A&M. This determination is based on the close relationship and joint agreements in effect between TAMRF and A&M in regard to research grant/contract administration. Complete financial statements for TAMRF may be obtained from their administrative offices at 400 Harvey Mitchell Parkway South, Suite 100, College Station, Texas 77845.

U.T. Southwestern Health Systems Inc. (SHSI) is a legally separate entity established to support the University of Texas Southwestern Medical Center (UTSWMC). Its four-member governing board is appointed by the UTSWMC. UTSWMC has the ability to impose its will on SHSI through its ability to remove appointed board members at will, its ability to modify or approve the budget of SHSI and its ability to modify or approve rates or fees affecting revenues of SHSI. Separate financial statements may be obtained by contacting SHSI at 5323 Harry Hines Boulevard, Dallas, Texas 75390.

U.T. Southwestern Moncrief Cancer Center (SW Moncrief) is a legally separate entity established to support the UTSWMC. Its four-member governing board is appointed by the president of UTSWMC. UTSWMC has the ability to impose its will on SW Moncrief through its ability to remove appointed board members at will, its ability to modify or approve the budget of SW Moncrief and its ability to modify or approve rates or fees affecting revenues of SW Moncrief. Separate financial statements may be obtained by contacting SW Moncrief at 400 West Magnolia Avenue, Fort Worth, Texas 76104.

**Moncrief Cancer Foundation** (Moncrief) is a legally separate entity established to support the UTSWMC. Its six-member governing board is appointed by the president of UTSWMC. UTSWMC has the ability to impose its will on Moncrief through its ability

to remove appointed board members at will, its ability to modify or approve the budget of Moncrief and its ability to modify or approve rates or fees affecting revenues of Moncrief. Separate financial statements may be obtained by contacting Moncrief at 5323 Harry Hines Boulevard, Dallas, Texas 75390.

St. Paul Medical Foundation (SPMF) is a legally separate nonprofit organization created exclusively to support the advancement of patient care and research activities of the programs and facilities at St. Paul Hospital. There is no appointment of board members. The president of the St. Paul Hospital and the president of UTSWMC compose a majority of the board. SPMF is closely related to the University of Texas System (UT). Failure to include the financial information of the SPMF would result in misleading financial statements. The SPMF is reported for the fiscal year ended Dec. 31, 2016. Separate financial statements may be obtained by contacting the SPMF at 5909 Harry Hines Boulevard, Dallas, Texas 75390. SPMF was dissolved on Sept. 30, 2016.

University of Texas Medical Branch Healthcare Systems Inc. (Healthcare Systems) is a legally separate entity established to support the University of Texas Medical Branch at Galveston (UTMB). Its eightmember governing board is appointed by the UTMB. UTMB has the ability to impose its will on Healthcare Systems through its ability to remove appointed board members, its ability to modify the budget of Healthcare Systems, its ability to appoint, hire, reassign or dismiss those responsible for Healthcare Systems' day-to-day operations and its ability to unilaterally abolish Healthcare Systems. Separate financial statements may be obtained by contacting Healthcare Systems at 301 University Boulevard, Galveston, Texas 77555.

University Medical Branch Student Book Store Inc. (Book Store) is a legally separate entity established to operate the book store for UTMB. Its five-member governing board is appointed by UTMB. UTMB

has the ability to impose its will through its ability to remove appointed board members at will and its ability to appoint, hire, reassign or dismiss those responsible for the Book Store's day-to-day operations. Separate financial statements may be obtained by contacting the Book Store at 301 University Boulevard, Galveston, Texas 77555.

Medical Branch Innovations, Inc., (MBII) is a blended rather than discretely presented because it operates exclusively in support of the education, clinical, and research missions of UTMB. Its three-member board is appointed by UTMB. Separate financial statements may be obtained by contacting MBII at 301 University Boulevard, Galveston, Texas 77555.

University of Texas Physicians (UT Physicians) is a legally separate entity established to provide management services for the physician practice plan at the University of Texas Health Science Center at Houston (UTHSCH). Its five-member governing board is appointed by UTHSCH. UTHSCH has the ability to impose its will on UT Physicians through its ability to modify or approve the budget of UT Physicians, its ability to modify or approve rates or fees affecting revenues of UT Physicians and its ability to appoint, hire, reassign or dismiss those responsible for UT Physicians' day-to-day operations. Separate financial statements may be obtained by contacting UT Physicians at 6431 Fannin Street, Suite JJL 475, Houston, Texas 77030.

University of Texas System Medical Founda**tion** (Medical Foundation) is a legally separate entity established to support the medical residency programs at UTHSCH. Its three-member governing board is appointed by the UTHSCH. UTHSCH has the ability to impose its will on the Medical Foundation through its ability to modify or approve the budget of the Medical Foundation and its ability to appoint, hire, reassign or dismiss those responsible for the Medical Foundation's day-to-day operations. Separate financial statements may be obtained by contacting the Medical

Foundation at 6431 Fannin, Suite JJL 310, Houston, Texas 77030.

University Physicians Group (UPG) is a legally separate entity established to provide health care education and research activity services to the University of Texas Health Science Center at San Antonio (UTH-SCSA). Its five-member governing board consists of the dean of the School of Medicine and four members elected by the physician practice plan board (physicians) at UTHSCSA. UTHSCSA has the ability to remove board members at will, the ability to modify or approve the budget of UPG, the ability to veto, overrule or modify the decisions of UPG's board, the ability to appoint, hire, reassign or dismiss those responsible for UPG's day-to-day operations and the ability to unilaterally abolish UPG. Separate financial statements may be obtained by contacting UPG at 8431 Fredericksburg Road, San Antonio, Texas 78229.

M.D. Anderson Physicians Network (MDAPN) is a legally separate entity established to support the University of Texas M.D. Anderson Cancer Center (Cancer Center). MDAPN's nine-member board is appointed by the president of the Cancer Center. The president may remove appointed board members at will. Separate financial statements may be obtained by contacting MDAPN at 7007 Bertner Avenue, Suite 10.3212, Houston, Texas 77030.

M.D. Anderson Services Corporation (MDASC) is a legally separate entity established to support the Cancer Center. The seven-member board is appointed by the president of the Cancer Center and UT board of regents. The president may remove appointed board members at will. Separate financial statements may be obtained by contacting MDASC at 7007 Bertner Avenue, Suite 10.3212, Houston, Texas 77030.

East Texas Quality Care Network (ETQCN) is a legally separate entity established to provide agency nursing services to the University of Texas Health Science Center at Tyler (UTHSCT). Its four-member governing board is appointed by UTHSCT. UTHSCT has the ability to remove board members at will, the ability to modify or approve the budget of ETQCN, the ability to modify or approve rates or fees affecting revenues of ETQCN, the ability to veto, overrule or modify the decisions of ETQCN's board, the ability to appoint, hire, reassign or dismiss those responsible for ETQCN's day-to-day operations and the ability to unilaterally abolish ETQCN. Separate financial statements may be obtained by contacting ETQCN at 11937 US Highway 271, Tyler, Texas 75708.

University of Texas/Texas A&M Investment Management Co. (UTIMCO) is a legally separate entity established to provide investment management services to UT and A&M. UTIMCO's nine-member board consists of three members of the UT board of regents, four members appointed by the UT board of regents (one of whom may be the Chancellor of UT) and two members appointed by the A&M board of regents. At least three members appointed by the UT board of regents and at least one member appointed by the A&M board of regents must have substantial background and expertise in investments. The corporation is blended rather than discretely presented because it provides investment management services entirely or almost entirely to UT. Separate financial statements may be obtained by contacting UTIMCO at 401 Congress Avenue, Suite 2800, Austin, Texas 78701.

**University of Texas Fine Arts Foundation** (Fine Arts) is a legally separate entity established to acquire the Suida-Manning Art Collection for the University of Texas at Austin (UT-Austin) Blanton Museum of Art. Fine Arts' three-member governing board is appointed by UT-Austin. UT-Austin has the ability to impose its will on Fine Arts through its ability to remove appointed board members at will, its ability to modify or approve Fine Arts' budget, its ability to veto, overrule or modify the decisions of Fine Arts and unilaterally abolish Fine Arts. Fine Arts is reported for the fiscal

year ended Dec. 31. Separate financial statements may be obtained by contacting UT-Austin at Main Building, P.O. Box T, Austin, Texas 78713.

University of Texas Communication Foundation (UTCF) is a legally separate entity established to support the UT-Austin College of Communication. Its threemember governing board is appointed by UT-Austin. UT-Austin has the ability to impose its will on the UTCF through its ability to remove appointed board members at will, its ability to modify or approve the UTCF's budget, its ability to veto, overrule or modify the decisions of UTCF and unilaterally abolish UTCF. Separate financial statements may be obtained by contacting UT-Austin at P.O. Box 7322, Austin, Texas 78713.

#### **Discretely Presented Component Units**

The state is financially accountable for the following legally separate entities (component units); however, the component units do not provide services entirely or almost entirely to the state nor are the component units' debts expected to be repaid entirely or almost entirely with the resources of the state. The component units' financial data is discretely presented in the component unit column of the state's government-wide financial statements. Based on an analysis performed at year end, none of the discretely presented component units met the materiality threshold for presentation; however, omission of the following discretely presented component units would result in misleading financial statements.

**Teacher Retirement System of Texas** (TRS) is a legally separate entity established by the Legislature to administer retirement and disability annuities to employees and beneficiaries of public school systems and institutions of higher education. TRS is governed by a nine-member board of trustees, three of whom are direct appointments of the governor. The remaining trustees are appointed by the governor from lists prepared by various constituent groups. TRS is subject to the budget approval powers of the Texas Legislature, and therefore is fiscally dependent on the state of Texas. The active employees insurance program and 403(b) administrative program are reported in the component unit column of the government-wide financial statements; whereas the employee benefit trust fund and retired employees insurance are reported in the pension and other employee benefit trust funds financial statements. TRS has a blended component unit, Teacher Retirement Investment Company of Texas Ltd. (TRI-COT). It is a private company limited by shares in the United Kingdom that began operating in November 2015. TRICOT was formed for the purpose of opening a London investment office to increase investment opportunities for the TRS portfolio. TRICOT serves the pension trust fund. Separate financial statements may be obtained by contacting TRS at 1000 Red River St., Austin, Texas 78701.

State Bar of Texas (State Bar) is a public corporation and an administrative agency of the judicial branch of government. The purpose of the State Bar is to ensure that public responsibilities of the legal profession are effectively discharged. The annual budget for the State Bar must be reviewed and approved by the Supreme Court, thus making the State Bar fiscally dependent on the state of Texas. The State Bar is reported for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2017. Separate financial statements may be obtained by contacting the State Bar at 1414 Colorado St., Austin, Texas 78701.

Texas State Affordable Housing Corporation (TSAHC) was incorporated under the Texas Nonprofit Corporation Act and is legally separate from the state. Its purpose is to serve the housing needs of low-income Texans, professional educators, firefighters and police officers who are first-time home buyers and are not afforded housing finance options through conventional lending channels. TSAHC provides single and multifamily loans to low and moderate income Texans. Prior to any bonds being issued by TSAHC, the issuance

must be reviewed by the Bond Review Board, which is composed of the governor, lieutenant governor, speaker of the House of Representatives and the Comptroller. Separate financial statements may be obtained by contacting TSAHC at 2200 East Martin Luther King Jr. Blvd., Austin, Texas 78702.

**OneStar National Service Commission and** OneStar Foundation (OneStar) are legally separate nonprofit corporations that administer the AmeriCorps\*Texas program. They serve as the state's liaison to and oversee Texas' participation in OneStar programs for the Corporation for National and Community Service (a federal agency), as well as prepare a comprehensive three-year national service plan for the state. The governor appoints all members of OneStar's boards. The governor can also remove any board member at will. OneStar performs all administrative duties of the OneStar National Service Commission, as well as provides technical assistance, education, information and other support to the volunteer community. OneStar is reported for the fiscal year ended Dec. 31, 2016. The financial statements of OneStar can be obtained by contacting OneStar at 9011 Mountain Ridge Drive, Suite 100, Austin, Texas 78759.

Texas Low-Level Radioactive Waste Disposal Compact Commission (Commission) is a legally separate organization established to promote the health, safety and welfare of the citizens and environment of the states participating in the Texas Low-Level Radioactive Waste Disposal Compact (Compact), known as party states. There are currently two party states, Texas and Vermont, with Texas serving as the host party state. The mission of the Commission is to:

- Limit the number of radioactive waste disposal facilities
- Effectively, efficiently and economically manage low-level radioactive waste
- Encourage the reduction of the generation thereof

Since Texas serves as the host party state for the Compact, it is entitled to six voting members, whereas the other party state is only entitled to one voting member. The governor appoints the six members of the Commission serving on behalf of Texas. As host state, Texas has the authority to establish the disposal fees assessed at the facility for disposal of low-level radioactive waste generated in the party states. The Texas Legislature, with the approval of the governor, also has the authority to revise the portion of the Compact pertaining to the volume of waste the host state will dispose of without the consent of the nonhost party state. The financial statements of the Commission may be obtained by contacting the Commission at 505 West 15th Street, Austin, Texas 78701.

Texas Prepaid Tuition Scholarship Foundation (TPTSF) is a legally separate entity that was created to provide prepaid tuition scholarships to students meeting economic or academic requirements. TPTSF is a direct-support organization of the Texas Guaranteed Tuition Plan and is authorized by the Texas Education Code. TPTSF is governed by a board composed of the Comptroller, a member appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the Senate and three members appointed jointly by the Comptroller and the member who is appointed by the governor. The Comptroller serves as the executive director of the board and assigns and supervises employees responsible for the day-to-day operations of TPTSF. TPTSF does not issue separate financial statements. Information may be obtained by contacting the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts, Educational Opportunities and Investments Division at 111 E. 17th Street, Austin, Texas 78774.

Texas Match the Promise Foundation (TMPF) is a legally separate entity established to implement the Texas Save and Match Program, which helps families save for college by offering competitive matching scholarships and tuition grants to Texas students who participate in the Texas Tuition Promise Fund. The Comptroller appoints TMPF's governing board, and can remove appointed board members at will. The Comptroller also assigns and supervises employees responsible for the day-to-day operations of TMPF. TMPF does not issue separate financial statements. Information may be obtained by contacting the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts, Educational Opportunities and Investments Division at 111 E. 17th Street, Austin, Texas 78774.

Texas Windstorm Insurance Association (Association) is a legally separate organization established to provide an adequate market for windstorm and hail insurance in the seacoast territory of Texas and serves as an insurer of last resort. The commissioner of the Texas Department of Insurance (TDI) appoints the ninemember board of directors, and the board is responsible and accountable to the commissioner. The state of Texas has the ability to impose its will on the Association through TDI commissioner approval of rates and maximum liability limits for windstorm and hail insurance policies issued by the Association. The Association is reported for the fiscal year ended Dec. 31, 2016. Separate financial statements may be obtained by contacting the Association at 5700 South Mopac, Building A, Austin, Texas 78749.

Surplus Lines Stamping Office of Texas (Stamping Office) is a legally separate nonprofit corporation created by the Legislature to assist TDI in the regulation of surplus lines insurance. TDI's commissioner appoints the board. The Stamping Office performs its functions under a plan of operation approved by order of TDI. The Stamping Office assesses each surplus lines insurance agent a stamping fee for the administrative funding of the Stamping Office. The state of Texas has the ability to impose its will upon the Stamping Office through the approval of the assessment rate that funds its operations. The Stamping Office is reported for the fiscal year ended Dec. 31, 2016. Separate financial statements may be obtained by contacting the Stamping Office at 805 Las Cimas Parkway, Suite 150, Austin, Texas 78746-6526.

Texas Health Reinsurance System is a legally separate entity that reinsures risks covered under the health benefit plans of small employers' insurance carriers. TDI's commissioner appoints, supervises and controls the nine-member board. The state of Texas has the ability to impose its will through TDI commissioner approval of base reinsurance premium rates and the assessment rates against reinsured health benefit plan issuers. Financial statements are presented on statutory accounting principles established by TDI, and are reported for the fiscal year ended Dec. 31, 2016. Financial statements may be obtained by contacting the Texas Health Reinsurance System, c/o Pool Administrators Inc., 628 Hebron Ave. Suite 100, Glastonbury, CT 06033

Fair Access to Insurance Requirements Plan **Association** (FAIRPA) is a legally separate entity established to administer the Fair Access to Insurance Requirements Plan, which delivers property insurance to Texas residents in underserved areas. The 11-member governing board is appointed by TDI's commissioner. The commissioner may remove appointed board members at will. FAIRPA is reported for the fiscal year ended Dec. 31, 2016. Separate financial statements may be obtained by contacting FAIRPA at 5700 South Mopac, Building A, Austin, Texas 78749-1461.

Texas Boll Weevil Eradication Foundation Inc. (TBWEF) is a legally separate entity that establishes and implements a boll weevil eradication program for Texas. It is governed by 21 board members. The Texas Department of Agriculture's (TDA) commissioner appoints five of the board members. Although TDA must approve the TBWEF's budget, assessment fees and debt, a financial benefit or financial burden does not exist between the TBWEF and the primary government. Therefore, the primary government is not financially accountable for the TBWEF. However, based on the TBWEF's financial relationship with the TDA, omitting the TBWEF would result in incomplete financial

statements. The TBWEF is reported for the fiscal year ended Dec. 31, 2016. Separate financial statements may be obtained by contacting TDA at P.O. Box 12847, Austin, Texas 78711-2847.

Texas Agricultural Finance Authority (TAFA) is a legally separate entity that provides financial assistance for the expansion, development and diversification of agricultural businesses, and primarily benefits the citizens of Texas. TAFA is governed by a board of directors composed of the Commissioner of Agriculture, Deputy Commissioner of Agriculture-Designee, the Director of the Institute for International Agribusiness studies at Prairie View A&M University, and nine members appointed by the Commissioner of Agriculture. The commissioner of TDA administers TAFA with the assistance of the board of directors. If there are insufficient funds to pay TAFA's bond obligations, the primary government is obligated to transfer money from the state treasury to TAFA in an amount sufficient to pay those obligations. Separate financial statements may be obtained by contacting TDA at P.O. Box 12847, Austin, Texas 78711-2847.

#### Texas Water Resources Finance Authority

(Authority) is a legally separate entity created by the Legislature as a governmental entity and body politic and corporate for the purpose of increasing the availability of financing for water-related projects, and primarily benefits the citizens of Texas. A board of directors, composed of the three members of the Texas Water Development Board (TWDB), governs the Authority. The members of the TWDB are appointed by the governor. TWDB, through a sales and servicing agreement, wholly manages the Authority's operations. Financial statements may be obtained by contacting TWDB at P.O. Box 13231, Austin, Tx 78711-3231

#### **Texas Appraiser Licensing and Certification**

**Board** (TALCB) is a legally separate entity statutorily created as an independent subdivision of the Texas Real Estate Commission (TREC) to serve the real estate

community in Texas. The governor appoints the members of the governing board. TREC provides administrative support to TALCB, but has no authority to approve or modify its budget or to set its fees. Although TALCB is not fiscally dependent on TREC, to exclude it would result in the presentation of incomplete financial statements. Financial statements can be obtained by contacting TREC at P.O. Box 12188, Austin, Texas 78711-2188.

#### **Texas Economic Development Corporation**

(TED Corp.), a legally separate nonprofit corporation, was created to assist, promote, develop and advance economic development in the state of Texas. TED Corp.'s services primarily benefit the Texas citizenry. The board of directors is appointed by the governor. The Office of the Governor is the oversight agency for TED Corp., and has the ability to remove board members at will. The TED Corp. is reported for the fiscal year ended Dec. 31, 2016. Separate financial statements may be obtained by contacting TED Corp. at P.O. Box 684702, Austin, Texas 78768.

Texas Disaster Relief Fund (TDRF), a legally separate nonprofit corporation, was established to help the Office of the Governor provide disaster relief. The services provided by TDRF assist the Office of the Governor in responding to the needs of the citizens before, during and after a disaster in Texas. Based on TDRF's financial relationship with the Office of the Governor, omitting TDRF would result in misleading financial statements. TDRF is reported for the fiscal year ended Dec. 31, 2016. TDRF's financial statements may be obtained by contacting the Office of the Governor at P.O. Box 12428, Austin, Texas 78711.

Texas Health Services Authority (THSA) is a legally separate entity created for the improvement of the Texas health care system. THSA promotes and coordinates the electronic exchange of health information throughout the state to ensure information is available to health care providers and to improve patient safety

and quality of care. The board of directors consists of 11 members and is appointed by the governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate. THSA is reported for the fiscal year ended Sept. 30, 2016. THSA's financial statements may be obtained by contacting THSA at 5900 Southwest Parkway, Bldg. 2, Suite 201, Austin, Texas 78735.

**Beacon State Fund** (BSF) is a legally separate organization established to assist the Governor's Commission for Women (GCW) to promote issues affecting the women of Texas. BSF increases public awareness through the distribution of information, media events and community outreach programs. Members of the board of trustees are appointed by the Office of the Governor or someone designated by the Office of the Governor. The Office of the Governor has fiscal oversight over BSF to ensure funds are expended properly and the public purpose is being accomplished. BSF is reported for the fiscal year ended Dec. 31, 2016. Financial statements may be obtained by contacting the GCW at P.O. Box 12428, Austin, Texas 78711.

**State Agency Council** (SAC) is a legally separate organization established to assist the GCW by honoring women who have made significant contributions to Texas through their work in state government. SAC also provides opportunities for professional development to its state agency representatives and supports community outreach programs consistent with the goals of GCW. The director of GCW appoints the board and has operational influence on the activities of the corporation. Financial statements for the SAC may be obtained by contacting the GCW at P.O. Box 12428, Austin, Texas 78711.

Film Texas Fund (FTF) is a legally separate nonprofit organization created to support, encourage and promote the development of the film, television and multimedia industry in Texas. The Film Texas Fund is closely related to the Office of the Governor Texas Film Commission (OGTFC). However, the OGTFC is not financially accountable for FTF and FTF supports its own mission in promoting the film industry in Texas. Due to the FTF's close financial relationship with the OGTFC, omitting FTF would result in misleading financial statements. FTF is reported for the fiscal year ended Dec. 31, 2016. Financial statements for FTF may be obtained by contacting the Office of the Governor at P.O. Box 12428, Austin, Texas 78711.

#### Texas Governor's Mansion Administration

(TGMA) is a legally separate nonprofit organization established to support the financial administration of catering and facility expenses associated with the use of the official residence of the governor of the state of Texas for non-political events. TGMA is closely related to the state of Texas because the Office of the Governor provides administrative services, including accounting services, to TGMA. TGMA is reported for the fiscal year ended Dec. 31, 2016. Separate financial statements for TGMA may be obtained by contacting the Office of the Governor at P.O. Box 12428, Austin, Texas 78711.

#### Robert G. Carr and Nona K. Carr Scholarship

Foundation (Carr Foundation) is a legally separate entity established for the sole purpose of providing scholarships to students of Angelo State University (ASU), a campus within the Texas Tech University System (TTU System). The TTU System board of regents serves as the governing board for the Carr Foundation, and has the ability to appoint, hire, reassign or dismiss those persons responsible for the day-to-day operations of the Carr Foundation. Separate financial statements may be obtained by contacting the Carr Foundation at P.O. Box 11007C, ASU Station, San Angelo, Texas 76909.

University of North Texas Foundation (UNTF) is a legally separate entity established to raise funding for scholarships for students of the University of North Texas, as well as provide funding for the ben-

efit of the University of North Texas. The majority of endowments supporting the University of North Texas scholarships and other University programs are owned by the UNTF. Therefore, the UNTF is closely related to the University of North Texas, and failure to include its financial activities would lead to incomplete financial statements. Separate financial statements may be obtained by contacting the UNTF at 1155 Union Circle #311250, Denton, Texas 76203-5017.

The Alamo Endowment (TAE) is a legally separate entity established to provide resources and support for the preservation and maintenance of the Alamo Complex. The Texas General Land Office (GLO) appoints the voting majority of TAE and can impose its will through its ability to remove board members at will. GLO can also impose its will through its ability to appoint, hire, reassign or dismiss those persons responsible for the day-to-day operations of TAE. TAE is reported for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. Separate financial statements may be obtained by contacting TAE at P.O. Box 2099, San Antonio, TX 78297.

#### **Related Organizations**

Related organizations are legally separate, fiscally independent entities for which the state appoints a voting majority of the board, but the state is not financially accountable for the entity.

Texas Mutual Insurance Company (Texas Mutual) operates as a domestic mutual insurance company providing workers' compensation insurance in the state of Texas and also serves as the insurer of last resort. The commissioner of insurance regulates this entity to the same extent as a private mutual insurance company. The governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints five of the nine members of Texas Mutual's board of directors.

**Texas Title Insurance Guaranty Association** (TTIGA) is a legally separate nonprofit organization

created for the purpose of providing funds for the protection of holders of covered claims as defined in the Texas Insurance Code. This applies to all title insurance written by title insurance companies authorized to do business in Texas. The nine-member board of directors is appointed by TDI's commissioner.

Texas Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association (TLHIGA) is a legally separate entity created to protect persons against failure in the performance of contractual obligations under life, accident and health insurance policies and annuity contracts due to the impairment or insolvency of the member insurer that issued the policies or contracts. TDI's commissioner appoints TLHIGA's nine-member board of directors.

Midwestern State University (MSU) Charitable **Trust** (Trust) is a nonprofit organization with the sole purpose of educational and other activities of MSU. It is governed by a board of trustees of no less than three members. This board appoints individuals to fill vacancies on the board as they occur with the approval of the MSU board of regents. The Trust's board of trustees serves under the direction of the board of regents, which has the power by majority vote to appoint or remove any or all of the trustees.

Charter School Finance Corporation is a nonprofit organization with the sole purpose of issuing revenue bonds for authorized open-enrollment charter schools for the acquisition, construction, repair or renovation of education facilities at those schools. The Texas Public Finance Authority appoints the board of directors in consultation with the commissioner of the Texas Education Agency.

Texas State University System Foundation Inc. (TSUSF) is a nonprofit corporation with the purpose of providing financial support for the universities and colleges within the TSU system. The TSUSF provides funds for student scholarships and faculty awards and assists the chancellor in performing his/her duties. The board of directors is comprised of all members of the

TSU system board of regents, which is appointed by the governor.

Operation Game Thief Committee is a nonprofit corporation established to administer the Operation Game Thief Program. The program facilitates the apprehension and prosecution of persons who violate Texas laws intended to protect the state's natural or cultural resources and the public safety of persons using those natural or cultural resources. The program also pays rewards and death benefits authorized by Texas statute. The Texas Parks and Wildlife Department's executive director appoints the members of the committee.

Parks and Wildlife of Foundation, Inc. (Foundation) is a legally separate nonprofit organization established to manage and conserve the natural and cultural resources of Texas and to provide hunting, fishing and outdoor recreation opportunities for the use and enjoyment of present and future generations. The Foundation provides private support to the Texas Parks and Wildlife Department (Department), but the Department is not financially accountable for the Foundation, nor is the Foundation fiscally dependent on the Department. The Foundation is governed by a group of trustees, the majority of whom are appointed by the chairman of the Department.

The College for All Texans (CFAT) Foundation is a Texas non-profit organization that is organized to support The Higher Education Coordinating Board (THECB) program initiatives. THECB is unable to impose its will on CFAT and there is no financial benefit or burden relationship between THECB and CFAT.

River Authorities are political subdivisions created by Texas statute. The Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 59, authorizes the Legislature to create districts that conserve and develop natural resources of the state. The conservation and development of the state's natural resources includes the control, storing, preservation and distribution for irrigation, power

and all other useful purposes of storm waters, flood waters and the waters of rivers and streams; the reclamation and irrigation of arid, semiarid and other lands needing irrigation; the reclamation of drainage of overflowed lands and other lands needing drainage; the conservation and development of forests, water and hydro-electric power; the navigation of inland and coastal waters; and the preservation and conservation of all such natural resources of the state. The state of Texas appoints the voting majority for the following 16 river/water authorities:

- Angelina and Neches River Authority
- Brazos River Authority
- Central Colorado River Authority
- Guadalupe-Blanco River Authority
- Lavaca-Navidad River Authority
- Lower Colorado River Authority
- Lower Neches Valley River Authority
- Nueces River Authority
- Red River Authority
- Sabine River Authority
- San Jacinto River Authority
- Sulphur River Basin Authority
- Trinity River Authority
- Upper Colorado River Authority
- Upper Guadalupe River Authority
- Upper Neches River Municipal Water Authority

# Note 20

# **Deficit Fund Balances/Net Position** of Individual Nonmajor Funds

#### **Proprietary Funds**

The Texas Prepaid Tuition Plans, that consist of the Texas Guaranteed Tuition Plan (Plan) and the Texas Tuition Promise Fund (TTPF), reported a deficit of \$501.2 million. The Plan deficit of \$613.8 million is due to the difference between the present value of actual and projected contract benefit payments and actual and projected contributions from account holders and investment earnings on those contributions to the Plan. The Plan was closed to new enrollment in 2003 when tuition was deregulated. Over the life of the Plan, actual tuition and required fees for Texas public four year colleges and universities grew at a higher percentage rate than the Plan's investment return. The TTPF had a surplus of \$112.6 million. The TTPF surplus cannot be used to offset the Plan's deficit.

The Grand Parkway Transportation Corporation (GPTC), a blended component unit of the Texas Department of Transportation, reported a deficit of \$80.1 million. The deficit is primarily due to the total expenses exceeding the total revenues by \$56.8 million. The largest expenses in fiscal 2017 included \$63.9 million of amortization and \$137.1 million of interest. Interest was capitalized as intangible assets prior to substantial completion of the five segments of the System in March 2016. Starting April 2016, interest was reported as expense. Amortization of intangible assets began in fiscal 2016.

The Fair Access to Insurance Requirements Plan **Association** (Association), a discretely presented component unit of the State, reported a deficit of \$14.2 million. The deficit can be attributed to higher than normal claims activity. The Association can, with the approval of the Commissioner, issue public securities or assess member companies at any time there is a deficit.

It has been decided not to assess at this time and it is anticipated to reduce this deficit through positive operations in the future.

The Texas Parks and Wildlife Department Projects Funds reported a deficit of \$9.4 million. The deficit is due to the Department recording estimates to account for unencumbered activity such as salaries, travel and utilities in effort to reserve funds for these purposes in accordance with Accounting Policy Statement 018 (APS 018), Encumbrance Report and Lapsing of Appropriations.

# Note 21

#### **Tobacco Settlement**

The state of Texas settled a lawsuit against certain tobacco manufacturers in 1998. The settlement included monetary and injunctive relief. The settling tobacco manufacturers agreed to remit annual payments to the state. Estimates made at the time of the agreement projected that these payments could total \$15.3 billion over the first 25 years of the agreement. The court-ordered annual payment amounts are subject to adjustments based on the tobacco companies' domestic cigarette sales, the agreed inflation adjustment and any other court-ordered factors. A revenue accrual of \$297.8 million is based on the payments received in December 2017. Tobacco settlement revenues were \$480.2 million in fiscal 2016 and \$476.5 million in fiscal 2017. As of fiscal 2017, cumulative actual tobacco settlement revenues were \$10 billion.

# Note 22

#### **Donor-Restricted Endowments**

The state of Texas has donor-restricted endowments with net appreciation of \$3 billion on investments available for authorization for expenditure by the governing board. Details for the amounts of the net appreciation on investments and how they are reported are presented in table 22A.

Donor-Restricted Endowments Table 22A (Amounts in Thousands)				
Donor- Restricted <u>Endowments</u>	Amount of Net Appreciation	Reported in Net Position		
True Endowments Term Endowments	\$2,992,922 47,311 \$3,040,233	Expendable Expendable		

True endowments require the principal to be maintained inviolate and in perpetuity. Term endowments allow the principal to be expended after the passage of a stated period of time and all conditions of the endowment are met. Expendable funds are those funds that may be expended for either a stated purpose or for a general purpose as per the endowment gift terms. Nonexpendable funds are those required to be retained in perpetuity.

The majority of the state's endowments are the results of donations made to institutions of higher education. The Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act, Texas Property Code, Chapter 163, provides general guidelines on how endowments should be maintained. An institution may appropriate for expenditures or accumulate as much as the institution determines prudent for the uses, benefits, purposes and duration of the endowment. Each institution sets the amounts and/or percentage of net appreciation on endowment investments that are authorized for expenditure in its spending plan.

Net appreciation on related investment balances for the Robert G. Carr and Nona K. Carr Scholarship Foundation and the University of North Texas Foundation, discrete component units of the Texas Tech University System and the University of North Texas System, respectively, have a combined ending net appreciation balance of \$15 million. These amounts are not included in table 22A.

# Note 23

# Taxes Receivable and **Tax Refunds Payable**

Taxes receivable and tax refunds payable, as reported on the balance sheet - governmental funds, are detailed by tax type in the tables 23A and 23B.

Texas franchise tax receivables represent balances due as of Aug. 31, 2017, for business-type activity that occurred in calendar year 2016. The franchise tax payments were due May 15, 2017; however, taxpayers were allowed to extend the filing date to November 2017.

Franchise taxes are considered earned when the business-type activity occurs. Franchise tax applies to certain for-profit entities doing business or chartered in Texas and is based on the total revenue, that is, income reported to the federal IRS with various deductions, limitations, and exceptions. There are no required quarterly estimated payments under this tax. Annual franchise tax reports and tax payments are due May 15 unless it falls on a weekend or holiday then the next business day. Generally the tax earned during the first eight months of calendar year 2017 is not due until May 2018. As a result, the taxes receivable and related revenue that are earned in this eight month period are not measurable and are not accrued at fiscal year-end.

<b>Table 23A</b> August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)	
Тах Туре	Taxes Receivable
Sales and Use Tax	\$1,623,877
Motor Vehicle and Manufactured Housing	116,153
Motor Fuels	7,759
Oil and Natural Gas Production	392,397
Franchise	149,415
Insurance Occupation	243,176
Cigarette and Tobacco	24,257
Other	229,388
Total Taxes Receivable*	\$2,786,422
Liquidity Characteristics:	
Current Taxes Receivable	\$2,779,299
Noncurrent Taxes Receivable	7,123
Total Taxes Receivable	\$2,786,422
* Total Taxes Receivable General Fund Motor Fuel Taxes Receivable in Other Governmental Funds: Current Taxes Receivable:	\$ 2,786,422
State Highway Fund	266,370
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	89,036
Noncurrent Taxes Receivable:	
State Highway Fund	636
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	212

#### Tax Refunds Payable by Tax Type August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands) Tax Refunds Payable Tax Type Oil and Natural Gas Production \$ 116,955 453,692 Franchise Total Tax Refunds Payable \$ 570,647

\$ 3,142,676

Total Taxes Receivable - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

# Note 24

### **Termination Benefits**

### **Health Care Related Termination Benefits**

Health care continuation under the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA) is provided for both voluntary and involuntary terminations. COBRA members are allowed to remain in their eligible insurance program for 18 months or 29 months if disabled. Covered dependents are eligible to remain in the program for 36 months. COBRA plan administrators for the state include the Employees Retirement System of Texas, the University of Texas System and the Texas A&M University System.

For self-insured and fully-insured plans, the insurance carrier performs the billing and collections process for COBRA participants. If the plan is self-insured, the insurance carrier then forwards the premium to the plan administrators, net of a 2 percent administrative fee, which is intended to cover costs related to the billing and collection functions. The plan administrators are responsible for any claims or administrative costs associated with COBRA participants that exceed these payments. For fiscal 2017, the cost to the state was approximately \$27.5 million for 1,907 COBRA participants.

For the fully-insured health maintenance organization health insurance plans, the insurance carrier retains all premiums and is liable for all claims and expenses. Premium and expense information is not available for these plans.

### Non-Health Care Related Termination **Benefits**

Generally, state employees are not awarded severance pay. Institutions of higher education and agencies with specific statutory authority may offer voluntary or involuntary termination payments for separation. In addition to termination payments, agencies may also offer career counseling and outplacement services.

# Note 25

### **Segment Information**

### **Primary Government**

A segment is a separately identifiable activity reported as or within enterprise funds for which revenue bonds or other revenue-backed debt instruments are outstanding and for which related expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities can be identified. To qualify as a segment, an activity must also be subject to an external requirement to separately account for this revenue stream. Segment disclosure is not required for an activity whose only outstanding debt is conduit debt or if an individual fund is both a segment and reported as a major fund. Therefore, the following programs have met the requirements for disclosure as a segment. These following programs were funded by the issuance of revenue bonds, which require revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities to be separately accounted for:

- The Single Family Bond Program was created to originate below-market rate loans for eligible low- and moderate-income residents who are purchasing a residence.
- The Residential Mortgage Revenue Bond Program (RMRB) was created to purchase singlefamily loans, while proceeds from the remaining RMRB bond issues are used to purchase passthrough certificates created through the origination of single-family loans.
- The Collateralized Home Mortgage Revenue Bond Program was created to purchase passthrough certificates created through the funding of loans made to finance the purchase by eligible borrowers of new and existing single-family residences in the state.

### **Condensed Statement of Net Position**

Table 25A

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Single Family Bond Program Funds	Residential Mortgage Revenue Bond Funds	Collateralized Home Mortgage Revenue Bond Funds
ASSETS			
Current Restricted Assets	\$ 28,501	\$ 17,325	\$ 15
Noncurrent Restricted Assets	446,545	240,063	2,778
Total Assets	475,046	257,388	2,793
Deferred Outflows of Resources	9,902		
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities	4,693	5,468	7
Noncurrent Liabilities	385,280	153,705	1,008
Total Liabilities	389,973	159,173	1,015
NET POSITION			
Restricted	94,975	98,215	1,778
Total Net Position	\$ 94,975	\$ 98,215	\$ 1,778

# **Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position**

Table 25B

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Single Family Bond Program Funds	Residential Mortgage Revenue Bond Funds	Collateralized Home Mortgage Revenue Bond Funds
OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Interest and Investment Income	\$ 17,588	\$ 8,533	\$ 203
Net Decrease in Fair Value	(2,927)	(7,353)	(91)
Other Operating Revenues	177	6,311	
Operating Expenses	(18,415)	(16,934)	(108)
Operating Income	(3,577)	(9,443)	4
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Transfer In (Out)	(1,118)	(2,549)	
Changes in Net Position	(4,695)	(11,992)	4
Net Position, September 1, 2016	99,670	110,207	1,774
Net Position, August 31, 2017	\$ 94,975	\$ 98,215	\$ 1,778

Condensed Statement of Cash Flows Table 25C For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)				
	Single Family Bond Program Funds	Residential Mortgage Revenue Bond Funds	Collateralized Home Mortgage Revenue Bond Funds	
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY:				
Operating Activities	\$ (9,018)	\$ (19,050)	\$ (15)	
Noncapital Financing Activities	22,427	(33,900)	(797)	
Investing Activities	(27,229)	44,513	751	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN				
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(13,820)	(8,437)	(61)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, September 1, 2016	40,377	25,008	62	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, August 31, 2017	\$ 26,557	\$ 16,571	\$ 1	

# Note 26

### Service Concession Arrangements

The state of Texas has eight arrangements that fit the criteria of a service concession arrangement (SCA). As the transferor in these arrangements, the state retains ownership rights and title to all assets associated with an SCA. All of these arrangements were entered into by the Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT). The fees the operator collects are in the form of tolls. Project maintenance and operations will transfer back to TxDOT once the arrangements have ended.

A general description of each SCA, including status, term and duration, is presented in table 26A.

These arrangements were entered into to:

improve mobility by expanding existing road capacity and introducing managed toll lanes, traditional toll lanes and other strategies aimed at reducing traffic congestion;

- enable the state to deliver these projects faster than would be possible using traditional funding sources; and
- shift the majority of the financial risk to the operator.

In the year an SCA project opens for traffic, TxDOT records the capital assets acquired under the SCA at their fair value with a corresponding entry to deferred inflows of resources. The deferred inflows of resources balance will then be reduced and revenue will be recognized in a systematic manner over the term of the arrangement, beginning when the infrastructure assets are placed into operation. Up-front concession payments received are recorded as assets (cash and cash equivalents) with an offset to deferred inflows of resources. Revenue is recognized and the deferred inflows of resources are reduced in a systematic and rational manner over the term of the arrangement. SCA amounts reported as of Aug. 31, 2017, are presented in tables 26A and 26B.

### Service Concession Arrangements

Table 26A

August 31, 2017

	Construction	Term of	Concess	ion Dates
Arrangement Name	Status	Concession	Begin	End
IH 10 "Katy Managed Lanes"	Complete	46 years	2010	2055*
SH 130 Segments 5 and 6	Complete	50 years	2012	2062
SH 121 Concession	Complete	50 years	2009	2059
North Tarrant Exp Seg 1 and 2-West	Complete	52 years	2009	2061
North Tarrant Exp Seg 3A and 3B	Under Construction	52 years	2009	2061
LBJ/IH-635 Managed Lanes	Complete	52 years	2009	2061
Grand Parkway Seg D, E, F1, F2, G	Complete	40 years	2013	2053*
SH 288	Under Construction	52 years	2016	2068

<sup>\*</sup> Estimated. Concession period extends until Harris County/Grand Parkway Transportation Corporation is fully reimbursed for cost of construction and debt service.

### Service Concession Arrangements – **Amounts Recognized in Financial Statements – Governmental Activities**

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

Arrangement Name	Cash and Cash Equivalents*	Capital Assets	Deferred Inflows of Resources**
IH 10 "Katy Managed Lanes"	\$	\$	\$ 206,522
SH 130 Segments 5 and 6	ە 61,094	1,439,612	1,376,630
SH 121 Concession	532,887	1,336,604	3,178,886
North Tarrant Exp Seg 1 and 2-West	332,007	2,395,438	1,610,087
North Tarrant Exp Seg 3A and 3B		365,631	1,010,007
LBJ/IH-635 Managed Lanes		2,664,459	1,983,982
Grand Parkway Seg D, E, F1, F2, G		2,453,495	2,300,445
SH 288	15,479	22,641	25,479
	\$609,460	\$10,677,880	\$10,682,031

The balance of cash and cash equivalents is the amount of unspent up-front concession payments.

In some cases, TxDOT is obligated to make contributions of public funds to the SCA project during the construction period for portions of the project's design, construction or right-of-way costs. Outlays of TxDOT funds related to SCA projects are recorded as additions to construction in progress as they are incurred.

The Grand Parkway Transportation Corporation (GPTC) is a blended component unit of TxDOT. In fiscal 2013, GPTC and TxDOT entered into an arrangement that fits the criteria of an SCA. Pursuant to this arrangement, GPTC is responsible for the

design, construction, financing and operation of Segments D (Harris County) and E, F1, F2 and G of the Grand Parkway (State Highway 99) for a period until the bonds or other debt secured is fully repaid. GPTC will be entitled to all toll revenues during the operations period. At the end of the arrangement, operation of the roadway will be transferred to TxDOT.

The objective of this arrangement is to deliver this project in partnership with TxDOT more quickly than would be possible under a traditional structure.

As of Aug. 31, 2017, the Texas Transportation Commission has outstanding toll equity grant commitments and toll equity loan commitments totaling \$202.4 million and \$15.3 billion, respectively. Payments of these amounts are made subject to executed financial assistance agreements between TxDOT and the applicable public or private entity. Of the outstanding toll equity loan commitment, \$5.8 billion is related to a toll equity loan agreement (TELA) with the North Texas Tollway Authority and \$9.5 billion is related to a TELA with the GPTC. Under the TELA, TxDOT has agreed to

lend a negotiated amount each year should revenues of the projects be insufficient to cover operations and maintenance, including debt service. The GPTC funds are to be used to pay for certain costs relating to the development, construction, operation, maintenance and financing of Segments D (Harris County) and E, F1, F2 and G (State Highway 99) and the predevelopment of possible extensions or expansions of the Grand Parkway. The maximum amount of money that can be paid by TxDOT to GPTC under the TELA is equal to the aggregate amount of costs that are authorized under

<sup>\*</sup> The deferred inflows of resources balance that relates to up-front payments received is recorded in governmental fund financials as other financing sources in the year received.

Article VIII, Section 7a of the Texas Constitution and Section 222.103 of the Texas Transportation Code, i.e. the "Eligible Costs". As of Aug. 31, 2017, no drawdowns of funding have been requested by GPTC under this arrangement.

GPTC has recognized an intangible asset in the amount of \$2.4 billion for its costs of design, construction and right-of-way acquisition for the year ended Aug. 31, 2017. This amount is reported as businesstype activities.

# Note 27

### **Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources**

In fiscal 2017, the state reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources in connection with its hedging derivative instruments, service concession arrangements, bond refunding, pensions, the acquisition of Texas Wesleyan University School of Law (TWUSL) by Texas A&M University (A&M), and various types of revenues earned, but not available at fiscal year-end.

Table 27A presents the balances of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources as of Aug. 31, 2017 for governmental activities, business-type activities and governmental funds.

Deferred outflows of resources in business-type activities of \$481.8 million was composed of \$478.7 million related to hedging derivatives in a liability position and \$3.1 million related to an unamortized interest rate lock termination payment. The interest rate lock termination payment was made by the University of Texas in connection with its 2016A bond issuance. The hedging derivative liability of \$478.7 million and the hedging derivative asset of \$14.6 million are disclosed in Note 7.

### **Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources**

Table 27A

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Government-wide Financial Statem	ents	
Governmental Activities		
Bond/Debt refunding	\$ 198,143	\$ 3,563
SCAs (Note 26)		10,682,031
Pensions (Note 9)	10,761,289	4,819,386
Total	\$10,959,432	\$15,504,980
Business-Type Activities		
Bond/Debt refunding	\$ 133,548	\$ 10,791
Derivatives (Note 7)	481,807 *	14,565
Pensions (Note 9)	1,198,091	625,895
Government Acquisitions	23,374	
Total	\$ 1,836,820	\$ 651,251
Fund Financial Statements		
Governmental Funds		
Revenue Earned But Not Available	\$	\$ 622,354
Total	\$ 0	\$ 622,354

<sup>\*</sup> The \$481,807 of deferred outflows of resources is composed of \$478,681 related to hedging derivatives in a liability and \$3,126 related to unamortized interest rate lock termination payment.

Deferred outflows of resources in business-type activities of \$23.4 million represent the unamortized balance of the excess consideration provided by A&M over the net position acquired in the acquisition of TWUSL. The acquisition was finalized on Aug. 13, 2013, with no contingent consideration arrangements.

Deferred inflows of resources in governmental activities of \$10.7 billion were related to service concession arrangements (SCA) entered into by the Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) with non-state entities. This amount reflects the unamortized balance of up-front concession payments received and capital improvements acquired from these entities. Details of the state's SCA are disclosed in Note 26.

Deferred outflows of resources of \$198.1 million in governmental activities were related to losses TxDOT and Texas Public Finance Authority incurred in bond refunding transactions. TxDOT and several universities also had bond refunding transactions in fiscal 2017 in business-type activities for \$133.5 million in deferred outflows of resources related to losses.

Deferred inflows of resources in governmental activities of \$3.6 million was related to a gain TxDOT incurred on a bond refunding transaction. Several universities also reported \$10.8 million deferred inflows of resources related to bond refunding gains in businesstype activities.

Deferred inflows of resources of \$622.4 million in governmental funds were related to various types of revenues earned, but not available within 60 days of fiscal year-end.

The State implemented GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 in fiscal 2015. The State implemented GASB Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not Within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68 in fiscal 2017. As a result, in fiscal 2017, the state reported \$10.8 billion of deferred outflows of resources and \$4.8 billion of deferred inflows of resources related to pensions in governmental activities. The state also reported \$1.2 billion of deferred outflows of resources and \$625.9 million of deferred inflows of resources related to pensions in business-type activities. Details of the state's pensions are disclosed in Note 9.

# Note 28

### Nonexchange Financial Guarantees

The state of Texas has two active programs that extend nonexchange financial guarantees to other entities.

Article VII, Section 5 of the Texas Constitution and the Texas Education Code, Title 2, Subtitle I, Chapter 45 provides for the guarantee of school district bonds

by the permanent school fund (PSF). The PSF is also authorized for use to guarantee revenue bonds issued for certain open-enrollment charter schools designated by the commissioner of education. In the event of default by a school district or charter school district, funds may be withheld from state money payable to the district or school in an amount necessary for payment of principal and/or interest. Guarantees extend through maturity dates of the bonds. At this date, no school districts or charter school districts have defaulted on their guaranteed bond indebtedness. As of Aug. 31, 2017, the total principal debt guaranteed by the PSF on bond issues is approximately \$74.3 billion.

The Texas Credit Enhancement Program (TCEP) was established to provide a guarantee fund for issuing tax exempt revenue bonds to provide financing for the acquisition, construction, repair or renovation of Texas charter school facilities within federal program guidelines. A consortium consisting of the Texas Public Finance Authority Charter School Finance Corporation (CSFC), the Texas Charter Schools Association and Texas Education Agency was awarded a federal grant to create the guarantee fund. The CSFC is a nonprofit corporation, in which the directors are apppinted by the Texas Public Finance Authority (TPFA) in consultation with the commissioner of education and subject to the approval of the governor pursuant to section 53.351 of the Texas Education Code. TPFA provides administrative and staff support for CSFC. Reimbursement periods commence on the date of a guarantee payment and end 12 months following such payment. Borrowers will reimburse CSFC within the guarantee period by making level monthly principal repayments for each guaranty period during the reimbursement period. Guarantees extend through maturity dates of the bonds. At this date, no charter schools have defaulted on their guaranteed bond indebtedness. As of Aug. 31, 2017, \$4.4 million of available grant funds have been committed.

# Note 29

#### Tax Abatements

### **Facts and Assumptions**

The state of Texas provides tax abatements under the following programs: agriculture or timber programs, Research and Development Tax Credit Program (R&DTCP), Texas Data Center Sales Tax Exemption Program (TDCSTEP), Texas Enterprise Zone Program (TEZP) and Certified Rehabilitation of Certified Historic Structures Program (CRCHSP).

The state of Texas operates **agriculture or timber** programs that provide exemptions or refunds of state sales and use taxes paid for anyone producing agricultural or timber products for sale in the regular course of business. Producers are required to apply for an agricultural and timber registration number from the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts (Comptroller). These registration numbers are issued for four years and are used to purchase certain items used exclusively to produce agricultural and timber products for resale tax free. Purchases of qualified items are not subject to the state's sales and use tax of 6.25 percent. These programs are established under Texas Tax Code Sections 151.316, 151.3162 and 152.091. Motor vehicle sales and use taxes are exempted for registered producers on machines, trailers and semi-trailers used primarily for farming, ranching or timber operations. Amounts reported are estimated based on information reported to the U.S. Department of Agriculture and the Comptroller's office and adjusted for historical and forecasted annual rates of growth of Texas Agricultural Gross Domestic State Product. No other commitments are made by the state as part of these arrangements.

The **R&DTCP** encourages economic development in Texas related to research and development. Established in Texas Tax Code Sections 151.3182 and 171.654, the R&DTCP allows a person engaged in qualified research to claim either a sales and use tax exemption on the

purchase, lease, rental, storage or use of depreciable tangible personal property directly used in qualified research or a franchise tax credit on qualified research expenditures. A person cannot claim both the sales and use tax exemption and the franchise tax credit for the same period. The election to claim the sales and use tax exemption or take the franchise tax credit is not permanent and can be changed. Participants are required to register with the Comptroller's office as a research and development entity and are issued a Texas Qualified Research Registration Number. The franchise tax credit is generally equal to 5 percent of the difference between the qualified research expenses in the reporting year and 50 percent of the average qualified research expenses in the three preceding tax periods. Unused credits can be carried forward. Estimates for the amount of sales and use tax exempted through the R&DTCP are developed by the Comptroller's office by adjusting data reported to the National Science Foundation on funds spent for business research and development by companies in Texas for expenses exempt under other portions of state tax law and for expected growth. The legislation establishing the sales and use tax exemption and franchise tax credit for the R&DTCP expires Dec. 31, 2026. No other commitments are made by the state as part of these arrangements.

The **TDCSTEP** allows certified single-occupant data centers to be exempt from paying state sales and use tax on certain goods and services necessary and essential to the operation of a data center. The TDC-STEP is established under Texas Tax Code, Sections 151.359 and 151.3595. The exemptions equal the state sales and use tax rate of 6.25 percent on qualified purchases, are administered as an exemption of the tax liability at time of purchase or as a refund, and last for 10 to 15 years based on the amount of capital investment done by the data center within the first five years after certification. The data center owner, operator or occupant of a data center obtains exemptions through

application and require that the data center creates at least 20 qualifying jobs and make or agree to make capital investments of at least 200 million in the applicant data center over a five year period beginning on the date the data center is certified by the Comptroller's office as a qualifying data center. The Comptroller's office will review job information annually until it is verified that each qualifying job has been retained at least five years. If the qualifying owner, operator or occupant of a qualifying data center fails to meet one or more of the certification requirements, the Comptroller's office will terminate the data center's certification and revoke all related qualifying owner, operator or occupant registration numbers. Each person who has his or her registration number revoked is liable for the state sales and use tax, including penalty and interest from the date of purchase, on all tax-free purchases made under the qualified data center exemption. The Comptroller's office will audit each qualifying data center at its five-year anniversary to verify that terms of the agreement have been met. No other commitments are made by the state as part of these arrangements.

The **TEZP** allows local communities to partner with the state of Texas to encourage job creation and capital investment in economically distressed areas. Local communities can nominate a new or expanding business as an "enterprise project". Approved projects are eligible to apply for state sales and use tax refunds on qualified expenditures. The level and amount of refund depends on the capital investment and jobs created at the qualified business site. The program is established under Texas Tax Code, Chapter 151.429 and administered by the Office of the Governor. The abatements last from one to five years, in addition to a 90-day window prior to the application date. Employment and capital investment commitments must be incurred and met within this time period. Rebates can range from \$25,000 for a project investing \$40,000 in capital and creating 10 jobs, up to \$3.75 million for a

project investing \$250 million in capital and creating 500 or more jobs. Generally small projects can receive a maximum refund of \$2,500 per job created, larger projects can receive a maximum refund of \$5,000 per job created, and the largest jobs can receive \$7,500 per job created. The nominating community files the TEZP application on behalf of the companies receiving the refunds. The refund provided by this program is conditioned on the enterprise project maintaining at least the same level of employment of qualified employees as existed at the time it qualified for the refund for a period of three years from that date. The Comptroller's office shall annually certify whether that level of employment of qualified employees has been maintained. On certifying that such level has not been maintained, the Comptroller's office shall assess that portion of the refund attributable to any such decrease in employment, including penalty and interest from the date of the refund. In addition to these rebates, qualified hotel projects within approved enterprise zones can receive refunds of state sales and use taxes paid or collected by the hotel during the first ten years after the project is open for initial occupancy. The hotel can also receive a refund of all hotel occupancy taxes collected for the first 10 years after the project is open for initial occupancy. No other commitments are made by the state as part of these arrangements.

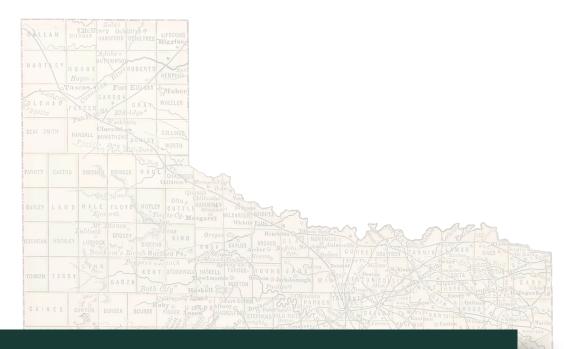
The **CRCHSP** allows an entity to earn a franchise tax credit for expenses incurred for the rehabilitation of a certified historic structure in which the entity has an ownership interest, in the year during which the structure is placed in service after the rehabilitation and the certified cost and expenses incurred exceed \$5,000. The program is established in Texas Tax Code Section 171.904-171.909. In order to earn credits, the entity must acquire a certificate of eligibility from the Texas Historical Commission. The amount of credit is limited to 25 percent of the total eligible cost and expenses incurred. The amount of the credit claimed may not

exceed the amount of franchise tax due that tax period. An entity may carry unused credits forward no more than five years. An entity that has established eligibility may assign or sell credits to another entity. No other commitments are made by the state as part of these arrangements.

Information relevant to the disclosure of these programs for the fiscal year ended Aug. 31, 2017, is in table 29A.

Tax Abatement Programs		
Table 29A		
(In Thousands)		
Tax Exemptions for Agriculture		
Agricultural Machinery and Equipment	Sales and Use Tax	\$113,900
Agricultural Products Not Covered by Blanket Exemptions	Sales and Use Tax	91,099
Timber Products	Sales and Use Tax	30,849
Farm or Timber Use Motor Vehicle	Motor Vehicle Sales Tax	33,795
Research and Development Tax Credit Program		
Credits	Franchise Tax	170,566
Exemptions	Sales and Use Tax	149,100
Texas Data Center Program	Sales and Use Tax	78,379
Texas Enterprise Zone Program		
Refunds	Sales and Use Tax	55,139
Refunds	Hotel Occupancy Tax	10,393
Certified Rehabilitation of Certified Historic Structures	Franchise Tax	36,596

The state is not subject to tax abatements created by governments at the federal or local level.



Section Two (continued)

# **Required Supplementary Information Other Than MD&A**

## **Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund**

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Budgetary Amounts		Actual Amounts Budgetary	Final to Actual
	Original	Final	Basis	Variance
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$46,943,636	\$46,943,636	\$44,856,562	\$(2,087,074)
Federal	30,172,197	35,977,211	38,614,882	2,637,671
Licenses, Fees and Permits	2,656,774	2,771,699	2,966,989	195,290
Interest and Other Investment Income	178,061	182,125	110,320	(71,805)
Land Income	31,657	32,401	19,869	(12,532)
Settlement of Claims	537,554	538,104	502,650	(35,454)
Sales of Goods and Services	1,195,674	1,787,470	3,077,806	1,290,336
Other	5,392,699	5,498,919	5,357,887	(141,032)
Total Revenues	87,108,252	93,731,565	95,506,965	1,775,400
EXPENDITURES				
General Government	4,654,489	3,699,145	2,788,126	911,019
Education	27,301,187	28,084,280	26,046,473	2,037,807
Employee Benefits	2,133,445	43,808	2,191	41,617
Teacher Retirement Benefits	2,127,058	2,127,058	2,148,958	(21,900)
Health and Human Services	42,467,523	50,413,054	53,578,993	(3,165,939)
Public Safety and Corrections	5,171,207	6,649,126	6,244,864	404,262
Transportation	301,038	302,707	51,473	251,234
Natural Resources and Recreation	1,612,862	2,079,668	1,996,473	83,195
Regulatory Services	281,750	376,142	357,626	18,516
Total Expenditures	86,050,559	93,774,988	93,215,177	559,811
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	1,057,693	(43,423)	2,291,788	2,335,211
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfer In	1,566,082	1,198,882	3,083,126	1,884,244
Transfer Out	(4,617,676)	(5,089,891)	(7,879,077)	(2,789,186)
Sale of Capital Assets	7,328	7,626	14,560	6,934
Insurance Recoveries	814	928	9,875	8,947
Available Beginning Balances	10,217,894	7,858,745	6,800,522	(1,058,223)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	7,174,442	3,976,290	2,029,006	(1,947,284)
Excess of Revenues and Other				
Financing Sources Over Expenditures				
and Other Financing Uses	\$ 8,232,135	\$ 3,932,867	\$ 4,320,794	\$ 387,927

# **Budgetary Comparison Schedule** Major Special Revenue Fund – State Highway Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Budgetary Amounts		Actual Amounts Budgetary	Final to Actual
	Original	Final	Basis	Variance
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 2,645,747	\$ 2,645,747	\$ 2,674,080	\$ 28,333
Federal	4,791,707	4,791,707	3,900,295	(891,412)
Licenses, Fees and Permits	1,576,239	1,576,340	1,570,807	(5,533)
Interest and Other Investment Income	16,068	16,068	56,753	40,685
Land Income	11,315	11,315	13,222	1,907
Settlement of Claims	1,000	1,000	28,215	27,215
Sales of Goods and Services	166,692	171,192	12,177	(159,015)
Other	129,977	130,226	67,440	(62,786)
Total Revenues	9,338,745	9,343,595	8,322,989	(1,020,606)
EXPENDITURES				
General Government		687	512	175
Employee Benefits	105,216			
Public Safety and Corrections			574	(574)
Transportation	9,249,669	10,167,916	9,489,460	678,456
Regulatory Services			1,630	(1,630)
Total Expenditures	9,354,885	10,168,603	9,492,176	676,427
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(16,140)	(825,008)	(1,169,187)	(344,179)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfer In	594,182	594,182	943,558	349,376
Transfer Out			(532,259)	(532,259)
Sale of Capital Assets	5,085	5,085	8,469	3,384
Insurance Recoveries	275	275		(275)
Available Beginning Balances	4,039,338	3,939,082	4,035,032	95,950
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	4,638,880	4,538,624	4,454,800	(83,824)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other				
Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures				
and Other Financing Uses	\$ 4,622,740	\$ 3,713,616	\$3,285,613	\$ (428,003)

### **Note to Budgetary Comparison** Schedule

The budgetary comparison schedule presents comparisons of the legally adopted budget with actual data on a budgetary basis. Since accounting principles applied for purposes of developing data on a budgetary basis differ significantly from those used to present financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), a reconciliation of these differences is presented in table RSI-1.

Reconciliation of Budgetary Basis to Table RSI-1 August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)	o GAAP E	Basis
	General Fund	State Highway Fund
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses – Actual Budgetary Basis	\$ 4,320,794	\$3,285,613
Basis of Accounting Differences: Receivables and Unearned Revenues Payables	710,400 (900,076)	(71,305) (69,030)
Perspective Differences: Beginning Cash Balances Reported as Other Financing Sources Revenues and Other Financing Sources Not Budgeted Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Not Budgeted	(6,800,522) 470,308 (452,458)	(4,035,032) 1,088,227 (213,348)
Deficiency of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Under Expenditures and Other Financing Uses – GAAP Basis	\$(2,651,554)	\$ (14,875)

The major reconciling items between the budgetary comparison schedule actual and the GAAP financial statements are:

• Basis of Accounting Differences: Revenues and expenditures are reported on the cash basis of accounting in the budgetary comparison schedule but are reported on the modified accrual basis on the GAAP financial statements. Therefore, unearned revenues, receivables and payables are included as reconciling items.

- Perspective Differences: Certain revenues and expenditures, including debt service and the disproportionate share portion of the Federal Medical Assistance program are not budgeted by the Texas Legislature. The activity for these programs is excluded from the budgetary comparison schedule.
- The beginning cash balances are included as other financing sources in the budgetary comparison schedule. The beginning fund balances

are not included as financing sources on the GAAP financial statements.

### **Excess of Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures over Final Budget**

General fund - The \$3.2 billion variance in health and human services is the result of increased expenditures made from the excess of federal revenues received over estimates by agencies in this particular function. The \$21.9 million variance in teacher retirement benefits results from prior year contributions/allocations reappropriated in fiscal year 2017 as stipulated by legislation.

#### Major special revenue fund - state highway fund -

The \$600 thousand variance in public safety and corrections and the \$1.6 million variance in regulatory services are the result of expenditures made from available beginning cash balance in the fund.

### **Basis of Budgeting**

The state's budget is prepared on a cash basis. The Texas Constitution limits appropriation bills to two years. The Legislative Budget Board (LBB) is required by statute to adopt an estimated rate of growth for the next biennium and calculate a limit on the amount of state tax revenue, not dedicated by the Texas Constitution that is available for spending in the next biennium. If the Texas Legislature, by adoption of a resolution approved by a record vote of a majority of the members of each house, finds that an emergency exists and identifies the nature of the emergency, the Texas Legislature may provide appropriations in excess of the adopted limit. The Governor's Budget Office and LBB initiate the process by submitting budget requests to the Texas Legislature. At final passage of the General Appropriations Act (GAA) by the Texas Legislature, it is sent to the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts (Comptroller) for certification. If the Comptroller's office certifies that appropriated amounts are available in the affected funds, the bill is sent to the governor. If not certified, the Texas Legislature may pass the bill with a four-fifths majority vote. The governor has the option of vetoing the total bill or specific lineitem appropriations, but does not have the authority to reduce an item of appropriation. Upon approval by the governor, the bill becomes law and is the budget authority for state agencies to spend state funds. The Comptroller's office is responsible for controlling, accounting and reporting expenditures in accordance with the expenditure budgets.

### **Legal Level of Budgetary Control**

The Texas Constitution requires the Comptroller's office to submit a Biennial Revenue Estimate to the Texas Legislature prior to each regular session. This document

contains an itemized estimate of beginning cash balances, anticipated revenues based on laws then in effect and estimated expenditures from prior appropriations. The Texas Constitution also requires the Comptroller's office to submit supplementary revenue estimates at any special session of the Texas Legislature and at other necessary times to show probable changes.

The level of legal control for the budget is established at the strategy line item level by agency. For example, Highway Patrol and Vehicle Inspection Program are two of the strategies for the Texas Department of Public Safety. The legal level of budgetary control is defined as the level at which the governing body must approve any over-expenditure of appropriations or transfers of appropriated amounts. Agencies are authorized limited transfer authority between strategies, not to exceed 20 percent, by the GAA. Transfers and expenditures are monitored against the original budget by the Comptroller's office to ensure the agency's authorized budget is not exceeded.

The level of legal control for all agencies is documented in the Appropriation Summary Report, which is available by request from the Comptroller's office. This separate document includes budget and actual data by appropriation line item for each state agency. State agencies cannot exceed approved appropriations. In certain emergency situations, the governor may authorize additional appropriations from deficiency and emergency appropriation reserves. Unexpended appropriations generally lapse 60 days after the fiscal year unless they are encumbered during the 60-day lapse period. Other appropriations referred to as reappropriated unexpended balances represent the continuation of a prior year's balances for completion of a program.

### **Schedules of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios**

For each of the fiscal years presented, the measurement date for the information on the schedules of changes in net pension liability and related ratios was the prior fiscal year-end.

The schedules of changes in net pension liability and related ratios for the state's Employees Retirement System of Texas Plan (ERS Plan), Law Enforcement and Custodial Officer Supplemental Retirement Plan (LECOS Plan) and Judicial Retirement System of Texas Plan Two (JRS2 Plan) are presented in tables RSI-2, RSI-3 and RSI-4, respectively:

### **Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios**

### **Employees Retirement System** of Texas Plan

Table RSI-2

(Amounts in Thousands)

	2017	2016	2015
Total Pension Liability			
Service Cost	\$ 1,146,791	\$ 1,231,203	\$ 1,139,451
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	2,522,625	2,373,850	2,324,180
Benefit Changes	0	(87,835)	0
Difference between Expected and Actual			
Experience of the Total Pension Liability	133,557	(284,751)	(252,967)
Assumption Changes*	5,301,965	(3,429,167)	1,199,067
Benefit Payments and Refunds	(2,147,307)	(2,049,291)	(1,963,481)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	6,957,631	(2,245,991)	2,446,250
Total Pension Liability – Beginning	37,264,926	39,510,917	37,064,667
Total Pension Liability – Ending	\$44,222,557	\$37,264,926	\$39,510,917
Dian Fiduciano Nat Basisian			
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 686.763	\$ 500,395	\$ 482.239
Contributions – Employer Contributions – Member	+,	\$ 500,395 462,160	\$ 482,239 430,595
Pension Plan Net Investment Income	674,678	56.941	3,252,417
Benefit Payments and Refunds	1,273,413	(2,049,291)	(1,963,481)
Pension Plan Administrative Expense	(2,147,307) (20,449)	(21,840)	(20,195)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	467.098	(1,051,635)	2,181,575
Net Change in Flan Fluuciary Net Fosition	407,098	(1,031,033)	2,101,373
Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Beginning	23,998,482	25,050,117	22,868,542
Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Ending	\$24,465,580	\$23,998,482	\$25,050,117
Net Pension Liability – Beginning	13,266,444	14,460,800	14,196,125
Net Pension Liability – Ending	\$19,756,977	\$13,266,444	\$14,460,800
	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage			
of Total Pension Liability	55.32%	64.40%	63.40%
Covered Payroll**	\$ 6,742,143	\$ 6,150,195	\$ 5,955,461
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of			
Covered Payroll	293.04%	215.71%	242.82%

- The change in the total pension liability due to the change in the single discount rate is included as an assumption change.
- \*\* The covered payroll is the payroll on which contributions to pension plan are based for the measurement period.
- \*\*\* This schedule is intended to present 10 years of information. Currently only three years of information is available. Information for future years will be added when it becomes available.

# **Schedule of Changes in Net Pension** Liability and Related Ratios\*\*\*

### **Law Enforcement and Custodial Officer Supplemental Retirement Plan**

Table RSI-3

(Amounts in Thousands)

	2017		2016		2015
Total Pension Liability					
Service Cost	\$ 71	,429 \$	57,459	\$	54,528
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	88	,410	87,222		88,025
Difference between Expected and Actual					
Experience of the Total Pension Liability		,657)	(9,640)		(76,585)
Assumption Changes*		,371	148,114		68,228
Benefit Payments and Refunds		,540)	(61,344)		(57,147)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	449	,013	221,811		77,049
Total Pension Liability – Beginning	1,764	789	1,542,978		1,465,929
Total Pension Liability – Ending	\$ 2,213		1,764,789		1,542,978
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Plan Fiduciary Net Position					
Contributions – Employer	\$ 27	.497 \$	26,728	\$	27.758
Contributions – Member	. 9	539	8,376		8,180
Pension Plan Net Investment Income	44	,831	1,918		111,741
Benefit Payments and Refunds	(64	,540)	(61,344)		(57,147)
Pension Plan Administrative Expense	(1	,421)	(1,412)		(1,324)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	15	,906	(25,734)		89,208
Dien Fiduciem Net Position Position	944	1.42	960 977		790 660
Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Beginning Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Ending		,143 \$	869,877 844,143	\$	780,669 869,877
Fian Fluuciary Net Position - Enumy	\$ 600	,049 \$	044,143	Ф	809,877
Net Pension Liability – Beginning	920	,646	673,101		685,260
Net Pension Liability – Ending	\$ 1,353	,753 \$	920,646	\$	673,101
,				_	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage					
of Total Pension Liability	38	.85%	47.83%		56.38%
Covered Payroll**	\$ 1,725	,880 \$	1,506,028	\$	1,496,013
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of					
Covered Payroll	78	.44%	61.13%		44.99%

- The change in the total pension liability due to the change in the single discount rate is included as an assumption change.
- \*\* The covered payroll is the payroll on which contributions to pension plan are based for the
- \*\*\* This schedule is intended to present 10 years of information. Currently only three years of information is available. Information for future years will be added when it becomes available.

# **Schedule of Changes in Net Pension** Liability and Related Ratios\*\*\*

### **Judicial Retirement System of Texas, Plan Two**

Table RSI-4

(Amounts in Thousands)

		2017		2016		2015
Total Pension Liability						
Service Cost	\$	19,429	\$	16,244	\$	17,805
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		30,980		30,786		28,004
Difference between Expected and Actual						
Experience of the Total Pension Liability		(5,833)		(10,067)		(640)
Assumption Changes*		23,396		35,653		(25,924)
Benefit Payments and Refunds		(21,154)		(19,238)		(16,420)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		46,818		53,378		2,825
Total Pension Liability – Beginning		439,664		386,286		383,461
Total Pension Liability – Ending	\$	486,482	\$	439,664	\$	386,286
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	_		_		_	
Contributions – Employer	\$	12,374	\$	12,457	\$	12,211
Contributions – Member		5,754		5,465		5,195
Pension Plan Net Investment Income		19,862		820		46,186
Benefit Payments and Refunds		(21,155)		(19,238)		(16,420)
Pension Plan Administrative Expense		(225)		(284)		(267)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		16,610		(780)		46,905
Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Beginning		364,510		365,290		318,385
Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Ending	\$	381,120	\$	364,510	\$	365,290
				-		
Net Pension Liability – Beginning		75,154		20,996		65,076
Net Pension Liability – Ending	\$	105,362	\$	75,154	\$	20,996
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage						
of Total Pension Liability		78.34%		82.91%		94.56%
Covered Payroll**	\$	78,261	\$	77,501	\$	77,441
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of						
Covered Payroll		134.63%		96.97%		27.11%

- The change in the total pension liability due to the change in the single discount rate is included as an assumption change.
- The covered payroll is the payroll on which contributions to pension plan are based for the measurement period.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> This schedule is intended to present 10 years of information. Currently only three years of information is available. Information for future years will be added when it becomes available.

### **Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability and Related Ratios**

The measurement date for the information on the schedule of changes in total pension liability and related ratios was the prior fiscal year-end.

The schedule of changes in total pension liability and related ratios for the state's Judicial Retirement System Plan One (JRS1 Plan) is presented in table RSI-5.

## **Schedule of Changes in Total Pension** Liability and Related Ratios\*\*\*, \*\*\*\*

### **Judicial Retirement System of Texas,** Plan One

#### Table RSI-5

(Amounts in Thousands)

	2017	
Total Pension Liability		
Service Cost	\$	357
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		11,265
Difference between Expected and Actual		
Experience of the Total Pension Liability		5,488
Assumption Changes**		26,760
Benefit Payments and Refunds	(2	25,536)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		18,334
Total Pension Liability – Beginning	30	09,710
Total Pension Liability – Ending	\$ 32	28,044
Covered Payroll*	\$	577
Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of	Ψ	5.7
Covered Payroll	56,89	91.02%

- The covered payroll is the actual annual payroll for the fiscal year as reported by ERS.
- The change in the total pension liability due to the change in the single discount rate is included as an assumption change.
- \*\*\* There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 73 to pay related benefits.
- \*\*\*\* This schedule is intended to present 10 years of information. Currently only one year of information is available. Information for future years will be added when it becomes available.

### **Schedules of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability**

For each of the fiscal years presented, the measurement date for the information on the schedules of proportionate share of net pension liability was the prior fiscal year-end.

The schedules of proportionate share of the net pension liability for the state's Teacher Retirement System of Texas Plan (TRS Plan) for the state as an employer and as a non-employer contributing entity are presented in tables RSI-6 and RSI-7, respectively.

### **Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability**\*\*

### **Teacher Retirement System of Texas Plan**

### State as Employer

Table RSI-6

(Amounts in Thousands)

	2017	2016	2015
State's proportion of the net pension lliability	14.86%	14.11%	16.97%
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability*	\$5,615,188	\$4,989,195	\$4,534,735
State's covered payroll	\$6,054,185	\$5,426,660	\$6,221,452
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	92.75%	91.94%	72.89%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	78.00%	78.43%	83.25%

<sup>\*</sup> The state's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the state as an employer consists of \$1,245,414 reported in governmental activity and \$4,369,774 reported in business-type activity.

### **Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability**\*

### **Teacher Retirement System of** Texas Plan

# **State as Non-Employer Contributing Entity**

(Amounts in Thousands)

( ,	2017	2016	2015
State's proportion of the net pension lliability	52.74%	53.75%	60.37%
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 19,929,042	\$ 18,998,983	\$ 16,129,760
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	78.00%	78.43%	83.25%

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is intended to present 10 years of information. Currently only three years of information is available. Information for future years will be added when it becomes available.

The schedule of proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Texas Emergency Services Retirement System Plan (TESRS Plan) for the state as a non-employer contributing entity is presented in table RSI-8.

### **Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability**

### **Texas Emergency Services Retirement System Plan**

#### **State as Non-Employer Contributing Entity** Table RSI-8

(Amounts in Thousands)

	2017	2016	2015
State's proportion of the net pension liability	34.57%	34.66%	33.79%
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$10,070	\$9,252	\$6,140
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	76.3%	76.9%	83.5%

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is intended to present 10 years of information. Currently only three years of information is available. Information for future years will be added when it becomes available.

<sup>\*\*</sup> This schedule is intended to present 10 years of information. Currently only three years of information is available. Information for future years will be added when it becomes available.

### **Schedules of Employer Contributions**

The information on the schedules of employer contributions was determined as of the end of the fiscal years presented.

The schedules of employer contributions comparing the actuarially determined contributions and the contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the actuarially determined contributions for the state's ERS, LECOS and JRS2 Plans are presented in tables RSI-9, RSI-10 and RSI-11, respectively.

### Schedule of Employer Contributions<sup>4</sup> **Employees Retirement System of Texas Plan**

Table RSI-9

(Amounts in Thousands)

	2017	2016	2015	2014
Actuarially determined contributions	\$ 713,528	\$ 679,806	\$ 737,111	\$ 727,892
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	700,078	686,763	500,395	482,239
Contribution deficiency (excess)	13,450	(6,957)	236,716	245,653
Covered payroll	6,859,707	6,742,143	6,150,195	5,955,461
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	10.21%	10.19%	8.14%	8.10%

#### **Notes to Schedule of Contributions**

Valuation Date Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of Aug. 31

of the fiscal year.

A new set of assumptions were adopted for the Aug. 31, 2017 actuarial valuation and will be first reflected for the actuarially determined employer contribution (ADEC) determined for the fiscal year ending 2018.

#### Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Percentage of Payroll, Open

Remaining Amortization Period

Asset Valuation Method 20% of market plus 80% of expected actuarial value

Inflation 3.5% Salary Increases 0% to 11.5% 8.0% Investment Rate of Return

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the class of employee.

Last updated for the 2013 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the five-year period from Sept. 1, 2006 through Aug. 31, 2011.

Mortality 1994 Group Annuity Mortality with no setback for males and

set forward two years for females. Generational mortality improvements

in accordance with Scale AA are projected from the year 2000.

#### Other Information:

- 1. Actuarially determined contributions are adjusted for actual payroll and administrative expenses.
- 2. Members and employers contribute based on statutorily fixed rates.
- 3. The covered payroll is the payroll on which contributions to pension plan are based for the fiscal year being reported.
- 4. This schedule is intended to present 10 years of information. Currently only four years of information is available. Information for future years will be added when it becomes available.

### Schedule of Employer Contributions<sup>4</sup> **Law Enforcement and Custodial Officer Supplemental Retirement Plan**

#### Table RSI-10

(Amounts in Thousands)

	2017	2016	2015	2014
Actuarially determined contributions	\$ 45,332	\$ 43,167	\$ 38,131	\$ 40,205
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	26,583	27,497	26,728	27,758
Contribution deficiency	18,749	15,670	11,403	12,447
Covered payroll	1,746,349	1,725,880	1,506,028	1,496,013
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.52%	1.59%	1.77%	1.86%

#### **Notes to Schedule of Contributions**

**Valuation Date** Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated based on

the actuarial valuation at the beginning of the fiscal year.

A new set of assumptions were adopted for the Aug. 31, 2017 actuarial valuation and will be first reflected for the ADEC determined for the fiscal year ending 2018.

#### **Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates**

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Level Percentage of Payroll, Open Amortization Method

Remaining Amortization Period

20% of market plus 80% of expected actuarial value Asset Valuation Method

Inflation 3.5% 5% to 11.5% Salary Increases Investment Rate of Return 8.0%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility

condition. Last updated for the 2013 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the five-year period from Sept. 1, 2006 through Aug. 31, 2011.

Mortality 1994 Group Annuity Mortality with no setback for males and

set forward two years for females. Generational mortality improvements

in accordance with Scale AA are projected from the year 2000.

- 1. Actuarially determined contributions are adjusted for actual payroll and administrative expenses.
- 2. Members and employers contribute based on statutorily fixed rates.
- 3. The covered payroll is the payroll on which contributions to pension plan are based for the
- 4. This schedule is intended to present 10 years of information. Currently only four years of information is available. Information for future years will be added when it becomes available.

### Schedule of Employer Contributions<sup>4</sup> **Judicial Retirement System of Texas Plan Two**

Table RSI-11

(Amounts in Thousands)

	2017	2016	2015	2014
Actuarially determined contributions	\$12,444	\$12,896	\$ 13,107	\$13,449
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	12,494	12,374	12,457	12,211
Contribution deficiency	(50)	522	650	1,238
Covered payroll	78,190	78,261	77,501	77,441
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.98%	15.81%	16.07%	15.77%

#### **Notes to Schedule of Contributions**

**Valuation Date** Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated based on

the actuarial valuation at the beginning of the fiscal year.

A new set of assumptions were adopted for the Aug. 31, 2017 actuarial valuation and will be first reflected for the ADEC determined for the fiscal

year ending 2018.

#### Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Percentage of Payroll, Open

Remaining Amortization Period 31 years

Asset Valuation Method 20% of market plus 80% of expected actuarial value

Inflation 3.5% 3.5% Salary Increases Investment Rate of Return 8.0%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition.

Last updated for the 2013 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the five-year

period from Sept. 1, 2006 through Aug. 31, 2011.

Mortality 1994 Group Annuity Mortality with no setback for males and

set forward two years for females. Generational mortality improvements

in accordance with Scale AA are projected from the year 2000.

#### Other Information:

- 1. Actuarially determined contributions are adjusted for actual payroll and administrative expenses.
- 2. Members and employers contribute based on statutorily fixed rates.
- 3. The covered payroll is the payroll on which contributions to pension plan are based for the fiscal year being reported.
- 4. This schedule is intended to present 10 years of information. Currently only four years of information is available. Information for future years will be added when it becomes available.

The schedules of employer contributions comparing the statutorily required contributions and the contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily required contributions for the state's TRS Plan for the state as an employer and as a non-employer contributing entity are presented in tables RSI-12 and RSI-13, respectively.

Schedule of Employer Contr	ibutions <sup>*</sup>
Teacher Retirement System Texas Plan	of
State as Employer Table RSI-12	
(Amounts in Thousands)	

	2017	2016	2015	2014
Statutorily required contributions	\$495,500	\$466,216	\$417,698	\$430,321
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contributions	495,500	466,216	417,698	430,321
Contribution deficiency (excess)	0	0	0	0
Covered payroll	6,257,506	5,750,539	5,408,293	6,221,452
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	7.92%	8.11%	7.72%	6.92%

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is intended to present 10 years of information. Currently only four years of information is available. Information for future years will be added when it becomes available.

# Schedule of Employer Contributions\*

### **Teacher Retirement System of Texas Plan**

### **State as Non-Employer Contributing Entity**

(Amounts in Thousands)

	2017	2016	2015	2014
Statutorily required contributions	\$1,697,963	\$1,675,631	\$1,591,483	\$1,530,624
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contributions	1,697,963	1,675,631	1,591,483	1,530,624
Contribution deficiency (excess)	0	0	0	0

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is intended to present 10 years of information. Currently only four years of information is available. Information for future years will be added when it becomes available.

The schedule of contributions comparing the statutorily required contributions and the contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily required contributions for TESRS plan for the state as a non-employer contributing entity is presented in table RSI-14.

# Schedule of Employer Contributions

### **Texas Emergency Services Retirement System Plan**

### **State as Non-Employer Contributing Entity**

Table RSI-14

(Amounts in Thousands)

	2017*	2016	2015	2014
Statutorily required contributions	\$1,584	\$1,584	\$1,637	\$1,530
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contributions	1,584	1,584	1,637	1,530
Contribution deficiency (excess)	0	0	0	0

<sup>\*</sup> Texas Emergency Services Retirement System was appropriated \$1,584 in each fiscal year of the 2016-17 biennium.

<sup>\*\*</sup> This schedule is intended to present 10 years of information. Currently only four years of information is available. Information for future years will be added when it becomes available.

# **Schedules of Funding Progress**

The schedule of funding progress for the state's other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans for the three most recent actuarial valuations are presented in table RSI-15.

Amounts in		·	Actuarial				UAAL
Actuarial Valuation Date		Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded AAL (b) - (a)	Funded Ratio (a)/(b)	Covered Payroll (c)	as a Percentage of Covered Payrol ((b-a)/c)
JT Svstem Em	avolar	e Group Insu	rance Program (U	ΓPlan)			
12/31/15	\$	0	\$ 8,584,045	\$ 8,584,045	0.0%	\$ 5,948,245	144.3%
12/31/14	·	0	8,274,414	8,274,414	0.0%	5,842,410	141.6%
12/31/12		0	6,939,197	6,939,197	0.0%	5,674,298	122.3%
A&M Care Hea	lth an	d Life Plan (/	A&M Plan)				
09/01/16	\$	0	\$ 2,548,478	\$ 2,548,478	0.0%	\$ 1,607,611	158.5%
09/01/14		0	2,002,649	2,002,649	0.0%	1,440,510	139.0%
09/01/13		0	2,056,249	2,056,249	0.0%	1,176,080	174.8%
RS State Reti	iree H	ealth Plan (SI	RHP)*				
08/31/17	\$	709,783	\$29,720,305	\$29,010,522	2.4%	\$11,745,310	247.0%
08/31/16		0	27,091,372	27,091,372	0.0%	11,786,869	229.8%
08/31/15		0	25,740,698	25,740,698	0.0%	11,176,584	230.3%
TRS-Care*							
08/31/17	\$	399,536	\$43,885,785	\$43,486,249	0.9%	\$32,806,335	132.6%
08/31/16		641,486	50,198,450	49,556,964	1.3%	32,891,775	150.7%
08/31/15		972,919	44,203,329	43,230,410	2.2%	31,254,028	138.3%

### Schedules of Employer Contributions

The schedule of contributions from the employer and other contributing entities for ERS and TRS OPEB plans for the three most recent actuarial valuations are presented in table RSI-16.

### Schedule of Contributions from Employers and Other Contributing Entities

Table RSI-16

(Amounts in Thousands)

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual Required Contributions	From State	From Reporting Entities	On-behalf from Federal Government	Total Contributions	Percentage Contributed
ERS State Re	tiree Health Plan (	SRHP)*				
2017	\$ 2,317,585	\$ 935,169	\$	\$ 73,120	\$ 1,008,289	43.51%
2016	2,298,514	663,987		69,186	733,173	31.90%
2015	2,160,951	612,769		86,054	698,823	32.34%
TRS-Care*						
2017	\$ 4,228,737	\$ 319,320	\$ 215,361	\$ 101,719	\$ 636,400	15.05%
2016	3,853,953	297,071	212,936	124,740	634,747	16.47%
2015	2,357,011	1,049,199	202,976	126,807	1,378,982	58.51%

<sup>\*</sup> SRHP and TRS-Care are multiple-employer, cost-sharing plans. Amounts in this table represent the plan total, not the proportionate share of the state of Texas

### **Significant Factors Affecting** the Comparability of Amounts Reported

#### **Pension Plans**

The state implemented GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, in fiscal 2015. The state implemented GASB Statement No. 82, Pension Issues—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73 in fiscal 2017. Paragraph 7 of GASB Statement No. 82 is not applicable to the state. All pension schedules related to ERS, LECOS, JRS2, TRS, and TESRS Plans present information in accordance with the GASB Statement No. 68 and 82 standards. The state implemented GASB Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope

of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68 in fiscal 2017. Pension schedule for JRS1 Plan presents information in accordance with GASB Statement No. 73. There is no change in the actuarial methods and assumptions used to develop the required contributions in the schedules of employer contributions for the ERS, LECOS and IRS2 Plan since fiscal 2015.

There have been no changes in the actuarial assumptions and methods since the prior valuation for TRS Plan.

For the JRS1 Plan, membership continues to decrease as a result of new judicial officers participating in JRS2 Plan.

#### **OPEB Plans**

The Required Supplementary Information requirements in GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment

Benefits Other Than Pensions, were applied for each plan. The Employees Retirement System of Texas (ERS) and Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) implemented GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, in fiscal 2017. However, the state continues to follow GASB Statement No. 45 until the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, in fiscal 2018. The following disclosures are organized by OPEB plan administrator.

### **University of Texas and Texas A&M University Systems**

The University of Texas System (UT) and the Texas A&M University System (A&M) opted to perform actuarial valuations of their respective OPEB plans on a biennial basis rather than on an annual basis starting with fiscal 2012. A new valuation was performed on Dec. 31, 2015 and Sept. 1, 2016 for UT and A&M respectively. However, some significant changes occurred after UT's Dec. 31, 2014 valuation that will affect the results of the 2014 valuation; therefore, a full valuation was performed as of Dec. 31, 2015 again for the UT Plan.

The following methods and assumptions were modified since the prior valuation of the UT Plan:

- · The assumed salary increase, mortality rate, termination, disability and retirement were updated to be consistent with the assumptions used by the TRS retirement plan actuary. These assumptions were updated by the TRS actuary in fiscal 2015 to reflect the results of a recent experience study.
- The discount rate was updated to reflect a change in the investment policies of the assets of the employer and to reflect changes in expected returns of the various asset classes that comprise the assets of the employer.

- The Assumed Per Capita Health Benefit Costs and Assumed Expenses for retirees and dependents have been updated to reflect claims and expense experience in the 12 months following the date as of which the prior valuation assumptions were determined.
- The Assumed Per Capita Health Benefit Costs reflect the impact of benefit changes that occurred on Sept. 1, 2016 and will occur on Jan. 1, 2017.
- The Assumed Per Capita Health Benefit Costs reflect the implementation of Employer Group Waiver Plan (EGWP) plus Wrap prescription drug coverage for Medicare primary participants effective Jan. 1, 2017.
- The Health Benefit Cost Trend has been updated to reflect changes in short-term expectations of the annual rate of increase of the Assumed Per Capita Health Benefit Costs.

The following methods and assumptions were modified since the prior valuation of the A&M Plan:

- · The assumed salary increase, mortality rate, termination, disability and retirement were updated to be consistent with the assumptions used by the TRS retirement plan actuary. These assumptions were updated by the TRS actuary in fiscal 2015 to reflect the results of a recent experience study.
- The discount rate was updated to reflect changes in expected returns of the various asset classes that comprise the assets of the employer.
- The Assumed Per Capita Health Benefit Costs and Assumed Expenses for retirees and dependents have been updated to reflect claims and expense experience in the 24 months following the date as of which the prior valuation's assumptions were determined.

• The Health Benefit Cost Trend has been updated to reflect changes in short-term expectations of the annual rate of increase of the Assumed Per Capita Health Benefit Costs.

### **Employees Retirement System** of Texas

ERS performed an annual actuarial valuation for its OPEB plan – State Retiree Health Plan (SRHP). The state reported SRHP based on its Aug. 31, 2017 actuarial valuation report. The following methods and assumptions were modified since the prior valuation of SRHP:

- Demographic assumptions (including rates of retirement, disability, termination, and mortality, assumed salary increases and assumed age differences for future retirees and their spouses for select classes of state agency employees), assumed aggregate payroll increases and the assumed rate of general inflation have been updated to reflect assumptions recently adopted by the ERS Trustees. These new assumptions were adopted to reflect an experience study on the ERS retirement plan performed by the ERS retirement plan actuary.
- Assumed Expenses, assumed Per Capita Health Benefit Costs and assumed Health Benefit Cost, Retiree Contribution and Expense trends have been updated to reflect recent experience and its effects on our short-term expectations and the revised assumed rate of general inflation.
- The percentage of current retirees and their spouses not yet eligible to participate in the HealthSelect Medicare Advantage Plan and future retirees and their spouses who will elect to participate in the plan at the earliest date at which coverage can commence, the proportion of future retirees covering dependent children and the percentage of future retirees assumed to

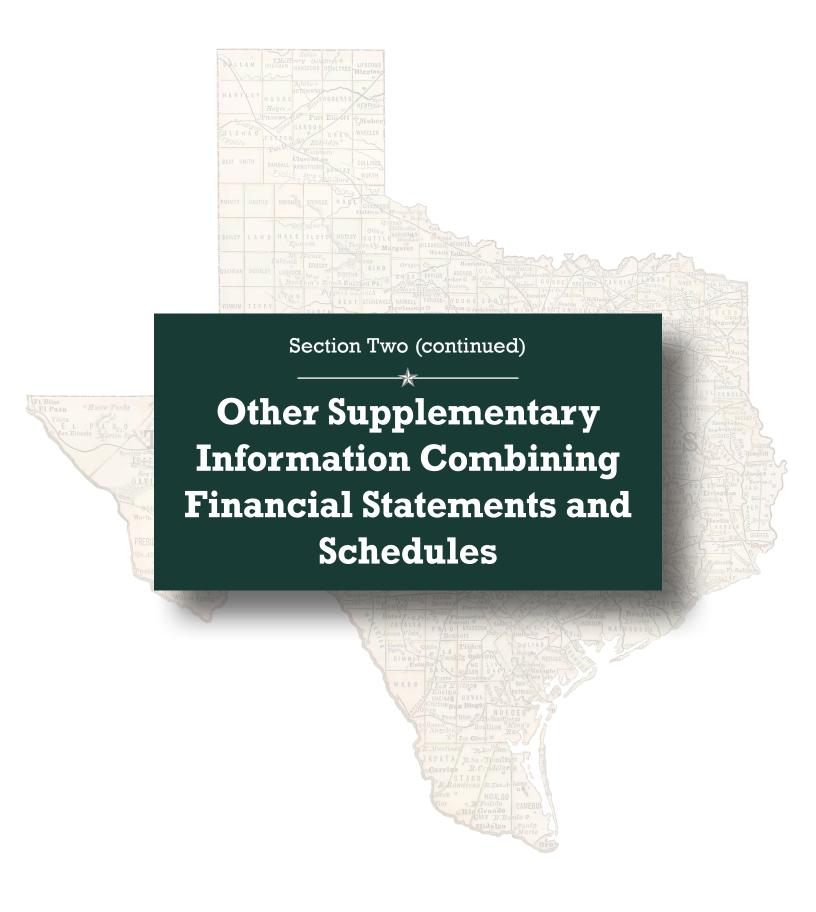
- be married and electing coverage for their spouse have been updated to reflect recent plan experience and expected trends.
- The discount rate assumption was lowered to reflect the revised assumed rate of general inflation which is a component of the discount rate.
- Since the last valuation was prepared for this plan, benefit changes have been adopted. The benefit changes for HealthSelect retirees and dependents for whom Medicare is not primary include:
  - an increase in the out-of-pocket cost applicable to services obtained at a free-standing emergency facility;
  - elimination of the copayment for virtual visits;
  - a reduction in the copayment for Airrosti; and
  - for out-of-state participants, (i) elimination of the deductible for in-network services and (ii) application of a copayment rather than coinsurance to certain services like primary care and specialist office visits.

### **Teacher Retirement System of Texas**

The state reported TRS-Care based on the actuarial valuation performed on Aug. 31, 2017. The following assumptions were modified since the prior valuation of the TRS-Care:

 Significant health plan changes were adopted during fiscal year ending Aug. 31, 2017. Effective Jan. 1, 2018, only one health plan option will be offered and all retirees will be required to contribute monthly premiums for coverage. This plan change decreased the actuarial accrued liability.

- The Medicare Part D subsidies are no longer assumed to gradually phase out. This assumption change decreased the actuarial accrued liability.
- The discount rate was lowered from 4.75% to 3.42%, which increased the actuarial accrued liability.
- The actuarial cost method was changed from the Projected Unit Credit Cost Method to the Individual Entry Age Normal Cost Method. This method change increased the actuarial accrued liability.



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# Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Funds	Capital Projects Funds	Permanent Funds	Total Nonmajor Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents Short-Term Investments	\$ 644,415 46,786	\$ 906,245	\$2,076,166	\$ 60,838 67,095	\$3,687,664 113,881
Receivables:					
Accounts	3,989	257			4,246
Taxes	89,248				89,248
Federal	325				325
Investment Trades				393	393
Interest and Dividends	12,052	319		117	12,488
Other	731				731
Due From Other Funds	75,423		77,563	549	153,535
Inventories	319		4		323
Investments	1,736,035			1,397,887	3,133,922
Loans and Contracts Restricted:	747,419				747,419
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,500				1,500
Loans and Contracts	1,053,919				1,053,919
Other Assets	92,867				92,867
Total Assets	\$4,505,028	\$ 906,821	\$2,153,733	\$1,526,879	\$9,092,461
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Payables:	ф. 1 <b>7</b> .025	f. 10.202	0 114 652	Ф. 1.221	Ф. 142.202
Accounts	\$ 17,035	\$ 10,293	\$ 114,653 5	\$ 1,321	\$ 143,302
Payroll  Due To Other Funds	5,273 581		24,224	47,623	5,278 72,428
Interfund Payable	2,140		192	47,023	2,332
Unearned Revenues	12,431	3,905	646,979		663,315
Other Liabilities	8	3,903	1,940		1,948
Total Liabilities	37,468	14,198	787,993	48,944	888,603
Total Elabilities	37,400	14,170		40,744	000,003
Fund Balances:					
Nonspendable	320		4	861,045	861,369
Restricted	4,365,093	892,623	1,375,174	607,071	7,239,961
Committed	99,352			9,819	109,171
Assigned	2,795				2,795
Unassigned			(9,438)		(9,438)
Total Fund Balances	4,467,560	892,623	1,365,740	1,477,935	8,203,858
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$4,505,028	\$ 906,821	\$2,153,733	\$1,526,879	\$9,092,461

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Funds	Capital Projects Funds	Permanent Funds	Total Nonmajor Funds
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 2,310,408	\$	\$	\$	\$ 2,310,408
Federal	1,635	50,311			51,946
Licenses, Fees and Permits	424,154	443,214			867,368
Interest and Other Investment Income	226,676	10,299	13,630	152,150	402,755
Land Income	1			11	12
Settlement of Claims	867				867
Sales of Goods and Services	530		207,837		208,367
Other	22,193			2	22,195
Total Revenues	2,986,464	503,824	221,467	152,163	3,863,918
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General Government	232,606	788	15,890	4,713	253,997
Education	1,945,618			2,562	1,948,180
Employee Benefits	23,876				23,876
Health and Human Services	23		17,325	181	17,529
Public Safety and Corrections	61,721		4,124		65,845
Transportation	181,438		32		181,470
Natural Resources and Recreation	12,344		13,791	2,196	28,331
Regulatory Services	1,378				1,378
Capital Outlay Debt Service:	1,294		769,680	200	771,174
Principal	250	548,169			548,419
Interest	441	666,320	389		667,150
Other Financing Fees	1,404	4,063	4,313		9,780
Total Expenditures	2,462,393	1,219,340	825,544	9,852	4,517,129
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	524,071	(715,516)	(604,077)	142,311	(653,211)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfer In	1,293,913	918,878	132,641	5	2,345,437
Transfer Out	(1,825,169)	(157,074)	(225,225)	(30,769)	(2,238,237)
Bonds and Notes Issued	158,126	3	646,532		804,661
Bonds Issued for Refunding	21.020	795,575	406,985		1,202,560
Premiums on Bonds Issued	21,930	143,780	128,565		294,275
Payment to Escrow for Refunding	2	(938,529)	(422,358)		(1,360,887)
Sale of Capital Assets	(251, 107)	7(2,622	((7.140	(20.7(4)	1.047.012
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(351,197)	762,633	667,140	(30,764)	1,047,812
Net Change in Fund Balances	172,874	47,117	63,063	111,547	394,601
Fund Balances, September 1, 2016	4,294,671	845,506	1,302,847	1,366,388	7,809,412
Restatements	15	,	(170)	, ,	(155)
Fund Balances, September 1, 2016, as Restated	4,294,686	845,506	1,302,677	1,366,388	7,809,257
Fund Balances, August 31, 2017	\$ 4,467,560	\$ 892,623	\$ 1,365,740	\$ 1,477,935	\$ 8,203,858

# **Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds**

The Property Tax Relief Fund is outside the general revenue fund. The proceeds of the fund are from allocations of the computation of motor vehicle sales tax, collection of all tobacco products tax increases and calculated amounts from franchise taxes. The fund was established with the intent of reducing school district property taxes.

The Texas Motor Vehicles Fund receives revenues from motor vehicle registrations, title certificates, special vehicle permits, specialty license plates and other transportation-related permits. The funds are used for operations, administration and enforcement.

The Water Development Funds receive proceeds from the sale of Texas Water Development bonds for

the purpose of aiding and making funds available to various political subdivisions for projects and other authorized purposes. The funds also receive gifts or grants for the purpose of assisting economically distressed areas. Monies in the funds are invested.

The Judicial Fund receives revenues from judicial fees, penalty fees and court filing fees to support the judicial branch of the state, including child support, court management and basic legal services for the indigent.

The Available School Fund receives distributions from the permanent school fund based on total return of investment assets, allocations of motor fuel taxes and appropriations made by the Texas Legislature. The fund is to be used for the support of public schools.

# **Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds**

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Property Tax Relief Fund	Texas Motor Vehicles Fund	Water Development Funds	Judicial Fund	Available School Fund	Other Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds*	Totals
ASSETS	·						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	\$ 51,892	\$ 248,893	\$ 34,342	\$ 29,122	\$ 280,166	\$ 644,415
Short-Term Investments			46,637			149	46,786
Receivables:							
Accounts		3,584	22			383	3,989
Taxes					89,248		89,248
Federal						325	325
Interest and Dividends	69		2,566		209	9,208	12,052
Other						731	731
Due From Other Funds					74,734	689	75,423
Inventories		93				226	319
Investments			1,733,194			2,841	1,736,035
Loans and Contracts			727,579			19,840	747,419
Restricted:							
Cash and Cash Equivalents						1,500	1,500
Loans and Contracts						1,053,919	1,053,919
Other Assets						92,867	92,867
Total Assets	\$ 69	\$ 55,569	\$2,758,891	\$ 34,342	\$ 193,313	\$1,462,844	\$4,505,028
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:							
Payables:		A 7.020				0 0.150	0 45.005
Accounts	\$	\$ 7,839	\$ 1,018	\$	\$	\$ 8,178	\$ 17,035
Payroll		4,524	10	4		735	5,273
Due To Other Funds			562			19	581
Interfund Payable			2,140		12.212	210	2,140
Unearned Revenues					12,213	218	12,431
Other Liabilities		10.262	2.720		12.212	8	27.469
Total Liabilities	0	12,363	3,730	4	12,213	9,158	37,468
Fund Balances:							
Nonspendable		93				227	320
Restricted	69	43,113	2,755,161		181,100	1,385,650	4,365,093
Committed	0)	15,115	2,733,101	34,338	101,100	65,014	99,352
Assigned				2 .,220		2,795	2,795
Total Fund Balances	69	43,206	2,755,161	34,338	181,100	1,453,686	4,467,560
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 69	\$ 55,569	\$2,758,891	\$ 34,342	\$ 193,313	\$ 1,462,844	\$4,505,028

<sup>\*</sup> The other nonmajor special revenue funds column includes blended component units and the special revenue funds of the Employees Retirement System of Texas and the student loan fund. These funds do not meet the materiality threshold for separate column presentation.

### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and **Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds**

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Property Tax Relief Fund	Texas Motor Vehicles Fund	Water Development Funds	Judicial Fund	Available School Fund	Other Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds*	Totals
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$ 1,430,972	\$	\$	\$	\$ 879,436	\$	\$ 2,310,408
Federal			68			1,567	1,635
Licenses, Fees and Permits		152,794		122,532		148,828	424,154
Interest and Other Investment Income	737	388	158,032		1,465	66,054	226,676
Land Income						1	1
Settlement of Claims		867					867
Sales of Goods and Services		354	170			6	530
Other		43	264			21,886	22,193
Total Revenues	1,431,709	154,446	158,534	122,532	880,901	238,342	2,986,464
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General Government				92,855		139,751	232,606
Education					1,919,618	26,000	1,945,618
Employee Benefits				506		23,370	23,876
Health and Human Services						23	23
Public Safety and Corrections						61,721	61,721
Transportation		134,351				47,087	181,438
Natural Resources and Recreation			7,719			4,625	12,344
Regulatory Services			ŕ			1,378	1,378
Capital Outlay		22	6			1,266	1,294
Debt Service:						,	,
Principal						250	250
Interest			63			378	441
Other Financing Fees						1,404	1,404
Total Expenditures	0	134,373	7,788	93,361	1,919,618	307,253	2,462,393
r							
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	1,431,709	20,073	150,746	29,171	(1,038,717)	(68,911)	524,071
, ,		<del></del>					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfer In		23,133	6,807	2,489	1,056,412	205,072	1,293,913
Transfer Out	(1,431,674)	ĺ	(139,420)	ĺ	(1,385)	(252,690)	(1,825,169)
Bonds and Notes Issued	( , , , ,		61			158,065	158,126
Premiums on Bonds Issued						21,930	21,930
Sale of Capital Assets						3	3
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,431,674)	23,133	(132,552)	2,489	1,055,027	132,380	(351,197)
roun outer running sources (esses)			(132,002)		1,000,027		(501,177)
Net Change in Fund Balances	35	43,206	18,194	31,660	16,310	63,469	172,874
Fund Balances, September 1, 2016	34		2,736,967	2,678	164,790	1,390,202	4,294,671
Restatements						15	15
Fund Balances, September 1, 2016,							
as Restated	34	0	2,736,967	2,678	164,790	1,390,217	4,294,686
Fund Balances, August 31, 2017	\$ 69	\$ 43,206	\$ 2,755,161	\$ 34,338	\$ 181,100	\$ 1,453,686	\$4,467,560
, , ,							

<sup>\*</sup> The other nonmajor special revenue funds column includes blended component units and the special revenue funds of the Employees Retirement System of Texas and the student loan fund. These funds do not meet the materiality threshold for separate column presentation.

# **Budgetary Comparison Schedule Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds**

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Property Tax Relief Fund				Texas Motor Vehicles Fund			
	Budgetar	y Amounts	Actual Amounts Budgetary	Final To Actual	Budgetar	y Amounts	Actual Amounts Budgetary	Final To Actual
	Original	Final	Basis	Variance	Original	Final	Basis	Variance
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$ 1,598,121	\$ 1,598,121	\$ 1,430,972	\$ (167,149)	\$	\$	\$	\$
Federal								
Licenses, Fees and Permits					113,665	117,327	152,794	35,467
Interest and Other Investment Income	1,203	1,203	702	(501)			388	388
Settlement of Claims							867	867
Sales of Goods and Services					426	539	(3,230)	(3,769)
Other						22	43	21
Total Revenues	1,599,324	1,599,324	1,431,674	(167,650)	114,091	117,888	150,862	32,974
EXPENDITURES								
General Government								
Education								
Employee Benefits							(2)	2
Transportation					130,317	151,462	122,012	29,450
Health and Human Services					150,517	131,402	122,012	27,430
Natural Resources and Recreation								
Regulatory Services								
Total Expenditures	0	0	0	0	130,317	151,462	122,010	29,452
Town Emperium co					150,517			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures	1,599,324	1,599,324	1,431,674	(167,650)	(16,226)	(33,574)	28,852	62,426
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfer In							23,133	23,133
Transfer Out	(1,522,200)	(1,522,200)	(1,431,674)	90,526				
Available Beginning Balances	1,299,976					51,856	51,856	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(222,224)	(1,522,200)	(1,431,674)	90,526	0	51,856	74,989	23,133
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and								
Other Financing Sources Over (Under)								
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$ 1,377,100	\$ 77,124	\$ 0	\$ (77,124)	\$ (16,226)	\$ 18,282	\$ 103,841	\$ 85,559
r	,,-00	,-2.		. (,,,,,,,,,,,)	. (,-30)	,	,	,,

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## **Budgetary Comparison Schedule** Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (continued)

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Water Development Funds				Judicial Fund			
	Budgetary Amounts		Actual Amounts Budgetary	Final To Actual	Budgetary Amounts		Actual Amounts Budgetary	Final To Actual
	Original	Final	Basis	Variance	Original	Final	Basis	Variance
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Federal			128	128				
Licenses, Fees and Permits					85,022	85,022	122,532	37,510
Interest and Other Investment Income	15,128	15,128	158,024	142,896				
Settlement of Claims								
Sales of Goods and Services			181	181				
Other			264	264				
Total Revenues	15,128	15,128	158,597	143,469	85,022	85,022	122,532	37,510
EXPENDITURES								
General Government					81,567	133,109	92,855	40,254
Education					•	•	ŕ	•
Employee Benefits			(1)	1			507	(507)
Transportation								· ´
Health and Human Services								
Natural Resources and Recreation	4,459	4,794	8,230	(3,436)				
Regulatory Services	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ					
Total Expenditures	4,459	4,794	8,229	(3,435)	81,567	133,109	93,362	39,747
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures	10,669	10,334	150,368	140,034	3,455	(48,087)	29,170	77,257
Over (Glider) Experientares	10,007	10,554	130,300	140,054	3,433	(40,007)	27,170	11,231
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfer In			6,807	6,807			2,489	2,489
Transfer Out			(64,897)	(64,897)				
Available Beginning Balances	252,318	142,612	200,480	57,868	2,682	34,342	34,342	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	252,318	142,612	142,390	(222)	2,682	34,342	36,831	2,489
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and								
Other Financing Sources Over (Under)								
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$ 262,987	\$ 152,946	\$ 292,758	\$ 139,812	\$ 6,137	\$ (13,745)	\$ 66,001	\$ 79,746

Concluded on the following page

# **Budgetary Comparison Schedule** Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (concluded)

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Available School Fund				Other Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds			
	Budgetary Amounts		Actual Amounts Budgetary	Final To Actual	Budgetary Amounts		Actual Amounts Budgetary	Final To Actual
	Original	Final	Basis	Variance	Original	Final	Basis *	Variance
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$ 873,172	\$ 873,172	\$ 878,826	\$ 5,654	\$	\$	\$ (1)	\$ (1)
Federal					6,717	6,717	1,820	(4,897)
Licenses, Fees and Permits					4,472	4,472	4,407	(65)
Interest and Other Investment Income	678	678	1,345	667	1,414	1,414	(143,741)	(145,155)
Settlement of Claims								
Sales of Goods and Services							(1,701)	(1,701)
Other					14	176	769	593
Total Revenues	873,850	873,850	880,171	6,321	12,617	12,779	(138,447)	(151,226)
EXPENDITURES								
General Government					443,185	63,244	4,546	58,698
Education	1,395,700	1,395,700	1,919,618	(523,918)			(5)	5
Employee Benefits					687,144	32,898	23,223	9,675
Transportation							52,021	(52,021)
Health and Human Services					13,792	13,795	23	13,772
Natural Resources and Recreation					4,527	115,544	1,033	114,511
Regulatory Services					(1,209)	(1,083)	32,356	(33,439)
Total Expenditures	1,395,700	1,395,700	1,919,618	(523,918)	1,147,439	224,398	113,197	111,201
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures	(521,850)	(521,850)	(1,039,447)	(517,597)	(1,134,822)	(211,619)	(251,644)	(40,025)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfer In	1,055,084	1,055,084	1,056,412	1,328			162,092	162,092
Transfer Out	1,000,001	1,000,001	(1,385)	(1,385)			(74,306)	(74,306)
Available Beginning Balances	550,699		13,203	13,203	276,406	217,520	217,520	(71,500)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,605,783	1,055,084	1,068,230	13,146	276,406	217,520	305,306	87,786
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and								
Other Financing Sources Over (Under)								
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$1,083,933	\$ 533,234	\$ 28,783	\$ (504,451)	\$ (858,416)	\$ 5,901	\$ 53,662	\$ 47,761

## **Nonmajor Debt Service Funds**

The Texas College Student Loan Bonds Interest and Sinking Fund receives deposits from the Texas opportunity plan fund for payment of current interest and principal and establishment of a reserve.

The Texas Department of Transportation Texas **Mobility Fund** receives proceeds from the sale of general obligation bonds and the revenues dictated by statute to provide for the debt service requirements of those bonds. The bond proceeds provide a method of financing for the construction, reconstruction, acquisition and expansion of state highway projects. The proceeds remain in the fund until transferred to the state highway fund.

The Texas Public Finance Authority G.O. Bond Funds receive proceeds and accrued interest from the sale of general obligation bonds and provide the debt service requirements for those bonds.

The Texas Public Finance Authority Commercial Paper Funds receive deposits of any accrued interest on the sale of notes and pledged revenues necessary to make debt service payments.

The Texas Department of Transportation State Highway Debt Service Fund receives proceeds and accrued interest from the sale of revenue bonds and provides the debt service requirements for those bonds.

# Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Debt Service Funds August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Texas College Student Loan Bonds Interest and Sinking Fund	Texas Department of Transportation Texas Mobility Fund	Texas Public Finance Authority G.O. Bond Funds	Texas Public Finance Authority Commercial Paper Funds	Texas Department of Transportation State Highway Debt Service Fund	Other Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	Totals
ASSETS							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$117,494	\$581,660	\$ 549	\$ 5,097	\$ 201,375	\$ 70	\$ 906,245
Receivables:							
Accounts	257						257
Interest and Dividends	319						319
Total Assets	\$118,070	\$581,660	\$ 549	\$ 5,097	\$ 201,375	\$ 70	\$ 906,821
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:							
Payables:							
Accounts	\$	\$ 10,293	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 10,293
Unearned Revenues		1,808			2,097		3,905
Total Liabilities	0	12,101	0	0	2,097	0	14,198
Fund Balances:							
Restricted	118,070	569,559	549	5,097	199,278	70	892,623
Total Fund Balances	118,070	569,559	549	5,097	199,278	70	892,623
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$118,070	\$581,660	\$ 549	\$ 5,097	\$ 201,375	\$ 70	\$ 906,821

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Debt Service Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Texas College Student Loan Bonds Interest and Sinking Fund	Texas Department of Transportation Texas Mobility Fund	Texas Public Finance Authority G.O. Bond Funds	Texas Public Finance Authority Commercial Paper Funds	Texas Department of Transportation State Highway Debt Service Fund	Other Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	Totals
REVENUES							
Federal	\$ 18	\$ 21,700	\$ 3,408	\$	\$ 25,185	\$	\$ 50,311
Licenses, Fees and Permits		443,214					443,214
Interest and Other Investment Income	3,625	5,264	27	55	1,283	45	10,299
Total Revenues	3,643	470,178	3,435	55	26,468	45	503,824
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General Government			355	433			788
Debt Service:							
Principal	58,194	61,960	164,765	13,630	145,195	104,425	548,169
Interest	49,917	292,666	82,787	781	195,239	44,930	666,320
Other Financing Fees		4,063					4,063
Total Expenditures	108,111	358,689	247,907	14,844	340,434	149,355	1,219,340
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)							
Expenditures	(104,468)	111,489	(244,472)	(14,789)	(313,966)	(149,310)	(715,516)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfer In	130,404		245,953	16,621	376,240	149,660	918,878
Transfer Out	(33,700)	(123,154)	- ,	- ,-	,	(220)	(157,074)
Bonds and Notes Issued			3				3
Bonds Issued for Refunding		770,155				25,420	795,575
Premium on Bonds Issued		143,780				Í	143,780
Payment to Escrow for Refunding		(910,186)	(974)	(1,879)		(25,490)	(938,529)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	96,704	(119,405)	244,982	14,742	376,240	149,370	762,633
Net Change in Fund Balances	(7,764)	(7,916)	510	(47)	62,274	60	47,117
Fund Balances, September 1, 2016	125,834	577,475	39	5,144	137,004	10	845,506
Fund Balances, August 31, 2017	\$ 118,070	\$ 569,559	\$ 549	\$ 5,097	\$ 199,278	\$ 70	\$ 892,623

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## **Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds**

The Texas Public Finance Authority Administration Project Funds utilize long-term financing for various state construction, repair or renovation projects. Funds are also used to refinance purchases of equipment by various state agencies.

The Texas Parks and Wildlife Department Project Funds are used for the acquisition and development of state park sites. Revenues from park entrance fees are used for the repayments of long-term debt incurred.

The Texas Facilities Commission Project Funds are used to administer the state's major and minor building construction programs.

The Texas Department of Criminal Justice Prison **Project Funds** are used for construction of regional centers and for repairs and minor construction of correctional facilities.

The Texas Juvenile Justice Department Project Funds are used to pay for minor construction and repairs of the former Texas Youth Commission buildings and facilities.

The **Texas Health Agencies Project Funds** are used to pay for the cost of construction, repair and remodeling for certain mental health facilities and other health related projects.

The Texas Department of Public Safety Project **Funds** are used to finance construction of new Department of Public Safety buildings and crime lab facilities in various state locations.

The Texas Department of Transportation Project Funds are used for public road and highway development, construction and improvement projects. The funds are also used to establish, acquire, operate, maintain and dispose of airports and air navigation facilities.

The Texas Historical Commission Project Funds are used to provide financial assistance to counties for the repair and renovation of courthouses.

The Texas Mobility Capital Project Funds are used to provide a method of financing construction, reconstruction, acquisition and expansion of state highways and other transportation projects.

## **Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds**

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Texas Public Finance Authority Administration Project Funds	Texas Parks and Wildlife Department Project Funds	Texas Facilities Commission Project Funds	Texas Department of Criminal Justice Prison Project Funds	Texas Juvenile Justice Department Project Funds	Texas Health Agencies Project Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents Due From Other Funds	\$ 2,377	\$ 2,401	\$ 311,620 33,447	\$	\$ 843	\$ 2,182 34,937
Inventories	4					
Total Assets	\$2,381	\$ 2,401	\$ 345,067	\$ 0	\$ 843	\$ 37,119
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Payables:						
Accounts	\$ 141	\$ 11,816	\$ 10,338	\$	\$ 75	\$ 1,894
Payroll			5			
Due To Other Funds			24,224			
Interfund Payable		23				169
Unearned Revenues						
Other Liabilities			1,940			
Total Liabilities	141	11,839	36,507	0	75	2,063
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable	4					
Restricted	2,236		308,560		768	35,056
Unassigned	2,230	(9,438)	308,300		700	33,030
Total Fund Balances	2,240	(9,438)	308,560	0	768	35,056
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$2,381	\$ 2,401	\$ 345,067	\$ 0	\$ 843	\$ 37,119

## Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds (concluded)

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Texas Department of Public Safety Project Funds	Texas Department of Transportation Project Funds	Texas Historical Commission Project Funds	Texas Mobility Capital Project Funds	Other Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	Totals
ASSETS	-	-	-	-		
Cash and Cash Equivalents Due From Other Funds	\$ 7,740	\$ 1,365,201 9,179	\$ 6,052	\$ 377,539	\$ 211	\$ 2,076,166 77,563
Inventories						4
Total Assets	\$ 7,740	\$1,374,380	\$ 6,052	\$377,539	\$ 211	\$2,153,733
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Payables:						
Accounts	\$ 84	\$ 52,683	\$ 905	\$ 36,717	\$	\$ 114,653
Payroll						5
Due To Other Funds						24,224
Interfund Payable						192
Unearned Revenues		646,979				646,979
Other Liabilities						1,940
Total Liabilities	84	699,662	905	36,717	0	787,993
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable						4
Restricted	7,656	674,718	5,147	340,822	211	1,375,174
Unassigned						(9,438)
Total Fund Balances	7,656	674,718	5,147	340,822	211	1,365,740
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 7,740	\$1,374,380	\$ 6,052	\$377,539	\$ 211	\$2,153,733

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Texas Public Finance Authority Administration Project Funds	Texas Parks and Wildlife Department Project Funds	Texas Facilities Commission Project Funds	Texas Department of Criminal Justice Prison Project Funds	Texas Juvenile Justice Project Funds	Texas Health Agencies Project Funds
REVENUES						
Interest and Other Investment Income	\$ 35	\$ 40	\$ 130	\$ 7	\$ 21	\$ 30
Sales of Goods and Services			(834)			
Total Revenues	35	40	(704)	7_	21	30
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General Government	1,060		10,390			
Health and Human Services						17,325
Public Safety and Corrections Transportation				1,110	798	
Natural Resources and Recreation		13,791				
Capital Outlay		4,948	63,542	131	3,310	211
Debt Service:						
Interest	389					
Other Financing Fees	2,009					
Total Expenditures	3,458	18,739	73,932	1,241	4,108	17,536
Deficiency of Revenues						
Under Expenditures	(3,423)	(18,699)	(74,636)	(1,234)	(4,087)	(17,506)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfer In	728		8,387			372
Transfer Out	(7,975)		(8,105)	(1)	(46)	(335)
Bonds and Notes Issued	5,827	5,000	22,300		3,500	9,500
Bond Issued for Refunding	406,985					
Premium on Bonds Issued	17,593					
Payment to Escrow for Refunding	(422,358)					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	800	5,000	22,582	(1)_	3,454	9,537
Net Change in Fund Balances	(2,623)	(13,699)	(52,054)	(1,235)	(633)	(7,969)
Fund Balances, September 1, 2016	4,863	4,261	360,614	1,405	1,401	43,025
Restatements	7,003	7,201	500,017	(170)	1,701	75,025
Fund Balances, September 1, 2016, as Restated	4,863	4,261	360,614	1,235	1,401	43,025
1 und Bulances, september 1, 2010, as Restated	<u> </u>	7,201		1,233	1,701	75,025
Fund Balances, August 31, 2017	\$ 2,240	\$ (9,438)	\$308,560	\$ 0	\$ 768	\$ 35,056

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds (concluded)

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Texas Department of Public Safety Project Funds	Texas Department of Transportation Project Funds	Texas Historical Commission Project Funds	Texas Mobility Capital Project Funds	Other Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	Totals
REVENUES		•	•	•		
Interest and Other Investment Income	\$ 56	\$ 8,155	\$ 109	\$ 5,043	\$ 4	\$ 13,630
Sales of Goods and Services		208,671				207,837
Total Revenues	56	216,826	109	5,043	4	221,467
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General Government			4,440			15,890
Health and Human Services						17,325
Public Safety and Corrections Transportation	1,784			32	432	4,124 32
Natural Resources and Recreation						13,791
Capital Outlay	4,018	396,636	4,893	291,033	958	769,680
Debt Service: Interest						389
Other Financing Fees		2,190		114		4,313
Total Expenditures	5,802	398,826	9,333	291,179	1,390	825,544
Deficiency of Revenues						
Under Expenditures	(5,746)	(182,000)	(9,224)	(286,136)	(1,386)	(604,077)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfer In				123,154		132,641
Transfer Out	(1)	(208,671)			(91)	(225,225)
Bonds and Notes Issued	8,250	588,755	2,300		1,100	646,532
Bond Issued for Refunding						406,985
Premium on Bonds Issued		110,972				128,565
Payment to Escrow for Refunding						(422,358)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	8,249	491,056	2,300	123,154	1,009	667,140
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,503	309,056	(6,924)	(162,982)	(377)	63,063
Fund Balances, September 1, 2016 Restatements	5,153	365,662	12,071	503,804	588	1,302,847 (170)
Fund Balances, September 1, 2016, as Restated	5,153	365,662	12,071	503,804	588	1,302,677
Fund Balances, August 31, 2017	\$ 7,656	\$ 674,718	\$ 5,147	\$ 340,822	\$ 211	\$1,365,740

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## **Nonmajor Permanent Funds**

The Permanent Health Fund for Higher Education was established by the Legislature from a portion of the money received in the settlement of The State of Texas v. The American Tobacco Co., et.al. The corpus of the account was designated by the Legislature to be preserved. Distributions of earnings on the account are to be transferred to other accounts and used for health care costs, tobacco education and enforcement.

The National Research University Fund was established by the Legislature to provide a dedicated, independent and equitable source of funding to enable emerging research universities to achieve national prominence as major research universities. The fund consists of appropriations and transfers under the Texas Constitution and amounts provided by law, gifts, grants and interest. The Texas Constitution required that balances

in the permanent higher education fund be transferred to the national research university fund on Jan. 1, 2010. Funds are allocated to eligible universities based on an equitable formula.

The Permanent Fund Supporting Military and Veterans Exemptions (Perm Fund Supporting MIL/ VET Exempt) was established by the Legislature to receive gifts, grants and investment returns for distributions to higher education institutions to offset the cost of the exemptions to certain veterans and/ or dependents. Distributions are determined by the Legislative Budget Board based on each institution's respective share of the aggregate cost to all institutions of the exemptions. The Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company determines the amount available for distribution from the fund.

## **Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Permanent Funds**

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Permanent Health Fund for Higher	National Research University	Perm Fund Supporting MIL/VET	Other Nonmajor Permanent	
	Education	Fund	Exempt	Funds	Totals
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 13,478	\$ 43,032	\$ 3,289	\$ 1,039	\$ 60,838
Short-Term Investments	6,843	32,737	11,260	16,255	67,095
Receivables:					
Investment Trades	35	175	64	119	393
Interest and Dividends	17	73	14	13	117
Due From Other Funds	31			518	549
Investments	144,561	676,850	246,561	329,915	1,397,887
Total Assets	\$ 164,965	\$752,867	\$261,188	\$347,859	\$1,526,879
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Payables:					
Accounts	\$ 123	\$ 360	\$ 131	\$ 707	\$ 1,321
Due To Other Funds	1,303	43,031	3,289		47,623
Total Liabilities	1,426	43,391	3,420	707	48,944
Fund Balances:					
Nonspendable	151,177	709,425		443	861,045
Restricted	2,543	51	257,768	346,709	607,071
Committed	9,819		,	,	9,819
Total Fund Balances	163,539	709,476	257,768	347,152	1,477,935
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 164,965	\$ 752,867	\$ 261,188	\$347,859	\$1,526,879

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Permanent Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Permanent Health Fund for Higher Education	National Research University Fund	Perm Fund Supporting MIL/VET Exempt	Other Nonmajor Permanent Funds	Totals
REVENUES	_				
Interest and Other Investment Income	\$ 16,081	\$ 73,842	\$ 26,541	\$ 35,686	\$ 152,150
Land Income				11	11
Other		2			2
Total Revenues	16,081	73,844	26,541	35,697	152,163
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General Government	418	1,940	1,423	932	4,713
Education	489			2,073	2,562
Health and Human Services	181				181
Natural Resources and Recreation	2,063			133	2,196
Capital Outlay				200	200
Total Expenditures	3,151	1,940	1,423	3,338	9,852
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	12,930	71,904	25,118	32,359	142,311
OTHER FINANCING USES					
Transfer In			5		5
Transfer Out	(3,737)	(19,082)	(7,939)	(11)	(30,769)
Total Other Financing Uses	(3,737)	(19,082)	(7,934)	(11)	(30,764)
Net Change in Fund Balances	9,193	52,822	17,184	32,348	111,547
Fund Balances, September 1, 2016	154,346	656,654	240,584	314,804	1,366,388
Fund Balances, August 31, 2017	\$ 163,539	\$709,476	\$ 257,768	\$ 347,152	\$1,477,935

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## **Nonmajor Enterprise Funds**

The Texas Water Development Board Funds include water development funds, agricultural water conservation funds and water pollution control revolving funds that receive proceeds from bonds issued by the Texas Water Development Board to provide assistance to political subdivisions.

The Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs issues bonds to assist in financing the purchase of homes or the construction of rental housing for families with low to moderate incomes. Loan payments and rentals provide the revenue for debt service payments.

The **Texas Transportation Commission** receives proceeds from the sale of bonds used to finance a portion of the costs of planning, designing, engineering, developing and constructing the initial phase of the Central Texas Turnpike System.

The Veterans Land Board Loan Program Funds receive proceeds from the sale of bonds used to administer, originate and service loans from land, housing and home improvement for those qualifying veterans.

The Texas Department of Criminal Justice Institutional Division accounts for the proceeds of the institutional division's commissary operations and other miscellaneous revenue.

The **Texas Prepaid Tuition Plans** include the Texas Guaranteed Tuition Plan, which is closed to new enrollment, and the Texas Tuition Promise Fund. The Texas Tuition Promise Fund allows families to prepay tuition and school-wide required fees at Texas public colleges and universities.

The Grand Parkway Transportation Corporation, a blended component unit of the Texas Department of Transportation, is authorized to assist and act on behalf of the agency in the development, financing, design, construction, reconstruction, expansion, operation and/ or maintenance of the Grand Parkway toll project.

### **Combining Statement of Net Position – Nonmajor Enterprise Funds**

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Texas Water Development Board Funds	Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs	Texas Transportation Commission	Veterans Land Board Loan Program Funds	Texas Department of Criminal Justice Institutional Division
ASSETS					
Current Assets:	D 201077	0. 25.202	0.00<04.5	<b>.</b>	•
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 296,975	\$ 35,202	\$ 326,915	\$	\$
Short-Term Investments	465,228		29,949	105.270	
Securities Lending Collateral				105,378	
Restricted:		102 960	72,570	267,202	
Cash and Cash Equivalents Short-Term Investments		103,860	72,370	304,497	
Loans and Contracts		13 90,658	/1,993		
Receivables:		90,038		73,007	
Federal	9,419			12,435	
Accounts	),41)	380	16,535	1,886	4,789
Interest and Dividends	163,640	8,577	267	10,086	٦,/٥/
Investment Trades	105,040	0,377	207	10,000	
Other		122			
Due From Other Funds		122	1,310	3	37,083
Interfund Receivable	160		1,510	3	37,003
Inventories	100	12	1,409		8,968
Prepaid Items			,	4,728	-,-
Loans and Contracts	233,631	2,887		,	
Other Current Assets	,	59			
Total Current Assets	1,169,053	241,770	520,948	779,222	50,840
			·		
Noncurrent Assets:					
Restricted:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents					
Investments		642,099	114,999	412,533	
Receivables					
Loans and Contracts		957,416		2,510,084	
Other				888	
Loans and Contracts	6,305,982	50,425			
Investments	110,021	1,032		336	
Interfund Receivable	1,980				
Capital Assets:					
Non-Depreciable or Non-Amortizable			696,589	14,537	282
Depreciable or Amortizable, Net		150	1,951,411	60,919	486
Assets Held in Trust					
Hedging Derivative Asset				4,226	
Intangible Assets – Service Concession Arrangements					
Other Noncurrent Assets	C 417 002	43	2.7(2.000	2.002.522	7.00
Total Noncurrent Assets	6,417,983	1,651,165	2,762,999	3,003,523	768
Total Assets	7,587,036	1,892,935	3,283,947	3,782,745	51,608
DEFENDED OUTELOWS OF DESCRIPTION					
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		0.002	20.102	222 (01	
Deferred Outflows of Resources		9,903	30,102	222,691	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	0	9,903	30,102	222,691	0

### **Combining Statement of Net Position –** Nonmajor Enterprise Funds (continued)

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

ACCETC	Texas Prepaid Tuition Plans	Grand Parkway Transportation Corporation	Other Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Totals
ASSETS Current Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 53,330	\$ 76,304	\$ 66,807	\$ 855,533
Short-Term Investments	\$ 33,330	29,981	\$ 00,807	525,158
Securities Lending Collateral	11,686	29,901		117,064
Restricted:	11,000			117,004
Cash and Cash Equivalents	256,807	381,585	1,499	1,083,523
Short-Term Investments	230,807	75,964	1,499	452,467
Loans and Contracts		73,904		163,665
Receivables:				103,003
Federal				21,854
Accounts		33,716	291	57,597
Interest and Dividends	1,615	268	31	184,484
Investment Trades	1,578	200	51	1,578
Other	40		5,434	5,596
Due From Other Funds			5,151	38,396
Interfund Receivable				160
Inventories		222	1,182	11,793
Prepaid Items			998	5,726
Loans and Contracts	31,320		1,618	269,456
Other Current Assets	,		,	59
Total Current Assets	356,376	598,040	77,860	3,794,109
Noncurrent Assets:				
Restricted:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents			34,298	34,298
Investments	1,098,131		302	2,268,064
Receivables	111,131			111,131
Loans and Contracts				3,467,500
Other				888
Loans and Contracts			10,668	6,367,075
Investments		14,910		126,299
Interfund Receivable				1,980
Capital Assets:				
Non-Depreciable or Non-Amortizable			900	712,308
Depreciable or Amortizable, Net			2,871	2,015,837
Assets Held in Trust			5,128	5,128
Hedging Derivative Asset				4,226
Intangible Assets – Service Concession Arrangements		2,355,252		2,355,252
Other Noncurrent Assets				43
Total Noncurrent Assets	1,209,262	2,370,162	54,167	17,470,029
Total Assets	1,565,638	2,968,202	132,027	21,264,138
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred Outflows of Resources				262,696
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	0	0	0	262,696
		<del></del>		- ,

# Combining Statement of Net Position – Nonmajor Enterprise Funds (continued)

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Texas Water Development Board Funds	Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs	Texas Transportation Commission	Veterans Land Board Loan Program Funds	Texas Department of Criminal Justice Institutional Division
LIABILITIES	Dour a T unus	Alluns	Commission	T ullus	Division
Current Liabilities: Payables:					
Accounts	\$	\$ 1,620	\$ 10,639	\$ 13,295	\$ 6,076
Payroll		106			1,501
Investment Trades					
Interest	32,430	11,749	4,461	1,395	
Due To Other Funds Interfund Payable	1,868	1 74		43	457
Unearned Revenue		6,243		134	
Short-Term Debt		81,183			
Obligations/Securities Lending				105,378	
Employees' Compensable Leave		657			1,118
Notes and Loans Payable		224			
General Obligation Bonds Payable	63,099			169,209	
Revenue Bonds Payable	36,088	12,456	26,392		
Liabilities Payable From Restricted Assets					
Other Current Liabilities		404			
Total Current Liabilities	133,485	114,717	41,492	289,454	9,152
Noncurrent Liabilities:					
Employees' Compensable Leave		405			52
Notes and Loans Payable		83,901			
General Obligation Bonds Payable	1,389,566			2,714,101	
Revenue Bonds Payable	1,717,081	1,313,340	2,942,418		
Liabilities Payable From Restricted Assets					
Assets Held for Others					
Hedging Derivative Liability		9,902		222,691	
Other Noncurrent Liabilities		87,557			
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	3,106,647	1,495,105	2,942,418	2,936,792	52
Total Liabilities	3,240,132	1,609,822	2,983,910	3,226,246	9,204
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred Inflows of Resources				4,226	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	0	0	0	4,226	0
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets		150	597,067	75,455	769
Restricted for:					
Debt Service		214,213	77,154		
Veterans Land Board Housing Programs				699,509	
Permanent Investments Nonexpendable					
Other	4,346,904		92,824		
Unrestricted	0	78,653	(436,906)	0	41,635
Total Net Position	\$4,346,904	\$ 293,016	\$ 330,139	\$ 774,964	\$ 42,404

# Combining Statement of Net Position – Nonmajor Enterprise Funds (concluded)

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Texas Prepaid Tuition Plans	Grand Parkway Transportation Corporation	Other Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Totals
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Payables:				
Accounts Payroll	\$ 660	\$ 19,284	\$ 1,931 3,901	\$ 53,505 5,508
Investment Trades Interest	3,019	37,398		3,019 87,433
Due To Other Funds Interfund Payable		6,176	1 174	8,546 248
Unearned Revenue Short-Term Debt	1,557		71	8,005 81,183
Obligations/Securities Lending Employees' Compensable Leave	11,685 75		927	117,063 2,777
Notes and Loans Payable General Obligation Bonds Payable				224 232,308
Revenue Bonds Payable Liabilities Payable From Restricted Assets	304,363			74,936 304,363
Other Current Liabilities Total Current Liabilities	321,359	2,447 65,305	7,005	2,851 981,969
Noncurrent Liabilities:	57		507	1.021
Employees' Compensable Leave  Notes and Loans Payable  Congent Obligation Roads Payable	57	862,725	507 15,000	1,021 961,626
General Obligation Bonds Payable Revenue Bonds Payable Liabilities Payable From Restricted Assets	1,745,431	2,120,309		4,103,667 8,093,148
Assets Held for Others Hedging Derivative Liability	1,/43,431		5,127	1,745,431 5,127 232,593
Other Noncurrent Liabilities Total Noncurrent Liabilities	1,745,488	2,983,034	20,634	87,557 15,230,170
Total Liabilities	2,066,847	3,048,339	27,639	16,212,139
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred Inflows of Resources Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	0	0	0	4,226
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:		52.250	2,462	675,903
Debt Service Veterans Land Board Housing Programs Permanent Investments Nonexpendable		52,250	226	343,617 699,509 226
Other Unrestricted	(501,209)	49,294 (181,681)	3,144 98,556	4,492,166 (900,952)
Total Net Position	\$ (501,209)	\$ (80,137)	\$ 104,388	\$5,310,469

### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – **Nonmajor Enterprise Funds**

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Texas Water Development Board Funds	Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs	Texas Transportation Commission	Veterans Land Board Loan Program Funds	Texas Department of Criminal Justice Institutional Division
OPERATING REVENUES					
Auxiliary Enterprises – Pledged Other Sales of Goods and Services	\$	\$	\$	\$ 7,721	\$ 111,847
Other Sales of Goods and Services – Pledged Discounts and Allowances			218,409 (33,207)	23,775	
Interest and Investment Income Interest and Investment Income - Pledged	138,334 57,120	57,198		100,729	
Federal Revenue				60,553	
Other	8,671	34,023		547	1,611
Other - Pledged			15,704		
Total Operating Revenues	204,125	91,221	200,906	193,325	113,458
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Cost of Goods Sold					76,568
Salaries and Wages	3,809	10,206	1,579		14,323
Payroll Related Costs	674	3,638			5,655
Professional Fees and Services	3,601	2,065	3,172	78,430	12
Travel	47	252	10	116	47
Materials and Supplies	4	239	1,503	3,634	1,341
Communication and Utilities	32	165	799	32	2
Repairs and Maintenance		451	14,543	1,283	190
Rentals and Leases	55	84	31	1	892
Printing and Reproduction	3	37		1	11
Depreciation and Amortization		50	54,403	5,287	65
Bad Debt Expense	123	174			6
Interest Expense	148,779	56,866		87,517	
Employee/Participant Benefit Payments					
Claims and Judgements				(500)	
Other	42	22,553	29,555	3,724	127
Total Operating Expenses	157,169	96,780	105,595	179,525	99,239
Operating Income (Loss)	46,956	(5,559)	95,311	13,800	14,219

### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – **Nonmajor Enterprise Funds (continued)**

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Texas Prepaid Tuition Plans	Grand Parkway Transportation Corporation	Other Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Totals
OPERATING REVENUES				
Auxiliary Enterprises – Pledged	\$	\$	\$	\$ 111,847
Other Sales of Goods and Services	35,323		11,778	54,822
Other Sales of Goods and Services - Pledged		149,299		391,483
Discounts and Allowances		(3,974)		(37,181)
Interest and Investment Income			605	296,866
Interest and Investment Income - Pledged				57,120
Federal Revenue				60,553
Other	1,207	12,905	30,528	89,492
Other - Pledged				15,704
Total Operating Revenues	36,530	158,230	42,911	1,040,706
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Cost of Goods Sold			1.020	70.200
	1.045	1.526	1,820	78,388
Salaries and Wages	1,045	1,536	15,018	47,516
Payroll Related Costs	284	2.070	3,673	13,924
Professional Fees and Services	5,373	2,078	9,715	104,446
Travel	16	9	196	693
Materials and Supplies	73	287	3,432	10,513
Communication and Utilities	20	184	1,003	2,237
Repairs and Maintenance	25	3,949	1,538	21,979
Rentals and Leases	23	3	1,446	2,535
Printing and Reproduction	2		86	140
Depreciation and Amortization		63,901	429	124,135
Bad Debt Expense				303
Interest Expense		3	146	293,311
Employee/Participant Benefit Payments	42,253			42,253
Claims and Judgements				(500)
Other	26,517	21,830	3,736	108,084
Total Operating Expenses	75,631	93,780	42,238	849,957
Operating Income (Loss)	(39,101)	64,450	673	190,749

### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Nonmajor Enterprise Funds (continued)

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Texas Water Development Board Funds	Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs	Texas Transportation Commission	Veterans Land Board Loan Program Funds	Texas Department of Criminal Justice Institutional Division
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Federal Revenue Gifts	\$ 161,962	\$	\$	\$ 4,034 51	\$
Land Income Interest and Investment Income	176		12 9,774	3,225	
Loan Premium and Fees on Securities Lending Investing Activities Expense					
Interest Expense Borrower Rebates and Agent Fees			(139,168)	(277)	
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets Settlement of Claims					1 2
Depreciation and Amortization Other Revenues	2,336	2	12,166		
Other Expenses	(19,313)	2	(26)	7.022	
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	145,161		(117,242)	7,033	3
Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions and					
Transfers	192,117	(5,557)	(21,931)	20,833	14,222
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS Capital Contributions – Other			5,191		
Transfer In Transfer Out	74,585 (9,603)	2,629		(27,051)	5,400 (18,274)
Total Capital Contributions and Transfers	64,982	2,629	5,191	(27,051)	(12,874)
Change in Net Position	257,099	(2,928)	(16,740)	(6,218)	1,348
Net Position, September 1, 2016 Restatements	4,089,805	295,944	346,879	781,183 (1)	41,056
Net Position, September 1, 2016, as Restated	4,089,805	295,944	346,879	781,182	41,056
Net Position, August 31, 2017	\$4,346,904	\$ 293,016	\$ 330,139	\$ 774,964	\$ 42,404

### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Nonmajor Enterprise Funds (concluded)

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Texas Prepaid Tuition Plans	Grand Parkway Transportation Corporation	Other Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Totals
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	Tultion Tulb	Corporation	i unus	Totals
Federal Revenue	\$	\$	\$ 39	\$ 166,035
Gifts			470	521
Land Income				12
Interest and Investment Income	88,423	4,084	330	106,012
Loan Premium and Fees on Securities Lending	108			108
Investing Activities Expense	(424)			(424)
Interest Expense		(137,109)		(276,277)
Borrower Rebates and Agent Fees	(27)			(304)
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets			4	5
Settlement of Claims				2
Depreciation and Amortization		12,768		24,934
Other Revenues				2,338
Other Expenses		(1,037)		(20,376)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	88,080	(121,294)	843	2,586
Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions and				
Transfers	48,979	(56,844)	1,516	193,335
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS				
Capital Contributions – Other				5,191
Transfer In			1,881	84,495
Transfer Out			(188)	(55,116)
Total Capital Contributions and Transfers	0	0	1,693	34,570
Change in Net Position	48,979	(56,844)	3,209	227,905
Net Position, September 1, 2016	(550,188)	(23,293)	101,200	5,082,586
Restatements	, , ,	. , ,	(21)	(22)
Net Position, September 1, 2016, as Restated	(550,188)	(23,293)	101,179	5,082,564
Net Position, August 31, 2017	\$ (501,209)	\$ (80,137)	\$ 104,388	\$5,310,469

## Combining Statement of Cash Flows -**Nonmajor Enterprise Funds**

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

Tor the riscal real Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in mousand	Texas Water Development Board Funds	Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs	Texas Transportation Commission	Veterans Land Board Loan Program Funds	Texas Department of Criminal Justice Institutional Division
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			A 107.070	<b>*</b> • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	<b>*</b> *********
Proceeds from Customers	\$	\$	\$ 197,272	\$ 90,306	\$ 111,112
Proceeds from Gifts		112 224		51	
Proceeds from Loan Programs		112,224		474,080	1.611
Proceeds from Other Operating Revenues	(2.40)	42,346	(44.2(0)	1,375	1,611
Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(240)	(78,609)	(44,269)	(87,775)	(76,639)
Payments to Employees	(4,519)	(13,821)		(20( 227)	(20,037)
Payments for Other Operating Fungases		(25,632)		(206,237)	(2.621)
Payments for Other Operating Expenses	(4.750)	26.500	152,002	(132)	(2,621)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(4,759)	36,508	153,003	271,668	13,426
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds from Debt Issuance	730,250	191,699		250,000	
Proceeds from Transfers from Other Funds	151,944	2,628	56,678		5,087
Proceeds from Interfund Payables	6,381				
Proceeds from Grant Receipts	163,062			1 424	
Proceeds from Other Noncapital Financing Activities	(545 (20)	(2(1,025)		1,434	
Payments of Principal on Debt Issuance	(545,630)	(261,925)		(156,730)	
Payments of Interest Payments of Other Costs on Debt Issuance	(158,676)	(58,417)		(88,934)	
,	(1,290) (75,022)	(1,684)		(26.525)	(19.274)
Payments for Transfers to Other Funds Payments for Grant Disbursements	(29,659)			(26,535)	(18,274)
Payments for Interfund Receivables	(16,098)				
Payments for Other Noncapital Financing Uses	(10,070)				
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	225,262	(127,699)	56,678	(20,765)	(13,187)
The cash Troy, and (cook) by Thomosphan Timatoning Trout has		(127,055)		(20,700)	(13,107)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds from Federal Grants and Contracts				3,301	
Proceeds from Other Capital and Related Financing Activities			13		
Payments for Additions to Capital Assets		(43)	(380)	(7,072)	(235)
Payments of Principal on Debt Issuance			(7,885)		
Payments for Capital Leases					
Payments of Interest on Debt Issuance			(107,051)		
Payments of Other Costs on Debt Issuance			(25)		
Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	0	(43)	(115,328)	(3,771)	(235)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds from Sale of Investments		148,187	196,037	329,083	21,162
Proceeds from Interest and Investment Income	1,233,822	28,468	9,291	8,767	116
Proceeds from Principal Payments on Loans	459,253				
Payments to Acquire Investments	(775,691)	(158,221)	(249,700)	(609,012)	(21,282)
Payments for Nonprogram Loans Provided	(1,263,613)				
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	(346,229)	18,434	(44,372)	(271,162)	(4)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(125,726)	(72,800)	49,981	(24,030)	0
Cash and Cash Equivalents, September 1, 2016	422,701	211,862	349,504	291,232	0
Cash and Cash Equivalents, August 31, 2017	\$ 296,975	\$ 139,062	\$ 399,485	\$ 267,202	\$ 0

### Combining Statement of Cash Flows – Nonmajor Enterprise Funds (continued)

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Texas Prepaid Tuition Plans	Grand Parkway Transportation Corporation	Other Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Totals
Proceeds from Customers	\$ 56,754	\$ 135,845	\$ 11,756	\$ 603,045
Proceeds from Gifts	Ψ 30,731	Ψ 133,013	Ψ 11,750	51
Proceeds from Loan Programs				586,304
Proceeds from Other Operating Revenues	1,574		30,353	77,259
Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(5,615)	(23,981)	(1,883)	(319,011)
Payments to Employees	(1,348)	(23,701)	(17,207)	(56,932)
Payments for Loans Provided	(1,540)		(17,207)	(231,869)
Payments for Other Operating Expenses	(215,518)	(2,398)	(21,471)	(242,140)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(164,153)	109.466	1,548	416,707
Net Cash I lovided (Osca) by Operating Activities	(104,133)	109,400	1,346	410,707
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from Debt Issuance		924,420		2,096,369
Proceeds from Transfers from Other Funds			5,126	221,463
Proceeds from Interfund Payables				6,381
Proceeds from Grant Receipts				163,062
Proceeds from Other Noncapital Financing Activities			516	1,950
Payments of Principal on Debt Issuance		(924,195)	(5,000)	(1,893,480)
Payments of Interest		(105,152)	(146)	(411,325)
Payments of Other Costs on Debt Issuance		(433)		(3,407)
Payments for Transfers to Other Funds		(19)	(3,435)	(123,285)
Payments for Grant Disbursements				(29,659)
Payments for Interfund Receivables				(16,098)
Payments for Other Noncapital Financing Uses		(111,025)		(111,025)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	0	(216,404)	(2,939)	(99,054)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from Federal Grants and Contracts				3,301
Proceeds from Other Capital and Related Financing Activities				13
Payments for Additions to Capital Assets			(324)	(8,054)
Payments of Principal on Debt Issuance				(7,885)
Payments for Capital Leases			(510)	(510)
Payments of Interest on Debt Issuance				(107,051)
Payments of Other Costs on Debt Issuance				(25)
Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	0	0	(834)	(120,211)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from Sale of Investments	773,746	578,462	18	2,046,695
Proceeds from Interest and Investment Income	69,190	4,157	1,066	1,354,877
Proceeds from Principal Payments on Loans			6,298	465,551
Payments to Acquire Investments	(617,985)	(318,196)		(2,750,087)
Payments for Nonprogram Loans Provided				(1,263,613)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	224,951	264,423	7,382	(146,577)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	60,798	157,485	5,157	50,865
Cash and Cash Equivalents, September 1, 2016	249,339	300,404	97,447	1,922,489
Cash and Cash Equivalents, August 31, 2017	\$ 310,137	\$ 457,889	\$102,604	\$1,973,354

## Combining Statement of Cash Flows – Nonmajor Enterprise Funds (continued)

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Texas Water Development Board Funds	Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs	Texas Transportation Commission	Veterans Land Board Loan Program Funds	Texas Department of Criminal Justice Institutional Division
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 46,956	\$ (5,559)	\$ 95,311	\$ 13,800	\$ 14,219
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:					
Depreciation and Amortization Bad Debt Expense	123	50 174	54,403	5,287	65 6
Operating Income (Loss) and Cash Flow Categories Classification Differences		(25,499)		87,589	
Changes in Assets and Liabilities: (Increase) Decrease in Receivables	23,642	3,531	(3,633)	1,617	(735)
(Increase) Decrease in Due From Other Funds (Increase) Decrease in Inventories (Increase) Decrease in Loans and Contracts	1,500 (786,942)	(12,755)	(1,230)	167,942	446
(Increase) Decrease in Coans and Contracts (Increase) Decrease in Other Assets (Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Expenses	(110,021)	928		(68) (1.924)	
Increase (Decrease) in Payables Increase (Decrease) in Deposits	(55,377) 675,688	(5,438)	8,152	(2,792)	(313)
Increase (Decrease) in Due To Other Funds Increase (Decrease) in Unearned Revenue	(1,500)	142			(203)
Increase (Decrease) in Employees' Compensable Leave Increase (Decrease) in Other Liabilities	201,172	80,934		217	(59)
Total Adjustments	(51,715)	42,067	57,692	257,868	(793)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ (4,759)	\$ 36,508	\$ 153,003	\$ 271,668	\$ 13,426
NONCASH TRANSACTIONS	Φ.	Φ.	ф. 5.101	ф	Φ.
Donation of Capital Assets Net Change in Fair Value of Investments Other	\$ \$ (1,821) \$	\$ \$ (10,550) \$	\$ 5,191 \$ (6) \$ 294	\$ \$ (5,132) \$	\$ \$ \$

## **Combining Statement of Cash Flows –** Nonmajor Enterprise Funds (concluded)

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Texas Prepaid Tuition Plans	Grand Parkway Transportation Corporation	Other Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Totals
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	<u></u>	- Co. po. uuo		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (39,101)	\$ 64,450	\$ 673	\$ 190,749
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:				
Depreciation and Amortization Bad Debt Expense		63,901	429	124,135 303
Operating Income (Loss) and Cash Flow Categories Classification Differences			(460)	61,630
Changes in Assets and Liabilities: (Increase) Decrease in Receivables	15,525	(22,386)	(186)	17,375
(Increase) Decrease in Due From Other Funds		, , ,	38	1,538
(Increase) Decrease in Inventories (Increase) Decrease in Loans and Contracts (Increase) Decrease in Other Assets		(216)	(210)	(1,210) (631,755) (109,161)
(Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Expenses Increase (Decrease) in Payables	(141,082)	3.855	(72) 1,211	(1,996) (191,784)
Increase (Decrease) in Deposits Increase (Decrease) in Due To Other Funds	(111,002)	(2,397) 2,259	135	673,291 691
Increase (Decrease) in Unearned Revenue Increase (Decrease) in Employees' Compensable Leave	523 (17)	2,23	(46) 15	619 (61)
Increase (Decrease) in Other Liabilities  Total Adjustments	(17) (125,052)	45,016	21 875	282,343 225,958
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$(164,153)	\$ 109,466	\$ 1,548	\$ 416,707
NONCASH TRANSACTIONS		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Donation of Capital Assets	\$	\$	\$	\$ 5.191
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	\$ 51,644	\$ 9	\$	\$ 34,144
Other	\$	\$ 497	\$	\$ 791

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## Colleges and Universities - Major Enterprise Fund

There are six university systems and five independent universities in Texas' primary government presented in a single-column as a major fund on the basic financial statements. Schedules were prepared to report the breakdown of the following universities:

> University of Texas System Texas A&M University System Texas Tech University System **University of Houston System** Texas State University System University of North Texas System Texas Woman's University Stephen F. Austin State University Texas Southern University Midwestern State University **Texas State Technical College**

## **Schedule of Net Position** Colleges and Universities – Major Enterprise Fund August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	University of Texas System	Texas A&M University System	Texas Tech University System	University of Houston System	Texas State University System	University of North Texas System
ASSETS						
Current Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,607,488	\$ 829,100	\$ 253,380	\$ 162,938	\$ 487,035	\$ 210,075
Short-Term Investments		104,109		434,225		
Securities Lending Collateral	490,906					
Restricted:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	576,884	628,016	127,481	215,218	233,429	100,332
Short-Term Investments		298,015			26,509	121,251
Receivables:						
Federal	701,552	131,365	19,610	21,580	19,428	33,337
Other Intergovernmental	107,386	12,794	02.000	71.000	1,979	1,006
Accounts	1,278,457	185,135	83,999	51,288	132,082	84,279
Interest and Dividends	70,774	10,181	1,312	773	81	3,066
Gifts	127,076	73,627	16,233	54,690	1,994	2,026
Investment Trades	680,960	66,185	2.501	2.024	213	7.627
Other	475,914	2,634	2,581	2,834	7,474	7,637
Due From Other Funds	250,035	155,080	209,863	174,755	93,823	117,632
Interfund Receivable	125.060	84,930	4 22 1	1.604	4.044	2.205
Inventories	125,068	25,221	4,331	1,694	4,944	3,295
Prepaid Items	(0.470	25.410	56,834	43,800	43,460	45,650
Loans and Contracts	68,479	25,419	1,403	15,022	21,267	3,650
Other Current Assets	266,078	114,995	1,189	1 170 017	13,065	722.226
Total Current Assets	7,827,057	2,746,806	778,216	1,178,817	1,086,783	733,236
Noncurrent Assets:						
Restricted:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	5,163		235,253		91,584	
Short-Term Investments	3,103		255,255		71,504	
Investments	38,446,700	1,048,262	452,243		175,045	77,640
Receivables	30,440,700	1,040,202	432,243	67,020	169	77,040
Loans and Contracts	76,138	4,799	3,200	4,037	1,856	
Other	,0,150	.,,,,,	5,200	1,057	1,000	
Loans and Contracts		14,675	1,385			4,282
Investments	8,199,204	3,023,844	1,567,592	877,498	249,046	238,820
Interfund Receivable	-,, -	891,586	, ,	,	- ,	
Gifts Receivable	192,698	404,711	76,720		7,915	4,017
Other Receivable	,,,,,	. ,.	,		3,421	,
Capital Assets:					,	
Non-Depreciable or Non-Amortizable	2,976,516	1,191,835	210,187	326,617	442,964	192,428
Depreciable or Amortizable, Net	13,239,939	4,194,310	1,382,542	1,208,427	1,300,788	880,307
Assets Held in Trust	, ,	362	, ,	, ,	, ,	,
Hedging Derivative Asset	10,339					
Other Noncurrent Assets	174,954	10,054				
Total Noncurrent Assets	63,321,651	10,784,438	3,929,122	2,483,599	2,272,788	1,397,494
		_				
Total Assets	71,148,708	13,531,244	4,707,338	3,662,416	3,359,571	2,130,730
DEFENDED AUTEL AWA AT ATACH						
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1.160.065	104.525	(2.00.	40.000	40.060	10.550
Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,160,967	184,737	62,996	42,820	42,268	43,569
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,160,967	184,737	62,996	42,820	42,268	43,569

## **Schedule of Net Position** Colleges and Universities – Major Enterprise Fund (continued) August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Stephen F. Texas Austin Woman's State University University		Texas Southern University	Midwestern State University	Texas State Technical College	Totals
ASSETS						
Current Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 13,814	\$ 51,590	\$ 29,710	\$ 3,197	\$ 45,046	\$ 4,693,373
Short-Term Investments	91,925	431		12,823	2,196	645,709
Securities Lending Collateral						490,906
Restricted:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	24,881	49,242	45,575	4,771	5,355	2,011,184
Short-Term Investments	100,972	937	32,738		26,537	606,959
Receivables:	• 0= 4	15000	45.005	<del>.</del>	40.050	074 (00
Federal	2,876	15,982	17,227	687	10,979	974,623
Other Intergovernmental	25.442	121	20.455	449		123,735
Accounts	25,413	17,387	28,675	10,624	7,574	1,904,913
Interest and Dividends	667	214		45	38	87,151
Gifts				398		276,044
Investment Trades	•			4.004		747,358
Other	28		563	1,281		500,946
Due From Other Funds	50,747	9,451	16,350	2,074	7,525	1,087,335
Interfund Receivable						84,930
Inventories	1,385	930	572	190	2,253	169,883
Prepaid Items	349	14,189		9,365	1,919	215,566
Loans and Contracts	5,665	2,763				143,668
Other Current Assets						395,327
Total Current Assets	318,722	163,237	171,410	45,904	109,422	15,159,610
Noncurrent Assets: Restricted:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents						332,000
Short-Term Investments				55,585		55,585
Investments	165,541	12,485	53,503	2,742		40,434,161
Receivables		1,706				68,895
Loans and Contracts		3,535	515			94,080
Other			12,000			12,000
Loans and Contracts						20,342
Investments	3	73,550		45,351		14,274,908
Interfund Receivable						891,586
Gifts Receivable				1,980		688,041
Other Receivable						3,421
Capital Assets:						
Non-Depreciable or Non-Amortizable	11,454	23,370	22,377	14,474	50,394	5,462,616
Depreciable or Amortizable, Net	187,703	178,534	247,079	135,106	145,624	23,100,359
Assets Held in Trust						362
Hedging Derivative Asset						10,339
Other Noncurrent Assets						185,008
Total Noncurrent Assets	364,701	293,180	335,474	255,238	196,018	85,633,703
Total Assets	683,423	456,417	506,884	301,142	305,440	100,793,313
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred Outflows of Resources	7,904	14,758	4,028	5,579	4,498	1,574,124
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	7,904	14,758	4,028	5,579	4,498	1,574,124
Tomi Deletied Outilows of Resources	1,704	17,730	7,020	3,317		1,5/7,127

### **Schedule of Net Position Colleges and Universities – Major Enterprise Fund (continued)**

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)						
	University of Texas	Texas A&M University	Texas Tech University	University of Houston	Texas State University	University of North Texas
LIABILITIES	System	System	System	System	System	System
Current Liabilities:						
Payables:						
Accounts	\$ 1,260,514	\$ 238,970	\$ 47,423	\$ 42,746	\$ 79,704	\$ 62,267
Payroll	574,766	148,707	81,842	76,041	34,411	35,219
Other Intergovernmental	2					
Federal	36,601			45		
Investment Trades	730,277	70,971			52	11 41 4
Interest	20.604	2 771	1 404	256	20,612	11,414
Due To Other Funds Interfund Payable	28,694 86,283	2,771 2,520	1,494	256	1,286	264
Unearned Revenue	1,715,468	571,500	221,999	260,713	396,852	235,124
Obligations/Securities Lending	490,906	371,300	221,777	200,713	370,632	255,124
Short-Term Debt	564,149		43,253	48,772	10,058	25,275
Claims and Judgments	125,517	3,145	1,492	156	10,030	556
Capital Lease Obligations	4,812	4,071	, -	541		2,045
Employees' Compensable Leave	401,350	12,534	6,083	13,207	13,196	4,462
Notes and Loans Payable	696	34,740	,	,	,	,
General Obligation Bonds Payable						
Revenue Bonds Payable	1,845,797	220,311	65,334	73,412	68,263	47,563
Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets		60,768				
Funds Held for Others	16,902	53,288	23,922	26,256	4,827	1,730
Other Current Liabilities	139,810	25,124	17,745	3,140	829	5,398
Total Current Liabilities	8,022,544	1,449,420	510,587	545,285	630,090	431,317
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Interfund Payable	894,905	4,661				
Claims and Judgments	35,619	8,373	6,365			1,174
Capital Lease Obligations	6,042	43,419	0,5 00	6,218		3,462
Employees' Compensable Leave	206,501	101,700	44,438	13,266	12,813	20,614
Notes and Loans Payable	947,961	262,900	,	,	,	,
General Obligation Bonds Payable						
Revenue Bonds Payable	7,156,928	3,751,597	776,362	1,265,830	1,150,415	731,380
Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets		13,722				
Pollution Remediation Obligation			1,023			
Assets Held for Others	827,311	104,886				
Net OPEB Obligation	5,380,651	1,285,351	210.55	100.111	116000	440.540
Net Pension Liability	3,133,888	457,524	218,757	193,114	146,222	119,710
Hedging Derivative Liability	246,088					
Investment Derivative Instrument Other Noncurrent Liabilities	171,471	25 705	221		2 006	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	44,009 19,051,374	25,705 6,059,838	1,047,166	1,478,428	2,886 1,312,336	876,340
Total Noncultent Liabilities	19,031,374	0,039,838	1,047,100	1,476,426	1,312,330	870,340
Total Liabilities	27,073,918	7,509,258	1,557,753	2,023,713	1,942,426	1,307,657
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred Inflows of Resources	440,109	71,750	27,671	23,261	26,773	34,635
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	440,109	71,750	27,671	23,261	26,773	34,635
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	6,334,664	1,912,429	930,236	558,042	514,835	485,077
Restricted for:	, ,	, ,	,	,	<i>'</i>	Ź
Education	2,188,450	351,399	438,989	223,547	67,339	40,247
Debt Service	11,252		68,067	1	5,535	
Capital Projects	289,855	531,608	38,609	4,694	301,623	
Funds Held as Permanent Investments:						
Nonexpendable	22,364,332	393,033	682,931	464,199	128,068	47,683
Expendable	10,743,186	337,477	108,808	48,304	70,667	26,655
Unrestricted	2,863,909	2,609,027	917,270	359,475	344,573	232,345
Total Net Position	\$44,795,648	\$ 6,134,973	\$ 3,184,910	\$ 1,658,262	\$ 1,432,640	\$ 832,007
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## **Schedule of Net Position** Colleges and Universities – Major Enterprise Fund (concluded) August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)	Texas Woman's University	Stephen F. Austin State University	Texas Southern University	Midwestern State University	Texas State Technical College	Totals
LIABILITIES					tonige	
Current Liabilities:						
Payables:						
Accounts	\$ 4,133	\$ 3,395	\$ 10,520	\$ 3,801	\$ 11,693	\$ 1,765,166
Payroll	5,797	10,614	5,026	4,457	7,350	984,230
Other Intergovernmental	3,441				27	3,443
Federal Investment Trades	2,168				27	38,841
		2,195	1,763		1,411	801,300
Interest Due To Other Funds	764	473	63		1,411	37,395 36,065
Interfund Payable	704	1,506	03	278	712	91,299
Unearned Revenue	45,417	72,460	63,362	32,190	18,914	3,633,999
Obligations/Securities Lending	15,117	72,100	05,502	32,170	10,711	490,906
Short-Term Debt						691,507
Claims and Judgments						130,866
Capital Lease Obligations	144	61			472	12,146
Employees' Compensable Leave	2,340	396	2,959	250	814	457,591
Notes and Loans Payable		1,166	4,769		120	41,491
General Obligation Bonds Payable		1,150			2,367	3,517
Revenue Bonds Payable	10,422	12,486	10,702	6,811	4,907	2,366,008
Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets						60,768
Funds Held for Others	367	10,605	42.220	150	754	138,801
Other Current Liabilities	1,026	3,163	13,320	64	2,960	212,579
Total Current Liabilities	76,019	119,670	112,484	48,001	52,501	11,997,918
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Interfund Payable		4,515		707	4,223	909,011
Claims and Judgments		4,313		707	4,223	51,531
Capital Lease Obligations		207			1,590	60,938
Employees' Compensable Leave	1,396	3,981	3,444	1,481	4,856	414,490
Notes and Loans Payable	1,570	11,208	96,740	1,.01	1,360	1,320,169
General Obligation Bonds Payable		1,195			22,621	23,816
Revenue Bonds Payable	158,394	144,583	107,441	155,490	88,258	15,486,678
Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets						13,722
Pollution Remediation Obligation						1,023
Assets Held for Others						932,197
Net OPEB Obligation						6,666,002
Net Pension Liability	27,315	28,553	21,232	10,004	13,455	4,369,774
Hedging Derivative Liability						246,088
Investment Derivative Instrument				400		171,471
Other Noncurrent Liabilities	107.105	104.242	527	192	126.262	73,540
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	187,105	194,242	229,384	167,874	136,363	30,740,450
Total Liabilities	263.124	313,912	341,868	215,875	188,864	42,738,368
Total Elabilities	203,124	313,912	341,000	213,673	100,004	42,730,300
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,712	10,654	3,886	1,137	3,437	647,025
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,712	10,654	3,886	1,137	3,437	647,025
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	30,197	60,879	113,342	45,540	94,051	11,079,292
Restricted for:			ŕ			
Education	31,662	21,529	2,883		1,513	3,367,558
Debt Service			812			85,667
Capital Projects	192,388			46	1,359	1,360,182
Funds Held as Permanent Investments:						
Nonexpendable	15,313	5,987		4,781	573	24,106,900
Expendable	154.001	2,870	54,342	10,957	20.141	11,403,266
Unrestricted	154,931	55,344	(6,221)	28,385	20,141	7,579,179
Total Net Position	\$ 424.401	\$ 146,609	\$ 165,158	\$ 80.700	\$ 117,637	\$ 58 082 044
TOTAL INCLI USITION	\$ 424,491	\$ 146,609	\$ 165,158	\$ 89,709	\$ 117,637	\$58,982,044

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Colleges and Universities – Major Enterprise Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	University of Texas System	Texas A&M University System	Texas Tech University System	University of Houston System	Texas State University System	University of North Texas System
OPERATING REVENUES	ф	e 70.102	e 11.010	Ф	ф	e 75.644
Tuition Revenue	\$ 2.242.645	\$ 70,182 1,349,946	\$ 11,818 520,863	\$ 682,056	\$ 737,381	\$ 75,644 382,890
Tuition Revenue – Pledged	2,343,645	, ,	,	,	,	,
Discounts and Allowances	(625,273)	(358,289)	(119,150)	(133,381)	(187,557)	(100,581)
Hospital Revenue – Pledged	13,572,250					
Discounts and Allowances	(7,785,987)	20	470.005			
Professional Fees	5,821,540	39	478,005			21.744
Professional Fees – Pledged	(4,000,220)	1,667	723			31,744
Discounts and Allowances	(4,009,229)		(218,555)			(17,538)
Auxiliary Enterprises	600.710	246 700	161 610	115 452	150 500	70.200
Auxiliary Enterprises – Pledged	609,718	346,789	161,610	115,453	159,723	70,280
Discounts and Allowances	(16,240)	(38,382)	16.502	(10,256)	(6,788)	
Other Sales of Goods and Services	476.040	14,809	16,583	(2.502	20.640	50.615
Other Sales of Goods and Services – Pledged	476,840	292,612	12,911	62,592	20,640	73,615
Discounts and Allowances	(368)	(6,499)				
Interest and Investment Income		3,076				
Interest and Investment Income – Pledged	4 255 420	107.500	50.504	(0. ( <b>=</b> 0	44 40=	51.510
Federal Revenue	1,375,439	407,520	59,581	68,679	41,497	51,519
State Grant Revenue		6,128	2,186	3,908	3,418	2,551
Other Operating Grant Revenue	445,786	242,513	225,723		9,182	11,752
Other Operating Grant Revenue – Pledged	951,643	28,543	2,679	21,986		2,404
Other Revenues	22,383	23,591	29,381			
Other Revenues – Pledged	428,104	62,131		948	9,760	1,916
Total Operating Revenues	13,610,251	2,446,376	1,184,358	811,985	787,256	586,196
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Cost of Goods Sold	152,044	6,524	13,739	2,242	6,521	7,932
Salaries and Wages	8,332,513	1,867,447	935,272	652,807	572,646	446,122
Payroll Related Costs	2,241,600	473,863	241,287	166,102	155,092	106,847
Professional Fees and Services	486,324	377,229	80,018	110,057	72,249	61,124
Travel	153,529	86,553	33,797	17,646	24,173	11,971
Materials and Supplies	1,883,815	244,141	79,641	40,669	111,509	45,309
Communication and Utilities	369,271	134,617	53,530	48,766	38,297	17,902
Repairs and Maintenance	319,025	155,548	39,357	18,593	20,419	38,982
Rentals and Leases	165,022	72,268	21,652	26,401	6,029	14,484
Printing and Reproduction	38,832	13,065	4,889	3,763	4,270	6,299
Depreciation and Amortization	1,396,005	337,457	123,981	99,439	95,111	67,251
Bad Debt Expense	6,518	3,210	547		1,315	
Interest Expense		82	22	116	15	
Scholarships	426,379	246,596	83,208	101,861	123,814	88,420
Claims and Judgments	42,586	8	25	889	216	(24)
Net Change in OPEB Obligations	733,221	167,551				
Other Expenses	1,388,802	309,728	134,635	46,436	27,437	29,700
Total Operating Expenses	18,135,486	4,495,887	1,845,600	1,335,787	1,259,113	942,319
Operating Loss	(4,525,235)	(2,049,511)	(661,242)	(523,802)	(471,857)	(356,123)

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position **Colleges and Universities – Major Enterprise Fund (continued)**

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

OPERATING REVENUES	Texas Woman's University	A	ephen F. Austin State iversity		Texas Southern University		idwestern State Iniversity		exas State Technical College	Totals
Tuition Revenue	\$	\$	4,123	\$		\$		\$	11,124	\$ 172,891
Tuition Revenue – Pledged	112,311		111,149	Ф	103,501	Ф	48,128	Ф	37,959	6,429,829
Discounts and Allowances	,		,		(31,661)		(14,118)		(21,687)	(1,654,353)
Hospital Revenue – Pledged	(32,348)		(30,308)		(31,001)		(14,118)		(21,087)	13,572,250
Discounts and Allowances										(7,785,987)
Professional Fees										
Professional Fees – Pledged										6,299,584 34,134
Discounts and Allowances										(4,245,322)
Auxiliary Enterprises			2,159						859	3,018
Auxiliary Enterprises – Pledged	27,488		39,762		17,205		12,155		11,506	1,571,689
Discounts and Allowances	(6,140)		(10,635)		17,203		12,133		(3,164)	(91,605)
Other Sales of Goods and Services	(0,140)		954						(3,104)	32,346
Other Sales of Goods and Services – Pledged			5,441		172		1,483		7,223	953,529
Discounts and Allowances			3,441		1/2		1,405		1,223	(6,867)
Interest and Investment Income									3	3,079
Interest and Investment Income – Pledged									79	79
Federal Revenue	1,856		3,057		15,984		801		1,873	2,027,806
State Grant Revenue	1,030		3,037		1,376		301		1,075	19,567
Other Operating Grant Revenue	3,419		1,202		1,570		772		1,427	941,776
Other Operating Grant Revenue – Pledged	3,417		1,202		669		112		1,72/	1,007,924
Other Revenues	1,688				007					77,043
Other Revenues – Pledged	1,000		44		5,372		1,663			509,938
Total Operating Revenues	108,274		126,948		112,618		50,884	_	47,202	19,872,348
Total Operating Revenues	100,274		120,740	_	112,010	_	30,004		47,202	17,072,540
OPERATING EXPENSES										
Cost of Goods Sold	16		10,090						3,493	202,601
Salaries and Wages	100,850		96,519		91,295		41,601		78,255	13,215,327
Payroll Related Costs	28,609		30,832		23,758		13,376		28,709	3,510,075
Professional Fees and Services	4,103		1,471		8,117		5,348		1,323	1,207,363
Travel	3,150		2,911		3,156		2,027		1,230	340,143
Materials and Supplies	15,279		11,884		7,812		7,336		15,043	2,462,438
Communication and Utilities	7,502		8,044		6,820		2,661		6,643	694,053
Repairs and Maintenance	7,474		4,924		6,401		3,559		2,721	617,003
Rentals and Leases	3,048		2,910		1,428		490		2,072	315,804
Printing and Reproduction	559		466		444		337		19	72,943
Depreciation and Amortization	14,608		16,704		19,008		12,989		11,808	2,194,361
Bad Debt Expense	357		, í		2,831		6		ĺ	14,784
Interest Expense			(1)		,		1		4	239
Scholarships	12,702		19,973		19,584		11,825		12,701	1,147,063
Claims and Judgments	*		101				*		13	43,814
Net Change in OPEB Obligations										900,772
Other Expenses	6,966		7,542		8,284				9,642	1,969,172
Total Operating Expenses	205,223		214,370		198,938		101,556		173,676	28,907,955
Operating Loss	(96,949)		(87,422)		(86,320)		(50,672)		(126,474)	(9,035,607)

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position **Colleges and Universities – Major Enterprise Fund (continued)**

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	University of Texas System	Texas A&M University System	Texas Tech University System	University of Houston System	Texas State University System	University of North Texas System
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	•	Í	•	•	•	
Federal Revenue	\$ 348,883	\$ 234,209	\$ 51,023	\$ 101,823	\$ 117,154	\$ 55,022
Gifts	339,480	108,735	61,151		26,857	20,289
Gifts - Pledged	25,738	28,440	8,560	92,931	4,075	
Interest and Investment Income	4,315,560	347,817	145,121		20,734	18,786
Interest and Investment Income – Pledged	510,696	96,925	38,881	71,879	8,273	9,923
Investing Activities Expense	(133,475)	(13,273)			(44)	
Interest Expense	(262,554)	(141,376)	(19,526)	(44,281)	(38,678)	(18,270)
Borrower Rebates and Agent Fees	(1,717)	(4,265)			. , ,	` ' '
Loss on Sale of Capital Assets	(32,051)	(105,678)	(1,537)		(92)	(633)
Settlement of Claims					1,056	, í
Claims and Judgments		(935)			,	
Other Revenues	34,962	95,565	1,245		1,019	8
Other Revenues – Pledged	97,151	15,239	87	22,012	1,557	434
Other Expenses	(12,917)	(51,793)		(43,744)	(7,700)	(2,257)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	5,229,756	609,610	285,005	200,620	134,211	83,302
Gain (Loss) Before Capital Contributions,						
Endowments and Transfers	704,521	(1,439,901)	(376,237)	(323,182)	(337,646)	(272,821)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS, ENDOWMENTS						
AND TRANSFERS						
Capital Contributions – Federal					100	
Capital Contributions – Other	158,528	16,978	5,746	258	7	2,073
Contributions to Permanent and Term Endowments	159,690	5,183	16,950	20,479	5,730	343
Transfer In	2,847,307	1,708,980	619,599	456,999	482,696	360,671
Transfer Out	(359,650)	(50,565)	(5,201)	(1,604)	(1,622)	(1,192)
Total Capital Contributions, Endowments and						
Transfers	2,805,875	1,680,576	637,094	476,132	486,911	361,895
Change in Net Position	3,510,396	240,675	260,857	152,950	149,265	89,074
N. D. W. G. ( 1 1 2016	41 207 225	5 002 112	2.027.002	1.510.047	1 200 246	742.022
Net Position, September 1, 2016	41,286,335	5,892,113	2,927,992	1,510,047	1,289,246	742,933
Restatements	(1,083)	2,185	(3,939)	(4,735)	(5,871)	742.022
Net Position, September 1, 2016, as Restated	41,285,252	5,894,298	2,924,053	1,505,312	1,283,375	742,933
Net Position, August 31, 2017	\$44,795,648	\$ 6,134,973	\$ 3,184,910	\$ 1,658,262	\$ 1,432,640	\$ 832,007

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Colleges and Universities – Major Enterprise Fund (concluded)

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

		Texas Woman's Jniversity		Stephen F. Austin State University		Texas Southern Iniversity		idwestern State Iniversity		exas State Technical College	Totals
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)											
Federal Revenue	\$	19,461	\$	21,455	\$	21,309	\$	9,524	\$	23,667	\$ 1,003,530
Gifts		4,310		5,078				4,301		881	571,082
Gifts – Pledged						489				1,091	161,324
Interest and Investment Income		1,064		1,321						278	4,850,681
Interest and Investment Income – Pledged		15,869		5,731		9,682		5,163		358	773,380
Investing Activities Expense				(294)		(468)					(147,554)
Interest Expense		(2,617)		(4,900)		(8,185)		(5,080)		(4,369)	(549,836)
Borrower Rebates and Agent Fees											(5,982)
Loss on Sale of Capital Assets		(145)		(32)				(317)		(219)	(140,704)
Settlement of Claims				155							1,211
Claims and Judgments											(935)
Other Revenues		6,767		9				447		6	140,028
Other Revenues – Pledged											136,480
Other Expenses		(756)				(648)				(3,154)	(122,969)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		43,953	_	28,523		22,179		14,038		18,539	6,669,736
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						,		,		-,	
Gain (Loss) Before Capital Contributions,											
Endowments and Transfers		(52,996)		(58,899)		(64,141)		(36,634)		(107,935)	(2,365,871)
		(= 3==)	_	(==,===)		(-)		()		(,,	
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS, ENDOWMENTS											
AND TRANSFERS											
Capital Contributions – Federal											100
Capital Contributions – Other				693				291		1,470	186,044
Contributions to Permanent and Term Endowments				605		340		84		,	209,404
Transfer In		87,429		77,406		86,160		38,920		112,652	6,878,819
Transfer Out		(598)		,		(378)		(977)		(2,340)	(424,127)
Total Capital Contributions, Endowments and		(0,0)				(2,0)		(2,1,)		(=,= 1 =)	(121,121)
Transfers		86,831		78,704		86,122		38,318		111,782	6,850,240
			_	,							
Change in Net Position		33,835		19,805		21,981		1,684		3,847	4,484,369
Change in 14ct i Osition		33,033		17,003		21,701		1,004		3,047	4,404,507
Net Position, September 1, 2016		390,610		126,804		143,177		88,025		113,883	54,511,165
Restatements		46		120,004		143,177		00,023		(93)	(13,490)
Net Position, September 1, 2016, as Restated		390,656	_	126,804	_	143,177		88,025	_	113,790	54,497,675
110t I osmon, september 1, 2010, as restated	_	370,030		120,004	_	173,177	_	00,023	_	113,770	
Net Position, August 31, 2017	\$	424,491	\$	146,609	\$	165,158	\$	89,709	\$	117,637	\$58,982,044

# **Schedule of Cash Flows Colleges and Universities – Major Enterprise Fund**

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	University of Texas System	Texas A&M University System	Texas Tech University System	University of Houston System	Texas State University System	University of North Texas System
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Proceeds from Customers	\$ 7,718,823	\$ 312,779	\$ 322,519	\$ 63,646	\$ 16,193	\$ 94,951
Proceeds from Tuition and Fees	1,756,691	1,036,529	430,806	559,408	543,484	358,222
Proceeds from Research Grants and Contracts	2,665,737	737,946	281,186	97,336	48,230	67,572
Proceeds from Loan Programs	128,516	6,580	5,848	134,774	21,166	191
Proceeds from Auxiliaries	603,744	305,402	163,272	104,288	154,568	70,280
Proceeds from Other Operating Revenues	923,056	125,134		948	18,818	1,915
Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(5,379,834)	(1,364,341)	(283,943)	(282,379)	(362,383)	(264,653)
Payments to Employees	(10,419,191)	(2,316,327)	(1,109,709)	(786,950)	(679,456)	(542,140)
Payments for Loans Provided	(128,687)	(9,069)	(4,812)	(129,879)	(27,558)	(283)
Payments for Other Operating Expenses		(306,355)	(331,515)	(154,202)	(106,002)	(89,431)
Net Cash (Used) by Operating Activities	(2,131,145)	(1,471,722)	(526,348)	(393,010)	(372,940)	(303,376)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Proceeds from Gifts	458,866	187,341	89,431	72,075	33,266	17,717
Proceeds from Endowments	297,166	5,113		20,480	5,419	343
Proceeds from Transfers from Other Funds	3,076,387	1,708,527	539,966	363,354	455,721	355,186
Proceeds from Loan Programs						
Proceeds from Grant Receipts	380,495	232,527	51,039	101,753	119,406	55,438
Proceeds from Other Noncapital Financing Activities	14,589	96,679	324,169		1,911	441
Payments of Principal on Debt Issuance						
Payments of Interest						
Payments of Other Costs on Debt Issuance						
Payments for Transfers to Other Funds	(1,174,406)	(50,070)	(4,060)	(3,610)	(1,620)	(1,036)
Payments for Grant Disbursements						
Payments for Other Noncapital Financing Uses Net Cash Provided by Noncapital	(5,581)	(59,551)	(319,452)		(8,711)	(175)
Financing Activities	3,047,516	2,120,566	681,093	554,052	605,392	427,914
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVI	TIES					
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	2,116	4,468	231		209	121
Proceeds from Debt Issuance	3,526,137	1,100,308	462,061	391,085	431,839	437,461
Proceeds from State Grants and Contracts		39,965				
Proceeds from Federal Grants and Contracts Proceeds from Gifts					100	
Proceeds from Other Capital and Related Financing Activities		8,943		239,692	10.058	
Proceeds from Capital Contributions	143,688	0,743	67,318	77,062	7	1,092
Payments for Additions to Capital Assets	(1,952,791)	(764,276)	(205,685)	(200,380)	(280,999)	(103,999)
Payments of Principal on Debt Issuance	(2,883,230)	(420,892)	(201,960)	(157,675)	(80,158)	(189,336)
Payments for Capital Leases	(2,003,230)	(2,848)	(3,360)	(538)	(60,156)	(1,573)
Payments of Interest on Debt Issuance	(338,318)	(138,269)	(28,894)	(43,924)	(36,922)	(21,501)
Payments of Other Costs on Debt Issuance	(7,428)	(5,691)	(2,068)	(248,861)	(15)	(2,083)
Payments for Interfund Receivables	(7,420)	(3,226)	(2,000)	(270,001)	(13)	(2,063)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(1,509,826)	(181,518)	87,643	56,461	44,119	120,182

# **Schedule of Cash Flows** Colleges and Universities – Major Enterprise Fund (continued)

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Texas Woman's University	Stephen F. Austin State University	Texas Southern University	Midwestern State University	Texas State Technical College	Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Proceeds from Customers	\$	\$ 6,358	\$	\$	\$ 8,619	\$ 8,543,888
Proceeds from Tuition and Fees	76,428	83,162	72,892	34,505	30,105	4,982,232
Proceeds from Research Grants and Contracts	5,458	866	9,250	1,943	2,965	3,918,489
Proceeds from Loan Programs		254		2		297,331
Proceeds from Auxiliaries	21,348	31,425	17,205	13,471	8,685	1,493,688
Proceeds from Other Operating Revenues	5,258	44	6,173	3,146		1,084,492
Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(67,769)	(56,829)	(63,303)	(29,622)	(48,547)	(8,203,603)
Payments to Employees	(119,718)	(119,886)	(109,807)	(51,190)	(93,009)	(16,347,383)
Payments for Loans Provided						(300,288)
Payments for Other Operating Expenses		(22,406)	(5,964)	(11,577)	(16,998)	(1,044,450)
Net Cash (Used) by Operating Activities	(78,995)	(77,012)	(73,554)	(39,322)	(108,180)	(5,575,604)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Proceeds from Gifts	4,310	5,078	854	3,898		872,836
Proceeds from Endowments		993		84		329,598
Proceeds from Transfers from Other Funds	93,906	65,492	79,575	32,206	111,896	6,882,216
Proceeds from Loan Programs	19,461	122				19,583
Proceeds from Grant Receipts		21,359	21,285	9,526	23,667	1,016,495
Proceeds from Other Noncapital Financing Activities	6,736	560			5	445,090
Payments of Principal on Debt Issuance			(278)			(278)
Payments of Interest	(24)					(24)
Payments of Other Costs on Debt Issuance				(305)		(305)
Payments for Transfers to Other Funds			(322)	(977)		(1,236,101)
Payments for Grant Disbursements	(18,215)					(18,215)
Payments for Other Noncapital Financing Uses					(3,321)	(396,791)
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital						
Financing Activities	106,174	93,604	101,114	44,432	132,247	7,914,104
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	81	43				7,269
Proceeds from Debt Issuance	93,467	61,205	61,550	59,682		6,624,795
Proceeds from State Grants and Contracts		7,451				47,416
Proceeds from Federal Grants and Contracts						100
Proceeds from Gifts					1,092	1,092
Proceeds from Other Capital and Related Financing Activities		607		5,061		264,361
Proceeds from Capital Contributions		478		280	285	290,210
Payments for Additions to Capital Assets	(13,221)	(16,427)	(6,231)	(10,346)	(33,201)	(3,587,556)
Payments of Principal on Debt Issuance	(8,460)	(28,235)	(16,516)	(6,768)	(7,224)	(4,000,454)
Payments for Capital Leases	(277)	(58)			(2,339)	(10,993)
Payments of Interest on Debt Issuance	(3,778)	(4,695)	(7,994)	(5,542)	(5,132)	(634,969)
Payments of Other Costs on Debt Issuance	(730)	(508)				(267,384)
Payments for Interfund Receivables		(1,506)			(702)	(5,434)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and						
Related Financing Activities	67,082	18,355	30,809	42,367	(47,221)	(1,271,547)

# **Schedule of Cash Flows** Colleges and Universities – Major Enterprise Fund (continued)

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

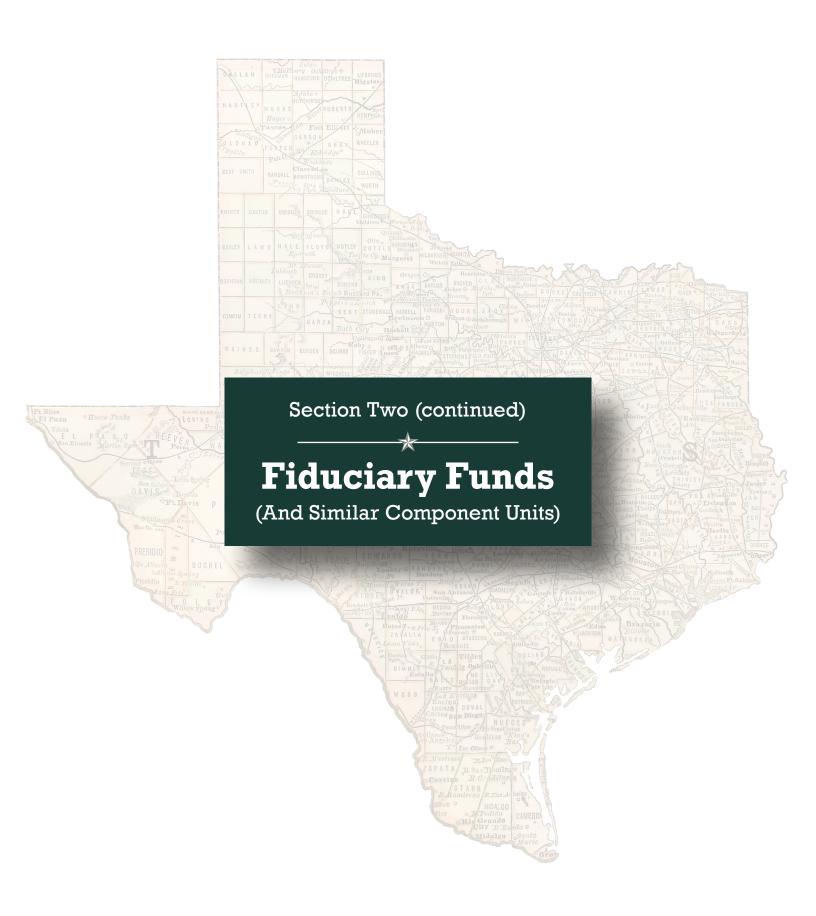
	University of Texas System	Texas A&M University System	Texas Tech University System	University of Houston System	Texas State University System	University of North Texas System
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Proceeds from Sale of Investments Proceeds from Interest and Investment Income	\$ 19,972,477 1,399,698	\$ 2,793,903 112,674	\$ 218,976 84,703	\$ 118,172 27,124	\$ 104,291 15,476	\$ 309,396 13,282
Proceeds from Principal Payments on Loans						
Payments to Acquire Investments	(20,465,895)	(3,186,649)	(316,664)	(346,402)	(135,668)	(460,645)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	906,280	(280,072)	(12,985)	(201,106)	(15,901)	(137,967)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	312,825	187,254	229,403	16,397	260,670	106,753
Cash and Cash Equivalents, September 1, 2016 Restatements	2,876,710	1,269,862	386,529 182	361,759	551,378	203,654
Cash and Cash Equivalents, September 1, 2016, as Restated	2,876,710	1,269,862	386,711	361,759	551,378	203,654
Cash and Cash Equivalents, August 31, 2017	\$ 3,189,535	\$ 1,457,116	\$ 616,114	\$ 378,156	\$ 812,048	\$ 310,407
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING (LOSS) TO NET CASH (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Operating (Loss)	\$ (4,525,235)	\$(2,049,511)	\$ (661,242)	\$ (523,802)	\$ (471,857)	\$ (356,123)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating (Loss)						
to Net Cash (Used) by Operating Activities:	1 206 005	225.455	122 001	00.420	05.111	65.051
Depreciation and Amortization	1,396,005	337,457	123,981	99,439	95,111	67,251
Bad Debt Expense Pension Expense	523,147 367,734	8,941 50,953	456 25,484	21,010	1,315 14,983	11,268
Operating (Loss) and Cash Flow Categories	307,734	30,933	23,404	21,010	14,963	11,206
Classification Differences		(107)		4,895		
Changes in Assets and Liabilities: (Increase) Decrease in Receivables	(716,509)	(28,969)	2,286	4,711	(25,429)	1,639
(Increase) Decrease in Receivables  (Increase) Decrease in Due From Other Funds	(710,509)	9,533	(1,812)	4,711	3,056	1,039
(Increase) Decrease in Inventories	(8,426)	(249)	(398)	100	167	(108)
(Increase) Decrease in Notes Receivable	(0,420)	(247)	1,156	100	(25)	(100)
(Increase) Decrease in Loans and Contracts	(164)	(3,174)	1,150		(7,474)	(92)
(Increase) Decrease in Other Assets	18,919	5,734	(13,796)	3,557	(68)	(32)
(Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Expenses	ŕ	706	336	406	(3,668)	140
Increase (Decrease) in Payables	89,681	46,662	(7,677)	(2,500)	15,081	(21,333)
Increase (Decrease) in Deposits	(414)	487			(32)	
Increase (Decrease) in Due To Other Funds		743	(117)		(473)	
Increase (Decrease) in Unearned Revenue	224,417	23,583	9,786	21,502	16,850	5,104
Increase (Decrease) in Employees' Compensable Leave	12,684	944	3,824	165	1,047	
Increase (Decrease) in Benefits Payable	469,170	130,585	(17,428)	(21,433)	(13,002)	(10,659)
Increase (Decrease) in Other Liabilities	17,846	(6,040)	8,813	(1,060)	1,478	(463)
Total Adjustments	2,394,090	577,789	134,894	130,792	98,917	52,747
Net Cash (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ (2,131,145)	\$(1,471,722)	\$ (526,348)	\$(393,010)	\$(372,940)	\$(303,376)
NONCASH TRANSACTIONS						
Donation of Capital Assets	\$ 25,977	\$ 17,465	\$ 5,592	\$	\$ 1,094	\$ 981
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	\$ 1,831,392	\$ 260,545	\$ 66,085	\$ 44,734	\$ 12,477	\$ 14,524
Borrowing Under Capital Lease Purchase	\$ 1,715	\$ 8,270	\$	\$	\$	\$ 2,843
Other	\$ 19,486	\$ 58,943	\$ (1,870)	\$	\$ (85)	\$ 22,993

# Schedule of Cash Flows Colleges and Universities – Major Enterprise Fund (concluded)

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

CASH ELONG EDOM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	Texas Woman's University	Stephen F. Austin State University	Texas Southern University	Midwestern State University	Texas State Technical College	Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	¢ 1202	¢	¢	¢ 42.004	¢ 52.710	¢ 22 (14 411
Proceeds from Sale of Investments Proceeds from Interest and Investment Income	\$ 1,383 5,675	\$ 327	\$	\$ 42,094 3,019	\$ 53,719 697	\$23,614,411
Proceeds from Principal Payments on Loans	5,675	321	3,677	3,019	097	1,666,352
Payments to Acquire Investments	(100,972)	(20,095)	(29,532)	(92,740)	(23,869)	(25,179,131)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	(93,914)	(19,768)	(25,849)	(47,627)	30,547	101,638
The Cash Florided (Osed) by Investing Activities	(23,214)	(17,700)	(23,047)	(47,027)	30,547	101,030
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	347	15,179	32,520	(150)	7,393	1,168,591
Cash and Cash Equivalents, September 1, 2016	38,348	85,653	42,765	8,118	43,008	5,867,784
Restatements	,	,	,	-,	,	182
Cash and Cash Equivalents, September 1, 2016, as Restated	38,348	85,653	42,765	8,118	43,008	5,867,966
Cash and Cash Equivalents, August 31, 2017	\$ 38,695	\$ 100,832	\$ 75,285	\$ 7,968	\$ 50,401	\$ 7,036,557
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING (LOSS) TO NET CASH (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Operating (Loss)	\$ (96,949)	\$ (87,422)	\$ (86,320)	\$(50,672)	\$(126,474)	\$ (9,035,607)
1 8 /	. ( ) /	, , ,	, ,	, , ,	. ( , , ,	. ( ) , , ,
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating (Loss)						
to Net Cash (Used) by Operating Activities:						
Depreciation and Amortization	14,608	16,704	19,008	12,989	11,808	2,194,361
Bad Debt Expense	357		2,831	6		537,053
Pension Expense	3,181	3,594	2,051	1,106	1,099	502,463
Operating (Loss) and Cash Flow Categories Classification Differences				697	2,803	8,288
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:						
(Increase) Decrease in Receivables	(3,537)	(6,452)	1,145	(962)	737	(771,340)
(Increase) Decrease in Due From Other Funds	328	54	(12,623)		382	(1,082)
(Increase) Decrease in Inventories	222	(38)	(56)	8	11	(8,767)
(Increase) Decrease in Notes Receivable						1,131
(Increase) Decrease in Loans and Contracts	145	255	(11)			(10,504)
(Increase) Decrease in Other Assets	171	210	(41)	252	(1.010)	14,515
(Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Expenses	161	(588)	(291)	252	(1,919)	(4,465)
Increase (Decrease) in Payables	1,774	(128)	(4,699)	(4,957)	5,087	117,168
Increase (Decrease) in Deposits Increase (Decrease) in Due To Other Funds	19	(128) 82	(20)		1,436	1,349 234
Increase (Decrease) in Unearned Revenue	3,586	954	4,365	3,144	702	313,993
Increase (Decrease) in Employees' Compensable Leave	(109)	(119)	(109)	22	344	18,693
Increase (Decrease) in Benefits Payable	(2,563)	(2,582)	(1,863)	(955)	(1,142)	528,128
Increase (Decrease) in Other Liabilities	(218)	(1,585)	3,068	(555)	(3,054)	18,785
Total Adjustments	17,954	10,410	12,766	11,350	18,294	3,460,003
Net Cash (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ (78,995)	\$ (77,012)	\$ (73,554)	\$ (39,322)	\$(108,180)	\$ (5,575,604)
NONCACH TRANSACTIONS						
NONCASH TRANSACTIONS  Denotion of Conitol Assets	\$	\$ 219	¢	\$ 11	¢ 1105	¢ 50.504
Donation of Capital Assets Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	\$ \$ 11,258	\$ 219 \$ 4,086	\$ \$ 5,538	\$ 11 \$ 2,875	\$ 1,185 \$	\$ 52,524 \$ 2,253,514
Borrowing Under Capital Lease Purchase	\$ 11,238 \$	\$ 4,086 \$	\$ 5,538 \$	\$ 2,875	\$ \$ 40	\$ 2,255,514
Other	\$ (1,384)	\$	\$	\$ 32,718	\$ 3,792	\$ 134,593

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# Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds

The Teacher Retirement System Trust Account is for the accumulation of resources for pension benefit payments for qualified employees of public education in Texas.

The State Employees Retirement System (S.E.R.S.) Trust Account is for the accumulation of resources for pension benefit payments to qualified state employees or beneficiaries.

The Law Enforcement and Custodial Officer Supplement Retirement Fund provides supplemental retirement and death benefits for members of the Employees Retirement System of Texas who completed 20 or more years of service or became occupationally disabled or died while serving as commissioned law enforcement officers of a state agency.

The Judicial Retirement System - Plan Two Trust Fund accounts for receipt of monies for retirement and death benefits for certain state-paid judges and judicial officers.

The Texas Emergency Services Retirement System Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for pension, death and disability benefits for eligible fire and emergency services personnel who serve without monetary reward.

The Retired School Employees Group Insurance Trust receives contributions and other funds authorized to be deposited in the fund to pay insurance premiums, to reimburse for claims paid by a non-state entity and

to pay administrative expenses. The Teacher Retirement System of Texas, as trustee, administers the fund for public school retirees and their dependents. The public school entities are not considered part of the reporting entity for the state of Texas.

The State Retiree Health Plan Trust accounts for the receipt of monies for postemployment health care, life and dental insurance benefits provided under the Group Benefits Program. The Employees Retirement System of Texas, as trustee, administers the fund for retired employees of the state and other non-state entities as specified by the Legislature.

The **Deferred Compensation Trust Fund** receives employee deferrals in accordance with Internal Revenue Code 457, appropriations by the state for the administration of the deferred compensation plan, trust income, and fees. The state of Texas is the only employer participating in the plan.

The State Employee Cafeteria Plan Trust Fund receives salary reduction payments and makes disbursements for benefits included in a cafeteria plan, other than Employees Uniform Group Insurance Program coverages. The fund also receives appropriations by the state for the administration of the cafeteria plan.

The Texa\$aver Administrative Trust Fund receives deferrals, purchases qualified investments and pays expenses associated with administration of the deferred compensation plan.

### **Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds**

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

Securities Lending Collateral   17,654,071   500,986   17,585   7,991		Teacher Retirement System Trust Account	S.E.R.S. Trust Account	Law Enforcement and Custodial Officer Supplement Retirement Fund	Judicial Retirement System - Plan Two Trust Fund	Texas Emergency Services Retirement System Fund	Retired School Employees Group Insurance Trust
Securities Lending Collateral   17,654,071   500,986   17,585   7,991							
Investments				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		\$ 614	\$ 221,723
U.S. Government 20,832,730 3,417,665 119,985 54,544 14,260 Corporate Equity 21,153,163 5,727,076 201,063 91,400 53,753 Corporate Obligations 7,983 1,230,048 43,184 19,631 9,879 Foreign Securities 29,539,731 6,197,486 217,578 98,908 23,672 Externally Managed Investments 59,008,169 7,347,818 257,968 117,262 Other 15,374,626 1,900,028 66,677 30,271 1,395 Receivables: Federal	e	17,654,071	500,986	17,585	7,991		
Corporate Equity		20.022.520	2 44 7 44 7	440.005		1120	
Corporate Obligations							
Foreign Securities   29,539,731   6,197,486   217,578   98,908   23,672	1 1 3			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		/	
Externally Managed Investments 59,008,169 7,347,818 257,968 117,262 Other 15,374,626 1,900,028 66,677 30,271 1,395 Receivables:  Federal	1 0	,		,	,	,	
Other Receivables:         15,374,626         1,900,028         66,677         30,271         1,395           Receivables:         Federal Interest and Dividends         234,908         77,853         2,733         1,242         162           Accounts         295,259         108,773         1,476         1,512         1,521         86, 1,52           Investment Trades         670,312         419,365         14,722         6,694         27         133, 19, 19, 19, 19, 19, 19, 19, 19, 19, 19	2	, ,	, ,	,		23,672	
Receivables:   Federal	, ,					1 205	
Federal		15,374,626	1,900,028	66,6//	30,271	1,395	
Interest and Dividends							(2.750
Accounts 295,259 108,773 1,476 1,512 1,521 86, Investment Trades 670,312 419,365 14,722 6,694 27  Other 16,577 Due From Other Funds 68,588 10,356 13,2 Prepaid Items 132 Properties, at Cost, Net of Accumulated Depreciation or Amortization 86,885 6,404  LIABILITIES Payables: Accounts \$29,129 \$23,214 \$590 \$325 \$126 \$126, Investment Trades 619,005 92,389 3,243 1,474 27 Payroll 5,198 Annuities 128,998 Due To Other Funds 8,102 1,968 249 50 Uncarned Revenue 367 34 3 10 Employees' Compensable Leave 8,608 3,214 Obligations/Securities Lending 17,637,062 498,743 17,510 7,960 Other Liabilities 18,2726  NET POSITION Restricted for Pensions 146,760,514 26,371,827 923,990 420,850 105,120 Held in Trust for O'PEB* and Other Purposes 399,		224 000	77.052	2.722	1 242	1/2	63,750
Investment Trades							349
Other         16,577         133, 19, 19, 19           Due From Other Funds         68,588         10,356         19, 19, 19           Prepaid Items         132         19, 19         19, 19           Properties, at Cost, Net of Accumulated Depreciation or Amortization         86,885         6,404         6,404           Total Assets         165,379,342         26,991,722         945,616         430,662         105,283         526, 10           LIABILITIES           Payables:         Accounts         \$ 29,129         \$ 23,214         \$ 590         \$ 325         \$ 126         \$ 126, 126, 126, 126, 126, 126, 126, 126,		,	,			/	86,919
Due From Other Funds		,	419,303	14,722	0,094	21	122.050
Prepaid Items Properties, at Cost, Net of Accumulated Depreciation or Amortization  86,885  6,404  Total Assets  165,379,342  26,991,722  945,616  430,662  105,283  526,  LIABILITIES Payables:  Accounts  \$29,129 \$23,214 \$590 \$325 \$126 \$126, \$126, \$126, \$126, \$127, \$128,	* ****	,	10.256				133,058 19,890
Properties, at Cost, Net of Accumulated Depreciation or Amortization 86,885 6,404  Total Assets 165,379,342 26,991,722 945,616 430,662 105,283 526,  LIABILITIES Payables:  Accounts \$29,129 \$23,214 \$590 \$325 \$126 \$126,  Investment Trades 619,005 92,389 3,243 1,474 27  Payroll 5,198 Annuities 128,998  Due To Other Funds 8,102 1,968 249 50 Unearned Revenue 367 34 3 10  Employees' Compensable Leave 8,608 3,214 Obligations/Securities Lending 17,637,062 498,743 17,510 7,960  Other Liabilities 182,726  Total Liabilities 18,618,828 619,895 21,626 9,812 163 126,  NET POSITION Restricted for Pensions 146,760,514 26,371,827 923,990 420,850 105,120  Held in Trust for OPEB* and Other Purposes 399,			10,330				19,890
Depreciation or Amortization   86,885   6,404	*	132					
Total Assets 165,379,342 26,991,722 945,616 430,662 105,283 526,  LIABILITIES  Payables:  Accounts \$29,129 \$23,214 \$590 \$325 \$126 \$126,  Investment Trades 619,005 92,389 3,243 1,474 27  Payroll 5,198  Annuities 128,998  Due To Other Funds 8,102 1,968 249 50  Unearned Revenue 367 34 3 10  Employees' Compensable Leave 8,608 3,214  Obligations/Securities Lending 17,637,062 498,743 17,510 7,960  Other Liabilities 182,726  Total Liabilities 18,618,828 619,895 21,626 9,812 163 126,  NET POSITION  Restricted for Pensions 146,760,514 26,371,827 923,990 420,850 105,120  Held in Trust for OPEB*  and Other Purposes 399,		06 005	6.404				709
LIABILITIES         Payables:       4. Accounts       \$ 29,129       \$ 23,214       \$ 590       \$ 325       \$ 126       \$ 126, 126, 126, 126, 126, 126, 126, 126,	Depreciation of Amortization	80,883	0,404				
Payables:       Accounts       \$ 29,129       \$ 23,214       \$ 590       \$ 325       \$ 126       \$ 126,         Investment Trades       619,005       92,389       3,243       1,474       27         Payroll       5,198       Annuities       128,998         Due To Other Funds       8,102       1,968       249       50         Unearned Revenue       367       34       3       10         Employees' Compensable Leave       8,608       3,214         Obligations/Securities Lending       17,637,062       498,743       17,510       7,960         Other Liabilities       182,726       182,726       163       126,         NET POSITION         Restricted for Pensions       146,760,514       26,371,827       923,990       420,850       105,120         Held in Trust for OPEB*         and Other Purposes       399,	Total Assets	165,379,342	26,991,722	945,616	430,662	105,283	526,398
Investment Trades							
Payroll       5,198         Annuities       128,998         Due To Other Funds       8,102       1,968       249       50         Unearned Revenue       367       34       3       10         Employees' Compensable Leave       8,608       3,214         Obligations/Securities Lending       17,637,062       498,743       17,510       7,960         Other Liabilities       182,726       182,726       163       126,         NET POSITION         Restricted for Pensions       146,760,514       26,371,827       923,990       420,850       105,120         Held in Trust for OPEB*       399,         and Other Purposes       399,	Accounts	\$ 29,129		*	\$ 325	*	\$ 126,165
Annuities 128,998  Due To Other Funds 8,102 1,968 249 50  Unearned Revenue 367 34 3 10  Employees' Compensable Leave 8,608 3,214  Obligations/Securities Lending 17,637,062 498,743 17,510 7,960  Other Liabilities 182,726  Total Liabilities 18,618,828 619,895 21,626 9,812 163 126,  NET POSITION  Restricted for Pensions 146,760,514 26,371,827 923,990 420,850 105,120  Held in Trust for OPEB*  and Other Purposes 399,	Investment Trades	619,005	92,389	3,243	1,474	27	
Due To Other Funds       8,102       1,968       249       50         Unearned Revenue       367       34       3       10         Employees' Compensable Leave       8,608       3,214         Obligations/Securities Lending       17,637,062       498,743       17,510       7,960         Other Liabilities       182,726       182,726       163       126,         NET POSITION         Restricted for Pensions       146,760,514       26,371,827       923,990       420,850       105,120         Held in Trust for OPEB* and Other Purposes       399,		,					309
Unearned Revenue       367       34       3       10         Employees' Compensable Leave       8,608       3,214       7,960         Obligations/Securities Lending       17,637,062       498,743       17,510       7,960         Other Liabilities       182,726       182,726       163       126,         NET POSITION         Restricted for Pensions       146,760,514       26,371,827       923,990       420,850       105,120         Held in Trust for OPEB* and Other Purposes       399,							
Employees' Compensable Leave Obligations/Securities Lending       8,608 1,214 17,510 7,960         Other Liabilities       182,726         Total Liabilities       18,618,828 619,895 21,626 9,812 163 126,         NET POSITION Restricted for Pensions Held in Trust for OPEB* and Other Purposes       146,760,514 26,371,827 923,990 420,850 105,120		8,102	,				
Obligations/Securities Lending       17,637,062       498,743       17,510       7,960         Other Liabilities       182,726				34	3	10	
Other Liabilities         182,726           Total Liabilities         18,618,828         619,895         21,626         9,812         163         126,           NET POSITION  Restricted for Pensions Held in Trust for OPEB* and Other Purposes         146,760,514         26,371,827         923,990         420,850         105,120		,					388
Total Liabilities 18,618,828 619,895 21,626 9,812 163 126,  NET POSITION  Restricted for Pensions 146,760,514 26,371,827 923,990 420,850 105,120  Held in Trust for OPEB* and Other Purposes 399,	-		498,743	17,510	7,960		
NET POSITION         Restricted for Pensions       146,760,514       26,371,827       923,990       420,850       105,120         Held in Trust for OPEB* and Other Purposes       399,	Other Liabilities	182,726		<del></del>			
Restricted for Pensions       146,760,514       26,371,827       923,990       420,850       105,120         Held in Trust for OPEB* and Other Purposes       399,	Total Liabilities	18,618,828	619,895	21,626	9,812	163	126,862
Held in Trust for OPEB* and Other Purposes							
and Other Purposes 399,		146,760,514	26,371,827	923,990	420,850	105,120	
·							
Total Nat Bootton \$146.760.514 \$26.271.827 \$022.000 \$420.850 \$105.120 \$ 200	and Other Purposes						399,536
10tal Net Position \$140,700,314 \$20,371,627 \$923,990 \$420,830 \$103,120 \$ 399,	Total Net Position	\$146,760,514	\$26,371,827	\$923,990	\$420,850	\$105,120	\$ 399,536

<sup>\*</sup> Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)

# **Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position –** Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds (concluded)

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

ASSETS  Cash and Cash Equivalents Securities Lending Collateral Investments: U.S. Government Corporate Equity Corporate Obligations Foreign Securities	\$ 37,439	\$	2,452		ust Fund		Totals
Securities Lending Collateral Investments: U.S. Government Corporate Equity Corporate Obligations	\$ 37,439	\$		2.520	1.042		
Investments: U.S. Government Corporate Equity Corporate Obligations			2,432	\$ 3,539	\$ 1,843	\$	755,534
U.S. Government Corporate Equity Corporate Obligations						1	8,180,633
Corporate Equity Corporate Obligations						2	4,439,184
Corporate Obligations							27,226,455
							1,310,725
							6,077,375
Externally Managed Investments							6,731,217
Other	337,831			11,490		1	7,722,318
Receivables:							
Federal	144,147						207,897
Interest and Dividends	336		3	14	2		317,602
Accounts	26,128		118	5,741	90		527,537
Investment Trades							1,111,120
Other Due From Other Funds	329,589			3			149,635 428,426
Prepaid Items	329,369			3			132
Properties, at Cost, Net of Accumulated							132
Depreciation or Amortization							93,998
•						-	
Total Assets	 875,470		2,573	 20,787	 1,935	19	5,279,788
LIABILITIES							
Payables:							
Accounts	\$ 162,016	\$	21	\$ 5,945	\$ 47	\$	347,578
Investment Trades							716,138
Payroll							5,507
Annuities  Due To Other Funds	2,795		23	45	54		128,998 13,286
Unearned Revenue	424		23 5	43	34		843
Employees' Compensable Leave	727		3				12,210
Obligations/Securities Lending						1	8,161,275
Other Liabilities							182,726
		-		 			
Total Liabilities	165,235		49	 5,990	 101	1	9,568,561
NET POSITION							
Restricted for Pensions						17	4,582,301
Held in Trust for OPEB*	=10.00 <i>=</i>		2.524	4.4.505	1.024		
and Other Purposes	710,235		2,524	 14,797	 1,834	_	1,128,926
Total Net Position	\$ 710,235	\$	2,524	\$ 14,797	\$ 1,834	\$17	5,711,227

<sup>\*</sup> Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)

### **Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position –** Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Teacher Retirement System Trust Account	S.E.R.S. Trust Account	Law Enforcement and Custodial Officer Supplement Retirement Fund	Judicial Retirement System - Plan Two Trust Fund	Texas Emergency Services Retirement System Fund	Retired School Employees Group Insurance Trust
ADDITIONS						
Contributions:						
Member Contributions	\$ 3,270,118	\$ 685,462	\$ 9,583	\$ 6,017	\$ 5,012	\$ 213,241
State Contributions	1,829,606	666,256	26,583	12,495		319,320
Premium Contributions		33,886				404,028
Federal Contributions						101,719
Other Contributions	1,487,127					507,086
Total Contributions	6,586,851	1,385,604	36,166	18,512	5,012	1,545,394
Investment Income:						
From Investing Activities:						
Net Increase in Fair Value of Investments	10,790,895	2,275,734	79,794	36,015	8,666	
Interest, Dividend and Other				9,213		4.607
Total Investing Income	5,811,411 16,602,306	583,524 2,859,258	20,481 100,275	45,228	1,674	4,697 4,697
						4,097
Less Investing Activities Expense	218,120	33,674	1,180	464	568	4.607
Net Income from Investing Activities	16,384,186	2,825,584	99,095	44,764	9,772	4,697
From Securities Lending Activities:						
Securities Lending Income	237,358	2,766	97	44		
Less Securities Lending Expense:						
Borrower Rebates*	133,041	(2,918)	(102)	(46)		
Management Fees	10,104	568	20	9		
Net Income from Securities Lending	94,213	5,116	179	81	0	0
Total Net Investment Income	16,478,399	2,830,700	99,274	44,845	9,772	4,697
Other Additions:						
Settlement of Claims		1,895	66	30	2	
Other Revenue	1,300	185	1	50	2	529
Transfer In	22,043	93,609	•		1,584	32)
Total Other Additions	23,343	95,689	67	30	1,588	529
m . 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			125.505		46050	1.550.600
Total Additions	23,088,593	4,311,993	135,507	63,387	16,372	1,550,620
DEDUCTIONS						
Benefits	9,778,497	2,239,587	66,818	22,988	5,032	1,786,558
Refunds of Contributions	420,421	120,944	2,938	374		
Transfer Out	93,609	22,108				
Administrative Expenses	39,421	20,496	1,755	287	182	4,884
Depreciation and Amortization Expense	3,119	1,468				
Loss on Sale of Capital Assets		11				
Other Expenses	1,649	1,132	55	8	2	1,128
Total Deductions	10,336,716	2,405,746	71,566	23,657	5,216	1,792,570
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET POSITION	12,751,877	1,906,247	63,941	39,730	11,156	(241,950)
NET POSITION						
Net Position, September 1, 2016	134,008,637	24,465,580	860,049	381,120	93,964	641,486
Restatements	154,000,057	24,405,500	000,049	301,120	93,70 <del>4</del>	041,400
Net Position, September 1, 2016, as Restated	134,008,637	24,465,580	860,049	381,120	93,964	641,486
Not Position, Append 21, 2017	\$ 146 760 514	¢ 16 271 027	\$ 022 000	\$ 420,950	¢ 105 120	\$ 200.526
Net Position, August 31, 2017	\$146,760,514	\$26,371,827	\$923,990	\$420,850	\$ 105,120	\$ 399,536

<sup>\*</sup> The pension funds of the Employees Retirement System of Texas received rebates from borrowers in excess of payments made to borrowers due to increased demand in the securities lending market.

## **Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position –** Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds (concluded)

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

ů,	_		State		
	State Retiree Health Plan	Deferred Compensation	Employee Cafeteria Plan	Texa\$aver Administrative	
ADDITIONS	Trust	Trust Fund	Trust Fund	Trust Fund	Totals
Contributions:					
Member Contributions	\$ 4,596	\$	\$ 77,824	\$	\$ 4,271,853
State Contributions	935,169				3,789,429
Premium Contributions	191,339				629,253
Federal Contributions	73,120				174,839
Other Contributions			1,735		1,995,948
Total Contributions	1,204,224	0	79,559	0	10,861,322
Investment Income:					
From Investing Activities:					
Net Increase in Fair Value of Investments					13,191,104
Interest, Dividend and Other	4,522	40	78	47	6,435,687
Total Investing Income	4,522	40	78	47	19,626,791
Less Investing Activities Expense	1	22	7	54	254,090
Net Income from Investing Activities	4,521	18	71	(7)	19,372,701
From Securities Lending Activities:					
Securities Lending Income Less Securities Lending Expense:					240,265
Borrower Rebates*					129,975
Management Fees					10,701
Net Income from Securities Lending	0	0	0	0	99,589
Total Net Investment Income	4,521	18_	71	(7)	19,472,290
Other Additions:					
Settlement of Claims	55				2,048
Other Revenue	301	719	93	566	3,696
Transfer In					117,236
Total Other Additions	356	719	93	566	122,980
Total Additions	1,209,101	737	79,723	559	30,456,592
DEDUCTIONS					
Benefits	995,929		69,697		14,965,106
Refunds of Contributions					544,677
Transfer Out					115,717
Administrative Expenses	5,241	209	332	448	73,255
Depreciation and Amortization Expense					4,587
Loss on Sale of Capital Assets					11
Other Expenses	461	60	1,287	32	5,814
Total Deductions	1,001,631	269	71,316	480	15,709,167
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET POSITION	207,470	468	8,407	79	14,747,425
NET POSITION					
Net Position, September 1, 2016	506	2,056	6,390	1,755	160,461,543
Restatements	502,259				502,259
Net Position, September 1, 2016, as Restated	502,765	2,056	6,390	1,755	160,963,802
Net Position, August 31, 2017	\$ 710,235	\$ 2,524	\$ 14,797	\$ 1,834	\$175,711,227

<sup>\*</sup> The pension funds of the Employees Retirement System of Texas received rebates from borrowers in excess of payments made to borrowers due to increased demand in the securities lending market.

# **Private-Purpose Trust Funds**

The Tobacco Settlement Permanent Trust (Political Subdivisions) holds the portion of the money received in the settlement of the State of Texas v. The American Tobacco Co., et. al., designated for the exclusive benefit of other political subdivisions. Other political subdivisions include cities, counties and/or local hospital districts that are responsible for indigent health care. The fund is administered by the Treasury Operations Division of the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts.

The Texas Insurance Companies Assets Account - Reserve and Custodial Fund holds assets in trust for claims associated with insurance company liquidations. Additionally, the fund holds certain insurance company statutory deposits. Most balances are normally held outside the Treasury. The Department of Insurance administers the fund.

The Catastrophe Reserve Trust Fund is a state fund created to provide relief to insurance companies within the state in the event of certain catastrophic losses. Certain property insurers authorized to transact property insurance in Texas make payments to the fund.

The Inmate Trust and Employee Service Option Fund holds funds for offender commissary accounts along with the Texas Department of Criminal Justice employee commissary contributions.

The **Texas College Savings Plans** receive money contributed by account holders, money acquired from private sources and income from investment of deposits. The plans may be used only to pay costs of program administration and operations, make payments to state, private or independent institutions of higher education and make refunds to account holders.

# Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Private-Purpose Trust Funds

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Tobacco Settlement Permanent Trust (Political Subdivisions)	Texas Insurance Companies Assets Account - Reserve and Custodial Fund	Catastrophe Reserve Trust Fund	Inmate Trust and Employee Service Option Fund	Texas College Savings Plans	Other Private- Purpose Trust Funds	Totals
ASSETS							
Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Cash and Cash	\$	\$ 232,099	\$741,872	\$ 10,456	\$ 1,252	\$ 59,112	\$ 1,044,791
Equivalents Investments:						14	14
U.S. Government Corporate Equity	22,793	58,367 2,227		24,246		2,045 10,912	84,658 35,932
Corporate Obligations Foreign Securities						2,945 8,439	2,945 8,439
Other Receivables:	2,460,364				646,787	11,086	3,118,237
Interest and Dividends Accounts	82	6	21			43 95	152 95
Investment Trades Other	606				43	4,300	606 4,343
Due from Other Funds Properties, at Cost, Net of Accumulated						380	380
Depreciation or Amortization						649	649
Total Assets	2,483,845	292,699	741,893	34,702	648,082	100,020	4,301,241
LIABILITIES							
Payables:	d 1262	r.	Φ.7.41 000	Ø 5.00 <i>ć</i>	ф. 401	ф. <b>17</b> .020	ф. <b>д</b> сс <b>5д</b> 1
Accounts Interest	\$ 1,262	\$	\$ 741,893	\$ 5,086	\$ 401	\$ 17,929 9	\$ 766,571 9
Unearned Revenue Funds Held for Others					742	17 96	759
Other Liabilities		289,862			257_	257	96 290,376
Total Liabilities	1,262	289,862	741,893	5,086	1,400	18,308	1,057,811
NET POSITION							
Held in Trust for Individuals, Organizations							
and Other Governments	2,482,583	2,837		29,616	646,682	81,712	3,243,430
Total Net Position	\$ 2,482,583	\$ 2,837	\$ 0	\$29,616	\$ 646,682	\$ 81,712	\$3,243,430

# Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – **Private-Purpose Trust Funds**

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Tobacco Settlement Permanent Trust (Political Subdivisions)	Texas Insurance Companies Assets Account - Reserve and Custodial Fund	Catastrophe Reserve Trust Fund	Inmate Trust and Employee Service Option Fund	Texas College Savings Plans	Other Private- Purpose Trust Funds	Totals
ADDITIONS				·			
Contributions:							
Federal Contributions Other Contributions	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 204,795	\$ 3,477	\$ 3,477 204,795
Total Contributions	0	0	0	0	204,795	3,477	208,272
Investment Income:							
From Investing Activities:							
Net Increase in							
Fair Value of Investments	233,615				49,836	1,395	284,846
Interest and Investment Income	26,119	1,141	3,821		14,486	1,599	47,166
Total Investing Income	259,734	1,141	3,821	0	64,322	2,994	332,012
Less Investing Activities Expense Net Income from Investing					4,116		4,116
Activities	259,734	1,141	3,821	0	60,206	2,994	327,896
Total Net Investment Income	259,734	1,141	3,821	0	60,206	2,994	327,896
Other Additions:							
Settlement of Claims						4,615	4,615
Other Revenue		6,512	153,021	150,011	382	2,377	312,303
Transfer In						380	380
Total Other Additions	0	6,512	153,021	150,011	382	7,372	317,298
Total Additions	259,734	7,653	156,842	150,011	265,383	13,843	853,466
DEDUCTIONS							
Benefits					182,519	436	182,955
Transfer Out						7,215	7,215
Intergovernmental Payments	67,156					7,486	74,642
Administrative Expenses	6,849				326	414	7,589
Depreciation and Amortization Expense						39	39
Settlement of Claims		9,972				4,751	14,723
Interest Expense						8	8
Other Expenses		4,983	742,021	147,855	65	902	895,826
Total Deductions	74,005	14,955	742,021	147,855	182,910	21,251	1,182,997
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET POSITION	185,729	(7,302)	(585,179)	2,156	82,473	(7,408)	(329,531)
NET POSITION							
Net Position, September 1, 2016	2,296,854	10,139	585,179	27,460	564,209	89,120	3,572,961
Net Position, August 31, 2017	\$ 2,482,583	\$ 2,837	\$ 0	\$ 29,616	\$ 646,682	\$81,712	\$3,243,430

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# **Agency Funds**

The Texas Public Finance Authority Bond Escrow Account is used to hold funds for various defeased or refunded bonds.

The Life, Health, Accident and Casualty Insurance Companies Trust Account holds cash or securities deposited with the state by insurance companies as required by law.

The Texas Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Fund is used to deposit certified self-insurer security deposits. These deposits may be applied to the selfinsurer's incurred liabilities for compensation.

The City, County, Metropolitan Transit Authority (MTA) and Special Purpose District (SPD) Sales Tax Trust Account is used to record the receipt of local sales and use tax collected by the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts for each city, county, metropolitan transit authority and special purpose district authorizing the collection.

# **Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Agency Funds**

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Texas Public Finance Authority Bond Escrow Account	Life, Health, Accident and Casualty Insurance Companies Trust Account	Texas Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Fund	City, County, MTA and SPD Sales Tax Trust Account	Other Agency Funds	Totals
ASSETS  Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 12	\$ 654	\$ 8,150	\$1,077,347	\$ 459,561	\$ 1,545,724
Investments:	\$ 12	\$ 034	\$ 6,130	\$ 1,077,347	\$ 439,301	\$ 1,343,724
U.S. Government	234,974				63,774	298,748
Corporate Equity					129,766	129,766
Corporate Obligations					394	394
Repurchase Agreements					36,229	36,229
Other					167,617	167,617
Receivables:						
Interest and Dividends	1,039				l	1,040
Accounts					7,498	7,498
Taxes					19	19
Other Assets		862,748	477,703		217,845	1,558,296
Total Assets	\$236,025	\$ 863,402	\$485,853	\$1,077,347	\$1,082,704	\$3,745,331
LIABILITIES						
Payables:						
Accounts	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 608	\$ 608
Other Intergovernmental				1,077,347		1,077,347
Due To Other Funds					934	934
Funds Held for Others	236,025	863,402	485,853		1,081,141	2,666,421
Other Liabilities					21	21
Total Liabilities	\$236,025	\$ 863,402	\$ 485,853	\$1,077,347	\$1,082,704	\$3,745,331

## Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – **Agency Funds**

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

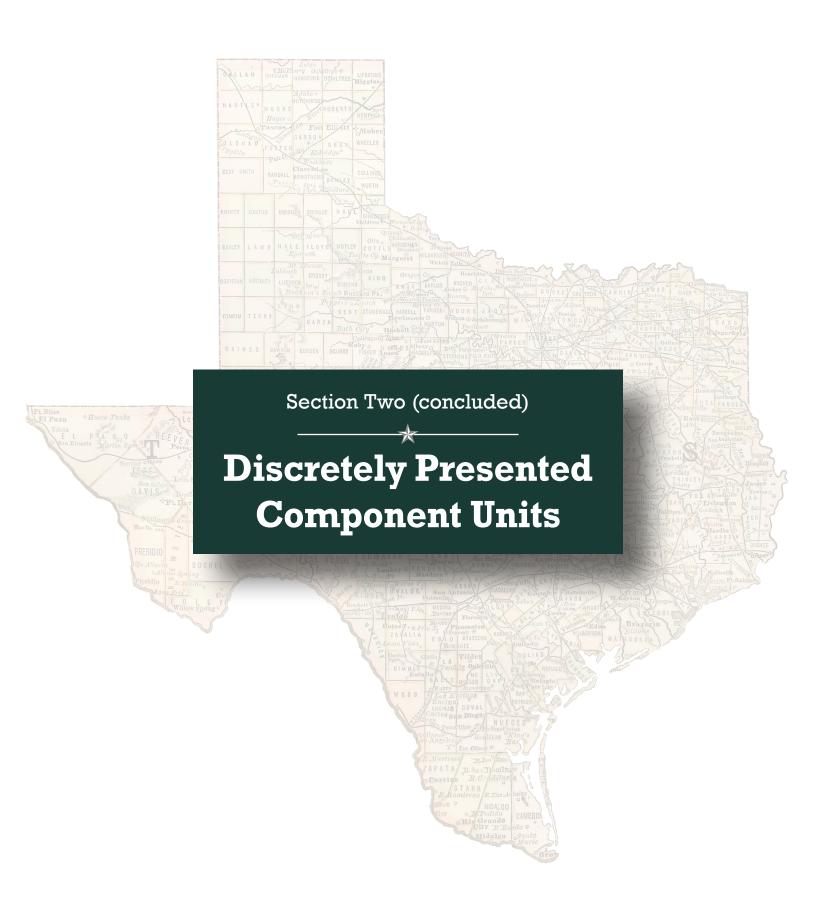
	Balance September 1, 2016	Additions	Deductions	Balance August 31, 2017			
Texas Public Finance Authority Bond Escrow Account				•			
ASSETS							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 5	\$ 7	\$	\$ 12			
Investments	371,930		136,956	234,974			
Interest and Dividends Receivable	1,055	·	16	1,039			
Total Assets	\$ 372,990	\$ 7	\$ 136,972	\$ 236,025			
LIABILITIES							
Funds Held for Others	\$ 372,990	\$	\$ 136,965	\$ 236,025			
Total Liabilities	\$ 372,990	\$ 0	\$ 136,965	\$ 236,025			
Life, Health, Accident and Casualty							
Insurance Companies Trust Account							
ASSETS							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 628	\$ 655	\$ 629	\$ 654			
Other Assets	791,508	101,094	29,854	862,748			
Total Assets	\$ 792,136	\$ 101,749	\$ 30,483	\$ 863,402			
		<u> </u>					
LIABILITIES							
Accounts Payable	\$	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$			
Funds Held for Others	792,136	101,749	30,483	863,402			
Total Liabilities	\$ 792,136	\$ 101,750	\$ 30,484	\$ 863,402			
Texas Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Fund							
ASSETS	Ф 7.200	Φ 0.272	ф. 7.500	Φ 0.150			
Cash and Cash Equivalents Other Assets	\$ 7,300 481,973	\$ 8,372	\$ 7,522 4,270	\$ 8,150 477,703			
Total Assets	\$ 489,273	\$ 8,372	\$ 11,792	\$ 485,853			
Total Assets	Ψ Ψ0,213	Ψ 0,372	Φ 11,792	φ 405,055			
LIABILITIES							
Accounts Payable	\$	\$ 141	\$ 141	\$			
Funds Held for Others	489,273	1,072	4,492	485,853			
Total Liabilities	\$ 489,273	\$ 1,213	\$ 4,633	\$ 485,853			
City, County, MTA and SPD Sales Tax Trust Account							
ASSETS							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 995,021	\$ 9,944,786	\$ 9,862,460	\$ 1,077,347			
Total Assets	\$ 995,021	\$ 9,944,786	\$ 9.862,460	\$ 1,077,347			
	7 22,021	7 - 7 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	<del>+</del> - ,- <b>32,</b> 100	,,			
LIABILITIES							
Payables:	¢	¢ 0550747	¢ 0550747	¢			
Accounts Other Intergovernmental	\$ 995,021	\$ 8,552,747 1,077,347	\$ 8,552,747 995,021	\$ 1,077,347			
Funds Held for Others	993,021	1,077,347 10,939,807	10,939,807	1,077,347			
Total Liabilities	\$ 995,021	\$ 20,569,901	\$ 20,487,575	\$ 1,077,347			
	· /	<del>. , , , , </del>	· , ,	· , , , ·			

## Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – **Agency Funds** (concluded)

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Balance September 1, 2016	Additions	Deductions	Balance August 31, 2017			
Other Agency Funds							
ACCETC							
ASSETS  Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 373,442	\$ 10,296,207	\$ 10,210,088	\$ 459,561			
Investments	612,516	358.009	572,745	397,780			
Receivables:	012,510	330,007	312,143	371,700			
Interest and Dividends		1		1			
Accounts	9,922	1,971	4,395	7,498			
Taxes	10	12	3	19			
Due From Other Funds	8	1,322	1,330				
Interfund Receivable		2,499	2,499				
Other Assets	115,641	112,019	9,815	217,845			
Total Assets	\$ 1,111,539	\$ 10,772,040	\$ 10,800,875	\$ 1,082,704			
LIABILITIES							
Payables:							
Accounts	\$ 1,109	\$ 741,482	\$ 741,983	\$ 608			
Due To Other Funds	638	577,850	577,554	934			
Interfund Payables		2,499	2,499				
Funds Held for Others	1,109,780	10,572,575	10,601,214	1,081,141			
Other Liabilities	12_	10_	1	21			
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,111,539	\$ 11,894,416	\$ 11,923,251	\$ 1,082,704			
Totals – All Agency Funds							
ASSETS							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,376,396	\$ 20,250,027	\$ 20,080,699	\$ 1,545,724			
Investments	984,446	358,009	709,701	632,754			
Receivables:							
Interest and Dividends	1,055	1	16	1,040			
Accounts	9,922	1,971	4,395	7,498			
Taxes	10	12	3	19			
Due From Other Funds	8	1,322	1,330				
Interfund Receivable		2,499	2,499				
Other Assets	1,389,122	213,113	43,939	1,558,296			
Total Assets	\$ 3,760,959	\$ 20,826,954	\$ 20,842,582	\$ 3,745,331			
LIABILITIES							
Payables:							
Accounts	\$ 1,109	\$ 9,294,371	\$ 9,294,872	\$ 608			
Other Intergovernmental	995,021	1,077,347	995,021	1,077,347			
Due To Other Funds	638	577,850	577,554	934			
Interfund Payables		2,499	2,499				
Funds Held for Others	2,764,179	21,615,203	21,712,961	2,666,421			
Other Liabilities	12	10	1	21			
Total Liabilities	\$ 3,760,959	\$ 32,567,280	\$ 32,582,908	\$ 3,745,331			

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# **Discretely Presented Component Units**

A statement of net position and a statement of activities were prepared to report the breakdown of the following discretely presented component units:

Teacher Retirement System of Texas

State Bar of Texas

**Texas State Affordable Housing Corporation** 

OneStar National Service Commission Inc. and OneStar Foundation, Inc.

Texas Low-Level Radioactive Waste Disposal Compact Commission

Texas Prepaid Tuition Scholarship Foundation

Texas Match the Promise Foundation

**Texas Windstorm Insurance Association** 

Surplus Lines Stamping Office of Texas

Texas Health Reinsurance System

Fair Access to Insurance Requirements Plan Association

Texas Boll Weevil Eradication Foundation Inc.

Texas Agricultural Finance Authority

Texas Water Resources Finance Authority

Texas Appraiser Licensing and Certification Board

**Texas Economic Development Corporation** 

Texas Disaster Relief Fund

**Texas Health Services Authority** 

**Beacon State Fund** 

**State Agency Council** 

Film Texas Fund

Texas Governor's Mansion Administration

Robert G. Carr and Nona K. Carr Scholarship Foundation

University of North Texas Foundation

The Alamo Endowment

# **Combining Statement of Net Position – Component Units**

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)\*

	Teacher Retirement State Bai System of of Texas Texas		of	Housing		OneStar National Service Commission Inc. and OneStar Foundation, Inc.		Texas Low-Level Radioactive Waste Disposal Compact Commission		Texas Prepaid Tuition Scholarship Foundation		Texas Match the Promise Foundation	
ASSETS													
Current Assets:													
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 339,364	\$	15,148	\$	1,545	\$	470	\$	273	\$	17	\$	35
Short-Term Investments			32,338		1,642								
Restricted:													
Cash and Cash Equivalents					2,024								
Loans and Contracts					8,601								
Receivables:													
Federal							51						
Other Intergovernmental													
Accounts	34,212		2,879		1,606								
Interest and Dividends	422				165								
Other							10						
Due from Primary Government													
Inventories			664										
Prepaid Items			842		103								
Loans and Contracts													
Other Current Assets			282				13		2		78		640
Total Current Assets	373,998		52,153		15,686	-	544		275		95		675
Noncurrent Assets:													
Restricted:													
Cash and Cash Equivalents													
Investments					48,507								
Loans and Contracts					6,505								
Investments					4,755								
Loans and Contracts													
Gifts Receivable													
Assets Held in Trust													
Prepaid Items					272								
Other Noncurrent Assets					272								
Capital Assets:			770		4 402								
Non-Depreciable or Non-Amortizable			772 6,951		4,493		7						
Depreciable or Amortizable, Net Total Noncurrent Assets		_			7,114		7		0		0		0
Total Nonculrent Assets	0	_	7,723		71,646		/		0		0		U
Total Assets	373,998	_	59,876	_	87,332		551		275		95		675

<sup>\*</sup> Amounts reported as of Aug. 31, 2017, unless otherwise indicated in Note 19.

# **Combining Statement of Net Position – Component Units (continued)**

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)\*

	Re	Teacher etirement System of Texas	State Bar of Texas			Texas State Affordable Housing Corporation		OneStar National Service Commission Inc. and OneStar Foundation, Inc.		Texas Low-Level Radioactive Waste Disposal Compact Commission		Texas Prepaid Tuition Scholarship Foundation		exas atch Promise ndation
LIABILITIES														
Current Liabilities:														
Payables:														
Accounts	\$	275,592	\$	3,858	\$	379	\$	83	\$	31	\$		\$	
Payroll		166												
Interest						661								
Due to Primary Government														
Unearned Revenue				14,509		324		468						
Capital Lease Obligations				46										
Employees' Compensable Leave		137		591										
Notes and Loans Payable						1,101								
Revenue Bonds Payable						10,473								
Funds Held for Others				217										
Other Current Liabilities						190						78		340
Total Current Liabilities		275,895		19,221		13,128		551		31		78		340
Noncurrent Liabilities:														
Capital Lease Obligations				85										
Employees' Compensable Leave		44		961										
Notes and Loans Payable						4,488								
Revenue Bonds Payable						36,976								
Other Noncurrent Liabilities						2,385								
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		44_		1,046		43,849		0		0		0		0
Total Liabilities		275,939		20,267		56,977		551		31		78		340
NET POSITION														
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:				7,723		1,281								
Funds Held as Permanent Investments: Nonexpendable														
Expendable														
Other		98,059				2,890								
Unrestricted				31,886	_	26,184				244		17		335
Total Net Position	\$	98,059	\$	39,609	\$	30,355	\$	0	\$	244	\$	17	\$	335

<sup>\*</sup> Amounts reported as of Aug. 31, 2017, unless otherwise indicated in Note 19.

# **Combining Statement of Net Position – Component Units (continued)**

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)\*

	Texas Windstorm Insurance Association	Surplus Lines Stamping Office of Texas	Texas Health Reinsurance System	to Insurance Requirements Plan Association	Texas Boll Weevil Eradication Foundation Inc.	Texas Agricultural Finance Authority
ASSETS	-					·
Current Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,029,690	\$ 696	\$ 342	\$ 60,581	\$ 91,982	\$ 16,953
Short-Term Investments		8,500				
Restricted:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents						
Loans and Contracts						
Receivables:						
Federal						
Other Intergovernmental					1,682	
Accounts		713		12,695	6,325	
Interest and Dividends		13		65		33
Other						
Due from Primary Government						
Inventories					4,286	
Prepaid Items	2,484	221			1,366	
Loans and Contracts						210
Other Current Assets	2,287			285		3
Total Current Assets	1,034,461	10,143	342	73,626	105,641	17,199
Noncurrent Assets:						
Restricted:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents					13,050	
Investments					324	
Loans and Contracts						
Investments						
Loans and Contracts						1,892
Gifts Receivable						
Assets Held in Trust					2.056	
Prepaid Items		42			3,056	
Other Noncurrent Assets		43			563	
Capital Assets:		99				
Non-Depreciable or Non-Amortizable	( 205				2.579	
Depreciable or Amortizable, Net Total Noncurrent Assets	6,395	484 626	0		2,578	1,892
Total Nonculrent Assets	6,395	020		0	19,571	1,892
Total Assets	1,040,856	10,769	342	73,626	125,212	19,091

<sup>\*</sup> Amounts reported as of Aug. 31, 2017, unless otherwise indicated in Note 19.

# $\textbf{Combining Statement of Net Position} - \textbf{Component Units} \, (\textbf{continued})$

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)\*

	Texas Windstorm Insurance Association		Windstorm Stamping Insurance Office		He Rein	exas ealth isurance /stem	to Red	air Access Insurance quirements Plan ssociation	Texas Boll Weevil Eradication Foundation Inc.		Agr F	Fexas icultural inance ithority
LIABILITIES												
Current Liabilities:												
Payables:												
Accounts	\$	238,382	\$	32	\$	13	\$	19,127	\$	145	\$	36
Payroll				18						210		22
Interest												
Due to Primary Government												
Unearned Revenue		238,012						39,225				
Capital Lease Obligations												
Employees' Compensable Leave				46						733		
Notes and Loans Payable										1,938		
Revenue Bonds Payable												
Funds Held for Others												
Other Current Liabilities		80,036		35				29,519				
Total Current Liabilities		556,430		131		13		87,871		3,026		58
Noncurrent Liabilities: Capital Lease Obligations Employees' Compensable Leave												
Notes and Loans Payable										4,352		
Revenue Bonds Payable										1,552		
Other Noncurrent Liabilities		414,600								324		
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	-	414,600	-	0	-	0		0		4,676	-	0
		,								1,0 , 0		
Total Liabilities		971,030		131		13		87,871		7,702		58
NET POSITION												
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:		6,395		583						2,578		
Funds Held as Permanent Investments: Nonexpendable												
Expendable												
Other										13,051		
Unrestricted		63,431		10,055		329		(14,245)	1	01,881		19,033
Total Net Position	\$	69,826	\$	10,638	\$	329	\$	(14,245)	\$ 1	17,510	\$	19,033

<sup>\*</sup> Amounts reported as of Aug. 31, 2017, unless otherwise indicated in Note 19.

# **Combining Statement of Net Position – Component Units (continued)**

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)\*

	Texas Water Resources Finance Authority	Texas Appraiser Licensing and Certification Board	Texas Economic Development Corporation	Texas Disaster Relief Fund	Texas Health Services Authority	Beacon State Fund
ASSETS	-					
Current Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents Short-Term Investments	\$ 15,827	\$ 916	\$ 1,606	\$ 858	\$ 3,856	\$ 67
Restricted:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents						
Loans and Contracts						
Receivables:						
Federal						
Other Intergovernmental						
Accounts						
Interest and Dividends	140					
Other					8	
Due from Primary Government						
Inventories		3				
Prepaid Items						
Loans and Contracts	353				2.4	
Other Current Assets	16.220	010	1.000	0.50	24	
Total Current Assets	16,320	919	1,606	858	3,888	67
Noncurrent Assets:						
Restricted:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents						
Investments						
Loans and Contracts						
Investments	48	797				
Loans and Contracts	3,416					
Gifts Receivable						
Assets Held in Trust						
Prepaid Items						
Other Noncurrent Assets						
Capital Assets:						
Non-Depreciable or Non-Amortizable		27			1	
Depreciable or Amortizable, Net Total Noncurrent Assets	3,464	37 834	0	0	1	0
Total Noticultent Assets	3,404	054			1	
Total Assets	19,784	1,753	1,606	858	3,889	67

<sup>\*</sup> Amounts reported as of Aug. 31, 2017, unless otherwise indicated in Note 19.

# $\textbf{Combining Statement of Net Position} - \textbf{Component Units} \, (\textbf{continued})$

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)\*

	Texas Water Resources Finance Authority		Texas Appraiser Licensing and Certification Board		Texas Economic Development Corporation		Texas Disaster Relief Fund		Texas Health Services Authority		_	Beacon State Fund
LIABILITIES												
Current Liabilities:												
Payables:												
Accounts	\$	1	\$	39	\$		\$		\$	138	\$	
Payroll				88								
Interest												
Due to Primary Government												
Unearned Revenue										184		
Capital Lease Obligations												
Employees' Compensable Leave				73								
Notes and Loans Payable												
Revenue Bonds Payable												
Funds Held for Others												
Other Current Liabilities						368						
Total Current Liabilities		1		200		368		0		322		0
22												
Noncurrent Liabilities:												
Capital Lease Obligations												
Employees' Compensable Leave				57								
Notes and Loans Payable												
Revenue Bonds Payable Other Noncurrent Liabilities												
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		0	-	57		0		0		0		0
Total Noncullent Liabilities				37	_	<u> </u>	_				_	U
Total Liabilities		1		257		368		0		322		0
Total Elabilities				231		300				322		0
NET POSITION												
Net Investment in Capital Assets												
Restricted for:												
Funds Held as Permanent Investments:												
Nonexpendable												
Expendable												
Other				1,514								
Unrestricted		19,783		(18)		1,238		858		3,567		67
	-											
Total Net Position	\$	19,783	\$	1,496	\$	1,238	\$	858	\$	3,567	\$	67

<sup>\*</sup> Amounts reported as of Aug. 31, 2017, unless otherwise indicated in Note 19.

# **Combining Statement of Net Position – Component Units (continued)**

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)\*

	State Agency Council	Agency Texas		Texas Governor's Mansion Administration		Robert G. Carr and Nona K. Carr Scholarship Foundation	University of North Texas Foundation	The Alamo Endowment	Totals
ASSETS									
Current Assets:									
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 32	\$	1	\$	7	\$	\$ 10,868	\$ 920	\$ 1,592,054
Short-Term Investments							4,654		47,134
Restricted:									
Cash and Cash Equivalents						199			2,223
Loans and Contracts									8,601
Receivables:									
Federal									51
Other Intergovernmental									1,682
Accounts					1	190	12	5	58,638
Interest and Dividends									838
Other							529		547
Due from Primary Government								176	176
Inventories							8	2	4,963
Prepaid Items								21	5,037
Loans and Contracts									563
Other Current Assets									3,614
Total Current Assets	32	-	1		8	389	16,071	1,124	1,726,121
Noncurrent Assets:									
Restricted:									
Cash and Cash Equivalents						80			13,130
Investments						135,926	311,984		496,741
Loans and Contracts									6,505
Investments						624			6,224
Loans and Contracts									5,308
Gifts Receivable							3,378		3,378
Assets Held in Trust							5,442		5,442
Prepaid Items									3,056
Other Noncurrent Assets									878
Capital Assets:									
Non-Depreciable or Non-Amortizable									5,364
Depreciable or Amortizable, Net									23,567
Total Noncurrent Assets	0	-	0	-	0	136,630	320,804	0	569,593
Total Assets	32		1		8	137,019	336,875	1,124	2,295,714

<sup>\*</sup> Amounts reported as of Aug. 31, 2017, unless otherwise indicated in Note 19.

# **Combining Statement of Net Position – Component Units (concluded)**

August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)\*

		State Agency Council	Film Texas Fund	,	Texas Governo Mansio Administra	n	Rober Carr a Nona K Scholar Founda	and . Carr rship	•	niversity of North Texas oundation		The Alamo dowment	Totals
LIABILITIES													
Current Liabilities:													
Payables:													
Accounts	\$		\$	:	\$		\$	6	\$	1,639	\$	43	\$ 539,544
Payroll								15					519
Interest													661
Due to Primary Government												1,000	1,000
Unearned Revenue												18	292,740
Capital Lease Obligations													46
Employees' Compensable Leave													1,580
Notes and Loans Payable													3,039
Revenue Bonds Payable													10,473
Funds Held for Others										197,950			198,167
Other Current Liabilities										2,452			113,018
Total Current Liabilities		0	 0			0		21		202,041		1,061	1,160,787
Noncurrent Liabilities:													0.5
Capital Lease Obligations								1.1					85
Employees' Compensable Leave								14					1,076
Notes and Loans Payable													8,840
Revenue Bonds Payable													36,976
Other Noncurrent Liabilities								1.4					 417,309
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	_	0	 0			0		14		0		0	 464,286
T ( 1 T ( 1 T))		0	0			0		25		202.041		1.061	1 (05 072
Total Liabilities		0	 0			0		35	_	202,041	_	1,061	 1,625,073
NET POSITION													
Net Investment in Capital Assets													18,560
Restricted for:													10,000
Funds Held as Permanent Investments:													
Nonexpendable							132	.026		103,122			235,148
Expendable								,794		29,320			34,114
Other								164		.,		63	115,741
Unrestricted		32	1			8				2,392			267,078
			 							_,-,-,-			 ,
Total Net Position	\$	32	\$ 1	= =	\$	8	\$ 136	,984	\$	134,834	\$	63	\$ 670,641

<sup>\*</sup> Amounts reported as of Aug. 31, 2017, unless otherwise indicated in Note 19.

# **Combining Statement of Activities – Component Units**

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)\*

	Teacher Retirement System of Texas	State Bar of Texas	Texas State Affordable Housing Corporation	OneStar National Service Commission Inc. and OneStar Foundation, Inc.	Texas Low-Level Radioactive Waste Disposal Compact Commission	Texas Prepaid Tuition Scholarship Foundation
EXPENSES						
Salaries and Wages	\$ 1,665	\$ 18,754	\$ 2,480	\$ 1,221	\$	\$
Payroll Related Costs	243	6,211		254		
Professional Fees and Services	1,493	3,946	353	415	265	
Travel	8	8,673	88	96	24	
Materials and Supplies	47	710		59	3	
Communications and Utilities		1,404		32	2	
Repairs and Maintenance	17	953				
Rentals and Leases	23	1,381	97	122	23	
Printing and Reproduction	6	1,821		12	2	
Claims and Judgments		935				
Bad Debt Expense						
Cost of Goods Sold		713				
Depreciation and Amortization		894	526	6		
Other Financing Fees		51				
Public Assistance Payments				13,018		
Employee/Participant Benefit Payments	2,193,199					
Direct Interest Expense		2				
Interest Expense – Other			2,416			
Other	4,227	4,775	1,720	152	304	
Total Expenses	2,200,928	51,223	7,680	15,387	623	0
•				<del></del> -		
PROGRAM REVENUES						
Charges for Services	2,240,322	44,418	5,736	77		
Operating Grants and Contributions	175	232	3,682	15,345		
Total Program Revenues	2,240,497	44,650	9,418	15,422	0	0
Net Program Revenues (Expenses)	39,569	(6,573)	1,738	35	(623)	0
GENERAL REVENUES						
General Revenues						
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	4,672					
Other General Revenues		7,116	578		587	
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets		(2)				
Total General Revenues	4,672	7,114	578	0	587	0
Change in Net Position	44,241	541	2,316	35	(36)	0
Net Position, September 1, 2016	53,818	39,068	28,039	(35)	280	17
Restatements	0	0	0	0	0	0
Net Position, September 1, 2016, as Restated	53,818	39,068	28,039	(35)	280	17
,,,,,,				(-5)		
Net Position, August 31, 2017	\$ 98,059	\$ 39,609	\$ 30,355	\$ 0	\$ 244	\$ 17

Continued on the following page

<sup>\*</sup> Amounts reported for the fiscal year ended Aug. 31, 2017, unless otherwise indicated in Note 19.

# **Combining Statement of Activities – Component Units (continued)**

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)\*

	Texas Match the Promise Foundation	Texas Windstorm Insurance Association	Surplus Lines Stamping Office of Texas	Texas Health Reinsurance System	Fair Access to Insurance Requirements Plan Association
EXPENSES					
Salaries and Wages	\$	\$ 16,396	\$ 1,194	\$	\$ 4,889
Payroll Related Costs		2,562	327		4,245
Professional Fees and Services			398	20	
Travel			92	1	
Materials and Supplies			36		
Communications and Utilities			44		
Repairs and Maintenance			48		
Rentals and Leases		1,362	316		451
Printing and Reproduction			2		
Claims and Judgments					
Bad Debt Expense					
Cost of Goods Sold					
Depreciation and Amortization		2,237	742		
Other Financing Fees		147,251			414
Public Assistance Payments					
Employee/Participant Benefit Payments					
Direct Interest Expense		37,596			
Interest Expense – Other					
Other	79	124,880	72	15	94,842
Total Expenses	79	332,284	3,271	36	104,841
PROGRAM REVENUES					
Charges for Services		370,404	7,063		84,401
Operating Grants and Contributions	92	3,279	47	1	53
Total Program Revenues	92	373,683	7,110	1	84,454
Net Program Revenues (Expenses)	13	41,399	3,839	(35)	(20,387)
GENERAL REVENUES					
General Revenues					
Unrestricted Investment Earnings					
Other General Revenues					
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets					
Total General Revenues	0	0	0	0	0
Change in Net Position	13	41,399	3,839	(35)	(20,387)
Net Position, September 1, 2016	322	28,427	6,799	364	6,142
Restatements	0	0	0,799	0	0,142
Net Position, September 1, 2016, as Restated	322	28,427	6,799	364	6,142
rvet i osition, september 1, 2010, as Residted	322	20,421	0,799	304	0,142
Net Position, August 31, 2017	\$ 335	\$ 69,826	\$ 10,638	\$ 329	\$ (14,245)

Continued on the following page

<sup>\*</sup> Amounts reported for the fiscal year ended Aug. 31, 2017, unless otherwise indicated in Note 19.

## **Combining Statement of Activities – Component Units (continued)**

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)\*

	Texas Boll Weevil Eradication Foundation Inc.	Texas Agricultural Finance Authority	Texas Water Resources Finance Authority	Texas Appraiser Licensing and Certification Board	Texas Economic Development Corporation
EXPENSES					•
Salaries and Wages Payroll Related Costs	\$ 8,931	\$ 291 207	\$ 2	\$ 847 300	\$
Professional Fees and Services	988	42		74	165
Travel	172	11		34	103
Materials and Supplies	5,619	13		11	
Communications and Utilities	299	1		18	
Repairs and Maintenance	406	2		18	
Rentals and Leases	450	13		29	
Printing and Reproduction		1		1	
Claims and Judgments					
Bad Debt Expense					
Cost of Goods Sold					
Depreciation and Amortization	991			12	
Other Financing Fees					
Public Assistance Payments			2,835		
Employee/Participant Benefit Payments					
Direct Interest Expense		19			
Interest Expense – Other					
Other	3,613	609	16	114	2,213
Total Expenses	21,469	1,209	2,853	1,458	2,378
PROGRAM REVENUES					
	11 517	(90		1 440	19
Charges for Services	11,517 11,596	689 1,856	156	1,440	2,135
Operating Grants and Contributions Total Program Revenues	23,113	2,545	156	1,440	2,154
Net Program Revenues (Expenses)	1,644	1,336	(2,697)	(18)	(224)
Net Flogram Revenues (Expenses)	1,044	1,550	(2,097)	(10)	(224)
GENERAL REVENUES					
General Revenues					
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	345	267		9	1
Other General Revenues				24	
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets	656				
Total General Revenues	1,001	267	0	33	1
Change in Net Position	2,645	1,603	(2,697)	15	(223)
Net Position, September 1, 2016	114,865	17,430	22,480	1,481	1,461
Restatements	0	0	0	0	0
Net Position, September 1, 2016, as Restated	114,865	17,430	22,480	1,481	1,461
Net Position, August 31, 2017	\$ 117,510	\$ 19,033	\$ 19,783	\$ 1,496	\$ 1,238

Continued on the following page

<sup>\*</sup> Amounts reported for the fiscal year ended Aug. 31, 2017, unless otherwise indicated in Note 19.

# **Combining Statement of Activities – Component Units (continued)**

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)\*

	Texas Disaster Relief Fund	Texas Health Services Authority	Beacon State Fund	State Agency Council	Film Texas Fund
EXPENSES					
Salaries and Wages Payroll Related Costs	\$	\$ 547 97	\$	\$	\$
Professional Fees and Services		457			
Travel		27			
Materials and Supplies		36	8	1	
Communications and Utilities	1	165			
Repairs and Maintenance					
Rentals and Leases		39		9	
Printing and Reproduction			1		
Claims and Judgments					
Bad Debt Expense					
Cost of Goods Sold					
Depreciation and Amortization		6			
Other Financing Fees					
Public Assistance Payments			2		
Employee/Participant Benefit Payments					
Direct Interest Expense					
Interest Expense – Other		70	2	1	
Other		73	13	<u> </u>	
Total Expenses	1	1,447	13	11	0
PROGRAM REVENUES					
Charges for Services		22			
Operating Grants and Contributions		55	5	19	
Total Program Revenues	0	77	5	19	0
Net Program Revenues (Expenses)	(1)	(1,370)	(8)	8	0
GENERAL REVENUES					
General Revenues					
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	1				
Other General Revenues					
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets					
Total General Revenues	1	0	0	0	0
Channe in Net Besition	0	(1.270)	(0)	0	0
Change in Net Position	0	(1,370)	(8)	8	0
Net Position, September 1, 2016	858	4,937	75	24	1
Restatements	0	0	0	0	0
Net Position, September 1, 2016, as Restated	858	4,937	75	24	1
N (B % A (2) 2017	Ф 050	ф. 2.56 <del>5</del>	ф. 47	ф 22	ф <b>4</b>
Net Position, August 31, 2017	\$ 858	\$ 3,567	\$ 67	\$ 32	\$ 1

Concluded on the following page

<sup>\*</sup> Amounts reported for the fiscal year ended Aug. 31, 2017, unless otherwise indicated in Note 19.

# Combining Statement of Activities – Component Units (concluded)

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)\*

	Texas Governor's Mansion Administration	Robert G. Carr and Nona K. Carr Scholarship Foundation	University of North Texas Foundation	The Alamo Endowment	Totals
EXPENSES					
Salaries and Wages Payroll Related Costs	\$	\$ 207 66	\$ 1,043	\$ 277	\$ 58,744 14,512
Professional Fees and Services Travel		16 4	768 10	493	9,893 9,240
Materials and Supplies	17	42	10	68	6,670
Communications and Utilities Repairs and Maintenance		1			1,967 1,444
Rentals and Leases		2		30	4,347
Printing and Reproduction		2		30	1,848
Claims and Judgments		<u> </u>			935
Bad Debt Expense				100	100
Cost of Goods Sold				100	713
Depreciation and Amortization					5,414
Other Financing Fees		3,297			151,013
Public Assistance Payments		2,27	1,998		17,853
Employee/Participant Benefit Payments			,		2,193,199
Direct Interest Expense					37,617
Interest Expense – Other					2,416
Other	7	24	3,403	50	241,191
Total Expenses	24	3,661	7,222	1,018	2,759,116
PROGRAM REVENUES					
Charges for Services	14		523		2,766,645
Operating Grants and Contributions	13	15,362	22,472	13	76,588
Total Program Revenues	27	15,362	22,995	13	2,843,233
Net Program Revenues (Expenses)	3	11,701	15,773	(1,005)	84,117
GENERAL REVENUES					
General Revenues					
Unrestricted Investment Earnings					5,295
Other General Revenues				1	8,306
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets					654
Total General Revenues	0	0	0	1_	14,255
Change in Net Position	3	11,701	15,773	(1,004)	98,372
Net Position, September 1, 2016	5	125,283	118,477	1,067	571,685
Restatements	0	0	584	0	584
Net Position, September 1, 2016, as Restated	5	125,283	119,061	1,067	572,269
Net Position, August 31, 2017	\$ 8	\$ 136,984	\$ 134,834	\$ 63	\$ 670,641

<sup>\*</sup> Amounts reported for the fiscal year ended Aug. 31, 2017, unless otherwise indicated in Note 19.



# **State of Texas Statistical Section**

This section presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, required supplementary information and other supplementary information says about the state's overall financial health.

Contents	Pages
Financial Trends Information  These schedules contain trend information intended to help the reader understand how the state's financial position has changed over time.	291 – 297
Revenue Capacity Information	298 – 300
<b>Debt Capacity Information</b> .  These schedules present information intended to assist users in understanding and assessing the state's current levels of outstanding debt and the ability to issue additional debt.	301 – 305
<b>Demographic and Economic Information</b> .  These schedules provide demographic and economic indicators intended to help the reader understand the socio-economic environment within which the state's financial activities take place.	306 – 308
Operating Information.  These schedules provide contextual information about the state's operations and resources intended to assist readers in using financial statement information to understand and assess the state's economic condition.	309 – 313

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Texas Comprehensive Annual Financial Report databases for the relevant years.

State of Texas Comprehensive Annual Financial Report 😾 2017

# Statistical Section – Financial Trends Information

## **Net Position by Component**

#### **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

(Amounts in Millions)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 58,208	\$ 59,720	\$ 60,744	\$ 61,917	\$ 63,458
Restricted	31,358	32,663	26,136	32,014	33,817
Unrestricted	11,105	3,479	8,025	3,322	4,497
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	100,671	95,862	94,905	97,253	101,772
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	7,385	7,655	7,933	9,243	9,713
Restricted	24,882	18,744	22,209	24,375	27,539
Unrestricted	9,885	8,619	7,230	8,516	9,553
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	42,152	35,018	37,372	42,134	46,805
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	65,593	67,375	68,677	71,160	73,171
Restricted	56,240	51,407	48,345	56,389	61,356
Unrestricted	20,990	12,098	15,255	11,838	14,050
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$ 142,823	\$ 130,880	\$ 132,277	\$ 139,387	\$ 148,577
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 64,095	\$ 68,739	\$ 70,898	\$ 72,248	\$ 76,926
Restricted	34,407	41,660	42,675	46,941	50,168
Unrestricted	11,239	9,006	(19,286)	(20,445)	(25,170)
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	109,741	119,405	94,287	98,744	101,924
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	10,330	11,055	11,572	11,847	11,756
		11,055	11,372	11,84/	11,/30
Restricted	31,093	40,021	33,218	42,741	47,295
*					
Restricted Unrestricted	31,093	40,021	33,218	42,741	47,295
Restricted	31,093 7,466	40,021 5,101	33,218 8,631	42,741 6,059	47,295 6,711
Restricted Unrestricted Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	31,093 7,466	40,021 5,101	33,218 8,631	42,741 6,059	47,295 6,711
Restricted Unrestricted Total Business-Type Activities Net Position  PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	31,093 7,466 48,889	40,021 5,101 56,177	33,218 8,631 53,421	42,741 6,059 60,647	47,295 6,711 65,762
Restricted Unrestricted Total Business-Type Activities Net Position  PRIMARY GOVERNMENT Net Investment in Capital Assets	31,093 7,466 48,889 74,425	40,021 5,101 56,177	33,218 8,631 53,421	42,741 6,059 60,647	47,295 6,711 65,762 88,682

### **Statistical Section – Financial Trends Information**

# **Changes in Net Position**

### **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

(Amounts in Thousands)

	2009	2010	2011	2012
\$ 2,659,822	\$ 3,052,177	\$ 3,451,868	\$ 4,037,805	\$ 3,116,737
24,986,076	24,952,375	27,344,876	28,643,283	25,724,127
86,195	220,272	252,457	324,477	423,492
1,761,759	1,667,325	2,200,408	2,262,638	2,390,178
32,426,046	38,124,180	41,487,191	44,875,285	44,737,457
5,020,897	6,026,868	6,231,847	5,539,155	5,294,730
4,478,109	4,025,226	4,146,987	4,377,794	4,484,662
1,451,450	1,673,915	1,559,708	1,474,675	1,634,659
398,885	445,938	447,557	408,115	410,724
578,059	525,648	755,314	797,030	715,148
73,847,298	80,713,924	87,878,213	92,740,257	88,931,914
1,171,997	1,010,388	984,639	1,019,521	1,036,382
821,291	474,249	463,719	632,584	480,475
107	109	135	100	134
	33,624			
1,832,315	1,825,395	1,782,704	2,101,440	1,910,599
331,101	354,117	336,134	330,198	342,782
1,785,835	1,920,123	1,891,247	1,999,695	2,224,635
661,657	574,032	605,751	587,423	699,872
635,089	646,959	687,746	666,158	710,209
25,900,072	32,410,929	43,148,227	47,220,463	42,796,231
				47,578
35,724,971	41,869,556	52,353,485	57,096,531	50,248,897
(38 122 327)	(38 844 368)	(35 524 728)	(35 6/3 726)	(38 683 017)
(38,122,321)	(38,844,308)	(33,324,728)	(33,043,720)	(38,683,017)
				24,349,600
				3,580,663
	, , ,	, , ,		3,195,332
				4,574,184
				3,727,498
1,446,828	1,295,330	1,309,620	1,379,621	1,528,111
1,454,187	1,564,061	1,394,122	1,551,420	1,428,413
1,744,400	1,680,362	1,676,452	1,802,300	1,954,752
1,041,840	178,470	575,642	334,621	645,813
555,476	555,626	925,676	584,305	620,898
			99	7,163
1,392,565	1,769,051	2,017,783	1,533,427	1,880,352
8,653	1,554	30,845	108,119	930
(3,909,529)	(4,268,014)	(4,491,627)	(4,179,888)	(3,944,781)
40,508,236	34,165,480	34,648,353	38,042,270	43,548,928
2,385,909	(4,678,888)	(876,375)	2,398,544	4,865,911
	24,986,076 86,195 1,761,759 32,426,046 5,020,897 4,478,109 1,451,450 398,885 578,059 73,847,298  1,171,997 821,291 107  1,832,315 331,101 1,785,835 661,657 635,089 25,900,072 2,585,507 35,724,971  (38,122,327)  21,640,855 3,384,597 3,000,148 4,712,183 4,036,033 1,446,828 1,454,187 1,744,400 1,041,840 555,476  1,392,565 8,653 (3,909,529) 40,508,236	24,986,076         24,952,375           86,195         220,272           1,761,759         1,667,325           32,426,046         38,124,180           5,020,897         6,026,868           4,478,109         4,025,226           1,451,450         1,673,915           398,885         445,938           578,059         525,648           73,847,298         80,713,924           1,171,997         1,010,388           821,291         474,249           107         109           33,624         1,832,315           1,825,395         331,101           354,117         1,785,835           1,920,123           661,657         574,032           635,089         646,959           25,900,072         32,410,929           2,585,507         2,619,631           35,724,971         41,869,556           (38,122,327)         (38,844,368)           21,640,855         21,026,034           3,384,597         2,568,599           3,000,148         3,155,941           4,712,183         3,303,170           4,036,033         1,335,296           1,446,828         1,295	24,986,076         24,952,375         27,344,876           86,195         220,272         252,457           1,761,759         1,667,325         2,200,408           32,426,046         38,124,180         41,487,191           5,020,897         6,026,868         6,231,847           4,478,109         4,025,226         4,146,987           1,451,450         1,673,915         1,559,708           398,885         445,938         447,557           578,059         525,648         755,314           73,847,298         80,713,924         87,878,213           1,171,997         1,010,388         984,639           821,291         474,249         463,719           107         109         135           33,624         1,832,315         1,825,395         1,782,704           331,101         354,117         336,134           1,785,835         1,920,123         1,891,247           661,657         574,032         605,751           635,089         646,959         687,746           25,900,072         32,410,929         43,148,227           2,588,507         2,619,631         2,453,183           35,724,971         41,869,556	24,986,076         24,952,375         27,344,876         28,643,283           86,195         220,272         252,457         324,477           1,761,759         1,667,325         2,200,408         2,262,638           32,426,046         38,124,180         41,487,191         44,875,285           5,020,897         6,026,868         6,231,847         5,539,155           4,478,109         4,025,226         4,146,987         4,377,794           1,451,450         1,673,915         1,559,708         1,474,675           398,885         445,938         447,557         408,115           578,059         525,648         755,314         797,030           73,847,298         80,713,924         87,878,213         92,740,257           1,171,997         1,010,388         984,639         1,019,521           821,291         474,249         463,719         632,584           107         109         135         100           33,624         1,825,395         1,782,704         2,101,440           331,101         354,117         336,134         330,198           1,785,835         1,920,123         1,891,247         1,999,695           631,089         646,959 <td< td=""></td<>

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## Statistical Section – Financial Trends Information **Changes in Net Position** (continued)

#### **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

(Amounts in Thousands)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:					
Expenses					
General Government	\$ 177,012	\$ 180,543	\$ 162,620	\$ 150,406	\$ 149,663
Education	18,619,716	20,135,452	20,943,292	22,226,690	22,667,443
Teacher Retirement State Contributions					
Health and Human Services	1,467,185	4,908,112	7,826,452	6,055,958	5,117,829
Public Safety and Corrections	80,607	83,498	87,120	86,262	91,313
Transportation	164,280	220,881	206,822	209,880	215,845
Natural Resources and Recreation	247,018	304,577	353,641	423,140	346,150
Lottery	2,634,446	2,680,273	2,681,627	2,783,798	3,027,943
Total Expenses	23,390,264	28,513,336	32,261,574	31,936,134	31,616,186
Program Revenues					
Charges for Services:					
General Government	43,106	42,147	47,377	49,717	50,996
Education	8,705,756	9,253,972	9,907,344	10,931,371	11,671,987
Teacher Retirement State Contributions					
Health and Human Services	1,058,134	1,027,897	2,107,474	2,675,581	2,894,246
Public Safety and Corrections	87,365	90,469	93,734	95,736	102,593
Transportation	48,958	66,375	73,312	74,877	85,819
Natural Resources and Recreation	42,964	46,682	44,973	43,374	40,084
Lottery	3,672,423	3,720,995	3,739,165	3,811,862	4,191,587
Operating Grants and Contributions	4,808,580	3,613,083	13,292,594	14,103,243	12,543,063
Capital Grants and Contributions	245,962	95,889	305,669	281,741	259,750
Total Program Revenues	18,713,248	17,957,509	29,611,642	32,067,502	31,840,125
Total Business-Type Activities					
Net Program Revenue (Expense)	(4,677,016)	(10,555,827)	(2,649,932)	131,368	223,939
Net i Togram Revenue (Expense)	(4,077,010)	(10,333,627)	(2,047,732)		
General Revenues					
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	190,974	129,445	134,195	86,295	133,680
Settlement of Claims	6	14,691	1,384	1,215	378
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	269	609		1	543
Other General Revenue	270,787	156,903	241,013	222,640	248,725
Capital Contributions				3,045	
Contributions to Permanent and Term Endowments	167,692	120,404	136,577	126,971	136,800
Special Items	(150,026)				
Transfers - Internal Activity	3,909,529	4,268,014	4,491,627	4,179,888	3,944,781
Total General Revenues, Contributions,					
Special Items and Transfers	4,389,231	4,690,066	5,004,796	4,620,055	4,464,907
Change in Net Position – Business-Type Activities	(287,785)	(5,865,761)	2,354,864	4,751,423	4,688,846
Change in Net Position – Primary Government	\$ 2,098,124	\$(10,544,649)	\$ 1,478,489	\$ 7,149,967	\$ 9,554,757
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Continued on the following page

### **Statistical Section – Financial Trends Information**

# **Changes in Net Position** (continued)

#### **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

(Amounts in Thousands)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:					
Expenses					
General Government	\$ 2,873,598	\$ 2,967,443	\$ 3,672,395	\$ 2,583,707	\$ 5,213,330
Education	25,321,607	27,138,847	28,057,482	28,775,870	28,400,268
Employee Benefits	437,939	399,454	7,064	40,546	1,695
Teacher Retirement State Contributions	2,492,310	2,700,533	2,735,913	2,080,935	2,148,958
Health and Human Services	44,888,201	48,015,340	51,792,158	55,584,169	55,499,408
Public Safety and Corrections	5,316,819	5,542,840	5,779,455	6,214,653	6,354,517
Transportation	5,384,628	5,223,720	5,088,956	5,837,122	6,143,369
Natural Resources and Recreation	1,850,253	1,944,520	2,167,711	2,013,773	2,163,813
Regulatory Services	461,418	792,267	488,780	737,203	420,273
Interest on General Long-Term Debt	741,397	750,946	814,564	159,953	167,115
Total Expenses	89,768,170	95,475,910	100,604,478	104,027,931	106,512,746
Program Revenues					
Charges for Services:					
General Government	1,110,854	1,142,351	1,235,102	1,214,866	1,327,396
Education	506,995	801,358	710,897	640,800	1,084,465
Employee Benefits	116	70	71	71	70
Teacher Retirement State Contributions					
Health and Human Services	2,332,588	2,894,301	3,793,377	4,885,841	4,029,864
Public Safety and Corrections	348,876	338,239	323,419	328,660	338,672
Transportation	2,363,393	2,492,591	2,472,458	2,678,980	2,920,669
Natural Resources and Recreation	680,996	716,696	680,476	671,388	719,546
Regulatory Services	707,406	657,008	662,538	546,396	575,609
Operating Grants and Contributions	42,868,081	46,903,926	43,731,463	49,361,737	50,747,993
Capital Grants and Contributions	31,248	96,802	71,237	47,373	51,202
Total Program Revenues	50,950,553	56,043,342	53,681,038	60,376,112	61,795,486
Total Governmental Activities					
Net Program Expense	(38,817,617)	(39,432,568)	(46,923,440)	(43,651,819)	(44,717,260)
General Revenues					
Taxes:					
Sales and Use	26,199,771	27,372,895	29,072,568	27,964,415	29,041,682
Motor Vehicle and Manufactured Housing	3,891,539	4,213,273	4,541,039	4,525,239	4,572,207
Motor Fuels	3,214,393	3,327,707	3,495,904	3,468,212	3,643,017
Franchise	4,826,435	5,884,749	4,808,823	2,031,051	3,309,915
Oil and Natural Gas Production	4,501,478	4,645,756	3,987,325	3,638,527	3,423,345
Insurance Occupation	1,781,711	1,967,613	2,056,729	2,241,153	2,359,979
Cigarette and Tobacco	1,603,086	1,348,923	1,522,941	1,390,796	1,522,924
Other	2,100,125	2,155,450	2,287,678	2,275,042	2,314,745
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	142,724	300,423	153,315	282,494	481,261
Settlement of Claims	640,565	574,082	590,685	670,386	537,444
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	376	1,865	50,749	54,797	1,249
Gain on Other Financial Activity		6,708	22,266	(59,904)	(3,279)
Other General Revenues	2,045,961	1,755,856	2,171,101	2,259,154	2,721,599
Capital Contributions	475	(152,616)	713	56,450	84,619
Transfers – Internal Activity	(4,028,026)	(4,130,757)	(4,189,320)	(4,777,546)	(5,345,718)
Total General Revenues,					
Contributions and Transfers	46,920,613	49,271,927	50,572,516	46,020,266	48,664,989
Change in Net Position – Governmental Activities	8,102,996	9,839,359	3,649,076	2,368,447	3,947,729

Continued on the following page

## Statistical Section – Financial Trends Information Changes in Net Position (concluded)

#### **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

(Amounts in Thousands)

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES    Expenses		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
General Government         \$ 149,735         \$ 122,356         \$ 113,069         \$ 121,463         \$ 130,018           Education         23,828,365         24,896,493         26,443,474         28,555,418         29,952,017           Teacher Retirement State Contributions         1,584         1,584         1,584         1,584           Health and Human Services         3,854,869         2,759,024         2,585,461         3,145,846         2,684,798           Public Safety and Corrections         91,331         95,749         98,032         99,414         99,223           Transportation         228,769         248,827         251,897         352,735         451,780           Natural Resources and Recreation         319,994         31,593         279,335         392,417         350,244           Lottery         3,185,869         3,164,120         3,296,218         3,665,907         3,749,83           Total Expenses         57,286         59,977         64,388         59,849         75,580           Education         12,395,115         13,212,424         14,431,570         15,118,887         15,884,278           Teacher Retirement State Contributions         101,982         107,544         111,239         113,494         2,494,278         114,739 <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>						
Education   23,828,365   24,896,493   26,443,474   28,555,418   29,952,017     Teacher Retirement State Contributions   1,584   1,585   1,58	Expenses					
Teacher Retirement State Contributions	General Government			' '	. ,	
Health and Human Services   3.854.869   2.759.024   2.585.461   3.145.846   2.684.708   Public Safety and Corrections   91.331   95.749   98.032   99.414   99.239   71ransportation   228.769   248.827   251.897   352.735   451.780   Natural Resources and Recreation   319.094   315.963   279.335   392.417   356.234   316.820   3.962.18   3.665.907   3.749.583   Total Expenses   31.658.032   31.602.532   33.067.486   36.334.784   37.434.303   Program Revenues   Charges for Services:   75.286   59.977   64.388   59.849   75.580   Education   12.395.115   13.212.424   14.431.570   15.118.887   15.884.278   Teacher Retirement State Contributions   42.395.115   13.212.424   14.431.570   15.118.887   15.884.278   Public Safety and Corrections   101.082   107.544   112.255   111.739   113.459   113.459   17ansportation   119.152   155.019   193.794   256.137   359.149   Natural Resources and Recreation   45.546   48.705   47.562   41.758   40.644   4.376.786   4.385.331   4.530.468   5.068.213   5.078.175   Operating Grants and Contributions   9.320.966   13.120.148   7.327.924   9.883.197   12.315.252   Capital Grants and Contributions   9.320.966   13.120.148   7.327.924   9.883.197   12.315.252   Capital Grants and Contributions   350.922   522.211   131.714   68.313   180.782   Total Program Revenue (Expense)   (2.142.017)   2.541.100   (3.731.440)   (3.357.002)   (698.561)   General Revenue   146.538   195.964   186.006   175.050   177.799   177.546   1		23,828,365	24,896,493	26,443,474	28,555,418	
Public Safety and Corrections					1,584	,
Transportation   228,769   248,827   251,897   352,735   451,780	Health and Human Services					
Natural Resources and Recreation   319,094   315,963   279,335   392,417   356,284     Lottery	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Lottery   3,185,869   3,164,120   3,296,218   3,665,907   3,749,583     Total Expenses   31,658,032   31,602,532   33,067,486   36,334,784   37,434,303     Program Revenues   Charges for Services:   General Government   57,286   59,977   64,388   59,849   75,580     Education   12,395,115   13,212,424   14,431,570   15,118,887   15,884,278     Teacher Retirement State Contributions   12,395,115   13,212,424   14,431,570   15,118,887   15,884,278     Teacher Retirement State Contributions   101,082   107,544   112,255   111,739   113,459     Public Safety and Corrections   101,082   107,544   112,255   111,739   113,459     Transportation   119,152   155,019   193,794   256,137   359,149     Natural Resources and Recreation   45,546   48,705   47,562   41,758   40,644     Lottery   4,376,786   43,85,331   4,530,468   5,068,213   5,078,175     Operating Grants and Contributions   9,320,966   13,120,148   7,327,924   9,883,197   12,315,252     Capital Grants and Contributions   350,922   522,211   131,714   68,313   180,782     Total Program Revenue   29,516,015   34,143,632   29,336,046   32,977,782   36,735,742     Total Business-Type Activities   Net Program Revenue (Expense)   (2,142,017)   2,541,100   (3,731,440)   (3,357,002)   (698,561)     General Revenues   11,566   165,597   67,089   142,738   86,447     Settlement of Claims   3,187   2,403   306   848   1,213     Gain on Sale of Capital Assets   11,469   40,440   1,044   26     Other General Revenue   164,538   195,964   186,006   175,950   177,990     Capital Contributions   3,817   5,854   5,593     Contributions to Permanent and Term Endowment   184,108   238,951   182,754   217,683   209,404     Special Items   17,566   4,30,757   4,189,320   4,777,546   5,345,718     Total General Revenues, Contributions   5,345,718     Total General Revenues, Contributions   5,345,718   5,345,718     Total General Revenues, Contributions   5,345,718   5,345,718   5,345,718     Total General Revenues, Contributions   5,345,718   5,345,718   5,345,718   5,345,718	1	,	,	,	,	
Total Expenses         31,658,032         31,602,532         33,067,486         36,334,784         37,434,303           Program Revenues           Charges for Services:         6         59,977         64,388         59,849         75,800           Education         12,395,115         13,212,424         14,431,570         15,118,887         15,884,278           Teacher Retirement State Contributions         12,395,115         13,212,424         14,431,570         15,118,887         15,884,278           Teacher Retirement State Contributions         2,749,160         2,532,273         2,496,371         2,369,689         2,688,423           Public Safety and Corrections         119,152         155,019         193,794         256,137         359,149           Natural Resources and Recreation         4,546         43,705         47,562         41,758         40,644           Lottery         4,367,86         4,385,331         4,50,468         5,068,213         5,078,175           Operating Grants and Contributions         9,320,966         13,120,148         7,327,924         9,831,97         12,315,252           Capital Grants and Contributions         350,922         522,211         131,714         68,313         180,782           Total Business-Type Activit	Natural Resources and Recreation	319,094	315,963		392,417	
Program Revenues Charges for Services:  General Government 57,286 59,977 64,388 59,849 75,580 Education 12,395,115 13,212,424 14,431,570 15,118,887 15,884,278 Teacher Retirement State Contributions Health and Human Services 2,749,160 2,532,273 2,496,371 2,369,689 2,688,423 Public Safety and Corrections 101,082 107,544 112,255 111,739 113,459 Transportation 119,152 155,019 193,794 256,137 359,149 Natural Resources and Recreation 45,546 48,705 47,562 41,758 40,644 Lottery 4,376,786 4,385,331 4,30,468 5,068,213 5,078,175 Operating Grants and Contributions 9,320,966 13,120,148 7,327,924 9,883,197 12,315,252 Capital Grants and Contributions 350,922 522,211 131,714 68,313 180,782 Total Program Revenues 29,516,015 34,143,632 29,336,046 32,977,782 36,735,742  Total Business-Type Activities Net Program Revenue (Expense) (2,142,017) 2,541,100 (3,731,440) (3,357,002) (698,561)  General Revenues Unrestricted Investment Earnings 11,566 165,597 67,089 142,738 86,447 Settlement of Claims 3,187 2,403 306 848 1,213 Gain on Sale of Capital Assets 11,469 40,440 1,044 26 Other General Revenue 164,538 195,964 186,006 175,050 177,799 Capital Contributions 0 7,889 184,798 2,593 Capital Contributions 184,108 238,951 182,754 217,683 209,404 Special Items Transfers 1 Internal Activity 4,028,026 4,130,757 4,189,320 4,777,546 5,345,718 Total Glener Internal Revenues Contributions Special Items Transfers 4,391,425 4,745,141 4,669,732 5,320,763 5,826,200  Change in Net Position – Business-Type Activities 2,249,408 7,286,241 938,292 1,963,761 5,127,639	Lottery					
Charges for Services:   General Government   57,286   59,977   64,388   59,849   75,580     Education   12,395,115   13,212,424   14,431,570   15,118,887   15,884,278     Teacher Retirement State Contributions	Total Expenses	31,658,032	31,602,532	33,067,486	36,334,784	37,434,303
Charges for Services:   General Government   57,286   59,977   64,388   59,849   75,580     Education   12,395,115   13,212,424   14,431,570   15,118,887   15,884,278     Teacher Retirement State Contributions	Program Revenues					
General Government         57,286         59,977         64,388         59,849         75,580           Education         12,395,115         13,212,424         14,431,570         15,118,887         15,884,278           Teacher Retirement State Contributions         12,395,115         13,212,424         14,31,570         15,118,887         15,884,278           Health and Human Services         2,749,160         2,532,273         2,496,371         2,369,689         2,688,423           Public Safety and Corrections         101,082         107,544         112,255         111,739         113,459           Transportation         119,152         155,019         193,794         256,137         359,149           Natural Resources and Recreation         45,546         48,705         47,562         41,758         40,644           Lottery         4,376,786         4,385,331         4,530,468         5,068,213         5,078,175           Operating Grants and Contributions         330,920,966         13,120,148         7,327,924         9,883,197         12,315,252           Capital Grants and Contributions         350,922         252,211         131,714         68,313         180,782           Total Program Revenue         29,516,015         34,143,632         29,336,046						
Teacher Retirement State Contributions         2,749,160         2,532,273         2,496,371         2,369,689         2,688,423           Public Safety and Corrections         110,1082         107,544         112,255         111,739         113,459           Transportation         119,152         155,019         193,794         256,137         359,149           Natural Resources and Recreation         45,546         48,705         47,562         41,758         40,644           Lottery         4,376,786         4,385,331         4,530,468         5,068,213         5,078,175           Operating Grants and Contributions         9,320,966         13,120,148         7,327,924         9,883,197         12,315,252           Capital Grants and Contributions         350,922         522,211         131,714         68,313         180,782           Total Program Revenues         29,516,015         34,143,632         29,336,046         32,977,782         36,735,742           Total Business-Type Activities           Net Program Revenue (Expense)         (2,142,017)         2,541,100         (3,731,440)         (3,357,002)         (698,561)           General Revenue           Unrestricted Investment Earnings         11,566         165,597         67,089		57,286	59,977	64,388	59,849	75,580
Health and Human Services	Education	12,395,115	13,212,424	14,431,570	15,118,887	15,884,278
Public Safety and Corrections         101,082         107,544         112,255         111,739         113,459           Transportation         119,152         155,019         193,794         256,137         359,149           Natural Resources and Recreation         45,546         48,705         47,562         41,758         40,644           Lottery         4,376,786         4,385,331         4,530,468         5068,213         5,078,175           Operating Grants and Contributions         9,320,966         13,120,148         7,327,924         9,883,197         12,315,252           Capital Grants and Contributions         350,922         522,211         131,714         68,313         180,782           Total Program Revenues         29,516,015         34,143,632         29,336,046         32,977,782         36,735,742           Total Business-Type Activities           Net Program Revenue (Expense)         (2,142,017)         2,541,100         (3,731,440)         (3,357,002)         (698,561)           General Revenues           Unrestricted Investment Earnings         11,566         165,597         67,089         142,738         86,447           Settlement of Claims         3,187         2,403         306         848         1,213	Teacher Retirement State Contributions	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,
Transportation         119,152         155,019         193,794         256,137         359,149           Natural Resources and Recreation         45,546         48,705         47,562         41,758         40,644           Lottery         4,376,786         4,385,331         4,50468         5,068,213         5,078,175           Operating Grants and Contributions         9,320,966         13,120,148         7,327,924         9,883,197         12,315,252           Capital Grants and Contributions         350,922         522,211         131,714         68,313         180,782           Total Program Revenues         29,516,015         34,143,632         29,336,046         32,977,782         36,735,742           Total Business-Type Activities           Net Program Revenue (Expense)         (2,142,017)         2,541,100         (3,731,440)         (3,357,002)         (698,561)           General Revenue           Unrestricted Investment Earnings         11,566         165,597         67,089         142,738         86,447           Settlement of Claims         3,187         2,403         306         848         1,213           Gain on Sale of Capital Assets         11,469         40,440         1,044         26           Ot	Health and Human Services	2,749,160	2,532,273	2,496,371	2,369,689	2,688,423
Natural Resources and Recreation         45,546         48,705         47,562         41,758         40,644           Lottery         4,376,786         4,385,331         4,530,468         5,068,213         5,078,175           Operating Grants and Contributions         9,320,966         13,120,148         7,327,924         9,883,197         12,315,252           Capital Grants and Contributions         350,922         522,211         131,714         68,313         180,782           Total Program Revenues         29,516,015         34,143,632         29,336,046         32,977,782         36,735,742           Total Business-Type Activities           Net Program Revenue (Expense)         (2,142,017)         2,541,100         (3,731,440)         (3,357,002)         (698,561)           General Revenue           Unrestricted Investment Earnings         11,566         165,597         67,089         142,738         86,447           Settlement of Claims         3,187         2,403         306         848         1,213           Gain on Sale of Capital Assets         11,469         40,440         1,044         26           Other General Revenue         164,538         195,964         186,006         175,050         177,799           Capit	Public Safety and Corrections	101,082	107,544	112,255	111,739	113,459
Lottery	Transportation	119,152	155,019	193,794	256,137	359,149
Operating Grants and Contributions         9,320,966         13,120,148         7,327,924         9,883,197         12,315,252           Capital Grants and Contributions         350,922         522,211         131,714         68,313         180,782           Total Program Revenues         29,516,015         34,143,632         29,336,046         32,977,782         36,735,742           Total Business-Type Activities           Net Program Revenue (Expense)         (2,142,017)         2,541,100         (3,731,440)         (3,357,002)         (698,561)           General Revenues           Unrestricted Investment Earnings         11,566         165,597         67,089         142,738         86,447           Settlement of Claims         3,187         2,403         306         848         1,213           Gain on Sale of Capital Assets         11,469         40,440         1,044         26           Other General Revenue         164,538         195,964         186,006         175,050         177,799           Capital Contributions         3,817         5,854         5,593           Contributions to Permanent and Term Endowments         184,108         238,951         182,754         217,683         209,404           Transfers – I	Natural Resources and Recreation	45,546	48,705	47,562	41,758	40,644
Capital Grants and Contributions         350,922         522,211         131,714         68,313         180,782           Total Program Revenues         29,516,015         34,143,632         29,336,046         32,977,782         36,735,742           Total Business-Type Activities           Net Program Revenue (Expense)         (2,142,017)         2,541,100         (3,731,440)         (3,357,002)         (698,561)           General Revenues           Unrestricted Investment Earnings         11,566         165,597         67,089         142,738         86,447           Settlement of Claims         3,187         2,403         306         848         1,213           Gain on Sale of Capital Assets         11,469         40,440         1,044         26           Other General Revenue         164,538         195,964         186,006         175,050         177,799           Capital Contributions         3,817         5,854         5,593           Contributions to Permanent and Term Endowments         184,108         238,951         182,754         217,683         209,404           Transfers — Internal Activity         4,028,026         4,130,757         4,189,320         4,777,546         5,345,718           Total General Revenu	Lottery	4,376,786	4,385,331	4,530,468	5,068,213	5,078,175
Capital Grants and Contributions         350,922         522,211         131,714         68,313         180,782           Total Program Revenues         29,516,015         34,143,632         29,336,046         32,977,782         36,735,742           Total Business-Type Activities           Net Program Revenue (Expense)         (2,142,017)         2,541,100         (3,731,440)         (3,357,002)         (698,561)           General Revenues           Unrestricted Investment Earnings         11,566         165,597         67,089         142,738         86,447           Settlement of Claims         3,187         2,403         306         848         1,213           Gain on Sale of Capital Assets         11,469         40,440         1,044         26           Other General Revenue         164,538         195,964         186,006         175,050         177,799           Capital Contributions         3,817         5,854         5,593           Contributions to Permanent and Term Endowments         184,108         238,951         182,754         217,683         209,404           Transfers — Internal Activity         4,028,026         4,130,757         4,189,320         4,777,546         5,345,718           Total General Revenu	Operating Grants and Contributions	9,320,966	13,120,148	7,327,924	9,883,197	12,315,252
Total Business-Type Activities Net Program Revenue (Expense)  (2,142,017)  2,541,100  (3,731,440)  (3,357,002)  (698,561)  General Revenues  Unrestricted Investment Earnings  11,566  165,597  67,089  142,738  86,447  Settlement of Claims  3,187  2,403  306  848  1,213  Gain on Sale of Capital Assets  11,469  40,440  1,044  26  Other General Revenue  164,538  195,964  186,006  175,050  177,799  Capital Contributions  Contributions to Permanent and Term Endowments  184,108  238,951  182,754  217,683  209,404  Special Items  Transfers – Internal Activity  4,028,026  4,130,757  4,189,320  4,777,546  5,345,718  Total General Revenues, Contributions,  Special Items and Transfers  4,391,425  4,745,141  4,669,732  5,320,763  5,826,200  Change in Net Position – Business-Type Activities  2,249,408  7,286,241  938,292  1,963,761  5,127,639	Capital Grants and Contributions	350,922	522,211	131,714	68,313	180,782
Net Program Revenue (Expense)         (2,142,017)         2,541,100         (3,731,440)         (3,357,002)         (698,561)           General Revenues         Unrestricted Investment Earnings         11,566         165,597         67,089         142,738         86,447           Settlement of Claims         3,187         2,403         306         848         1,213           Gain on Sale of Capital Assets         11,469         40,440         1,044         26           Other General Revenue         164,538         195,964         186,006         175,050         177,799           Capital Contributions to Permanent and Term Endowments         184,108         238,951         182,754         217,683         209,404           Special Items         Transfers – Internal Activity         4,028,026         4,130,757         4,189,320         4,777,546         5,345,718           Total General Revenues, Contributions, Special Items and Transfers         4,391,425         4,745,141         4,669,732         5,320,763         5,826,200           Change in Net Position – Business-Type Activities         2,249,408         7,286,241         938,292         1,963,761         5,127,639	Total Program Revenues	29,516,015	34,143,632	29,336,046	32,977,782	36,735,742
Net Program Revenue (Expense)         (2,142,017)         2,541,100         (3,731,440)         (3,357,002)         (698,561)           General Revenues         Unrestricted Investment Earnings         11,566         165,597         67,089         142,738         86,447           Settlement of Claims         3,187         2,403         306         848         1,213           Gain on Sale of Capital Assets         11,469         40,440         1,044         26           Other General Revenue         164,538         195,964         186,006         175,050         177,799           Capital Contributions to Permanent and Term Endowments         184,108         238,951         182,754         217,683         209,404           Special Items         Transfers – Internal Activity         4,028,026         4,130,757         4,189,320         4,777,546         5,345,718           Total General Revenues, Contributions, Special Items and Transfers         4,391,425         4,745,141         4,669,732         5,320,763         5,826,200           Change in Net Position – Business-Type Activities         2,249,408         7,286,241         938,292         1,963,761         5,127,639	Total Business-Type Activities					
General Revenues Unrestricted Investment Earnings 11,566 165,597 67,089 142,738 86,447 Settlement of Claims 3,187 2,403 306 848 1,213 Gain on Sale of Capital Assets 11,469 40,440 1,044 26 Other General Revenue 164,538 195,964 186,006 175,050 177,799 Capital Contributions 3,817 5,854 5,593 Contributions to Permanent and Term Endowments 184,108 238,951 182,754 217,683 209,404 Special Items Transfers – Internal Activity 4,028,026 4,130,757 4,189,320 4,777,546 5,345,718 Total General Revenues, Contributions, Special Items and Transfers 4,391,425 4,745,141 4,669,732 5,320,763 5,826,200 Change in Net Position – Business-Type Activities 2,249,408 7,286,241 938,292 1,963,761 5,127,639		(2.142.017)	2,541,100	(3.731.440)	(3,357,002)	(698,561)
Unrestricted Investment Earnings 11,566 165,597 67,089 142,738 86,447 Settlement of Claims 3,187 2,403 306 848 1,213 Gain on Sale of Capital Assets 11,469 40,440 1,044 26 Other General Revenue 164,538 195,964 186,006 175,050 177,799 Capital Contributions 3,817 5,854 5,593 Contributions to Permanent and Term Endowments 184,108 238,951 182,754 217,683 209,404 Special Items  Transfers – Internal Activity 4,028,026 4,130,757 4,189,320 4,777,546 5,345,718 Total General Revenues, Contributions, Special Items and Transfers 4,391,425 4,745,141 4,669,732 5,320,763 5,826,200 Change in Net Position – Business-Type Activities 2,249,408 7,286,241 938,292 1,963,761 5,127,639	(			(-,:,:)		()
Settlement of Claims         3,187         2,403         306         848         1,213           Gain on Sale of Capital Assets         11,469         40,440         1,044         26           Other General Revenue         164,538         195,964         186,006         175,050         177,799           Capital Contributions         3,817         5,854         5,593           Contributions to Permanent and Term Endowments         184,108         238,951         182,754         217,683         209,404           Special Items         Transfers – Internal Activity         4,028,026         4,130,757         4,189,320         4,777,546         5,345,718           Total General Revenues, Contributions,         Special Items and Transfers         4,391,425         4,745,141         4,669,732         5,320,763         5,826,200           Change in Net Position – Business-Type Activities         2,249,408         7,286,241         938,292         1,963,761         5,127,639						
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets         11,469         40,440         1,044         26           Other General Revenue         164,538         195,964         186,006         175,050         177,799           Capital Contributions         3,817         5,854         5,593           Contributions to Permanent and Term Endowments         184,108         238,951         182,754         217,683         209,404           Special Items         Transfers – Internal Activity         4,028,026         4,130,757         4,189,320         4,777,546         5,345,718           Total General Revenues, Contributions,         Special Items and Transfers         4,391,425         4,745,141         4,669,732         5,320,763         5,826,200           Change in Net Position – Business-Type Activities         2,249,408         7,286,241         938,292         1,963,761         5,127,639			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Other General Revenue         164,538         195,964         186,006         175,050         177,799           Capital Contributions         3,817         5,854         5,593           Contributions to Permanent and Term Endowments         184,108         238,951         182,754         217,683         209,404           Special Items         Transfers – Internal Activity         4,028,026         4,130,757         4,189,320         4,777,546         5,345,718           Total General Revenues, Contributions,         Special Items and Transfers         4,391,425         4,745,141         4,669,732         5,320,763         5,826,200           Change in Net Position – Business-Type Activities         2,249,408         7,286,241         938,292         1,963,761         5,127,639		3,187	,			/
Capital Contributions         3,817         5,854         5,593           Contributions to Permanent and Term Endowments         184,108         238,951         182,754         217,683         209,404           Special Items         Transfers – Internal Activity         4,028,026         4,130,757         4,189,320         4,777,546         5,345,718           Total General Revenues, Contributions,           Special Items and Transfers         4,391,425         4,745,141         4,669,732         5,320,763         5,826,200           Change in Net Position – Business-Type Activities         2,249,408         7,286,241         938,292         1,963,761         5,127,639			,	,		
Contributions to Permanent and Term Endowments 184,108 238,951 182,754 217,683 209,404 Special Items  Transfers – Internal Activity 4,028,026 4,130,757 4,189,320 4,777,546 5,345,718 Total General Revenues, Contributions, Special Items and Transfers 4,391,425 4,745,141 4,669,732 5,320,763 5,826,200 Change in Net Position – Business-Type Activities 2,249,408 7,286,241 938,292 1,963,761 5,127,639		164,538	195,964			
Special Items           Transfers – Internal Activity         4,028,026         4,130,757         4,189,320         4,777,546         5,345,718           Total General Revenues, Contributions,         Special Items and Transfers         4,391,425         4,745,141         4,669,732         5,320,763         5,826,200           Change in Net Position – Business-Type Activities         2,249,408         7,286,241         938,292         1,963,761         5,127,639						
Transfers – Internal Activity 4,028,026 4,130,757 4,189,320 4,777,546 5,345,718  Total General Revenues, Contributions, Special Items and Transfers 4,391,425 4,745,141 4,669,732 5,320,763 5,826,200  Change in Net Position – Business-Type Activities 2,249,408 7,286,241 938,292 1,963,761 5,127,639		184,108	238,951	182,754	217,683	209,404
Total General Revenues, Contributions,       4,391,425       4,745,141       4,669,732       5,320,763       5,826,200         Change in Net Position – Business-Type Activities       2,249,408       7,286,241       938,292       1,963,761       5,127,639	•					
Special Items and Transfers         4,391,425         4,745,141         4,669,732         5,320,763         5,826,200           Change in Net Position – Business-Type Activities         2,249,408         7,286,241         938,292         1,963,761         5,127,639	·	4,028,026	4,130,757	4,189,320	4,777,546	5,345,718
Change in Net Position – Business-Type Activities 2,249,408 7,286,241 938,292 1,963,761 5,127,639						
	Special Items and Transfers	4,391,425	4,745,141	4,669,732	5,320,763	5,826,200
	Change in Net Position – Business-Type Activities	2,249,408	7,286,241	938,292	1,963,761	5,127,639
Change in Net Position – Primary Government \$10,352,404 \$17,125,600 \$4,587,368 \$4,332,208 \$9,075,368	Change in Net Position – Primary Government	\$10,352,404	\$17,125,600	\$ 4,587,368	\$ 4,332,208	\$ 9,075,368

## **Statistical Section – Financial Trends Information Fund Balances – Governmental Funds**

#### **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

(Amounts in Millions)

	2008	2009	2010
GENERAL FUND			
Reserved	\$ 2,471	\$ 3,380	\$ 5,460
Unreserved	8,184	5,586	2,950
Total General Fund	\$ 10,655	\$ 8,966	\$ 8,410
	: <u></u>	<del></del>	<del></del>
ALL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS			
Reserved	\$ 27,957	\$ 25,586	\$ 28,193
Unreserved			
Special Revenue	4,953	5,323	3,343
Capital Projects	(124)	(111)	(204)
Permanent	564	477	1,028
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$33,350	\$31,275	\$32,360

	2011*	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
GENERAL FUND							
Nonspendable	\$ 501	\$ 678	\$ 599	\$ 596	\$ 843	\$ 728	\$ 698
Restricted	1,393	1,764	1,160	1,091	900	1,547	1,166
Committed	4,185	5,283	5,159	5,138	4,765	4,602	4,545
Assigned	29	44	95	70	23	115	51
Unassigned	1,077	1,095	8,028	10,864	11,351	7,680	5,558
Total General Fund	\$ 7,185	\$ 8,864	\$15,041	\$17,759	\$17,882	\$14,672	\$12,018
ALL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS							
Nonspendable	\$12,254	\$12,915	\$13,203	\$13,837	\$14,483	\$16,692	\$41,099
Restricted	22,606	21,897	23,051	28,344	30,314	31,584	11,654
Committed	758	1,013	883	2,552	1,961	1,276	1,036
Assigned	2	2	2	726	40	574	880
Unassigned	(738)	(511)	(688)	(555)			(9)
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$34,882	\$35,316	\$36,451	\$44,904	\$46,798	\$50,126	\$54,660

<sup>\*</sup> Due to the changes in the state's fund structure initiated when GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, was implemented, information for fund balances is only available for the line items presented beginning in fiscal 2011.

### Statistical Section – Financial Trends Information

# **Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds**

#### **Last Ten Fiscal Years\***

(Amounts in Millions)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
REVENUES										
Taxes	\$41,256	\$37,654	\$35,868	\$39,632	\$44,171	\$ 47,857	\$ 51,413	\$ 51,096	\$ 47,971	\$ 50,194
Federal	28,656	35,699	42,483	44,907	38,219	38,016	39,776	41,869	44,284	43,669
Licenses, Fees and Permits	4,522	4,433	4,533	4,661	5,076	5,178	5,251	5,308	5,266	5,523
Interest and Other Investment Income	(368)	(1,957)	2,171	3,609	3,204	3,011	4,999	(574)	2,405	4,901
Land Income	650	390	384	551	432	473	752	638	555	973
Settlement of Claims	555	555	614	593	611	625	577	590	685	540
Sales of Goods and Services	2,063	1,962	1,816	2,125	1,860	2,355	2,911	3,748	4,840	4,172
Other	2,590	3,192	3,499	3,087	3,888	4,068	4,182	4,676	5,253	5,364
Total Revenues	79,924	81,928	91,368	99,165	97,461	101,583	109,861	107,351	111,259	115,336
EXPENDITURES										
General Government	2,628	3,025	3,352	3,981	3,065	2,804	2,875	2,873	2,869	3,171
Education	24,976	24,941	27,331	28,639	25,715	25,313	27,148	27,937	28,671	28,392
Employee Benefits	14	13	15	14	14	19	18	14	47	26
Teacher Retirement State Contributions	1,781	1,729	1,830	1,854	1,641	1,675	1,957	2,736	2,081	2,149
Health and Human Services	32,355	37,988	41,367	44,869	44,709	44,841	47,947	51,741	55,544	55,466
Public Safety and Corrections	4,864	5,802	6,006	5,415	5,114	5,171	4,891	5,595	6,038	6,202
Transportation	3,895	3,399	3,474	3,647	3,788	4,677	1,068	3,581	3,643	3,741
Natural Resources and Recreation	1,420	1,606	1,566	1,518	1,619	1,840	4,897	2,186	2,124	2,138
Regulatory Services	393	434	438	407	412	461	791	486	736	420
Capital Outlay	4,404	3,738	3,539	3,737	3,528	3,511	5,529	5,447	6,371	7,053
Debt Service:										
Principal	415	596	731	592	580	706	836	757	746	769
Interest	428	513	720	757	725	737	769	757	792	844
Other Financing Fees	15	15	41	16	8	7	16	18	12	14
Total Expenditures	77,588	83,799	90,410	95,446	90,918	91,762	98,742	104,128	109,674	110,385
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over (Under) Expenditures	2,336	(1,871)	958	3,719	6,543	9,821	11,119	3,223	1,585	4,951
							·			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfer In (Note 12)	13,832	9,737	11,465	6,138	7,278	7,059	9,192	9,709	7,587	6,372
Transfer Out (Note 12)	(17,777)	(14,033)	(15,987)	(10,344)	(11,249)	(10,883)	(13,321)	(13,941)	(12,365)	(11,705)
Bonds and Notes Issued	2,988	1,940	3,808	1,566	338	1,142	953	2,578	1,089	1,914
Bonds Issued for Refunding	515	271	385	547	38	99	2,432	1,943	1,693	1,292
Premiums on Bonds Issued	180	33	48	85	14	200	408	642	359	406
Payment to Escrow for Refunding	(559)	(309)	(214)	(580)	(62)	(113)	(2,671)	(2,284)	(1,825)	(1,461)
Sale of Capital Assets	22	16	14	9	31	17	41	79	73	23
Service Concession Arrangement									25	
Increases in Obligations Under Capital Leases	1		10	3	3		15		1	
Gain (Loss) on Other Financial Activity							7	22	(59)	(3)
Insurance Recoveries	15	18	15	12	2	5	9	22	3	10
Capital Contributions						-			55	84
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(783)	(2,327)	(456)	(2,564)	(3,607)	(2,474)	(2,935)	(1,230)	(3,364)	(3,069)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ 1,553	\$ (4,198)	\$ 502	\$ 1,155	\$ 2,936	\$ 7,347	\$ 8,184	\$ 1,993	\$ (1,779)	\$ 1,882
DEBT SERVICE AS A PERCENTAGE OF NONCAPITAL EXPENDITURES	1.2%	1.4%	1.7%	1.5%	1.5%	1.6%	1.7%	1.5%	1.5%	1.6%

<sup>\*</sup> This table comprises the following funds: general, special revenue, debt service, capital projects and permanent.

### Statistical Section – Revenue Capacity Information

### **Taxable Sales by Industry**

### For the Calendar Years 2007 through 2016\*

(Amounts in Millions)

NAICS** Industry	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, Hunting	\$ 143	*		*	*			•		
Mining, Quarrying, Oil & Gas Extraction	11,707	15,653	10,398	12,514	21,010	27,477	27,955	31,764	21,928	11,585
Utilities	9,237	10,883	9,623	9,525	9,945	9,363	9,600	10,590	11,069	10,469
Construction	13,258	14,292	10,948	10,834	12,725	15,065	16,738	18,294	19,663	20,380
Manufacturing	26,598	28,913	22,539	23,787	27,910	31,419	33,818	37,072	37,558	34,007
Wholesale Trade	25,853	27,918	21,444	23,447	27,595	29,933	31,709	35,574	33,499	33,430
Retail Trade	134,740	136,845	130,829	133,441	140,924	152,791	161,965	170,972	175,185	178,618
Transportation, Warehousing	2,086	2,884	2,167	2,508	3,092	3,335	3,630	3,743	3,886	2,695
Information	32,242	33,075	32,753	33,036	34,618	36,448	38,451	41,422	43,087	43,933
Finance, Insurance	2,240	2,708	2,684	2,404	2,604	2,646	2,779	3,122	3,411	4,559
Real Estate, Rental, Leasing	8,950	9,526	7,526	7,814	9,204	10,488	11,488	12,679	12,206	11,699
Professional, Scientific, Technical Serv.	7,704	8,528	7,705	7,861	8,766	9,411	10,235	11,398	11,831	12,190
Management of Companies, Enterprises	595	511	336	322	393	440	514	720	955	1,012
Admin Supt Waste Mgmt Remediation Serv.	9,374	9,883	9,404	9,508	10,183	10,911	11,355	12,330	13,063	13,647
Educational Services	323	341	368	450	474	460	492	494	533	567
Health Care, Social Assistance	727	759	793	841	846	995	1,040	1,094	1,142	1,255
Arts, Entertainment, Recreation	3,342	3,591	3,544	3,640	3,940	4,137	4,510	4,846	5,189	5,358
Accommodation, Food Services	31,877	33,654	33,260	34,635	37,162	40,440	42,648	46,023	49,198	51,292
Other Services (Except Public Admin)	7,779	7,939	7,216	7,676	8,344	9,195	9,653	10,373	10,635	10,575
Public Administration	1,491	1,645	1,660	1,687	1,961	2,626	2,744	2,791	2,027	2,033
Nonclassifiable	4	4	4	4	6	5	5	5	5	2
Other	8	10	30	19	94	888	333	686	1,565	1,374
Total Taxable Sales	\$ 330,278	\$ 349,713	\$ 315,364	\$ 326,090	\$ 361,943	\$ 398,651	\$ 421,844	\$ 456,201	\$ 457,858	\$ 450,893
Direct Sales Tax Rate	6.25%	6.25%	6.25%	6.25%	6.25%	6.25%	6.25%	6.25%	6.25%	6.25%

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal 2017 data is not available until mid-year of the following fiscal year. Prior years subject to revisions due to length of verification process and amended returns.

Note: The amount of sales tax revenue should not be calculated from the table as there are numerous adjustments, allocations and refunds to arrive at actual taxable revenue.  $Source: Texas\ Comptroller\ of\ Public\ Accounts,\ ``Quarterly\ Sales\ Tax\ Reports"$ 

<sup>\*\*</sup> North American Industry Classification System

### Statistical Section – Revenue Capacity Information **State Tax Collections and Retail Sales**

#### **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

(Amounts in Millions, Except Per Capita State Tax Collections and Percentage Data)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Tax Collections*	\$41,256	\$37,654	\$35,868	\$39,632	\$44,171	\$47,857	\$51,413	\$51,096	\$47,971	\$ 50,194
Percentage Tax Collection										
Change From Prior Year	12.5%	(8.7)%	(4.7)%	10.5%	11.5%	8.3%	7.4%	(0.6)%	(6.1)%	4.6%
Resident Population	24.4	24.9	25.3	25.7	26.1	26.5	27.0	27.5	27.9	28.4
Percentage Population Change										
From Prior Year	2.0%	2.0%	1.6%	1.6%	1.6%	1.4%	2.1%	1.9%	1.5%	1.8%
State Tax Collections										
Per Capita	\$ 1,691	\$ 1,512	\$ 1,418	\$ 1,542	\$ 1,692	\$ 1,809	\$ 1,904	\$ 1,858	\$ 1,719	\$ 1,767

<sup>\*</sup> This table comprises the following funds: general, special revenue, debt service and capital projects.

Source: Tax collection figures are from the 2008 – 2017 state of Texas financial statements.

Resident population figures are from the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census and Bureau of Economic Analysis and were revised from prior years due to changes in methodology, inflation factors, price indicators and revisions to interim census figures.

### **Total Retail Sales**

#### **Last Ten Years\***

(Amounts in Millions)

	Retail	Percent
Year	Sales	Change
2008	435,256	10.2%
2009	389,524	(10.5)%
2010	399,398	2.5%
2011	432,915	8.4%
2012	460,846	6.5%
2013	487,031	5.7%
2014	522,842	7.4%
2015	523,058	0.0%
2016	533,696	2.0%
2017**	249,306	0.9%

<sup>\*</sup> Reported amounts for retail sales may be revised each year as more complete information is received.

Source: Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts

<sup>\*\*</sup> Amount is for first half of 2017 and the percentage change is calculated over the first half of 2016.

### Statistical Section - Revenue Capacity Information

## **Texas Gross State Product by Industry**

#### Last Ten Years\*

(Amounts in Millions, Except Percentage Data)

NAICS** Industry	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Agriculture, Forestry										
and Fishing	\$ 7,188	\$ 6,127	\$ 9,930	. ,	\$ 9,231	\$ 11,050	\$ 10,895	\$ 11,846	\$ 11,032	\$ 12,620
% Change	(12.5)	(14.8)	62.1	(0.9)	(6.2)	19.7	(1.4)	8.7	(6.9)	14.4
Mining and Natural										
Resources	184,219	118,917	133,189	163,001	181,307	214,473	234,058	149,702	111,546	140,711
% Change	34.5	(35.4)	12.0	22.4	11.2	18.3	9.1	(36.0)	(25.5)	26.1
Construction	65,461	61,154	57,666	59,414	67,089	71,997	79,948	86,888	91,279	92,215
% Change	1.4	(6.6)	(5.7)	3.0	12.9	7.3	11.0	8.7	5.1	1.0
Manufacturing	163,683	155,962	179,910	209,538	216,774	234,218	220,981	228,626	218,276	225,732
% Change	(10.3)	(4.7)	15.4	16.5	3.5	8.0	(5.7)	3.5	(4.5)	3.4
Trade, Transportation										
and Utilities	220,355	215,252	229,123	243,651	272,185	279,994	293,228	311,073	317,337	330,357
% Change	3.6	(2.3)	6.4	6.3	11.7	2.9	4.7	6.1	2.0	4.1
Information	50.327	46.438	44.812	44,469	43,968	48.025	50,291	54,342	55,259	56.262
% Change	4.2	(7.7)	(3.5)	(0.8)	(1.1)	9.2	4.7	8.1	1.7	1.8
Financial Activities	159,565	160,715	169,179	181,353	192,367	202,964	220,797	231,583	243,355	259,251
% Change	1.5	0.7	5.3	7.2	6.1	5.5	8.8	4.9	5.1	6.5
Professional and										
Business Services	128,309	122,520	128,461	136,591	144,903	154,810	167,375	177,902	179,358	188,284
% Change	8.9	(4.5)	4.8	6.3	6.1	6.8	8.1	6.3	0.8	5.0
Educational and										
Health Services	70,077	76,612	80,208	83,104	86,278	89,103	92,908	99,683	104,816	108,059
% Change	7.7	9.3	4.7	3.6	3.8	3.3	4.3	7.3	5.1	3.1
Leisure and										
Hospitality Services	37,435	37,618	38,453	39,749	42,756	44,728	49,749	54,422	57,903	59,486
% Change	1.4	0.5	2.2	3.4	7.6	4.6	11.2	9.4	6.4	2.7
Other Private Services	24,686	25,280	25,609	26,098	28,138	29,401	31,628	33,028	34,144	35,707
% Change	1.3	2.4	1.3	1.9	7.8	4.5	7.6	4.4	3.4	4.6
Government,										
including Schools	132,083	139,921	146,860	147,926	152,897	155,708	160,385	169,309	174,981	179,996
% Change	6.1	5.9	5.0	0.7	3.4	1.8	3.0	5.6	3.4	2.9
TOTAL	\$1,243,387	\$1,166,515	\$1,243,398	\$1,344,732	\$1,437,893	\$1,536,471	\$1,612,243	\$1,608,404	\$1,599,286	\$1,688,680
% Change	5.4	(6.2)	6.6	8.1	6.9	6.9	4.9	(0.2)	(0.6)	5.6
TOTAL										
(In 2009 Chained Dollars)	\$1,173,697	\$1,166,516	\$1,197,006	\$1,240,117	\$1,310,522	\$1,377,101	\$1,424,694	\$1,484,881	\$1,480,304	\$1,522,921
% Change	0.6	(0.6)	2.6	3.6	5.7	5.1	3.5	4.2	(0.3)	2.9

<sup>\*</sup> The U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis periodically revises its personal income and gross product data for states. These revisions include data changes for previous years as new and more complete information becomes available.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, IHS Markit, and Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts

<sup>\*\*</sup> North American Industry Classification System

## **Statistical Section – Debt Capacity Information Legal Debt Margin Information**

#### **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

(Amounts in Thousands, Except Percentage Data)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Debt Service Limit*	\$1,773,089	\$1,795,118	\$1,759,856	\$1,782,305	\$ 1,908,572
Total Net Debt Service Applicable to Limit	1,450,498	1,464,078	1,443,705	1,318,175	1,329,298
Legal Debt Service Margin	\$ 322,591	\$ 331,040	\$ 316,151	\$ 464,130	\$ 579,274
Total Net Debt Service Applicable to Limit as a Percentage of Debt Service Limit	81.8%	81.6%	82.0%	74.0%	69.6%
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Debt Service Limit*	\$2,092,423	\$2,254,734	\$2,373,010	\$2,465,908	\$ 2,537,134
Total Net Debt Service Applicable to Limit	1,271,754	1,222,025	1,256,462	1,171,046	1,192,336
Legal Debt Service Margin	\$ 820,669	\$1,032,709	\$1,116,548	\$1,294,862	\$ 1,344,798
Total Net Debt Service Applicable to the Limit as a Percentage of Debt Service Limit	60.8%	54.2%	52.9%	47.5%	47.0%

#### Legal Debt Service Margin Calculation for Fiscal 2017

Unrestricted General Revenue fiscal 2015	\$49,383,668
Unrestricted General Revenue fiscal 2016	50,619,001
Unrestricted General Revenue fiscal 2017	52,225,394
Debt Service Limit*	2,537,134
Debt Service Applicable to Limit:	
Debt Service on Outstanding Debt Payable from	
General Revenue (GR)	725,718
Plus: Estimated Debt Service on Authorized but	466,618
Unissued Debt Payable From GR	
Total Net Debt Service Applicable to Limit	1,192,336
Legal Debt Service Margin	\$ 1,344,798

<sup>\*</sup> Debt service limit - Under state law, the maximum annual debt service in any fiscal year on state debt payable from the general revenue fund may not exceed 5 percent of an amount equal to the average of the unrestricted general revenue fund revenues for the three preceding fiscal years.

Source: Texas Bond Review Board

## **Statistical Section – Debt Capacity Information Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type**

#### **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

(Amounts in Millions, Except Percentage Data and Per Capita)

		Governmenta	Activities		Business-Type Activities						
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Revenue Bonds	Notes and Loans	Capital Leases	General Obligation Bonds	Revenue Bonds	Notes and Loans	Capital Leases	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita*
2008	\$8,061	\$3,445	\$ 340	\$10	\$2,708	\$13,370	\$2,437	\$14	\$30,385	3.2%	\$1,247
2009	9,745	3,287	150	8	2,927	15,488	2,348	13	33,966	3.7%	1,366
2010	10,086	5,620	761	15	2,944	17,043	3,103	14	39,586	4.1%	1,565
2011	11,520	5,456	1,150	14	2,956	18,767	2,006	20	41,889	4.0%	1,630
2012	11,314	4,277	1,381	12	3,230	19,033	2,075	22	41,344	3.7%	1,583
2013	12,089	4,100	1,528	2	3,670	20,964	2,322	20	44,695	3.9%	1,684
2014	12,052	4,662	1,295	34	3,765	20,404	2,140	17	44,369	3.6%	1,643
2015	14,177	4,490	1,548	30	3,955	21,466	1,243	61	46,970	3.7%	1,709
2016	15,060	4,290	1,423	27	4,330	23,411	2,195	70	50,806	3.9%	1,815
2017	15,884	4,777	1,372	23	4,363	26,020	2,324	73	54,836	4.1%	1,934

<sup>\*</sup> Prior years numbers are subject to revisions. Calculation based on resident population figures from U.S. Bureau of the Census and Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts. Source: 2008 - 2017 state of Texas financial statements

## **Statistical Section – Debt Capacity Information Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding**

#### **Last Ten Fiscal Years\***

(Amounts in Millions, Except Percentage Data and General Bonded Debt Per Capita)

	2	800	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Bonded Debt (General											
Obligation Bonds Only)	\$ 10	,768	\$ 12,672	\$13,029	\$14,476	\$ 14,544	\$15,759	\$15,817	\$18,132	\$ 19,390	\$ 20,247
Percentage Bonded Debt											
Change From Prior Year	1.	3.0%	17.7%	2.8%	11.1%	0.5%	8.4%	0.4%	14.6%	6.9%	4.4%
Tax Collections	\$41	,256	\$37,654	\$35,868	\$39,632	\$44,171	\$47,857	\$51,413	\$51,096	\$47,971	\$50,194
Percentage Bonded Debt to											
Tax Collections	20	5.1%	33.7%	36.3%	36.5%	32.9%	32.9%	30.8%	35.5%	40.4%	40.3%
Resident Population		24.4	24.9	25.3	25.7	26.1	26.5	27.0	27.5	27.9	28.4
General Bonded Debt											
Per Capita	\$	441	\$ 509	\$ 515	\$ 563	\$ 557	\$ 596	\$ 586	\$ 659	\$ 695	\$ 713

<sup>\*</sup> Historical data may reflect a variety of changes in methodology, inflation factors, price indicators and revisions to interim census figures made by the U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis.

Source: Bonded debt and tax collection amounts are from the 2008 – 2017 state of Texas financial statements. Resident population figures are from the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census and Bureau of Economic Analysis.

## **Statistical Section – Debt Capacity Information Pledged Revenue Bond Coverage**

#### **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

(Amounts in Thousands, Except Ratio Data)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					
Pledged Revenue Bond Amount	\$ 6,748,490	\$ 6,640,110	\$ 5,522,453	\$ 6,085,973	\$ 6,619,706
Operating Expenditures	7,447,496	7,233,759	6,085,684	6,729,036	6,075,344
1 0 1					
Net Available Revenue	\$ (699,006)	\$ (593,649)	\$ (563,231)	\$ (643,063)	\$ 544,362
Debt Service –					
Principal	\$ 112,250	\$ 156,490	\$ 168,785	\$ 161,750	\$ 170,650
Interest	118,203	152,025	147,501	263,708	210,694
Total Debt Service	\$ 230,453	\$ 308,515	\$ 316,286	\$ 425,458	\$ 381,344
Total Debt Service	φ 230,433	\$ 506,515	\$ 310,280	\$ 423,436	\$ 361,344
Coverage Ratio	(3.0)	(1.9)	(1.8)	(1.5)	1.4
8	` ,	,	` '	` '	
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES					
Pledged Revenue Bond Amount	\$ 10,225,735	\$10,700,325	\$11,514,734	\$12,864,956	\$13,595,957
Operating Expenditures	11,698,563	8,481,872	9,202,811	9,986,234	10,516,772
W. A. 711 B	ф. (1. 470.000)	ф. <b>2.2</b> 10.452	ф. 2.211.022	ф. 2.050.522	ф. 2.070.105
Net Available Revenue	\$ (1,472,828)	\$ 2,218,453	\$ 2,311,923	\$ 2,878,722	\$ 3,079,185
Debt Service –					
Principal	\$ 420,487	\$ 455,540	\$ 482,474	\$ 638,223	\$ 637,203
Interest	558,666	620,323	703,116	792,065	827,258
Total Debt Service	\$ 979,153	\$ 1,075,863	\$ 1,185,590	\$ 1,430,288	\$ 1,464,461
Coverage Ratio	(1.5)	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.1
COMPONENT UNITS*					
Pledged Revenue Bond Amount	\$ 10,971	\$ 62,397	\$ 63,667	\$ 97,297	\$ 42,905
Operating Expenditures	552	1,051	1,332	1,038	754
Net Available Revenue	\$ 10,419	\$ 61,346	\$ 62,335	\$ 96,259	\$ 42,151
Debt Service –	\$ 5,090	\$ 78,793	\$ 42,762	\$ 58,588	\$ 29,849
Principal Interest	3,610	\$ 78,793 16,926	5,194	\$ 36,386 11,760	\$ 29,849 10,943
Interest	3,010	10,920	3,194	11,700	10,943
Total Debt Service	\$ 8,700	\$ 95,719	\$ 47,956	\$ 70,348	\$ 40,792
	<u>· , ,                                 </u>				
Coverage Ratio	1.2	0.6	1.3	1.4	1.0
Total Combined Coverage Ratio	(1.8)	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.9

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Note: This bond data includes operating revenues, interest earned on investments, other pledged revenues and other sources. Operating expenditures include capital outlay expenditures.

Source: 2008-2017 state of Texas financial statements and bond reporting system

### **Statistical Section – Debt Capacity Information**

## Pledged Revenue Bond Coverage (concluded)

#### **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

(Amounts in Thousands, Except Ratio Data)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					
Pledged Revenue Bond Amount	\$ 6,823,519	\$ 7,497,602	\$ 7,538,774	\$ 8,300,451	\$ 8,485,616
Operating Expenditures	6,738	7,353,756	7,849,850	8,703,430	9,676,211
operating Emperorations	5,725	7,000,700	7,015,050	0,700,100	3,070,211
Net Available Revenue	\$ 6,816,781	\$ 143,846	\$ (311,076)	\$ (402,979)	\$ (1,190,595)
Debt Service –					
Principal	\$ 172,015	\$ 174,925	\$ 162,130	\$ 164,585	\$ 166,300
Interest	203,294	196,102	202,315	179,164	197,704
Total Debt Service	\$ 375,309	\$ 371,027	\$ 364,445	\$ 343,749	\$ 364,004
Coverage Ratio	18.2	0.4	(0.9)	(1.2)	(3.3)
2			, ,	,	` /
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES					
Pledged Revenue Bond Amount	\$14,723,022	\$ 16,052,498	\$ 17,008,284	\$17,241,074	\$18,159,904
Operating Expenditures	11,780,640	12,203,713	13,180,793	15,240,489	15,306,246
Net Available Revenue	\$ 2,942,382	\$ 3,848,785	\$ 3,827,491	\$ 2,000,585	\$ 2,853,658
Net Available Revenue	\$ 2,942,382	\$ 3,848,783	\$ 3,827,491	\$ 2,000,383	\$ 2,833,038
Debt Service –					
Principal	\$ 705,187	\$ 773,920	\$ 837,544	\$ 1,038,866	\$ 859,514
Interest	802,272	843,685	877,431	919,464	1,008,241
Total Debt Service	\$ 1,507,459	\$ 1,617,605	\$ 1,714,975	\$ 1,958,330	\$ 1,867,755
Coverage Ratio	2.0	2.4	2.2	1.0	1.5
COMPONENT UNITS*					
Pledged Revenue Bond Amount	\$ 189,908	\$ 145,536	\$ 67,252	\$ 82,195	\$ 34,095
Operating Expenditures	217				
Nist Associated Description	\$ 189,691	\$ 145,536	\$ 67,252	\$ 82,195	\$ 34,095
Net Available Revenue	\$ 189,091	\$ 145,530	\$ 67,232	\$ 82,195	\$ 34,095
Debt Service –					
Principal	\$ 92,259	\$ 43,186	\$ 34,956	\$ 31,718	\$ 30,274
Interest	11,615	9,463	6,041	3,915	2,430
Total Debt Service	\$ 103,874	\$ 52,649	\$ 40,997	\$ 35,633	\$ 32,704
Coverage Ratio	1.8	2.8	1.6	2.3	1.0
Total Combined Coverage Ratio	5.0	2.0	1.7	0.7	0.7

Note: This bond data includes operating revenues, interest earned on investments, other pledged revenues and other sources. Operating expenditures include capital outlay expenditures.

Source: 2008 - 2017 state of Texas financial statements and bond reporting system

## Statistical Section – Demographic and Economic Information **Texas Nonfarm Employment Detail: Number of Jobs Calendar Years 2008 – 2017\***

Employment by Industry	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
GOODS-PRODUCING					
Natural Resources and Mining	230,400	202,300	206,400	237,400	270,800
Construction	673,300	597,900	564,400	563,900	584,300
Manufacturing	,	,	,	,	,
Durables	614,300	543,000	523,800	550,000	576,800
Nondurables	314,800	299,800	293,200	291,400	293,300
Total, Goods-Producing	1,832,800	1,643,000	1,587,800	1,642,700	1,725,200
SERVICE-PROVIDING					
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities					
Wholesale Trade	519,900	490,500	487,800	507,100	532,200
Retail Trade	1,173,700	1,140,600	1,135,100	1,158,600	1,185,100
Transportation and Warehousing	392,700	372,100	370,900	385,200	402,000
Utilities	47,300	47,900	48,100	48,400	48,400
Information	217,200	204,200	195,700	195,700	197,400
Financial Activities					
Finance and Insurance	461,700	452,600	454,400	466,700	481,800
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	185,300	175,300	171,000	174,100	179,800
Professional and Business Services					
Professional, Scientific and Technical	586,400	563,100	566,800	588,000	621,600
Management, Administrative and Support	755,100	695,000	714,000	758,100	795,100
Educational and Health Services					
Educational Services, Private	148,700	150,800	155,900	161,400	166,600
Health Care and Social Assistance	1,140,700	1,185,600	1,225,200	1,252,200	1,280,000
Leisure and Hospitality	1,006,300	1,005,500	1,007,800	1,041,400	1,086,500
Other Services	365,900	363,800	363,300	370,400	385,600
Government					
Federal Civilian	191,100	197,800	209,700	201,400	199,200
State	394,500	401,800	408,900	399,400	394,700
Local	1,223,100	1,251,900	1,272,200	1,253,300	1,233,100
Total, Service-Providing	8,809,600	8,698,500	8,786,800	8,961,400	9,189,100
Total Nonfarm Employment	10,642,400	10,341,500	10,374,600	10,604,100	10,914,300

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Due to confidentiality issues, the names of the ten largest revenue payers are not available. This table provides alternative information regarding the source of the state's major tax revenue.

Source: Texas Workforce Commission and HIS Markit

<sup>\*</sup> Data in the table are annual averages. Prior years are subject to annual benchmark revisions.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Data for 2017 includes estimates for the final month.

# Statistical Section – Demographic and Economic Information **Texas Nonfarm Employment Detail: Number of Jobs (concluded)**

Calendar Years 2008 – 2017\*

Employment by Industry	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017**
GOODS-PRODUCING					
Natural Resources and Mining	289,000	311,700	276,500	222,200	237,883
Construction	613,100	651,500	683,800	701,600	715,987
Manufacturing					
Durables	582,000	590,100	578,200	542,000	554,311
Nondurables	293,800	297,500	300,900	305,000	315,502
Total, Goods-Producing	1,777,900	1,850,800	1,839,400	1,770,800	1,823,683
SERVICE-PROVIDING					
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities					
Wholesale Trade	550,700	570,700	583,000	582,200	586,049
Retail Trade	1,220,100	1,256,300	1,297,300	1,318,300	1,323,607
Transportation and Warehousing	415,200	433,900	458,000	471,300	490,253
Utilities	48,800	48,900	49,500	49,900	50,865
Information	201,000	201,900	200,700	201,900	192,785
Financial Activities					
Finance and Insurance	496,100	503,800	517,200	528,400	540,439
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	187,800	196,500	201,100	204,100	215,625
Professional and Business Services					
Professional, Scientific and Technical	646,400	678,900	710,200	724,200	739,171
Management, Administrative and Support Educational and Health Services	829,800	869,100	887,600	903,200	939,361
Educational Services, Private	174,000	180,400	188,400	195,700	204,714
Health Care and Social Assistance	1,312,000	1,341,000	1,391,100	1,437,200	1,476,036
Leisure and Hospitality	1,139,700	1,188,200	1,242,000	1.291.800	1,327,670
Other Services	399,900	412.800	419,800	425,700	441,538
Government	,	,	,	,	,
Federal Civilian	197,000	193,200	194,300	197,800	200,854
State	396,300	396,600	397,000	405,900	412,999
Local	1,248,500	1,271,000	1,293,400	1,320,100	1,344,433
Total, Service-Providing	9,463,300	9,743,200	10,030,600	10,257,700	10,486,399
Total Nonfarm Employment	11,241,200	11,594,000	11,870,000	12,028,500	12,310,082

<sup>\*</sup> Data in the table are annual averages. Prior years are subject to annual benchmark revisions.

Due to confidentiality issues, the names of the ten largest revenue payers are not available. This table provides alternative information regarding the source of the state's major tax revenue.

Source: Texas Workforce Commission and IHS Markit

<sup>\*\*</sup> Data for 2017 includes estimates for the final month.

### Statistical Section – Demographic and Economic Information

#### Texas and U.S. Selected Statistics

#### Last Ten Calendar Years\*

			ılation usands)				sonal Income Ilions)		Per Capita Incon		ta Income	e
		Percent		Percent		Percent		Percent	<u></u>	Percent		Percent
Year	Texas	Change	U.S.	Change	Texas	Change	U.S.	Change	Texas	Change	U.S.	Change
2008	24,372	2.0%	304,948	0.9%	\$ 961,040	10.1%	\$12,492,705	4.2%	\$39,433	7.9%	\$40,967	3.3%
2009	24,857	2.0%	307,580	0.9%	910,108	(5.3)%	12,079,444	(3.3)%	36,614	(7.1)%	39,273	(4.1)%
2010	25,295	1.8%	310,100	0.8%	956,562	5.1%	12,459,613	3.1%	37,816	3.3%	40,179	2.3%
2011	25,701	1.6%	312,402	0.7%	1,047,017	9.5%	13,233,436	6.2%	40,738	7.7%	42,360	5.4%
2012	26,120	1.6%	314,656	0.7%	1,125,710	7.5%	13,904,485	5.1%	43,097	5.8%	44,189	4.3%
2013	26,537	1.6%	316,850	0.7%	1,148,929	2.1%	14,068,960	1.2%	43,296	0.5%	44,403	0.5%
2014	27,006	1.8%	319,179	0.7%	1,236,170	7.6%	14,811,388	5.3%	45,774	5.7%	46,405	4.5%
2015	27,481	1.8%	321,450	0.7%	1,284,521	3.9%	15,547,661	5.0%	46,743	2.1%	48,367	4.2%
2016	27,917	1.6%	323,668	0.7%	1,289,310	0.4%	15,912,777	2.3%	46,184	(1.2)%	49,164	1.6%
2017**	28,351	1.6%	325,916	0.7%	1,328,511	3.0%	16,383,278	3.0%	46,859	1.5%	50,268	2.2%

<sup>\*</sup> Prior years are subject to revisions.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Bureau of the Census and Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts

## Texas and U.S. Employment and **Unemployment Rates**

#### **Last Ten Calendar Years\***

(Thousands of Jobs and Percent)

		No	nfarm		Unempl	oyment
		Empl	oyment		Percenta	age Rate
		Percent		Percent		
Year	Texas	Change	U.S.	Change	Texas	U.S.
2008	10,642	2.1%	137,242	(0.5)%	4.8%	5.8%
2009	10,341	(2.8)%	131,313	(4.3)%	7.6%	9.3%
2010	10,375	0.3%	130,361	(0.7)%	8.1%	9.6%
2011	10,604	2.2%	131,932	1.2%	7.8%	8.9%
2012	10,914	2.9%	134,175	1.7%	6.7%	8.1%
2013	11,241	3.0%	136,381	1.6%	6.2%	7.4%
2014	11,594	3.1%	138,958	1.9%	5.1%	6.2%
2015	11,870	2.4%	141,843	2.1%	4.5%	5.3%
2016	12,028	1.3%	144,306	1.7%	4.6%	4.9%
2017**	12,310	2.3%	146,443	1.5%	4.4%	4.4%

<sup>\*</sup> Prior years numbers are subject to benchmark revisions.

Source: Texas Workforce Commission, Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts and U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Numbers for 2017 include some estimates for the latter part of the year.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Texas numbers for 2017 include an estimate for the final month of the year.

### **Statistical Section – Operating Information**

# **Full-Time Equivalent Employees by Function**

### **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
FUNCTION							
General Government	13,155	13,720	13,801	13,692	12,955	13,036	12,786
Education	152,121	156,375	159,918	161,636	161,670	163,239	165,199
Employee Benefits	311	325	344	338	334	335	342
Teacher Retirement State Contributions	454	476	496	514	515	533	584
Health and Human Services	53,161	56,067	58,071	58,717	57,790	57,437	57,659
Public Safety and Corrections	50,340	52,165	53,209	51,771	52,310	50,050	49,996
Transportation	14,148	13,257	12,692	12,513	12,436	12,456	12,456
Natural Resources and Recreation	8,264	8,484	8,646	8,388	7,855	7,930	8,070
Regulatory Services	3,891	4,048	4,052	3,942	3,841	3,819	3,867
Total FTEs	295,845	304,917	311,229	311,511	309,706	308,835	310,960
Percentage Change	2.2%	3.1%	2.1%	0.1%	(0.6)%	(0.3)%	0.7%

	2015*	2016	2017
FUNCTION			
General Government	9,366	9,366	9,616
Health and Human Services	54,356	54,357	52,599
Education	170,640	176,526	179,978
Judiciary	1,719	1,754	1,747
Public Safety and Criminal Justice	50,134	51,552	51,952
Natural Resources	8,180	8,180	8,073
Business and Economic Development	15,881	16,072	17,321
Regulatory	3,469	3,490	3,491
The Legislature	2,218	1,972	2,238
Total FTEs	315,963	323,269	327,015
Percentage Change	1.6%	2.3%	1.2%

 $Source: Texas\ State\ Auditor's\ Office\ (SAO) - *Functions\ were\ updated\ in\ 2015\ to\ match\ SAO\ functions\ by\ Article\ Number.$ 

# **Statistical Section – Operating Information Capital Asset Statistics by Function**

#### Last Ten Fiscal Years\*

Function	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
GENERAL GOVERNMENT					
Number of Texas Facilities Commission Owned Faciliti	es 137	137	133	133	131
State Real Property Inventory in Acres	1,325,319	1,329,671	1,342,038	1,333,113	1,342,680
EDUCATION					
Number of School Districts	1,031	1,031	1,030	1,029	1,244
Number of Students	4,671,493	4,749,571	4,847,844	4,933,617	4,978,120
Number of Higher Education Institutions	145	145	148	148	148
HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES					
Number of State Mental Health Facilities	39	39	39	39	39
Number of State Hospitals	11	11	11	11	11
PUBLIC SAFETY AND CORRECTIONS					
Number of State Prisons - Texas Department of					
Criminal Justice only	112	113	112	112	111
Number of Available Beds (Capacity)	160,622	159,656	159,771	163,144	162,057
Number of Authorized Vehicular State Patrol Units	1,281	1,494	1,811	1,572	1,791
TRANSPORTATION					
Centerline Miles of Highways**	80,067	79,903	79,992	80,233	80,268
Number of Bridges***	33,118	33,393	33,679	33,883	34,337
NATURAL RESOURCES AND RECREATION					
Number of State Parks Managed	93	93	93	93	94
Number of Park Acreage	605,470	614,790	604,799	621,491	624,602

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Source: Various state agencies and official state agency websites.

<sup>\*</sup> Prior years are subject to revisions.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Highway miles = state maintained centerline miles (miles traveled in one direction regardless of the number of lanes in a roadway). Texas Department of Transportation (TxDot) transitioned to a new roadway inventory system (GRID) in 2015, due to this there were no mileage changes between 2014 and 2015. Mileage for 2017 is not available until June, 2018.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Number of bridges are the bridges owned by the state. TxDot also works on off-system bridges (county and city-owned bridges). Off-system bridges are not included in the number of bridges total.

## **Statistical Section – Operating Information Capital Asset Statistics by Function (concluded)**

#### Last Ten Fiscal Years\*

Function	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
GENERAL GOVERNMENT					
Number of Texas Facilities Commission Owned Facilities	ies 131	210	210	204	204
State Real Property Inventory in Acres	1,554,664	1,559,615	1,210,769	1,212,174	1,218,978
EDUCATION					
Number of School Districts	1,245	1,238	1,225	1,225	1,216
Number of Students	5,058,939	5,135,880	5,215,282	5,284,252	5,359,127
Number of Higher Education Institutions	148	148	147	147	148
HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES					
Number of State Mental Health Facilities	39	38	38	38	39
Number of State Hospitals	12	12	12	12	12
PUBLIC SAFETY AND CORRECTIONS					
Number of State Prisons - Texas Department of					
Criminal Justice only	111	109	109	109	104
Number of Available Beds (Capacity)	161,168	156,756	155,634	155,534	152,364
Number of Authorized Vehicular State Patrol Units	1,791	1,804	1,804	2,104	2,104
TRANSPORTATION					
Centerline Miles of Highways**(Calendar years)	80,323	80,423	80,423	80,483	N/A
Number of Bridges***	34,576	34,892	35,753	36,008	36,173
NATURAL RESOURCES AND RECREATION					
Number of State Parks Managed	95	95	95	95	95
Number of Park Acreage	630,394	630,597	636,213	637,491	637,950

<sup>\*</sup> Prior years are subject to revisions.

Source: Various state agencies and official state agency websites.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Highway miles = state maintained centerline miles (miles traveled in one direction regardless of the number of lanes in a roadway). Texas Department of Transportation (TxDot) transitioned to a new roadway inventory system (GRID) in 2015, due to this there were no mileage changes between 2014 and 2015. Mileage for 2017 is not available until June, 2018.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Number of bridges are the bridges owned by the state. TxDot also works on off-system bridges (county and city-owned bridges). Off-system bridges are not included in the number of bridges total.

### Statistical Section – Operating Information **Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years**

Function	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
GENERAL GOVERNMENT / REGULATORY SERVICES					
Number of Tax Returns Processed	4,054,947	4,471,082	4,594,272	4,642,495	4,820,459
Number of Licenses Issued*	1,243,330	1,303,738	1,332,803	1,390,890	1,472,342
EDUCATION					
Average Daily School Attendance (ADA)	4,326,176	4,420,134	4,506,950	4,592,226	4,633,341
Percent of Students Passing TAKS Test**	72%	74%	77%	76%	N/A
Percent of Students Passing STAAR Test**	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Texas Higher Education Enrollments*	1,264,286	1,366,436	1,464,081	1,509,098	1,457,502
Higher Education Degrees Awarded***	198,298	209,868	256,635	238,665	251,098
HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES					
Number of Medicaid Clients Served****	2,877,203	3,002,731	3,296,439	3,541,286	3,652,489
Number of TANF Clients Served ****	125,309	113,786	121,290	116,386	107,288
Number of Immunizations	12,771,928	12,734,334	14,412,427	12,258,819	13,393,087
PUBLIC SAFETY AND CORRECTIONS					
Number of New Prison Population	74,283	72,738	72,315	73,988	74,232
Number of Prison Population Released	72,002	72,218	71,063	70,916	77,316
Average Daily Prison Population	155,588	155,432	154,315	155,830	154,933
Authorized Number of Troopers Patrolling Texas Highways	1,709	1,825	1,814	1,794	1,791
TRANSPORTATION					
Number of Construction Project Preliminary Engineering					
Plans Completed	694	710	1,169	944	750
Number of Lane Miles Receiving Roadway					
Surface Improvements: – By Contract	8,462	15,671	16,160	14,749	18,693
– Via State Sources	6,344	5,910	6,718	8,389	9,643
Number of Vehicles Registered	24,359,319	24,607,246	21,570,282	21,939,786	22,618,153
NATURAL RESOURCES AND RECREATION					
Number of State Parks Visits (in Millions)	4.3	4.5	4.4	4.3	4.3
Number of Parks and Wildlife Licenses Issued****	2,892,695	2,932,002	2,749,336	2,873,967	2,891,267

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Other Sources: Various state agencies, state agency reports and official state agency websites. Prior years are subject to revisions.

Current year numbers are estimated. Numbers from prior years may change due to updated numbers.

The Texas Assessment of Knowledge and Skills (TAKS) was phased out beginning in 2012 and was replaced by the State of Texas Assessments of Academic Readiness (STAAR). Due to the transition, ratings were suspended in 2012 while a new accountability system was developed. The new STAAR state rating system became effective in 2013.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> The 2017 degrees conferred will not be available until later in 2018.

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup> Medicaid average monthly caseload is based on data through November 2017. Fiscal 2016 data was finalized April 2017, and fiscal 2017 data will be finalized March 2018. TANF is based on data through November 2017.

<sup>\*\*\*\*\*</sup> Includes commercial and recreational licenses, stamps, tags and permits. Does not include items such as hunting lease license sales, collector's stamp sales, hunt drawing sales and other similar items sold through the Point-of-Sale System.

## **Statistical Section – Operating Information Operating Indicators by Function (concluded)**

#### **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

Function	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
GENERAL GOVERNMENT / REGULATORY SERVICES					
Number of Tax Returns Processed	5,054,013	5,026,391	5,212,002	5,349,832	5,448,247
Number of Licenses Issued*	1,485,193	1,253,959	1,293,917	1,323,300	1,358,895
EDUCATION					
Average Daily School Attendance (ADA)	4,699,372	4,780,813	4,854,882	4,924,589	5,020,999
Percent of Students Passing TAKS Test**	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Percent of Students Passing STAAR Test**	1	77%	77%	75%	75%
Texas Higher Education Enrollments*	1,453,630	1,465,870	1,489,525	1,522,542	1,543,676
Higher Education Degrees Awarded***	263,371	271,155	289,631	305,910	N/A
HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES					
Number of Medicaid Clients Served****	3,658,629	3,746,124	4,056,702	4,060,564	4,067,413
Number of TANF Clients Served ****	93,988	80,803	70,095	62,846	61,117
Number of Immunizations	15,225,244	15,883,882	16,253,233	16,022,679	15,855,405
PUBLIC SAFETY AND CORRECTIONS					
Number of New Prison Population	71,713	71,325	69,066	67,492	65,278
Number of Prison Population Released	72,071	70,521	70,311	67,603	65,739
Average Daily Prison Population	151,265	150,620	149,159	147,510	146,424
Authorized Number of Troopers Patrolling Texas Highways	1,791	1,804	1,804	2,104	2,104
TRANSPORTATION					
Number of Construction Project Preliminary Engineering					
Plans Completed	905	769	907	773	796
Number of Lane Miles Receiving Roadway					
Surface Improvements: – By Contract	17,941	17,054	18,299	30,605	21,663
– Via State Sources	8,941	7,939	8,005	7,268	8,245
Number of Vehicles Registered	23,227,032	23,886,263	23,751,503	24,076,240	24,527,939
NATURAL RESOURCES AND RECREATION					
Number of State Parks Visits (in Millions)	4.5	4.6	4.5	5.0	5.5
Number of Parks and Wildlife Licenses Issued****	2,961,781	3,028,100	3,093,641	3,186,072	3,900,976

Current year numbers are estimated. Numbers from prior years may change due to updated numbers.

Other Sources: Various state agencies, state agency reports and official state agency websites. Prior years are subject to revisions.

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<sup>\*\*\*\*\*</sup> Includes commercial and recreational licenses, stamps, tags and permits. Does not include items such as hunting lease license sales, collector's stamp sales, hunt drawing sales and other similar items sold through the Point-of-Sale System.



Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts Publication #96-471. Printed February 2017.

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