NCDOT GUIDELINES ON THE MANAGEMENT AND DISPOSAL OF CONCRETE GRINDING RESIDUALS

May 2019

The North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) has prepared this guidance to summarize the permitted options for the management and disposal of concrete residual waste liquids, slurries and solids generated by concrete milling, hydrodemolition, grinding, grooving and sawing of new or old concrete. This guidance will list and explain the options available to NCDOT contractors and subcontractors for the management and disposal of concrete grinding residuals (CGR), including diamond grinding slurry (DGS) and hydrodemolition operation slurry (HOS). Refer to Table 1 - HOS/DGS Reuse and Disposal Options at the end of this document for further clarification on management and disposal options.

The NCDOT and its contractors are legally responsible for all industrial process wastes generated during construction, maintenance and preservation projects. The federal regulations from the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) and corresponding waste disposal regulations from the North Carolina Department of Natural Resources (NCDENR) Division of Water Resources (DWR) and the Division of Waste Management (DWM) follow hazardous wastes generated "from cradle to grave", requiring NCDOT to perform waste determinations, document, manage and dispose of wastes according to state and federal regulations. (See NC Hazardous Waste Management Rules http://portal.ncdenr.org/web/wm/hw/rules/statelaws)

Discharges of industrial process wastes (liquid or solid) to surface waters, the land surface, the subsurface, and/or to groundwater require permit approval by NCDENR, DWR, and/or DWM. In 2013, NCDOT received a programmatic statewide permit (NCDENR-DWR Permit No. WQ0035749) for distribution of the HOS/DGS as a Class A residual. On 3/01/2019, Permit WO0035749 was renewed and a copy of this permit is included as (**Attachment A**).

To further assist Contractors, NCDOT has developed a HOS/DGS Management and Disposal Plan template (**Attachment B**) that, when completed by the Contractors, will include the information required by NCDOT for approval prior to beginning a project. This template includes minimum information required to maintain compliance with environmental regulations. It remains the responsibility of the Contractor/Subcontractor to determine whether more than these minimum steps are required and to perform whatever work is necessary to comply with all applicable laws and regulations. In addition, a permit modification is necessary to use the temporary storage option. For example, using an earthen storage structure for temporary storage requires a permit modification. If temporary storage is necessary, plan in advance (Section 1.5).

1.0 HOS/DGS Management and Disposal Plan

The Contractor is required to submit a written HOS/DGS Management and Disposal Plan (Management Plan) to the NCDOT Resident Engineer at least <u>45 days</u> prior to starting work on an HOS/DGS operation. As previously discussed, a template to help prepare this plan and the associated subplans is provided in (**Attachment B**).

In addition, the HOS/DGS Management Plan must be reviewed and <u>approved</u> by NCDOT Resident Engineer or other designated person prior to the beginning of operations. The Management Plan will include a Collection & Containment Approach, the Sampling and pH Control Plan, the Spill Control Plan and the Solid Waste Disposal Plan option with written confirmation from the receiving facility (if applicable). Additional information regarding the contents of the Management Plan are included in this document and a template is included in Attachment B.

1.1 Collection & Containment

Total containment of the HOS/DGS is required during either hydrodemolition or diamond grinding operations to be in compliance with State and Federal Regulations. Therefore, the approach to the collection and containment shall be summarized in the Management Plan. The Collection & Containment Approach shall include the following information/directives at a minimum:

- Measures to prevent any release of HOS/DGS to the environment.
- HOS/DGS shall not be allowed to enter storm sewers, stormwater inlets, bridge drainage scuppers or downspouts or bridge approach downspouts, ditches, surface waters, soil surfaces, floodplains or wetlands.
- All bridge deck joints and drains shall be sealed prior to starting work, to prevent the release of HOS/DGS to the ground surface or to surface waters.
- J If the HOS/DGS is to be <u>land applied</u>, utilizing NCDENR-DWR Permit No. WQ0035749, only percent solids, pH and the Calcium Carbonate Equivalence (CCE) are the laboratory tests that are required for each road construction project prior to the initial land application event.
- If the HOS/DGS solids are to be <u>buried</u>, utilizing NCDENR-DWM guidance, one representative sample for Full Toxicity Characteristics Leaching Procedure (TCLP) is required per project, in addition to passing the Paint Filter Test.
- Document activities associated with the Collection & Containment.

1.2 Sampling and pH Control Plan

At a pH of 12.5 or greater, the HOS and DGS are considered hazardous waste under RCRA, and thus require compliance with the RCRA transportation, storage and disposal regulations under 40 CFR 260 - 280. Therefore, the Contractor must sample and test the HOS/DGS to determine if it is a characteristic hazardous waste (pH greater than or equal to 12.5) and potentially adjust the pH of the HOS/DGS prior to its transport from the project site. HOS and DGS typically run at a pH of 11.5 to sometimes greater than 12.5. If the pH needs to be lowered by adding muriatic acid, or other material, then lowering the pH below 12.0 is advisable. Note that the water used in the diamond grinding process can be pretreated prior to use to help manage the pH.

In addition, to be in compliance with Collection and Containment, a pH adjustment must occur in a container, tank, or a transport vehicle before leaving the project site. Because of the potential to handle hazardous waste, careful planning and documentation is required and must be

approved by NCDOT. The approach to managing the pH is documented in the Sampling and pH control Plan (pH Control Plan) provided to NCDOT within the Management Plan.

The Sampling and pH control Plan (pH Control Plan) shall include the following information/directives at a minimum:

- Include the methods of sampling, calibration, testing, monitoring, managing, and adjusting the pH in the HOS/DGS. Other actions that will be performed to meet pH requirements shall also be included in the pH Control Plan.
- The pH meter shall be calibrated with pH 7.0 and pH 14.0 standards at least once per day.
- For land application, each truckload (or storage unit/tank) shall be collected, analyzed for pH, and results documented according to pH Control Plan for compliance with the permit.
- J It is important to note that Test results shall be obtained by using EPA Method 9040 (Attachment C) in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods," EPA Publication SW-846.
 - (http://www.epa.gov/waste/hazard/testmethods/sw846/pdfs/9040c.pdf). As such, this information should be included in the Sampling and pH Control Plan.
- List all personnel, equipment, and supplies necessary to obtain samples. A qualified employee of the Contractor shall administer the pH Control Plan. The qualified employee administering Sampling and pH Control Plan shall list qualifications in this Plan. That individual shall be present on site during the hydrodemolition or diamond grinding work and shall be authorized to take all actions necessary for the successful implementation of any pH adjustments.
- Contractor will document all actions taken to adjust the pH and provide copies of the daily reports to the Resident Engineer. The Contractor will certify in writing that the testing equipment to be used is properly calibrated.

1.3 Spill Control Plan

A written Spill Control Plan shall be submitted with the pH Control Plan to address how accidental spills or releases of HOS/DGS will be prevented, contained, cleaned up and reported to NCDOT. The Spill Control Plan shall include the following information/directives at a minimum:

- The Contractor is responsible for inspection and maintenance of all hoses and clamps, in order to prevent accidental releases.
- A secondary berm shall be installed and a back-up pump available when HOS is allowed to flow into a bermed catchment basin on a bridge in case of berm or pump failure.
- J If a release of HOS/DGS occurs to the ground surface, surface waters or storm water ditches or conveyances, the NCDOT Resident Engineer and the Division Environmental Officer (DEO) shall be notified immediately.

1.4 Solid Waste Disposal Plan

The Contractor may choose to dispose of the HOS/DGS at a private landfill, Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTW) or a permitted wastewater treatment plant (WWTP), and may dispose of the solids at a Construction & Demolition or Municipal Landfill. The solids must pass the Paint Filter Test to be disposed of as a solid waste at a solid waste landfill. (See EPA Test Method 9095B at the following link:

http://www.epa.gov/osw/hazard/testmethods/sw846/pdfs/9095b.pdf . Also, the pH shall have to be lowered below 12.0 prior to transport or hauling in order to avoid hazardous waste transportation, storage or disposal requirements. The Contractor shall cover and contain the HOS/DGS to prevent loss to the environment during transport and delivery to the licensed facility. The HOS/DGS may also be hauled to a licensed treatment or disposal facility, in accordance with the approved Management Plan. The receiving plant, facility or landfill must be contacted prior to inclusion in the written waste disposal plan, to confirm that they will accept the HOS/DGS or solids. The written confirmation from the receiving facility shall be included in the Management Plan.

The HOS/DGS may be land applied under the Distribution of Diamond Grinding and Hydrodemolition Slurry/Wastewater (Class A Residuals) Statewide Permit (NCDENR-DWR Permit No. WQ0035749). The land application operation must be in compliance with all conditions in the permit. See the entire permit (**Attachment A**), which includes the permit conditions, and (**Attachment C**), which includes all of the following: Operations Checklist, Operation and Maintenance Plan, Landowner Utilization Agreement, the Spill Control Plan, Inspection Log, pH Log and Land Application Log. Note direct discharge is via land application. For example, discharge through an open pipe is not allowed under this Permit.

The use of a Certified Land Application Operator (list available in **Attachment D**) is advisable to assist with compliance associated with the "Land Application Permit Conditions". The permit conditions are specific and are listed in the permits. All permit conditions must be met to be in compliance with the permit.

1.5 Temporary Storage of DGS/HOS

Using earthen storage structures for temporary storage of DGS/HOS on-site or off-site of DOT property is <u>not permitted</u> under the new Permit No. WQ0035749 for Land Application of DGS/HOS. **Temporary storage** <u>is NOT</u> a disposal option. NCDEQ requires that temporary earthen storage structures be handled as a separate permit modification to this Permit for approval and <u>prior to</u> construction of each structure. See (Attachment E) for NCDEQ Application Form for Distribution of Class A Residuals, Form (DCAR 06-16) and supporting documentation required for the approval of temporary storage. A brief description of the plan for temporary storage should also be included with the Management Plan, so the planning for temporary storage is initiated early in the process.

Having these structures individually permitted as modifications to Permit No. WQ0035749 places them under the requirements in G.S. 143-215.1(d)(1), Please note that it may take 90 days for NCDEQ to review the permit modification. Ultimately, the time allowed for NCDEQ review as described in in G.S. 143-215.1(d)(1) is dependent on the **quality** of the application provided to NCDEQ from the contractor and that it contains all the necessary supporting documentation.

Any permit modifications that are necessary and associated time required to achieve approval shall be the responsibility of the contractor and no time extensions will be provided.

The Engineering Plans, Specifications, and Engineering Calculations <u>all need to be signed</u>, sealed, and dated by a licensed North Carolina Professional Engineer.

Therefore, <u>please plan in advance</u> to avoid unnecessary delays. Once a permit modification for temporary earthen structures has been approved by NCDOT and NCDEQ, it may be posted as an example within this document to help contractors understand the requirements for a permit modification.

1.6 **Documentation**

The Contractor shall furnish the NCDEQ, NCDOT Engineer, and Central Office with a complete record for each truckload (or storage unit/tank) of HOS/DGS, with information on the point of generation, including the County name, Bridge number, NCDOT Contract Number, the volume transported, and the name and location of the licensed disposal facility, or the location of the permitted disposal site. The Contractor shall provide documentation in a Project Completion Report format under the Land Application Permit within 30 calendar days of the completion of the DGS/HOS work or by the end of the calendar year which ever comes first. A Project Completion Template is provided in **Attachment F**. The Contractor shall submit all completed records to the Engineer prior to final payment. If the work is not completed within one calendar year, more than one report will be required.

1.7 Regulatory Permits and Policies

The following Permits and Policies are included as Attachments to this document:

Attachment A: NCDENR-DWR Permit: WQ0035749 - Land Application of Diamond Grinding and Hydrodemolition Slurry/Wastewater (503 Exempt) Statewide, Date issued: 4/24/2013, Date Renewed: 3/01/2019.

Attachment B: Hydrodemolition Operation / Diamond Grinding Slurry Management and Disposal Plan Template.

Attachment C: Operations Checklist, Operation and Maintenance Plan, Landowner Utilization Agreement, Spill Control Plan, Inspection Log, pH Log, Land Application Log, EPA Method 9040.

Attachment D: List of Certified Land Application Operators

Attachment E: NCDEQ Application Form for Distribution of Class A Residuals, Form (DCAR 06-16) and supporting documentation required for the approval of temporary storage.

Attachment F: NCDEQ Project Completion Report Template

Attachment G: NCDENR - DWM Guidance: Memo for "beneficial fill" or burial of solids: June 6, 2013.

Attachment H: NCDENR - DWM Guidance: Memo for clean millings reuse: March 15, 2012.

TABLE 1 - HOS/DGS REUSE AND DISPOSAL OPTIONS

TYPE OF WASTE	NCDENR-DWM (Solid Waste Management)	NCDENR-DWR (Liquid or Slurry Management)	DISPOSAL ALTERNATIVES	
WASIE	Guidance Memo	Permit No. WQ0035749	ALTERNATIVES	
Milling solids	Driveways, road beds, burial in fill section	N/A	C&D or Municipal Landfill	
Hydrodemolition liquids	N/A	Land Application Permit	POTW	
Hydrodemolition slurry N/A		Land Application Permit	POTW	
Hydrodemolition solids	Burial in fill section	Land Application Permit	C&D or Municipal Landfill	
Diamond Grinding liquids	N/A	Land Application Permit	POTW	
Diamond Grinding slurry	N/A	Land Application Permit	POTW	
Diamond Grinding solids	Burial in fill section	Land Application Permit	C&D or Municipal Landfill	
Concrete sawing liquids	N/A	N/A	POTW	
Concrete sawing solids	Burial in fill section	N/A	C&D or Municipal Landfill	

C&D = Construction and Demolition Debris Landfill

POTW = Publicly Owned Treatment Works or Wastewater Treatment Plant

N/A = Not Applicable

Attachment A

NCDENR-DWR Permit: WQ0035749 - Land Application of Diamond Grinding and Hydrodemolition Slurry/Wastewater (503 Exempt) Statewide, Date issued: 4/24/2013, Date Renewed: 3/01/2019

ROY COOPER Governor MICHAEL S. REGAN Secretary LINDA CULPEPPER Director



March 1, 2019

TIM M. LITTLE, PE – CHIEF ENGINEER
NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
1536 MAIL SERVICE CENTER
RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA 27601-1536

Subject: Permit No. WQ0035749

NCDOT DGS and HOS DCAR
Distribution of Class A Residuals

Statewide

Dear Mr. Little:

In accordance with your permit renewal request received July 27, 2018, and subsequent additional information received October 11, 2018, December 13, 2018, January 14, 2019, and February 15, 2019, we are forwarding herewith Permit No. WQ0035749 dated March 1, 2019, to North Carolina Department of Transportation for the continued operation of the subject residuals management program.

This permit shall be effective from the date of issuance until May 31, 2024, shall void Permit No. WQ0035749 issued June 3, 2014, and shall be subject to the conditions and limitations as specified therein. Please pay particular attention to the monitoring requirements listed in Section IV for they may differ from the previous permit issuance. Failure to establish an adequate system for collecting and maintaining the required operational information shall result in future compliance problems.

Please note for the purposes of Permit No. WQ0035749 the Distribution of Class A Residuals (DCAR) includes spreading Class A residuals directly from the grinding machine on NCDOT right-of-way in compliance with the permit conditions therein and the requirements in 15A NCAC 02T .1103(a)(5).

Please note the following permit conditions have been removed since the last permit issuance dated June 3, 2014:

- ➤ Old Condition II.7. This condition concerning agronomic rates has been replaced by Condition II.7. The Old Condition was based upon nitrogen application rates, which were deemed not appropriate because of the low nitrogen content of residuals. It is calcium equivalent that is the basis of agronomic rates of application in the current Condition II.7.
- ➤ Old Conditions III.9. and III.10. These two conditions are replaced by Condition III.9., which requires that those receiving the residuals be informed that application of residuals cannot take place as outlined in Condition III.7. or exceeding the lime equivalency provisions of Condition II.7.



In the application letter, changes were requested and here is a response to those requests:

Current Permit Condition II.4. - Pollutant Ceiling Concentration

Request: It was discussed that this condition should be removed since the Permit does not require monitoring for any of the listed constituents.

Response: Although you are not currently required to monitor for these constituents, this condition allows the Division to monitor as deemed necessary and provides a limit for these various constituents. In addition, this is a requirement of 15A NCAC 02T .1105. Nevertheless, a modification is made to remove the table while pointing out that there are limits to these constituents by referring to the regulation and stating testing is required of the Permittee only for those constituents contained in Condition IV.2.

Current Permit Condition II.5. - Setbacks

Request: It was discussed on changing the setback distances to liquid only, since cake setbacks currently do not apply, and having both listed is confusing to contractors utilizing the Permit.

Response: You are trying to produce cake residuals rather than so much water. For that reason, it should remain in the permit for when you do produce cake residuals; otherwise you would have more restrictive setbacks for all residuals.

Current Permit Condition II.7. – Agronomic Rates

Request: Request modification to the condition to more accurately reflect agronomic application rates for lime equivalency versus plant available nitrogen (PAN) and phosphorus. Request that the condition be changed to the following: "DGS/HOS shall not be applied in exceedance of agronomic rates or hydraulic capacity of the soils; whichever is most limiting. Appropriate agronomic rates based on lime equivalency shall be determined using one of the following methods:

- a. The crop management plan outlined by the local Cooperative Extension Office, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, the Natural Resources Conservation Service, a licensed soil scientist, or an agronomist, and
- b. If the appropriate lime application rates cannot be determined, the Permittee shall contact the Division to determine necessary action."

Response: This is acceptable.

Current Permit Condition III.2. - Regional Office Notification

Request: It was discussed that Regional Office notification could be deleted since Class A programs are not currently required to meet this condition.

Response: This is a borderline hazardous material because of the pH. This material was being processed at unpermitted facilities under the previous permit. Regional offices shall be notified to prevent a recurrence.

Current Permit Condition III.7.f. – Measurable Precipitation Event

Request: It was discussed on deleting "During a measurable precipitation event (i.e., greater than 0.01 inch per hour)". Also, request that the "or within 24 hours following a rainfall event of 0.5 inches or greater in a 24-hour period" be changed to "Land application shall not be performed during inclement weather or when the ground is in a condition that will cause ponding or runoff", as is currently written within surface irrigation permits based upon [15A NCAC 02T .0108(b)(1)].

Response: The wording in Condition III.7.f. will be changed to directly reflect the wording in 15A NCAC 02T .1109(a)(1)(F): "during precipitation events or within 24 hours following a rainfall event of 0.5 inches or greater in a 24-hour period".

Current Permit Condition III.7.g. - Slope Restrictions

Request: It was discussed on possibly changing this condition. Request a change to allow surface application of DGS/HOS on slopes between 10% and 18%. Possible rewrite of this condition could be "If slopes are greater than 10%, but less than 18% surface application will be allowed if the ground surface is scarified prior to application."

Response: The wording for the condition is taken directly from 15A NCAC 02T .1109(b)(G) and for that reason will not be changed.

Current Permit Condition III.8. – Alternate Storage

Request: Alternate Storage is addressed in Appendix IX – Storage Options Supplement. Also add the statement "Temporary storage at a permitted wastewater treatment facility will be allowed."

Response: As for other alternative storage, you should apply for another wastewater treatment permit for settling and separating the solids and liquid at temporary sites. A blanket permit throughout the state with accepted designs is a definite possibility. However, this permit is not the place to allow this.

Current Permit Condition IV.2. - pH Sampling for Each Truckload

Request: Request that additional language be added for large projects that last beyond 2 weeks: "If a DGS or HOS land application project / event occurs for a period of time greater than 2 weeks, pH sampling can be reduced to once weekly beginning with the 3rd week of the land application project / event."

Response: Because many of the test results show pH > 12.0 but pH < 12.5, this Condition remains unchanged.

Current Permit Condition IV.6. – Reporting

Request: Request that records of each DGS/HOS project be submitted by contractors to NCDOT at the completion of each DGS/HOS project in the form of a HOS/DGS Project Completion Report. These reports will be maintained by NCDOT for five years and provided to NCDEQ immediately upon request. Request re-write of this condition to read: "All monitoring results and records tracking as required under Condition IV.2 and IV.5 shall be incorporated into a HOS/DGS Project Completion Report and submitted by the contractor to NCDOT for review and approval at the completion of each DGS/HOS project. NCDOT shall maintain a copy of each final HOS/DGS Project Completion report on file for a period of five years. The HOS/DGS Project Completion Reports shall be made available to NCDEQ immediately upon request."

Response: See Condition IV.6. for the agreed upon language.

If any parts, requirements or limitations contained in this permit are unacceptable, the Permittee has the right to request an adjudicatory hearing upon written request within 30 days following receipt of this permit. This request shall be in the form of a written petition, conforming to Chapter 150B of the North Carolina General Statutes, and filed with the Office of Administrative Hearings at 6714 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, NC 27699-6714. Unless such demands are made, this permit shall be final and binding.

If you need additional information concerning this permit, please contact Troy Doby at (919) 707-3655 or troy.doby@ncdenr.gov.

Sincerely,

Linda Culpepper, Director Division of Water Resources

cc: Asheville Regional Office, Water Quality Regional Operations Section (Electronic Copy)
Fayetteville Regional Office, Water Quality Regional Operations Section (Electronic Copy)
Mooresville Regional Office, Water Quality Regional Operations Section (Electronic Copy)
Raleigh Regional Office, Water Quality Regional Operations Section (Electronic Copy)
Washington Regional Office, Water Quality Regional Operations Section (Electronic Copy)
Wilmington Regional Office, Water Quality Regional Operations Section (Electronic Copy)
Winston-Salem Regional Office, Water Quality Regional Operations Section (Electronic Copy)
Rob Willcox – Willcox & Mabe Soil Solutions (Electronic Copy)
Martin Mabe – Willcox & Mabe Soil Solutions (Electronic Copy)

Laserfiche File (Electronic Copy)

Digital Permit Archive (Electronic Copy)

Central Files

NORTH CAROLINA

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT COMMISSION

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

RALEIGH

DISTRIBUTION OF CLASS A RESIDUALS

In accordance with the provisions of Article 21 of Chapter 143, General Statutes of North Carolina as amended, and other applicable Laws, Rules, and Regulations

PERMISSION IS HEREBY GRANTED TO

North Carolina Department of Transportation

Statewide

FOR THE

continued operation of a residuals management program for the North Carolina Department of Transportation and consisting of the distribution of Class A residuals generated from diamond grinding and hydrodemolition operations with no discharge of wastes to surface waters, pursuant to the application received July 27, 2018, and subsequent additional information received by the Division of Water Resources, and in conformity with other supporting data subsequently filed and approved by the Department of Environmental Quality and considered a part of this permit. The use and disposal of residuals are regulated under Title 40 Code of Federal Regulations Part 257. This permit does not exempt the Permittee from complying with the federal regulations.

This permit shall be effective from the date of issuance until May 31, 2024, shall void Permit No. WQ0035749 issued June 3, 2014, and shall be subject to the following specified conditions and limitations:

I. SCHEDULES

- 1. The Permittee shall notify the appropriate Regional Office (see Figure 1) at least 48 hours in advance of any land application of Class A residuals. [15A NCAC 02T .0108(b)(1)]
- 2. No later than six months prior to the expiration of this permit, the Permittee shall request renewal of this permit on official Division forms. Upon receipt of the request, the Division will review the adequacy of the facilities described therein, and if warranted, will renew the permit for such period of time and under such conditions and limitations as it may deem appropriate. Please note Rule 15A NCAC 02T .0105(d) requires an updated site map to be submitted with the permit renewal application. [15A NCAC 02T .0108(b)(2), 02T .0105(d), 02T .0109]

II. PERFORMANCE STANDARDS

- 1. The subject residuals management program shall be effectively maintained and operated at all times so there is no discharge to surface waters, nor any contravention of groundwater or surface water standards. In the event the operations fail to perform satisfactorily, including the creation of prolonged nuisance conditions due to improper operation and maintenance, the Permittee shall immediately cease distribution of residuals, contact the appropriate Regional Office supervisor (see Figure 1), and take any immediate corrective actions. [G.S. 143-215.1]
- 2. This permit shall not relieve the Permittee of responsibility for damages to groundwater or surface water resulting from the operation of this residuals management program. [15A NCAC 02B .0200, 02L .0100]
- 3. Only residuals generated by the diamond grinding process and/or the hydrodemolition operation are approved for distribution in accordance with this permit. [G.S. 143-215.1]
- 4. Pollutant concentrations in residuals distributed or applied to any land application site shall not exceed the **Ceiling Concentrations** or **Monthly Average Concentrations** (i.e., dry weight basis) pursuant to the requirements in 15A NCAC 02T .1105. [15A NCAC 02T .1105]
- 5. Setbacks for Class A land applied bulk residuals shall be as follows:

Setback Description	Setback by residual type (feet)		
•	Liquid	Cake 1	
Private or public water supply	100	100	
Surface waters (streams – intermittent and perennial, perennial waterbodies, and wetlands)	100	25	
Surface water diversions (ephemeral streams, waterways, ditches)	25	0	
Groundwater lowering ditches (where the bottom of the ditch intersects the SHWT)	25	0	
Wells with exception to monitoring wells	100	100	
Bedrock outcrops	25	0	

Cake residuals are those that have greater than 15% solids by weight and can be stacked without flowing, as well as can be handled, transported and spread as a solid (e.g., using a backhoe, front end loader, slinger spreader, broadcast spreader or other equipment designed for handling solid materials) without leaving any significant liquid fraction behind.

[15A NCAC 02T .1108]

- 6. Class A residuals permitted herein shall not be applied in exceedance of agronomic rates or hydraulic capacity of the soils; whichever is most limiting. Appropriate agronomic rates based on lime equivalency shall be determined using one of the following methods:
 - a. The crop management plan outlined by the local Cooperative Extension Office, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, the Natural Resource Conservation Service, a licensed soil scientist or an agronomist, and
 - b. If the appropriate lime application rates cannot be determined, the Permittee shall contact the Division to determine necessary action.

[15A NCAC 02T .0108(b)(1)]

- 7. Class A residuals permitted herein shall not be applied in exceedance of the soil test results, or recommendations from an agronomist or a licensed North Carolina Soil Scientist on the amount of Class A residuals needed for soil pH adjustment (i.e., lime equivalency rates). [15A NCAC 02T .0108(b)(1)]
- 8. Land application areas shall be clearly marked on each site prior to and during any land application event. [15A NCAC 02T .0108(b)(1)]

III. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS

- 1. The residuals management program shall be properly maintained and operated at all times. The program shall be effectively maintained and operated as a non-discharge system to prevent any contravention of surface water or groundwater standards. [15A NCAC 02T .1110]
- 2. The Permittee shall maintain an approved Operation and Maintenance Plan (O&M Plan). Modifications to the O&M Plan shall be approved by the Division prior to utilization of the new plan. The O&M Plan, at the minimum, shall include:
 - a. Operational functions;
 - b. Maintenance schedules;
 - c. Safety measures;
 - d. Spill response plan;
 - e. Inspection plan; and
 - f. Sampling and monitoring plan.

[15A NCAC 02T .1100]

- 3. When the Permittee land applies bulk Class A residuals, a copy of this permit and a copy of O&M Plan shall be maintained at the land application sites during land application activities. [15A NCAC 02T .0108(b)(1)]
- 4. When the Permittee transports or land applies bulk Class A residuals, the spill control provisions shall be maintained in all residuals transport and application vehicles. [15A NCAC 02T .1110]
- 5. When the Permittee land applies bulk Class A residuals, adequate measures shall be taken to prevent wind erosion and surface runoff from conveying residuals from the land application sites onto adjacent properties or into surface waters. [G.S. 143-215.1]

- 6. Bulk Class A residuals shall not be land applied under the following conditions:
 - a. If the residuals are likely to adversely affect a threatened or endangered species listed under section 4 of the Endangered Species Act or its designated critical habitat;
 - b. If the application causes prolonged nuisance conditions;
 - c. If the land fails to assimilate the bulk residuals or the application causes the contravention of surface water or groundwater standards;
 - d. If the land is flooded, frozen or snow-covered, or is otherwise in a condition such that runoff of the residuals would occur;
 - e. Within the 100-year flood elevation, unless the bulk residuals are injected or incorporated within a 24-hour period following a residuals land application event;
 - f. During precipitation events or within 24 hours following a rainfall event of 0.5 inches or greater in a 24-hour period;
 - g. If the slope is greater than 10% for surface applied liquid residuals, or if the slope is greater than 18% for injected or incorporated bulk liquid residuals;
 - h. If the land is not intended to be used for agriculture (or turf, ornamentals trees, and other vegetative practices along NCDOT right-of-way) within 12 months following any previous residuals land application event;
 - i. If the pH is greater than or equal to 12.5;
 - j. If the vertical separation between the seasonal high water table and the depth of residuals application is less than one foot;
 - k. If the vertical separation of bedrock and the depth of residuals application is less than one foot;
 - 1. Application exceeds agronomic rates.

[15A NCAC 02T .1109]

- 7. The Permittee shall notify all third-party entities receiving bulk distributed Class A residuals that land application activities occurring on the third-party's property shall meet the requirements in 15A NCAC 02T .1108(b)(1) and 02T .1109(b) (i.e., Conditions II.7. and III.6., respectively). [15A NCAC 02T .1103(5)]
- 8. All residuals shall be adequately stored to prevent runoff. The Class A residuals may be recovered and stored in mobile storage units at or near each project site. Storage utilizing temporary earthen sites shall be individually approved by the Division through a permit modification request. [15A NCAC 02T .0108(b)(1)]
- 9. An information sheet shall be provided to the person who receives Class A residuals. At a minimum, the label or information sheet shall contain the following:
 - a. Description of the Class A residuals and its contents (nutrients, lime value, etc.);
 - b. A statement that residual land application is prohibited except in accordance with the instructions on the information sheet;
 - c. A statement identifying that the residuals shall be prevented from entering any public or private water supply source (including wells) and any surface water (e.g., stream, lake, river, wetland, etc.);
 - d. A statement that the residuals shall be applied at agronomic rates, hydraulic capacity of the soils, or lime equivalency, whichever is most limiting.

[15A NCAC 02T .1109(a)]

- 10. The Permittee shall not distribute bulk residuals to any person or entity known to be applying residuals contrary to the conditions of this permit. The Permittee shall report to the appropriate Regional Office (see Figure 1), as per reporting conditions under Condition IV.7., any person or entity known to be applying residuals contrary to the condition of this permit. [15A NCAC 02T .1103(a)]
- 11. Land application of Class A residuals may occur within NC Department of Transportation rights-of-way provided that a 25-foot setback to all drop inlets along the rights-of-way is maintained and appropriate best management practices (BMPs) are used to prevent surface runoff from entering the storm drain system unimpeded. Areas where groundwater is less than one foot from the ground surface or areas with a defined channel shall be buffered out. [15A NCAC 02T .0108(b)(1)]
- 12. Class A residuals may be used as soil amendment and land applied by injection or incorporation within roadbed fill areas where site grading is actively occurring. The Permittee shall recommend the suitable application rate and receive approval from the Division prior to beginning land application within these areas. Caution must be taken to prevent surface runoff. [15A NCAC 02T .0108(b)(1)]

IV. MONITORING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

- 1. Any Division-required monitoring (including groundwater, plant tissue, soil and surface water analyses) necessary to ensure groundwater and surface water protection shall be established, and an acceptable sample reporting schedule shall be followed. [15A NCAC 02T .0108(c)]
- 2. Residuals shall be analyzed to demonstrate they are non-hazardous under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA). Residuals that tests or is classified as a hazardous or toxic waste under 40 CFR Part 261 shall not be used or disposed under this permit. The analysis shall be conducted on the Class A residuals from each road construction project prior to the initial land application event, and the Permittee shall maintain the results for a minimum of five years. The analysis shall include the following parameters:

Calcium Carbonate Equivalence (CCE)	Percent Total Solids	pH ¹
--	----------------------	-----------------

pH shall be sampled for each truckload (or storage unit/tank provided that no additional waste is added to the unit after the sampling event) to demonstrate that the residuals are non-hazardous under the RCRA (i.e., $2.0 \ge pH \le 12.5$). If the waste is hazardous, i.e., has a pH > 12.5, the waste must be treated as and disposed of as a hazardous waste.

[15A NCAC 02T .1101]

- The Class A residual pH measurement shall be performed in accordance with the EPA Test Method 9040C (http://www.epa.gov/epawaste/hazard/testmethods/sw846/pdfs/9040c.pdf). [15A NCAC 02T .0108(c)]
- 4. Laboratory parameter analyses shall be performed on the residuals after any polymer or chemical additions, as they are distributed, and shall be in accordance with the monitoring requirements in 15A NCAC 02B .0505. [15A NCAC 02B .0505]

- 5. The Permittee shall maintain records tracking all bulk residual distribution or land application events performed by the Permittee. At a minimum, these records shall include the following:
 - a. Source of residuals (i.e., project name and location);
 - b. Date of distribution/land application;
 - c. Location of receiving site (i.e., land owner name, address, latitude and longitude);
 - d. Volume of residuals applied to each site (dry weight or in gallons with % solids included);

[15A NCAC 02T .0108(a)]

6. All monitoring results and records tracking as required under Conditions IV.2., IV.3., and IV.5. shall be submitted on or before March 1st of each year while the diamond grinding project or hydrodemolition is in operation. The report shall meet the requirements described in the <u>Instructions for Residuals Application Annual Reporting Forms</u>. Each report shall be submitted in electronic format to the following address:

Division of Water Resources Information Processing Unit 1617 Mail Service Center Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1617 Non-Discharge.Reports@ncdenr.gov

[15A NCAC 02T .1111(d)]

7. Noncompliance Notification

The Permittee shall report by telephone to the appropriate Regional Office (see Figure 1), <u>as soon as possible</u>, but in no case more than 24 hours or on the next working day following the occurrence or first knowledge of the occurrence of any of the following:

- a. Distribution of residuals abnormal in quantity or characteristic.
- b. Any failure of the distribution program resulting in a release of material to surface waters.
- c. Any time self-monitoring indicates the facility has gone out of compliance with its permit limitations.
- d. Any process unit failure, due to known or unknown reasons, rendering the facility incapable of adequate residual treatment.
- e. Any spill or discharge from a vehicle or piping system during residuals transportation.

Any emergency requiring immediate reporting (e.g., discharges to surface waters, imminent failure of a storage structure, etc.) outside normal business hours shall be reported to the Division's Emergency Response personnel at telephone number (800) 662-7956, (800) 858-0368, or (919) 733-3300.Persons reporting such occurrences by telephone shall also file a written report in letter form within five days following first knowledge of the occurrence. This report shall outline the actions taken or proposed to be taken to ensure that the problem does not recur. [15A NCAC 02T .0105(l), 02T .0108(b)(1)]

V. INSPECTIONS

- 1. The Permittee shall provide adequate inspection and maintenance to ensure proper operation of the subject facilities and shall be in accordance with the approved O&M Plan. [15A NCAC 02T .0108(b)]
- 2. Prior to each bulk residual distribution or land application event, the Permittee or his designee shall inspect the residuals storage, transport and application equipment to prevent malfunctions, facility deterioration and operator errors that could result in discharges to the environment, a threat to human health or a public nuisance. The Permittee shall maintain an inspection log that includes, at a minimum, the date and time of inspection, observations made, and any maintenance, repairs, or corrective actions taken. The Permittee shall maintain this inspection log for a period of five years from the date of inspection, and this log shall be made available to the Division upon request. [15A NCAC 02T .0108(b)]
- 3. Any duly authorized Division representative may, upon presentation of credentials, enter and inspect any property, premises or place on or related to the land application sites or facilities permitted herein at any reasonable time for the purpose of determining compliance with this permit; may inspect or copy any records required to be maintained under the terms and conditions of this permit; and may collect groundwater, surface water or leachate samples. [G.S. 143-215.3(a)(2)]

VI. GENERAL CONDITIONS

- 1. Failure to comply with the conditions and limitations contained herein may subject the Permittee to an enforcement action by the Division in accordance with North Carolina General Statutes 143-215.6A to 143-215.6C. [G.S. 143-215.6A to 143-215.6C]
- 2. This permit shall become voidable if the residuals land application events are not carried out in accordance with the conditions of this permit. [15A NCAC 02T .0110]
- 3. This permit is effective only with respect to the nature and volume of residuals described in the permit application and other supporting documentation. [G.S. 143-215.1]
- 4. The issuance of this permit does not exempt the Permittee from complying with any and all statutes, rules, regulations, or ordinances, which may be imposed by other jurisdictional government agencies (e.g., local, state, and federal). Of particular concern to the Division are applicable river buffer rules in 15A NCAC 02B .0200; erosion and sedimentation control requirements in 15A NCAC Chapter 4 and under the Division's General Permit NCG010000; any requirements pertaining to wetlands under 15A NCAC 02B .0200 and 02H .0500; and documentation of compliance with Article 21 Part 6 of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes. [15A NCAC 02T .0105(c)(6)]
- 5. In the event the residuals program changes ownership or the Permittee changes his name, a formal permit modification request shall be submitted to the Division. This request shall be made on official Division forms, and shall include appropriate documentation from the parties involved and other supporting documentation as necessary. The Permittee of record shall remain fully responsible for maintaining and operating the program permitted herein until a permit is issued to the new owner. [15A NCAC 02T .0104]
- 6. This permit is subject to revocation or unilateral modification upon 60-day notice from the Division Director, in whole or part for the requirements listed in 15A NCAC 02T .0110. [15A NCAC 02T .0110]
- 7. Unless the Division Director grants a variance, expansion of the residuals program contained herein shall not be granted if the Permittee exemplifies any of the criteria in 15A NCAC 02T .0120(b). [15A NCAC 02T .0120]

8. The Permittee shall pay the annual fee within 30 days after being billed by the Division. Failure to pay the annual fee accordingly shall be cause for the Division to revoke this permit. [15A NCAC 02T .0105(e)(3)]

Permit issued this the 1st day of March 2019

NORTH CAROLINA ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT COMMISSION

Linda Culpepper, Director Division of Water Resources

By Authority of the Environmental Management Commission

Permit Number WQ0035749

North Carolina Department of Er. ,ronment and Natural Resources Division of Water Quality Regional Offices



2090 US Highway 70 Swangen NC 28778 COURLER 12-39-01 Phone (\$28) 295-4500 Fax (828) 299-7043

Haywood Henderson Rutherford Buncombo Jackson Burke Swain Caldwell Macon Trensylvania Madison Cherokee Yancy McDowell Clar Matchell

Fayetteville Regional Office (FRO)

225 Greun Street Systel Burlding Suite 714 Fayetteville, NC 28301-5043 COURLER 14-56-25 Phone (910) 433-3300 Fax (910) 486-0707

Moore Bladen Cumberland Robeson Hamett Sampson Montegomery

610 East Center Avenue State 361 Mooresville, NC 28115 COURIER 09-08-06 Phone (704) 663-1699 Fax: (704) 663-6040

Alexander Lincoln Mecklenburg Cabarrus Cainwha Rowan Cleveland Stanly Gaston Umpa Ledell

Raleigh Regional Office (RRO)

3800 Barrett Drive Raleigh NC 27509 COURTER 52-01-00 Phone (919) 791-4200 Fax (919) 571-4718

Chatham Vence Durham Lee Wake Edgecomi Northampton Wilson Franklin Orange Halifax

943 Washington Square Mass

Washington, NC 27889 COURTER 16-04-01 Phone (252) 946-6481 Fax (252) 946-9215 or (252) 975-3716

Beaufort Pamilico Pasquotank Greens Berne Camden Herrford Pergumans Chowan Typeli Craven Jones Washington Comtuck Lengur Wayne

Wilmington Regional Office (WRO)

127 Cardinal Drive Extension Wilmington, NC 28405-2845 COURTER 84-16-33 Phone (910) 796-7215 Fax (910) 350-200e Brunswick New Hanover Carteret Onslow Pender Duplin

Winston-Salem Regional Office (WSRO)

Corey Basinger Surface Water Protection Supervisor Shern Amght. Aquifer Protection Supervisor 585 Waughtown Street Winston-Salem, NC 27107 COURGER 13-15-01 Phone (336) 776-9800 Fax (136) 776-9797

Alamance Forsyth Alloghany Guidford Wilkes Asbe. Randolph Caswell Rockingham Davidson Stokes

Central Office

DENR Division of Water Quality 1617 Mail Service Center Raleigh NC 27699-1617 COURTER \$2-01-00 Phone (919) 807-6300 Fax (919) 807-6497



Planning Section Basinwide Planning Unit July, 2009

Attachment B Hydrodemolition Operation / Diamond Grinding Slurry Management and Disposal Plan Template

Diamond Grinding Slurry (DGS) / Hydrodemolition Operation (HOS) Management & Disposal Plan

Prim	ie Coi	ntractor:
Sub-	Cont	ractor:
Plan	Prep	arer:
Date	e: _	
Anti	cipate	ed Date for Beginning Work:
Anti	cipat	ed Completion Date:
A.	DG	S/HOS Management & Disposal Plan(Section 1.0 Main Guidance)
	l as so	ne DGS/HOS disposal method proposed for this project (i.e. – land application, direct slid waste or beneficial fill on project or reclamation site, incorporation into right of
1.	Sun	nmarize the Collection & Containment (Section 1.1 Main Guidance):
		es a brief description of collection and containment of HOS/DGS such that it is in with State and Federal Regulations.
2.	Soli	id Waste Disposal Plan (Section 1.4 Main Guidance): NA
	a.	If HOS/DGS is to be incorporated into the project or other approved locations such as a reclamation site as a beneficial fill or solid waste, describe how DGS/HOS sampling and testing will be conducted at the beginning of the project to determine pH and to obtain one representative sample for TCLP for the RCRA 8 metals:
	b.	Provide details on how and when the Paint Filter Test for DGS/HOS material will be conducted to ensure that the material can be classified as a solid waste:

- c. Describe the process for separating the solids from the slurry along with detailed description of selected disposal option for solids and remnant water, the pH sampling plan, and hauling/transportation plans.
- d. If solids are utilized as beneficial fill at a reclamation site, ensure that a Reclamation Plan is approved by NCDOT.

3.	Land Application:	NA	
J .	Lana Application.	11/7	

a. If HOS/DGS is to be land applied, including direct discharge from the grinding machine, describe how DGS/HOS sampling and testing will be conducted at the beginning of the project for % solids, pH, and CCE. Provide name of certified laboratory to perform testing.

Note: % solids and CCE sampling and testing is only required at the beginning of the project. However, pH must be sampled daily from the grinding machine for direct discharge or for each truckload (or storage unit/tank provided that no additional waste is added to the unit after the sampling event) to demonstrate that the DGS/HOS is not hazardous under the RCRA (i.e. $2.0 \ge pH \le 12.5$).

- b. Confirm compliance with Items B. (1-7) of the Sampling and pH Control Plan
 - i. pH shall be sampled for each truckload (or storage unit/tank provided that no additional waste is added to the unit after sampling event) to demonstrate that the residuals are non-hazardous under the RCRA (2.0 ≥ pH ≤12.5). If direct discharge from the grinding machine is used, the slurry must be sampled daily and recorded to ensure the slurry is non-hazardous. If the waste is hazardous, i.e., has a pH > 12.5, the waste must be treated as and disposed of as a hazardous waste.
- c. Provide details on how the DGS/HOS will be collected, hauled, and land applied:
- d. Describe how records tracking for land application events will be performed/recorded for the following:
 - i. Source of residuals (i.e., project name and location),
 - ii. Date of distribution/land application,
 - iii. Location of receiving site (i.e. land owner name, address, latitude and longitude),
 - iv. Volume of residuals applied to each site (dry weight or in gallons with % solids included).

- e. The Contractor shall furnish the NCDEQ, NCDOT Engineer, and Central Office with a complete record under Condition c (i-iii) for each truckload (or storage unit/tank) of HOS/DGS, with information on the point of generation, including the County name, Bridge number, NCDOT Contract Number, the volume transported, and the name and location of the licensed disposal facility, or the location of the permitted disposal site. The Contractor shall provide documentation in a Project Completion Report format under the Land Application Permit within 30 calendar days of the completion of the DGS/HOS work or by the end of the calendar year which ever comes first. A Project Completion Template is provided in **Attachment F**. The Contractor shall submit all completed records to the Engineer prior to final payment. If the work is not completed within one calendar year, more than one report will be required.
- f. Contact information for NC licensed soil scientist that will be providing a "Soil Evaluation Report" to help determine soil characteristics (nutrients, lime value, etc.) that will be needed to establish appropriate DGS/HOS land application rates both on NCDOT right of way or off-site locations.

4.	Incorporation of Material int	o Project Fill, etc.: NA	
	Phone No:	Email:	
	Name:		

(Provide description of options – incorporation into fill, roadbed stabilization, other options?)

5. Temporary Storage of DGS/HOS (Section 1.5 Main Guidance)

If "Earthen Storage Structures" are proposed for temporary storage of slurry, provide a brief description of the plan to obtain a permit modification for temporary storage for DGS/HOS. Once the DGS/HOS Management & Disposal Plan, is approved by NCDOT, the application for the permit modification should be completed and submitted to NCDEQ in a timely manner to prevent unnecessary delays in the project. **Temporary storage** is **NOT** a **disposal option**.

6. Operation and Maintenance Plan (Section 1.4 Main Guidance)

The Operation and Maintenance plan for the <u>land application program</u> must be properly maintained and operated at all times. The program must be maintained as a non-discharge system to prevent any contravention of surface waters or groundwater standards.

	notified at least 48 hours prior to DGS/HOS application to any land application site.
	Name:
	Phone No:Email:
b.	Contact information for company/individuals performing the land application:
	Name:
	Phone No:Email:
C.	Describe the operation of the land application program/site and all associated facilities and equipment in sufficient detail to show what operations are necessary for the program to function:
d.	Describe the anticipated maintenance of the facilities and equipment that are associated with the land application program:
e.	Provide details for sampling and monitoring of facilities to ensure that the program stays in compliance with the permit:
f.	Describe details on procedures for post-closure care management:
San	npling and pH Control Plan (Section 1.2 Main Guidance):
	vide an overall description of "pH Sampling Procedures and pH Control Plan" to be lemented:
Nam	ne of Qualified Employee Administering pH Control Plan:
List	Other Names if applicable:
	vide Qualified Employee's credentials, experience or training to conduct pH sampling testing. (Certifications or other documentation may be included as an "Attachment"

Contact information for Division of Environmental Quality representative to be

a.

В.

1.

2.

3.

to the plan.)

Note: The Qualified Employee must be present on site during diamonding grinding or hydrodemolition work and must be authorized to take all actions necessary for the successful implementation of any pH adjustments.

4. Sampling Procedures

- a. Describe methods that will be used for sampling and testing of DGS/HOS in accordance with EPA test method 9040C to ensure that the pH is \leq 12.5:
- b. When will the samples be taken during the grinding process (i.e. taken at least daily from the grinding machine for direct discharge or for each tank load of slurry that is collected and placed in a container, tank, transport vehicle, etc.)?
- c. How will the samples be collected such as providing the type of containers, etc. used to collect the slurry? *Note: pH sampling must be conducted for tank*, *container*, *truckload*, *etc*.

5. pH Control

a.	List Equipment that will be utilized for sampling:				
	i.	pH meter manufacturer			
		Model number			

- b. List supplies necessary to obtain samples:
- c. Provide name of Employees, subcontractors, etc. conducting pH sampling:
- d. Provide details on how the pH meter will be calibrated with pH 7.0 and pH 14.0 standards at least once per day:
- 6. Describe how pH levels will be monitored, managed and actions that will be taken to neutralize pH to meet requirements. (Neutralizing pH must occur in a container, tank, or transport vehicle and pH must not exceed 12.5):
- **7.** Describe how pH neutralization actions will be documented daily and provided weekly to the NCDOT Engineer?

c. Spill Control Plan (Section 1.3 Main Guidance)

1. Describe how spills will be prevented, contained, cleaned up, and reported to NCDOT:

2.	List emerger a spill occurs	•	names and ph	one numbers that will b	e contacted immediately i
	Resident Eng	gineer:			
	Phon	e:			
	Division Envi Phon	ronmental O e:	fficer:		
	Emergency r Phone:	esponders:			
	DEQ Contact Phon	t Information e:	:		_
D.	Appendix forms/log		chment C c	f main guidance do	cument for blank
1.	Provide a co equipment:	py of the "Ins	spection Log"	for land application and	transportation/hauling
	Attached	Yes	No	NA	
2.	Provide a co	py of the "La	nd Applicatio	n Log" that will be used	for this project:
	Attached	Yes	No	NA	
3.	Provide a co	py of the "p⊦	l Sampling Lo	g" that will be used for t	his project:
	Attached	Yes	No	NA 	
4.	Provide a co	py of the "Op	erators Chec	klist" that will be used fo	r this project
	Attached	Yes	No	NA	

5.	Provide written chosen:	confirmation	from the receiv	ving facility for the Disposal Plan option
	Attached	Yes	No	NA
6.	Provide copy of	Landowner l	Jtilization Agre	ement:
	Attached	Yes	No	NA
7.	Provide an Oper	ration and M	aintenance Plar	n:
	Attached	Yes	No	NA
8.	Provide a Spill P	revention Pla	an:	
	Attached	Yes	No	NA
9.	Provide a Spill C	Control, Conta	ainment and Cl	eanup Plan
	Attached	Yes	No	NA
10.	Provide an appr	oved Reclam	ation Plan if ap	plicable:
	Attached	Yes	No	NA
11.	Provide a Soil Ev	valuation Rep	oort from a NC	licensed soil scientist:
	Attached	Yes	No	NA

The DGS/HOS Management and Disposal plan <u>cannot be approved</u> until the soil analysis of land application areas are complete. If the soil analysis is not available, provide details below on plan of action to complete soil analysis by a NC Soil Scientist. This information is needed to determine if the soil is suitable to accept the DGS/HOS at proposed application rates.

Attachment C

Operations Checklist, Operation and Maintenance Plan, Landowner Utilization Agreement, Spill Control Plan, Inspection Log, pH Log, Land Application Log, and EPA Method 9040.

NCDOT LAND APPLICATION PERMIT NO. WQ0035749

OPERATIONS CHECKLIST FOR PERMIT COMPLIANCE

)	Notification to appropriate Division of Water Resources (DWR) Regional office at least 48
	hours in advance of any land application of Class A residuals (Condition I.1)
)	Compliance with setbacks for land application (Condition II.5)
	Land apply in accordance with agronomic rates (Condition II.6 and II.7)
	Flag sites in accordance with setback requirements (Condition II.8)
	Copy of Permit shall be maintained at land application site (Condition III.3)
	Operation and Maintenance Plan shall be maintained at land application site (Condition
	III.3)
	Copy of Spill Control Plan shall be maintained in all transport and land application vehicles
	(Condition III.4)
	Know all conditions when land application shall not occur (Condition III.6)
	Utilization Agreement shall be in place prior to land application and a copy shall be
	maintained at land application site (Condition III.7)
	Class A residuals may be recovered and stored in mobile storage units at or near the project
	site. When requesting use of temporary earthen sites, these storage units must be individually
	approved by the Division through a permit modification request (Condition III.8)
	Provide landowner, lessee, or operator a copy of Product Information Label (Condition III.9)
	Land application of Class A residuals may occur within NCDOT rights-of-way provided a 25
	foot setback to all drop inlets is maintained (Condition III.11)
	Obtain current laboratory analysis of Class A residuals from each road construction project
	prior to the initial land application event (Condition IV.2)
	pH sampling of each truckload in accordance with EPA test method 9040C (Condition IV.2
	and 3) – pH Log
	New lab analyses shall be performed after any polymer or chemical additions (Condition
	IV.4)
	Maintain records for all land application to include completion and submittal of Land
	Application Log (Condition IV.5)
	All monitoring results and record tracking as required under permit Conditions IV.2, IV.3,
	and IV.5 shall be provided to NCDOT for each calendar year while diamond grinding or
	hydrodemolition occurs, no later than December 31 of that calendar year
	Notify Permittee immediately if any noncompliance of the permit occurs (Condition IV.7)
J	Provide inspections to include completion and submittal of Inspection Log (Condition V.1 and 2)

The above checklist is only a summary of some of the permit conditions associated with Permit No. WQ0035749 and does not include all conditions outlined in the Permit. The Permit will be the overriding guidance when any questions arise.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE PLAN

N.C. Department of Transportation Permit No. WQ0035749

HYDRODEMOLITION OPERATION SLURRY DIAMOND GRINDING SLURRY

I. Operational Functions

Hydrodemolition Operation Slurry Description and Overview

The hydrodemolition operation slurry (HOS) is generated by the hydrodemolition of concrete on bridge decks during the deck restoration process. The hydrodemolition operation will typically generate a range of volumes per bridge with percent solids of the unfiltered water ranging from 0.5 to 10 percent. The hydrodemolition operation will typically generate a range of approximately 10,000 to 50,000 gallons of HOS per bridge. The hydrodemolition process shall be managed, monitored, collected, and properly disposed of as a portion of the bridge deck restoration process. Many variables will determine the quantity, such as hydrodemolition contractor process, size of bridge deck, total depth of concrete to be removed, etc. The generated water and solids (slurry) is stable and contains a high calcium value for application as a lime amendment.

Diamond Grinding Slurry Description and Overview

The diamond grinding slurry (DGS) is generated by diamond grinding of concrete pavement which generates a slurry material consisting of water and pulverized concrete. This material is collected in trucks through a vacuum system concurrent with the grinding process. The generated slurry is stable and also contains a high calcium value for application as a lime amendment. The diamond grinding process shall be managed, monitored, collected, and properly disposed of. The diamond grinding of concrete will generate a wide range of slurry volume per project. Many variables will determine the quantity, such as contractor performing the diamond grinding, length of roadway, etc.

The HOS and DGS shall be collected, hauled, and discharged in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations. The HOS and DGS will not be allowed to enter storm sewers, bridge drainage downspouts or bridge approach downspouts, ditches, surface waters, floodplains or wetlands. The HOS and DGS will be monitored to confirm its compliance with conditions in Non-Discharge Permit No. WQ0035749 to include:

J	Calcium Carbonate Equivalence (CCE)
J	Percent Total Solids
J	рН

When land application of HOS is not a feasible option, the primary method of disposal will be to transport the HOS to a local publicly owned treatment works (POTW) or a licensed treatment or disposal facility. When land application of DGS is not a feasible

option, other methods of disposal will be determined such as transport of the liquid portion to a local publicly owned treatment works (POTW) or a licensed treatment or disposal facility and disposal of the solid portion in an approved solid waste disposal facility.

II. Maintenance Schedules

Maintenance will be the responsibility of the Contractor performing the hydrodemolition or diamond grinding operations. In addition, subcontractors must have a current Land Application of Residuals "Operator in Responsible Charge" (ORC) as certified by the North Carolina Water Pollution Control System Operators Certification Commission (WPCSOCC).

III. Safety Measures

Safety plans and training will be the responsibility of the Contractor performing the hydrodemolition or diamond grinding operations. All subcontractors will be required to comply with safety plans and training as applicable to the Contractor's performing the hydrodemolition or diamond grinding operations. NCDOT recognizes that the safety of employees and contractors is paramount to the maintenance and construction of the state transportation system. Therefore, NCDOT recognizes no boundaries in the development and implementation of a world class safety and health program that will protect their employees, contractors and the traveling public. The NCDOT Safety Philosophy is as follows:

J	All accidents and injuries can be prevented.
J	Management/supervisors are responsible, and will be held accountable, for
	preventing injuries and occupational illnesses.
J	Occupational safety and health is part of every employee's total job performance.
J	Working safely is a condition of employment.
J	All workplace hazards can be safeguarded.
J	Training employees to work safely is essential and is the responsibility of
	management/supervision.
J	Prevention of personal injuries and accidents is good business.

IV. Spill Response Plan

Includes the following:

```
Spill Control Plan (Attached),Spill Prevention Plan (Attached),Spill Control, Containment and Cleanup Plan (Attached).
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V. Sampling and Monitoring Plan

All sampling and monitoring shall be performed in accordance with current Permit No. WQ0035749, Land Application of Diamond Grinding and Hydrodemolition Operation Slurry (503 Exempt), Statewide.

An analysis shall be conducted on HOS or DGS from each road construction project prior to the initial land application event to include the following parameters:

```
Calcium Carbonate Equivalence (CCE)
Percent Total Solids
pH*
```

Measurement of HOS/DGS pH shall be performed in accordance with the EPA Test Method 9040C

Shared\WMSS Projects\2017\17-01 Wood\Guidance Document\Atttachments\Attachment C\0&M Plan - HOS and DGS - March 2019.doc

^{*}pH shall be sampled for each truckload to demonstrate that the HOS or DGS is non-hazardous under the RCRA

State of North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources Division of Water Quality

LANDOWNER UTILIZATION AGREEMENT FOR NC DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Hydrodemolition Operation Slurry (HOS) is generated by the hydrodemolition of concrete on bridge decks during the deck restoration process. The hydrodemolition operation will typically generate a range of volumes per bridge with percent solids of the unfiltered water ranging from 0.5 to 10 percent. The generated water and solids (slurry) is stable and contains a high calcium value for application as a lime amendment. **Diamond Grinding Slurry (DGS)** is generated by diamond grinding of concrete pavement which generates a slurry material consisting of water and pulverized concrete. This material is collected in trucks through a vacuum system concurrent with the grinding process. The generated slurry is stable and also contains a high calcium value for application as a lime amendment. Both products are permitted by the Division of Water Quality (Permit WQ0035749) for distribution and land application. This agreement is to allow the distribution and land application of **HOS and/or DGS** onto properties whose owner is herein giving written consent for the responsible application of this resource.

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE APPLICANT:

- A. Prepare a separate utilization agreement form for each landowner other than the applicant.
 - ✓ A copy of the completed and appropriately executed utilization agreement form must be provided to the landowner and the lessee/operator (if applicable).
- B. If the landowner wishes to exclude certain fields from use, a list of excluded fields along with a description of the excluded areas, shall be attached to this utilization agreement.

UTILIZATION AGREEMENT FOR THE LAND APPLICATION OF HYDRODEMOLITION OPERATION SLURRY AND/OR DIAMOND GRINDING SLURRY TO LAND APPLICATION SITES NOT OWNED BY THE PERMITTEE

The undersigned landowner or his representative hereby permits:

NC Department of Transportation 1558 Mail Service Center Raleigh, North Carolina 27699 Telephone (919) 707-2924 E-mail: djoconnor@ncdot.gov

hereinafter referred to as the Permittee, to land apply HOS and/or DGS, as of	
the undersigned landowner in the following counties:	in accordance with the
stipulations and restrictions as given in this Agreement, provided the Perm	ittee and the landowner or his
representative of the site agree to meet the requirements of, and follo Agreement.	w, the Landowner Utilization
The lessee, the landowner or his representative receives, in consideration, fu applied HOS and/or DGS while the Permittee receives, in consideration, the u described below for the beneficial use of the HOS and/or DGS. This Agreeme length of the Division's permit for the HOS and/or DGS land application program this permit is renewed if necessary.	se of the land application site(s) ent shall remain in effect for the
Land Application Sites (list field by parcel #, specific location, or other iden	ntifying manner):

FORM: NCDOT LUA –March 2019 Page 1 of 4

I. STIPULATIONS:

- 1. This Agreement shall be binding on the grantees, the successors, and assigns of the parties hereto with reference to the subject matter of this Agreement.
- 2. Any duly authorized officer, employee, or representative of the Division may, upon presentation of credentials, enter and inspect any property, premises, or place on or related to the land application site(s) at any reasonable time for the purpose of determining compliance with the Division's HOS and/or DGS land application program permit; may inspect or copy any records that must be kept under the terms and conditions of this permit; or may obtain samples of groundwater, surface water, or leachate.

LANDOWNER RESPONSIBILITIES

- 3. The landowner or his representative authorizes the Permittee, local officials, and State officials or their representatives to take necessary soil, surface water, and groundwater samples during the term of, and for 12 months after termination of, this Agreement.
- 4. The landowner or his representative will furnish the Permittee with information regarding the amount and analysis of other sources of nutrients (e.g., fertilizer, unregulated animal waste, etc.) that have been applied to the land application site(s). For fields operated by a lessee, the lessee will supply this information for the landowner.
- 5. The landowner or his representative hereby authorizes the Permittee, local officials, and State officials or their representatives to inspect the land application site(s) prior to, during, and after any HOS and/or DGS land application event and to established monitoring facilities on or near the land application site(s) as required by the HOS and/or DGS land application program permit.
- 6. By agreeing to accept the HOS and/or DGS, it is recognized that the application of these materials is allowed under the conditions of this agreement. Land application of DGS/HOS is considered the beneficial reuse of a waste under 15A NCAC 02T .1100, and has been deemed permitted under 15A NCAC 02T .1103(4) provided the conditions of this agreement are met. Any action resulting in damages to surface water or groundwater, caused by failure to follow the conditions of this agreement, is subject to Division enforcement action.
- 7. The landowner or his representative accepting the HOS and/or DGS shall to the best of their knowledge meet the following application requirements:
 - HOS and/or DGS **shall not** be land applied under the following conditions:
 - a. If the HOS and/or DGS are likely to adversely affect a threatened or endangered species listed under section 4 of the Endangered Species Act or its designated critical habitat;
 - b. If the application causes prolonged nuisance conditions;
 - c. If the land fails to assimilate the HOS and/or DGS or the application causes the contravention of surface water or groundwater standards;
 - d. If the land is flooded, frozen or snow-covered, or is otherwise in a condition such that runoff of the HOS and/or DGS would occur;
 - e. Within the 100-year flood elevation, unless the HOS and/or DGS are injected or incorporated within a 24-hour period following a land application event;
 - f. During a measurable precipitation event (i.e., greater than 0.01 inch per hour), or within 24 hours following a rainfall event of 0.5 inches or greater in a 24-hour period;
 - g. If the slope is greater than 10% for surface applied HOS and/or DGS, or if the slope is greater than 18% for injected or incorporated HOS and/or DGS;
 - h. If the land is not intended to be used for agriculture (or turf, ornamentals trees, and other vegetative practices along NCDOT right of way) within 12 months following the land application event;
 - i. If the HOS and/or DGS pH is greater than or equal to 12.5;
 - j. If the vertical separation between the seasonal high water table and the depth of HOS and/or DGS application is less than one foot;
 - k. If the vertical separation of bedrock and the depth of HOS/DGS application is less than one foot;
 - 1. If ground cover is less than 50% unless the HOS/DGS is incorporated or injected within a 24-hour period following a land application event.
 - HOS and/or DGS shall not be stockpiled or stored offsite for more than 60 days prior to land application;

- Application of HOS and/or DGS shall not occur within 100 feet of a public or private water supply source:
- Application of HOS and/or DGS shall not occur within 100 feet of any well, with the exception of Division approved monitoring wells;
- Application of HOS and/or DGS shall not occur within 25 feet of surface waters.

PERMITTEE RESPONSIBILITIES

Prior to the land application of HOS and/or DGS, the Permittee shall enter into an agreement with the landowner that includes the following conditions:

- 8. The Permittee has provided the landowner or his representative with information and data concerning the HOS and/or DGS land application program, including an analysis of constituents of the HOS and/or DGS.
- 9. The Permittee shall provide the landowner or his representative with a copy of the HOS and/or DGS land application program permit that has been most-recently issued by the Division prior to commencement of any HOS and/or DGS land application event. This permit will specify limitations and other restrictions prescribed by the laws and regulations.
- 10. Within the limits of the Division's HOS and/or DGS land application program permit, the Permittee will determine HOS and/or DGS application rates and schedules based on crop patterns and the current soil pH of each respective field.
- 11. Specific HOS and/or DGS land application area boundaries shall be clearly marked on the land application site(s) by the Permittee and/or his representative prior to and during a HOS and/or DGS land application event.
- 12. The Permittee shall provide information on the proper use of the HOS and/or DGS. A copy of the product information sheet for HOS and/or DGS will be provided.
- 13. The applicator or party accepting bulk residuals from the Permittee shall supply all third parties receiving bulk residuals with documentation specifying that application shall occur consistent with the utilization agreement.
- 14. Instructions, including contact information for key personnel, shall be provided to the applicator or party receiving bulk residuals in the event that any requirements specified in the utilization agreement are not met.
- 15. A copy of the Utilization Agreement shall be maintained at the land application sites when bulk residuals are being applied.

Landowner's Certification:		
make decisions regarding am otherwise authorized, use of the land application understand the stipulation	the use of the land application site(s) on through a power of attorney or other legal in site(s) on behalf of the deeded landowners and restrictions, and do hereby grant	and application site(s) and am authorized to behalf of other deeded landowners <u>OR</u> that I delegation, to make decisions regarding the rs. I certify that I have read this Agreement, permission to the Permittee to land apply to the land application site(s) as specified
Landowner name:		
Landowner address:		
City:	State:	Zip:
Home/business phone: _	Cell phone:	
Signature:		Date:
Permittee's Certification:		
I certify that I have read specified herein.	this Agreement and do hereby agree to	abide by the stipulations and restrictions as
Permittee / Permittee's Re	epresentative:	
Signature:		Date:

*** END OF FORM: NCDOT LUA - March 2019***

 $Shared \ WMSS\ Projects \ 2017\ 17-01\ Wood \ Guidance\ Document \ Attachments \ Attachment\ C \ Landowner\ Utilization\ Agreement\ -\ March\ 2019. docx$

HYDRODEMOLITION OPERATION SLURRY / DIAMOND GRINDING SLURRY pH LOG

	pH LOG		
Project Name (Source of HOS/DGS):			
Project Location:			
Project Description:			
Land Application Operator in Responsible Charge:			
Date pH Sample Collected Date pH Analyzed / Reported	Lab or Field Sample	pH Measurement	Unit Sampled (Truck, Frac Tank, Dewatering Box, etc.)

HYDRODEMOLITION OPERATION SLURRY DIAMOND GRINDING SLURRY

SPILL CONTROL PLAN FOR PERMIT WQ0035749

THE FOLLOWING ACTIONS MUST BE TAKEN IN THE EVENT OF A SPILL:

- 1. **Halt the source of the spill:** Ruptured line or valve, or damaged tank unit.
- 2. **Contain spill:** Use straw bales to form a barrier. Straw or hay bales can be obtained from several sources for this purpose. Soil near the site can also be used to form a barrier for containment.
- 3. **Clean up:** Use land application equipment to recover as much of the Hydrodemolition Operation Slurry (HOS) or Diamond Grinding Slurry (DGS) as possible. After the application equipment has recovered as much HOS as possible, it will be land applied as per the management plan. A temporary sump pit may be dug in the containment area to enhance recovery.
- 4. **Notification:** As soon as possible, but in no case more than 24 hours or on the next working day following the occurrence, after a spill occurs notify:
 - NC DOT: Resident Engineer and Division Environmental Officer
 - NC Department of Environmental Quality
 Division of Water Quality Regional Office
 - ❖ Asheville Regional Office (828) 296-4500
 - ❖ Fayetteville Regional Office (910) 433-3300
 - ❖ Mooresville Regional Office (704) 663-1699
 - Raleigh Regional Office (919) 791-4200
 - ❖ Washington Regional Office (252) 946-6481
 - ❖ Wilmington Regional Office (910) 796-7215
 - ❖ Winston-Salem Regional Office (336) 771-5000
 - Outside of normal business hours, call the emergency hot line: 1-800-858-0368
 - Fire Department if assistance is required for wash down
- 5. **Management of clean up efforts:** The responsible party for land application shall take immediate charge of the clean up activities. Additional labor will be requested as needed.
- 6. **Reporting:** Within 24 hours of a spill the responsible party for land application shall present a written report detailing the cause of the spill and all action taken in response to the spill.

SPILL PREVENTION PLAN

The spill prevention plan requires that all equipment used to transport HOS or DGS be subject to periodic safety inspections. Tires, brakes, lights, and turn signals will be inspected for proper working order. Each truck will be equipped with safety flares and appropriate signs to be used in the event of a breakdown. Any deficiencies observed during the safety inspections will result in the vehicle being removed from service and the responsible party for land application will be notified so that these deficiencies can be corrected and documented.

Routes leading from the storage point to the land application sites will be inspected for road hazards. The road hazards will be documented and the drivers will be informed of the hazards. Alternate routes will be investigated and routes which minimize road hazards will be selected. Hazardous situations resulting from rush-hour traffic will be avoided during hauling.

Drivers and management personnel associated with the hauling of HOS or DGS will be instructed in the spill prevention plan and will be required to attend training sessions. Drivers will be trained in defensive driving techniques in order to minimize road hazards. A driver who observes a road hazard will be required to report the hazard to the field superintendent who, in turn, will warn other drivers. As part of the spill prevention plan, drivers will be required to inspect the safety equipment of their vehicles on a daily basis. Any deficiency in safety equipment will be noted for corrective action. Drivers will be trained in the procedures to be taken in the event of a spill that occurs during the hauling of HOS or DGS. These procedures are discussed in the spill control, containment, and cleanup plan.

SPILL CONTROL, CONTAINMENT, AND CLEANUP PLAN

Spills that occur during loading or unloading HOS or DGS will occur at the generation point and the land application sites, respectively. These spills will not involve an environmental hazard or an over the road hazard and, therefore, will be handled using the equipment that will be available at either site. Spills that occur over-the-road will be subject to the contingencies contained in the spill control, containment, and cleanup plan. The equipment used in the spill control, containment, and cleanup consists of the following:

- 1. Vacuum pump, pump truck or tanker truck. A vacuum truck, vacuum pump or tanker truck will be used to assist with clean up of HOS or DGS spills.
- 2. Outside equipment if required

The following personnel will be involved in the spill control, containment, and cleanup.

- 1. The responsible party for land application will respond to the spill site and make an assessment of the spill and determine the containment procedures to be initiated and the equipment to be used to clean up the spill.
- 2. The responsible party for land application will be responsible for the direction of the cleanup team.

In the event of a spill, the driver of the truck or application vehicle, if he has not sustained a debilitating injury, will call the responsible party for land application and report the spill. The responsible party for land application will notify the appropriate authorities and will also notify the appropriate DWQ Regional Office. The driver will set up safety flares and signs to warn motorists of the hazard. The responsible party for land application will mobilize the necessary equipment and personnel to the site, and will initiate the containment procedures. When the cleanup team arrives at the site, the site will be cleaned up according to the contingency plan. HOS or DGS cleaned up from the site will be transported to the land application sites where it will be applied in accordance with the permit. In the event that the driver is incapacitated due to personal injury, the responsible party for land application will mobilize the cleanup team as soon as the authorities notification of an incident.

HYDRODEMOLITION OPERATION SLURRY / DIAMOND GRINDING SLURRY INSPECTION LOG

Project Name (Source of HOS/DGS):	:		
Project Location:			
Project Description:			
Land Application			
Operator in Responsil	ble Charge:		
*** Inspections should discharges, which ma	I be made of storag	e, transport and application equipment to prevent malfunctions, deter of HOS or DGS to the environment, a threat to human health or a pub	ioration and operator errors resulting in lic nuisance ***
Date of Inspection	Time of Inspection	n Observations Made	Maintenance, Repairs or Corrective Actions Taken

P:\Transportation\Projects\Road\NC-DOT\2016\6480166142-Statewide Land Application Permit\Deliverable\Guidelines\NCDOT comments 4819\combine docs\Attachment C - forms\INSPECTION LOG - March 2019.doc

HYDRODEMOLITION OPERATION SLURRY / DIAMOND GRINDING SLURRY LAND APPLICATION LOG

Project Name (Source of HOS/	/DGS):		
Project Location	n:		
Project Descript	tion:		
Land Application Operator in Res	n ponsible Charge: 		
Date of Land Application	Location of Receiving Site (Land Owner Name)	Receiving Site Address or Latitude / Longitude	Quantity Applied % Solids (Gallons or Dry Weight)

METHOD 9040C

pH ELECTROMETRIC MEASUREMENT

1.0 SCOPE AND APPLICATION

- 1.1 This method is used to measure the pH of aqueous wastes and those multiphase wastes where the aqueous phase constitutes at least 20% of the total volume of the waste.
- 1.2 The corrosivity of concentrated acids and bases, or of concentrated acids and bases mixed with inert substances, cannot be measured. The pH measurement requires some water content.

2.0 SUMMARY

2.1 The pH of the sample is determined electrometrically using either a glass electrode in combination with a reference potential or a combination electrode. The measuring device is calibrated using a series of standard solutions of known pH.

3.0 INTERFERENCES

- 3.1 The glass electrode, in general, is not subject to solution interferences from color, turbidity, colloidal matter, oxidants, reductants, or moderate (<0.1 molar solution) salinity.
- 3.2 Sodium error at pH levels >10 can be reduced or eliminated by using a low-sodium-error electrode.
- 3.3 Coatings of oily material or particulate matter can impair electrode response. These coatings can usually be removed by gentle wiping or detergent washing, followed by rinsing with distilled water. An additional treatment with hydrochloric acid (1:10) may be necessary to remove any remaining film.
- 3.4 Temperature effects on the electrometric determination of pH arise from two sources. The first is caused by the change in electrode output at various temperatures. This interference should be controlled with instruments having temperature compensation or by calibrating the electrode-instrument system at the temperature of the samples. The second source of temperature effects is the change of pH due to changes in the sample as the temperature changes. This error is sample-dependent and cannot be controlled. It should, therefore, be noted by reporting both the pH and temperature at the time of analysis.

4.0 APPARATUS AND MATERIALS

- 4.1 pH meter -- Laboratory or field model. Many instruments are commercially available with various specifications and optional equipment.
 - 4.2 Glass electrode.
- 4.3 Reference electrode -- A silver-silver chloride or other reference electrode of constant potential may be used.

- NOTE: Combination electrodes incorporating both measuring and referenced functions are convenient to use and are available with solid, gel-type filling materials that require minimal maintenance.
 - 4.4 Magnetic stirrer and Teflon-coated stirring bar.
 - 4.5 Thermometer and/or temperature sensor for automatic compensation.

5.0 REAGENTS

- 5.1 Reagent grade chemicals shall be used in all tests. Unless otherwise indicated, it is intended that all reagents shall conform to the specifications of the Committee on Analytical Reagents of the American Chemical Society, where such specifications are available. Other grades may be used, provided it is first ascertained that the reagent is of sufficiently high purity to permit its use without lessening the accuracy of the determination.
- 5.2 Primary standard buffer salts are available from the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) and should be used in situations where extreme accuracy is necessary. Preparation of reference solutions from these salts requires some special precautions and handling, such as low-conductivity dilution water, drying ovens, and carbon-dioxide-free purge gas. These solutions should be replaced at least once each month.
- 5.3 Secondary standard buffers may be prepared from NIST salts or purchased as solutions from commercial vendors. These commercially available solutions have been validated by comparison with NIST standards and are recommended for routine use.

6.0 SAMPLE COLLECTION, PRESERVATION, AND HANDLING

Samples should be analyzed as soon as possible.

7.0 PROCEDURE

7.1 Calibration

- 7.1.1 Because of the wide variety of pH meters and accessories, detailed operating procedures cannot be incorporated into this method. Each analyst must be acquainted with the operation of each system and familiar with all instrument functions. Special attention to care of the electrodes is recommended.
- 7.1.2 Each instrument/electrode system must be calibrated at a minimum of two points that bracket the expected pH of the samples and are approximately three pH units or more apart. (For corrosivity characterization, the calibration of the pH meter should include a buffer of pH 2 for acidic wastes and a pH 12 buffer for caustic wastes; also, for corrosivity characterization, the sample must be measured at 25 ± 1 EC if the pH of the waste is above 12.0.) Various instrument designs may involve use of a dial (to "balance" or "standardize") or a slope adjustment, as outlined in the manufacturer's instructions. Repeat adjustments on successive portions of the two buffer solutions until readings are within 0.05 pH units of the buffer solution value.
- 7.2 Place the sample or buffer solution in a clean glass beaker using a sufficient volume to cover the sensing elements of the electrodes and to give adequate clearance for the

magnetic stirring bar. If field measurements are being made, the electrodes may be immersed directly into the sample stream to an adequate depth and moved in a manner to ensure sufficient sample movement across the electrode-sensing element as indicated by drift-free readings (< 0.1 pH).

- 7.3 If the sample temperature differs by more than 2 EC from the buffer solution, the measured pH values must be corrected. Instruments are equipped with automatic or manual compensators that electronically adjust for temperature differences. Refer to manufacturer's instructions.
- 7.4 Thoroughly rinse and gently wipe the electrodes prior to measuring pH of samples. Immerse the electrodes into the sample beaker or sample stream and gently stir at a constant rate to provide homogeneity and suspension of solids. Note and record sample pH and temperature. Repeat measurement on successive aliquots of sample until values differ by < 0.1 pH units. Two or three volume changes are usually sufficient.

8.0 QUALITY CONTROL

- 8.1 Refer to Chapter One for the appropriate QC protocols.
- 8.2 Electrodes must be thoroughly rinsed between samples.

9.0 METHOD PERFORMANCE

9.1 Forty-four analysts in twenty laboratories analyzed six synthetic water samples containing exact increments of hydrogen-hydroxyl ions, with the following results:

		Accura	acy as
pH Units	Standard Deviation pH Units	Bias %	Bias pH Units
3.5	0.10	-0.29	-0.01
3.5	0.11	-0.00	
7.1	0.20	+1.01	+0.07
7.2	0.18	-0.03	-0.002
8.0	0.13	-0.12	-0.01
8.0	0.12	+0.16	+0.01

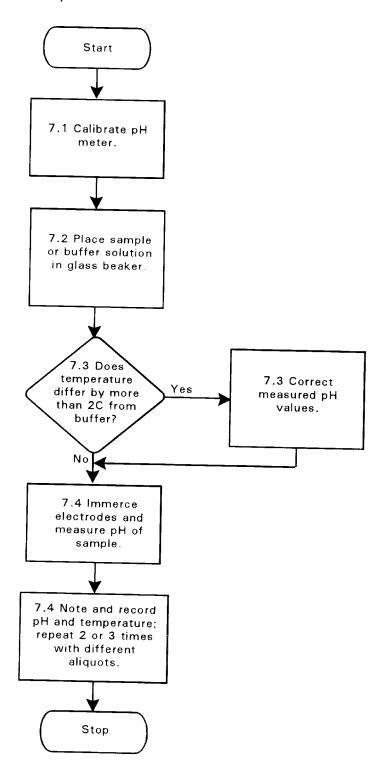
10.0 REFERENCES

Publication 260.

1.

National Bureau of Standards, Standard Reference Material Catalog 1986-87, Special

METHOD 9040C pH ELECTROMETRIC MEASUREMENT



Attachment D List of Certified Land Application Operators

LAND APPLICATION CONTRACTORS

COMPANY NAME	POC	LA ORC#	WORK PHONE	WORK PHONE #2	MOBILE PHONE	FAX	ADDRESS	EMAIL	WEBSITE	REGION
EMA Resources, Inc.	Roy Whitaker	13283	(336) 751-1441		(336) 909-1718		755 Yadkinville Rd, Mocksville, NC 27028	roy.whitaker@emaresources.com	www.emaresourcesinc.com	SE US
Bio-Green Services, Inc.	Ray Gambill	985951	(866) 209-0308		(336) 813-8063		383 Potts Road, Advance, NC 27006	info@biogreensvc.com	www.biogreenservices.com	NC/SC
Lewis Farms	Wesley Wooten	993105	(800) 624-2979	(910) 283-5444	(910) 604-0049	(910) 283-2500	8155 Malpass Corner, Currie, NC 28435	wesley@lewisfarmsnc.com	www.lewisfarmsandliquidwaste.com	NC
Bio-nomic Services, Inc.	Joel Coert	23879	(800) 782-6798	(704) 529-0000	(704) 904-9703	(704) 529-1648	530 Woodlawn Street, Belmont, NC 28012	jcoert@bio-nomic.com	www.bio-nomic.com	US
Bio-nomic Services, Inc.	Vaughn Stevenson	998715	(800) 782-6798	(704) 529-0000	(704) 930-8886	(704) 529-1648	530 Woodlawn Street, Belmont, NC 28012	vstevenson@bio-nomic.com	www.bio-nomic.com	US
Synagro	Marshall Puryear	994465	(800) 370-0035	(336) 998-7150	(434) 738-8002		284 Boger Road, Mocksville, NC 27028	mpuryear@synagro.com	www.synagro.com	US
Hines Septic, LLC	Glenn Hines	15698	(252) 232-3941	(252) 261-8899	(252) 435-7666		3178 Caratoke Hwy, Currituck, NC 27929	hinesseptic@aol.com	www.hinessepticouterbanks.com	NE NC/VA
Granville Farms	Andy Smith	13265	(919) 690-8000		(919) 603-4799		Post Office Box 1396, Oxford, NC 27565-9199	asmith@granvillefarmsinc.com		NC
Granville Farms	Jason Smith	13266	(919) 690-800		(252) 903-5367		Post Office Box 1396, Oxford, NC 27565-9199	jsmith@granvillefarmsinc.com		NC
Atlantic Sewage Control	Sammy Smith		(252) 255-2030		(252) 489-0862		Post Office Box 2560, Kitty Hawk, NC 27949	sammy@atlanticsewage.com		NE NC
L&L Environmental Services	Dayton W. Oaks	14785	(704) 332-0911		(704) 320-1012		3304 Robinson Circle, Charlotte, NC 28206-1925	dayton@llenviro.com		NC

Attachment E

NCDEQ Application Form for Distribution of Class A Residuals, Form (DCAR 06-16) and supporting documentation required for the approval of temporary storage

Earthen Storage Structures for Temporary Storage of DGS/HOS

In regards to using earthen storage structures for temporary storage of DGS/HOS, please note the following procedure:

Using earthen storage structures for temporary storage of DGS/HOS on-site or off-site of DOT property is <u>not currently permitted</u> under the new Permit No. WQ0035749 for Land Application of DGS/HOS. NCDEQ requires that temporary earthen storage structures be handled as a separate permit modification to this Permit for approval and <u>prior to</u> construction of each structure.

Having these structures individually permitted as modifications to Permit No. WQ0035749 places them under the requirements in G.S. 143-215.1(d)(1), which informs that a permitting action has a time frame of no more than 90 days. NCDEQ anticipates that, on average, the time from them receiving the modification request to approval being approximately 21 days, which would include the application review, site visit, and permit issuance. However, this time estimate is dependent on the **quality** of the application provided to NCDEQ from the contractor and that it contains all the necessary supporting documentation.

The application for each earthen storage structure shall include:

	A completed and appropriately executed Distribution of Class A Residuals application (FORM:
	DCAR 06-16). Section V does not need to be completed.
J	An application fee in the amount of \$395 made payable to NCDEQ.
J	A cover letter describing the proposed permit modification.
	Detailed Plans – See first item of Instruction E of DCAR 06-16 and 15A NCAC 02T .1104(a)(2)(A).
	Specifications – See third item of Instruction E of DCAR 06-16 and 15A NCAC 02T(a)(2)(B).
	Site Map – See the second Item of Instruction E of DCAR 06-16. This map would vary for each
	modification, as it is a site-specific map based on the proposed location of the earthen structure.
	Engineering Calculations – See Instruction F of DCAR 06-16 and 15A NCAC 02T(a)(2)(C).
	Property Ownership Documentation – Would vary from site to site.
	Applicant's Certification – Signatory Authority signature attesting the application.

The Engineering Plans, Specifications, and Engineering Calculations <u>all need to be signed, sealed, and dated by a licensed North Carolina Professional Engineer</u>.



State of North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality Division of Water Resources

15A NCAC 02T .1100 – DISTRIBUTION OF CLASS A RESIDUALS INSTRUCTIONS FOR FORM: DCAR 06-16 & SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION

Please use the following instructions as a checklist in order to ensure all required items are submitted. Adherence to these instructions and checking the provided boxes will help produce a quicker review time and reduce the amount of additional information requested. Failure to submit all of the required items will lead to additional processing and review time for the permit application. Unless otherwise noted, the Applicant shall submit one original and two copies of the application and supporting documentation

For more information, visit the Water Quality Permitting Section's Non-Discharge Permitting Unit website

General – This application is for treatment, storage, transport, distribution, land application, and/or marketing of **Class A** (or Equivalent) residuals under 15A NCAC 02T .1100.

Unless otherwise noted, the Applicant shall submit one original and two copies of the application and supporting documentation listed below.

Α.	Distribution	of Class	A Residuals ((FORM: DCAF	R 06-16):
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- Submit the completed and appropriately executed Distribution of Class A Residuals (FORM: DCAR 06-16) form. Please do not make any unauthorized content changes to this form. If necessary for clarity or due to space restrictions, attachments to the application may be made, as long as the attachments are numbered to correspond to the section and item to which they refer.
- The project name should be consistent on the plans, specifications, etc.
- The Applicant's Certification on Page 3 of this form shall be signed in accordance with <u>15A NCAC 02T .0106(b)</u>. An alternate person may be designated as the signing official if a delegation letter is provided from a person who meets the criteria in <u>15A NCAC 02T .0106(b)</u>.
- If this project is for a modification of an existing permit, submit one copy of the existing permit.
- Please submit this application form at least 180 days prior to the expiration date on the existing permit, or 90 days prior to operation of proposed facility(ies) for application packages involving new or changes to treatment and storage units.

B. Application Fee (New and Major Modification Application Packages) (ENCLOSED)

Submit a check, money order or electronic funds transfer made payable to: North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality (NCDEQ).

Facility Classification	New Permit	Major Modification ¹
Major (residuals permitted for distribution $\geq 3,000$ dry tons/year)	\$1,310	\$395
Minor (residuals permitted for distribution < 3,000 dry tons/year)	\$810	\$245

¹ - A major modification shall be defined as any permit modification that: increases the generating facility's residuals dry tonnage; adds additional residuals sources; or includes the addition of new treatment or storage units/processes not previously permitted. There is no fee for minor permit modifications.

C. Cover Letter (All Application Packages) (ATTACHED)

List all items included in the application package, as well as a brief description of the requested permitting action.

D.	Pro	ogram Information (All Application Packages) (N/A)
		Provide a narrative explaining the following:
		☐ How the materials will be handled and transported from where the residuals were produced to where it will be treated. ☐ How the residuals will be processed/treated (attach process flow diagram).
		☐ How leachate collection will be handled.
		☐ Where the residuals will be stored until processed.
		How the final product will be distributed (packaging, bulk, etc.)
		What nutrients or other constituents (i.e. nitrogen, phosphorous, aluminum, calcium, etc.) are used or recommended as the limiting parameter for determination of residuals loading rate to ensure that it does not overload the soil and cause contravention of surface water or groundwater standards, limit crop growth, or adversely impact soil quality.
		Attach a marketability statement detailing destinations and approximate amounts of the final product to be distributed.
		Provide either a label that shall be affixed to the bagged processed residual or an information sheet that shall be provided to the person who receives the processed residual. The label or information sheet shall contain, at a minimum, the following information:
		☐ Name and address of the person who prepared the residual that is sold or given away.
		A statement that application of the residuals to the land shall be in accordance with the instructions on the label or information sheet.
		A statement that the residuals shall not be applied to any site that is flooded, frozen or snow-covered.
		A statement that adequate procedures shall be provided to prevent surface runoff from carrying any disposed or stored residuals into any surface waters.
		☐ Information on all applicable setbacks in accordance with 15A NCAC 02T .1108(b).
		☐ A statement that the residuals shall be applied at agronomic or recommended rates for intended uses.
E.	Det	tailed Plans and Specifications (Application Involving New or Changes to Treatment or Storage Units) (ATTACHED)
	\boxtimes	Submit detailed plans and specifications that have been signed, sealed, and dated by a NC Professional Engineer per 15A NCAC 02T .1104(a). Specifications for standard equipment may only be omitted for municipalities with approved standard specifications, but use of the standard specifications must be noted on each sheet of the plans.
		Plans must include the following minimum items: a general location map, a topographic map, plan and profile view of the residuals treatment and storage units as well as the proximity of the residuals treatment and storage units to other utilities and natural features within 500 feet of all treatment and storage facilities, and detail drawings of all items pertinent to the residuals treatment and storage units. Depict minimum separations required in 15A NCAC 02T .1108(a) on the plans.
		Specifications must include, at a minimum, the following for all items pertinent to residuals treatment and storage units: description of materials to be used, methods of construction, quality of construction testing procedures to ensure the integrity of the final product in accordance with 15A NCAC 02T .1104(a)(2)(B), including leakage and pressure testing as appropriate.
		Plans and specifications must not be labeled with preliminary phrases (e.g., FOR REVIEW ONLY, NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION, etc.) that indicate that they are anything other than final plans and specifications. However, the plans and specifications may be labeled with the phrase: FINAL DESIGN – NOT RELEASED FOR CONSTRUCTION.
F.	Eng	gineering Calculations (Application Involving New or Changes to Treatment or Storage Units) (ATTACHED)
	\boxtimes	Submit all design calculations that have been signed, sealed, and dated by a NC Professional Engineer per 15A NCAC 02T .1104(a).
G.	En	vironmental Assessments (May be Required – See 15A NCAC 1C .0300) (N/A)
		Submit a copy of the Findings of No Significant Impact (FONSI) or Environmental Impact Statement (EIS). Also, include information on any mitigating factor(s) from the Environmental Assessment (EA) that impact the construction of the residuals treatment and storage facilities. An EA may also be required for private systems if any public funds and/or lands are used for the construction of the subject facilities.

H.	Ope	eration and Maintenance Plan (New and Renewal Application Packages) (N/A)
		For Modification Application, if there are any changes to the existing plan, submit an updated O&M plan.
		Submit the O&M Plan in accordance with 15A NCAC 02T .1110 and include at a minimum:
		Operational functions; describe the operation of the program to show what operations are necessary for the program to function and by whom the functions are to be conducted.
		Maintenance schedules; may include equipments calibration, maintenance of signs, etc.
		Safety measures; may include safety training program, manuals, signs, etc.
		Spill response plan; including control, containment, remediation, emergency contact information, etc.
		Inspection plan including the following information;
		Names and titles of personnel responsible for conducting the inspections.
		Frequency and location of inspections, including those to be conducted by the ORC, and procedures to assure that the selected location(s) and inspection frequency are representative of the residuals management program.
		Detailed description of inspection procedures including record keeping and actions to be taken by the inspector in the event that noncompliance is observed.
		Sampling and monitoring plan including the following information;
		Names and titles of personnel responsible for conducting the sampling and monitoring.
		Detailed description of monitoring procedures including parameters to be monitored.
		Sampling frequency and procedures to assure that representative samples are being collected. Fluctuation in temperature, flow, and other operating conditions can affect the quality of the residuals gathered during a particular sampling event. The sampling plan shall account for any foreseen fluctuations in residuals quality and indicate the most limiting times for residuals to meet pathogen and vector attraction reduction requirements (e.g. facilities that land apply multiple times per year but have an annual sampling frequency, may need to sample during winter months when pathogen reduction is most likely to be negatively affected by cold temperatures.

ONE ORIGINAL AND TWO COPIES OF THE COMPLETED APPLICATION PACKAGE, INCLUDING ALL SUPPORTING INFORMATION AND MATERIALS, SHALL BE SENT TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESS:

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY DIVISION OF WATER RESOURCES
WATER QUALITY PERMITTING SECTION
NON-DISCHARGE PERMITTING UNIT

By U.S. Postal Service: 1617 MAIL SERVICE CENTER RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA 27699-1617 By Courier/Special Delivery: 512 N. SALISBURY STREET RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA 27604

TELEPHONE NUMBER: (919) 807-6464 FAX NUMBER: (919) 807-6496



State of North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality Division of Water Resources

15A NCAC 02T .1100 – DISTRIBUTION OF CLASS A RESIDUALS FORM: DCAR 06-16

I.	AP	PLICANT INFORMATION:			
	1.	Applicant's name: N.C. Department of Transportation			
		Applicant type: Individual Corporation General Partnership Privately-Owned Public Utility			
		☐ Federal ☐ State ☐ Municipal ☐ County			
		Signature authority's name per 15A NCAC 02T .0106: Tim M. Little, P.E. Title: Chief Engineer			
		Applicant's mailing address: 1536 Mail Service Center			
		City: <u>Raleigh</u> State: <u>N.C.</u> Zip: <u>27601-1536</u>			
		Telephone number: (919) 707-2500 Email Address: tlittle@ncdot.gov			
	2.	Consultant's name: License Number (for P.E.):			
		Affiliation: On Staff Retained (Firm:)			
		Consultant's mailing address:			
		City: State: Zip:			
		Telephone number: Email Address:			
	3.				
TT	РF	RMIT INFORMATION:			
11.	1 12				
	1.	Application is for (check all that apply): new, modified, renewed permit			
	2.	If this application is being submitted to renew or modify an existing permit, provide the following:			
		Permit number: WQ0035749			
		Date of most-recently issued permit: March 1, 2019			
		Date of most-recently certified Attachment A (if different than the permit): $\underline{N/A}$			
Ш	FA	CILITY INFORMATION:			
	1.	Name of residuals processing facility:			
		City: State: Zip:			
		Coordinates: Latitude:o'" Longitude:o'"			
		Datum: Level of accuracy:			
		Method of measurement:			
		County where facility is located:			
	2. Facility contact (person familiar with residuals preparation):				
	Name: Title:				
		Mailing address:			
		City: State: Zip:			
		Telephone number: E-mail address:			

FORM: DCAR 06-16 Page 1 of 3

	3.	Is the residual process facility also the generator?	□ No	
	If No, please specify delivery frequency and quantity of residual to be processed:			
	4.	Length of residuals storage at facility:(Note: the l separate from treatment system, i.e. not in clarifiers, aeration basin	Division requires minimum 30 days storage in units that are ns, etc.)	
IV.	RE	ESIDUALS QUALITY INFORMATION:		
	1.	Specify how these residuals will be distributed:		
sold or given away in bags or other containers; lawn (bulk); home garden (bulk);			ılk); home garden (bulk);	
other (explain); Bulk land application on NCDOT right of way and private agricultural land			y and private agricultural land	
		<u>Note</u> : Bulk residuals shall mean residuals that are transported and load capacity of one metric ton or less.	not sold or giving away in a bag or other receptacles with a	
2. Complete the following if residuals are to be mixed with other materials:				
		Type of Materials	Amounts to be added per 1.0 dry ton of residuals (dry ton)	
		N/A		
	3.	Approximate amounts of the residuals received and processed at the	he facility: N/A dry tons per year.	
	4.	Approximate amounts of the final product (processed residuals) to	be distributed: N/A dry tons per year.	
	5.	Provide a description of the onsite storage management plan f	For the treated residuals (including estimated average and	
		maximum storage times prior to distribution): Project by project b	<u>asis</u>	
	6.	Does the facility have a stormwater management plan? Yes;	No	
		Explain whether the treatment and storage areas are under roof or	how stormwater runoff will be handled: N/A	
v.	RE	ESIDUALS SOURCE INFORMATION: (Required for all new, re	enewed, or modified residuals source)	
	Coı	omplete and submit the attached Residuals Source Certification and	all associated documentation. (N/A)	
	((N/A)		
R		duals Source		
	Cer	ertification		

FORM: DCAR 06-16 Page 2 of 3

Professional Engineer's Certification: (Application Involving New or Changes to Treatment or Storage Units)			
Ι,	, attest that this application for		
Temporary Storage Unit has been reviewed by me and is accurate and complete to the best of the proposed design has been prepared in accordance with the applicabl may have been developed by other professionals, inclusion of these ma this material and have judged it to be consistent with the proposed des	le regulations. Although certain portions of this submittal package aterials under my signature and seal signifies that I have reviewed		
North Carolina Professional Engineer's Seal, Signature, and Date:			
Applicant's Certification:			
The applicant or any affiliate has not been convicted of an environment closure, does not have an outstanding civil penalty where all appeals be compliance schedule, and do not have any overdue annual fees under	have been exhausted or abandoned, are compliant with any active		
Yes No, Explain;			
I, Tim M. Little, P.E. (Signature Authority's Name – PLEASE PRINT)	Chief Engineer (Title)		
, C			
attest that this application for <u>Modification of Distribution of Class</u> (Facility N			
has been reviewed by me and is accurate and complete to the best of may not conduct a technical review of this program and approval does granted in the permit. Further, any discharge of residuals to surface which may include civil penalties, injunctive relief, and/or criminal presources should a condition of this permit be violated. I also understand that if all required supporting information and attachments are incomplete.	not constitute a variance to any rules or statutes unless specifically waters or the land will result in an immediate enforcement action, prosecution. I will make no claim against the Division of Water trand that if all required parts of this application are not completed		
Note : In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes §143-215.6 statement, representation, or certification in any application shall be gexceed \$10,000 as well as civil penalties up to \$25,000 per violation.	guilty of a Class 2 misdemeanor, which may include a fine not to		
Signature:	Date:		

FORM: DCAR 06-16 Page 3 of 3

Attachment F

NCDEQ Project Completion Report

NCDEQ Project Completion Report

Description of Work:

Per Contract Special Provisions, the Contractor is responsible for compiling information and preparing an report to be submitted to the North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality (NCDEQ). The Contractor shall provide documentation for reporting in the template provided within this attachment within 30 calendar days of the completion of the work or by the end of the calendar year whichever comes first. If the work is not completed within one year, more than one report will be required. The Contractor shall submit all completed records to the Engineer prior to final payment.

Reporting is required as part of this contract and failure to prepare and submit this report can result in a violation of the NCDOT Permit #WQ0035749.

Complete the Project Completion Report and forward the original copy to:

NCDEQ-DWR Information Processing Unit 1617 Mail Service Center Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1617

Attention: Information Processing Unit

Also provide copies of the report to:

- 1. The Resident Engineer or other designated person
- Roadside Environmental Unit State Roadside Environmental Engineer 1557 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27601

Use the following template for completing the Project Completion Report:

Prepare a Project Completion Report cover sheet with the following information:

<Insert Year Work Accomplished> Project Completion Report
<Insert Date of Report>
Land Application Program
NC Department of Transportation
Permit #WQ0035749

Prepared For:

NC Department of Transportation 1536 Mail Service Center Raleigh, North Carolina 27601-1536

> <Insert Name of Firm> <Insert Address>

> > Compiled By: <*Insert Name*>

Project No. < Insert Project #> < Insert Project Description>

Page 2 Prepare a cover letter with the following information using your Company letterhead:

<Insert Date>

NCDEQ-DWR Information Processing Unit 1617 Mail Service Center Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1617

Attention: Information Processing Unit

Reference Land Application Project Completion Report for Project <insert project #>

NC Department of Transportation

Permit No. WQ0035749

Non-Discharge Compliance Unit:

<Insert Name of Firm> is submitting the monitoring and reporting data for the Subject Project for <insert year for which the DGS/HOS was land applied>. Per the North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) Permit No. WQ0035749, this report is to be submitted at project completion for work accomplished by our firm on this project report using data gathered by our staff and/or contractors during the compliance year for <insert Diamond Grinding Slurry or Hydrodemolition Operation Slurry>.

If additional information is required or if there are questions concerning this project completion report, please contact my office for assistance at :cprovide phone and email contact information>.

Sincerely,
<Insert Signature>
<Insert Name Typed>
<insert Title>

Enclosures

Page 3 – Complete the information for the table below:

NC DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION LAND APPLICATION OF DIAMOND GRINDING AND HYDRODEMOLITION OPERATION SLURRY PERMIT NO. WQ0035749

<insert year of Land Application> LAND APPLICATION SUMMARY

CONTRACTOR	DOT PROJECT NO.	PROJECT LOCATION	TYPE (DGS OR HOS)	YEAR APPLIED
			<insert dgs<br="">OR HOS></insert>	

Page 4

Use the table of contents shown below:

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTION NO.	TITLE	
I.	Diamond Grinding Slurry (DGS)	
	Hydrodemolition Slurry (HOS)	
	Analyses	
II.	Diamond Grinding Slurry (DGS)	
	Hydrodemolition Operation Slurry (HOS)	
	pH and Land Application Logs	

NC Soil Scientist -Complete the information for the table below:

SECTION I DIAMOND GRINDING SLURRY (DGS) HYDRODEMOLITON SLURRY (HOS) ANALYSIS

NC DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

<insert DGS or HOS> ANALYSIS

Permit No. WQ0035749

<insert contractor name and Project description>

Date Sampled: <insert date>

<insert % Solids from sampling/tests>
Solids:

<insert pH of sample>
pH:

Parameter	%	Mg/Kg Dry Weight (% x 10,000)	Pounds/Dry Ton (mg/Kg x 0.002)
Calcium Carbonate Eq.			

SECTION II

DIAMOND GRINDING SLURRY (DGS) HYDRODEMOLITION OPERATION SLURRY (HOS) pH AND LAND APPLICATION LOGS

Page 9 thru end of report

Insert page(S) for Section II

- 1. Attach completed "Hydrodemolition Operation Slurry / Diamond Grinding Slurry Land Application Logs"
- 2. Attach completed "Hydrodemolition Operation Slurry / Diamond Grinding Slurry pH Logs"

Attachment G

NCDENR - DWM Guidance: Memo for "beneficial fill" or burial of solids: June 6,2013

From: Scott, Michael

Sent: Thursday, June 06, 2013 11:49 AM

To: Maycock, Robin L **Cc:** Mussler, Ed

Subject: RE: Status on email on concrete waste residuals

Robin,

I have attached our response that addresses the different points we discussed on May 23^{rd.} We have addressed the landfill questions while also providing some clarification on reuse options. Give me a call to discuss the specifics. I will be in the office this afternoon and on Friday.

- Concrete grinding residues (CGR) that are not liquid and otherwise not hazardous may be
 disposed of in a municipal solid waste landfill or utilized as an alternate daily cover (ADC). The
 definition of a solid, for solid waste disposal purposes, is a material that passes a Paint Filter
 test.
- CRG's may be eligible for disposal or use as ADC in an unlined sanitary landfill, or construction
 and demolition debris landfill. The Solid Waste section recommends that the unlined landfill
 operator obtain project specific data indicating that the material meets the Superfund Inactive
 hazardous Sites Branch limits for the eight RCRA metals for unrestricted use prior to acceptance
 at an unlined landfill.
- Dewatered CGR's may be beneficially reused within the DOT project boundary or areas under DOT control at agronomic rates suitable for the establishment of vegetation. Dewatered CGR's may also be used within the roadbed at rates approved by DOT staff for soil modification purposes.
- Analytical testing of CGR's for beneficial reuse is not required by the Solid Waste Section for CGR's that originate from new concrete surfaces. However, a basic North Carolina Department of Agriculture waste analysis is recommended to establish the ag lime equivalency (ALE). CGR's from existing concrete or contaminated concrete should be analyzed. The TCLP procedure should be used for contaminated concrete and a total metals analysis for existing concrete prior to reuse. A total metal analysis should be run for the eight RCRA heavy metals and compared to the Superfund Inactive Hazardous Sites Branch limits for unrestricted use.
- The link to the Superfund Inactive Hazardous Sites branch soil remediation is provided below:

http://portal.ncdenr.org/c/document_library/get_file?uuid=5539ecfb-739f-4345-9459-b514508135f1&groupId=38361

• Bulk disposal of CGR's or roadside application of the slurry is not addressed by this response.

Michael

Michael E. Scott, Chief
Solid Waste Section
NC DENR-Division of Waste Management
1646 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-1646
919-707-8246 (Phone / Fax)
michael.scott@ncdenr.gov
http://portal.ncdenr.org/web/wm/sw

The physical address at Green Square is: NCDENR
Division of Waste Management
217 W. Jones St.
Raleigh, NC 27603

Attachment H

NCDENR - DWM Guidance: Memo for clean millings reuse: March 15, 2012

From: "Hare, Wes" < wes.hare@ncdenr.gov >

Date: Thu, 15 Mar 2012 12:58:30 +0000

To: jimmy@jwhollandengineering.com<jimmy@jwhollandengineering.com>

Cc: Shackelford, Dennis<<u>dennis.shackelford@ncdenr.gov</u>>

Subject: Concrete millings use for drive/pathways

Mr. Holland,

It was nice speaking with you this morning. There is no problem with the use of clean concrete millings being placed for driveways and pathways. If you need any further assistance with this or any other matters, please let me know.

Wes Hare

Environmental Senior Specialist

Department Of Environment & Natural Resources

Division of Waste Management / Solid Waste Section

Wilmington Regional Office

127 Cardinal Drive Ext.

Wilmington, North Carolina 28405

Office: 910.796.7405 Fax: 910.350.2004

http://portal.ncdenr.org/web/wm/sw

E-mail correspondence to and from this address may be subject to the North Carolina Public Records Law and may be disclosed to third parties.