

Thailand's Automotive Industry and Current EV Status

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13 March 2019

One Start One Stop Investment Center, Bangkok





• About EVAT

• Current Status for Automotive Industry in Thailand

• EV Policy & Promotion in Thailand

• Example of Electric Vehicle Projects in Thailand





During the beginning of 2015, The Thai government had shown an attention to promote the electric vehicle (EV) technology and policy to support EV production, R&D and usage in Thailand.

This support motivated individuals from academia and private sector in Thailand to discuss and establish the Electric Vehicle Association of Thailand (EVAT) on September 14, 2015 at Knowledge Exchange (KX) building, which later had been officially registered on November 6, 2015. The present president, Dr. Yossapong Laoonual, and committee were firstly elected on June 24, 2016 (officially approved on August 23, 2016). Dr. Yossapong was re-elected as the President on 9 June 2018 for another two-year term.



Present EVAT Committee 2018 – 2020



EVAT promotes the usage of EV in Thailand which leads to a reduction of road pollution especially in the major cities. In addition, the EV deployment also improves the energy efficiency in transport sector. The EVAT support includes the industrial manufacturing, research and development on EV technologies in Thailand; this strengthens and increases the competiveness of entrepreneurs in Thailand into the global market.

EVAT Membership

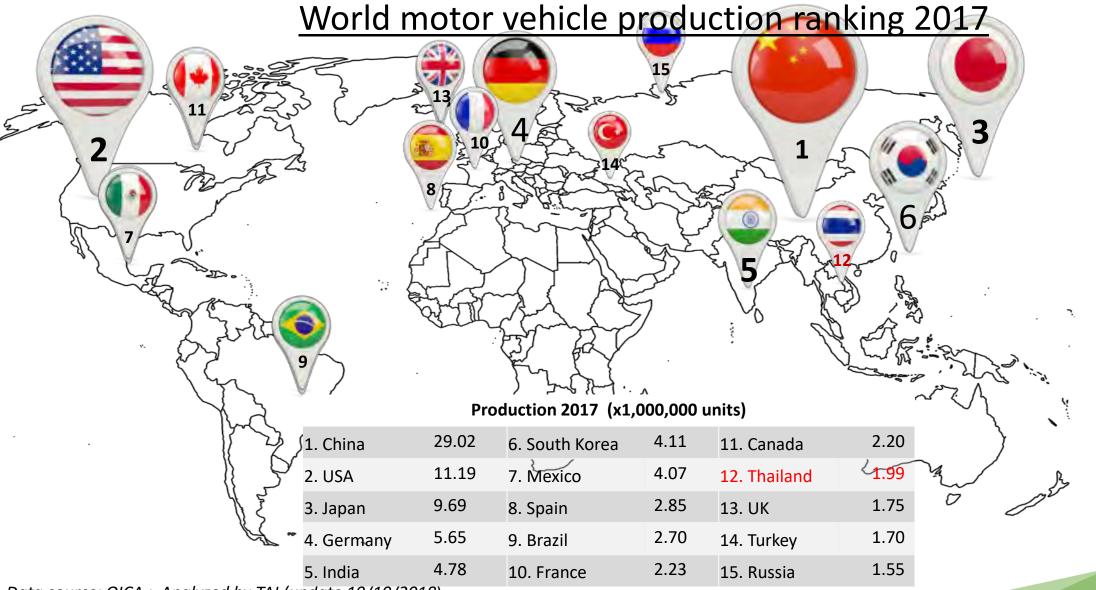




Updated 24th January 2019

Current Status for Automotive Industry in Thailand

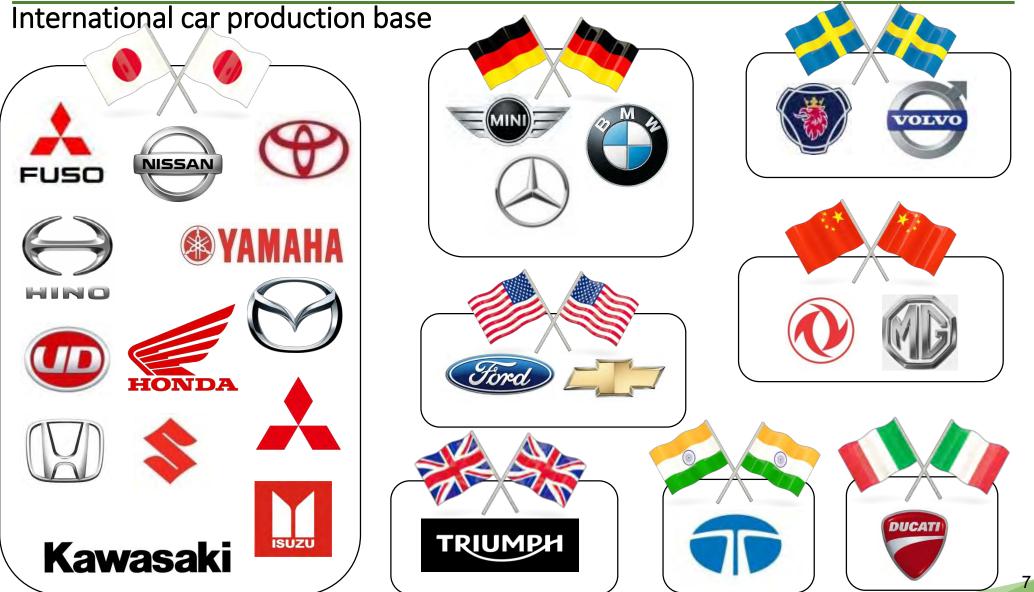




Data source: OICA ; Analyzed by TAI (update 19/10/2018)

Current Status for Automotive Industry in Thailand

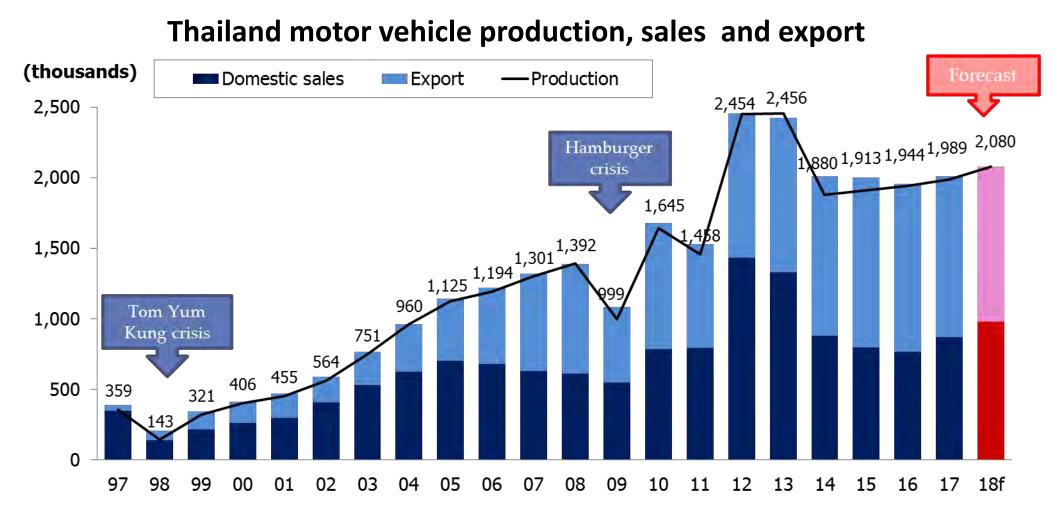




Source: Vichai Jirathiyut, Thailand Automotive Institute, "Updated on Thailand Automotive Masterplan", 1st ASEAN Automotive Summit 16 Nov 2015.

Current Status for Automotive Industry in Thailand





Source: Thailand Automotive Institute (TAI) (update 19/10/2018) Note: Including passenger car, pick up 1 ton, van, bus, truck.



| ยานยนต์สมัยใหม่ (Next Generation Mobility) | | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| รถยนต์ไฟฟ้าแบตเตอรี่ | รถยนต์ขับขี่อัตโนมัติ | | |
| (Battery Electric Vehicle) | (Autonomous Vehicle) | | |
| รถยนต์เชื่อมต่อกับภายนอก | <mark>การแบ่งปันการใช้รถยนต์</mark> | | |
| (Connected Vehicle) | (Car Sharing) | | |
| | | | |

Source: ยานยนต์สมัยใหม่ ตอนที่ 1 เทคโนโลยีรถยนต์ไฟฟ้าแบตเตอรี่ พลังงานทางเลือก เดือนเมษายน-มิถุนายน 2561

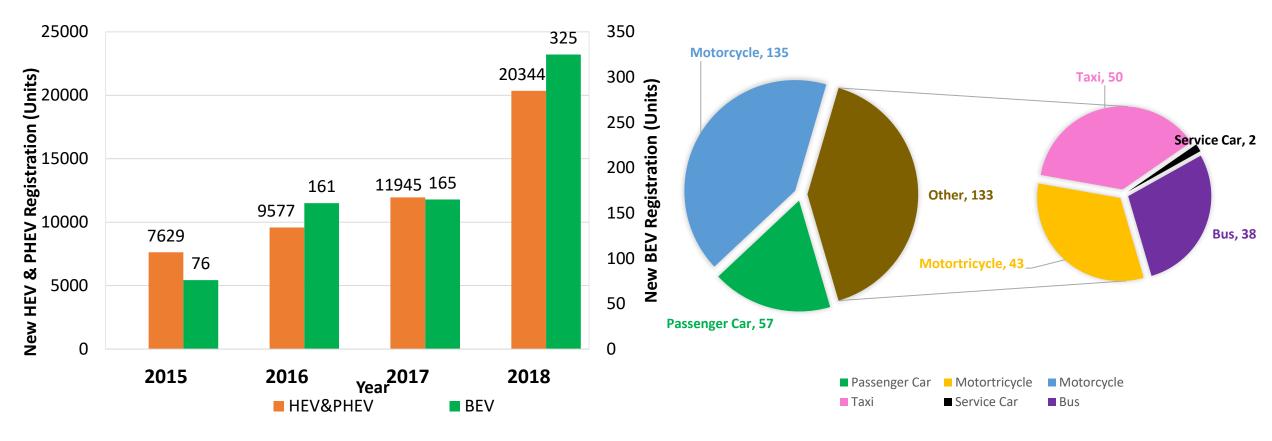
Electric Vehicles (xEV)

| HEV | ยานยนต์ไฟฟ้าปลั๊กอิน (Pi ยานยนต์ไฟฟ้าที่มีการอัดบ | FCEV | |
|---|--|---|---|
| | PHEV | BEV | |
| ยานยนต์ไฟฟ้าไฮบริด (Hybrid Electric Vehicle - HEV) | ยานยนต์ไฟฟ้าปลั๊กอินไฮบริด (Plug-in Hybrid Electric Vehicle - PHEV) | ยานยนต์ไฟฟ้าแบตเตอรี่ (Battery Electric Vehicle - BEV) | ยานยนต์ไฟฟ้าเซลเชื้อเพลิง (Fuel Cell Electric Vehicle -FCEV) |





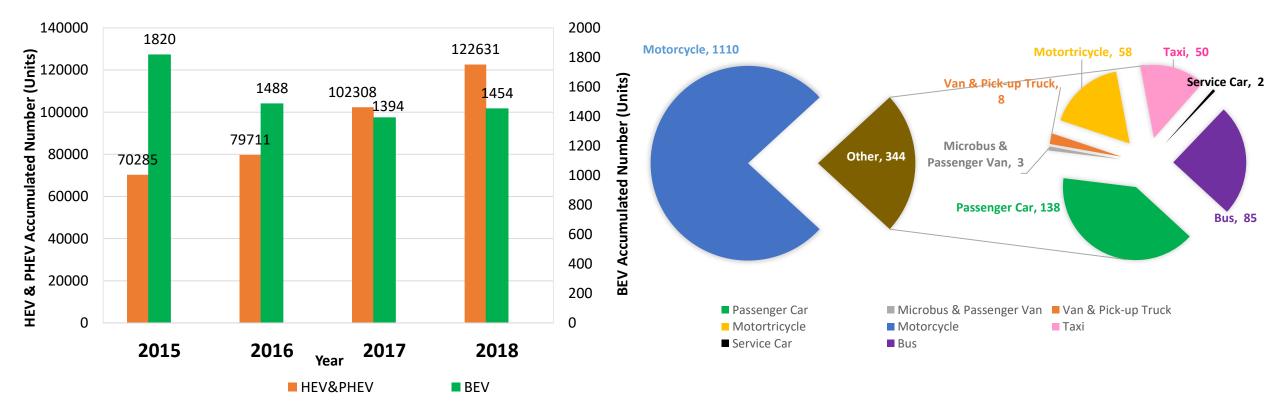
Number of New xEV Registration (as of 31st Dec 2018) New BEV Registration by Vehicle Types (as of 31st Dec 2018)





Accumulated Number of xEV Registration (as of 31st Dec 2018)

BEV Registration by Vehicle Types (as of 31st Dec 2018)





Plug-in Hybrid Electric Vehicles (PHEV)



BMW x5 xDrive40e



Volvo XC90 Drive-E



Mercedes Benz C350e





Porsche Cayenne S E-Hybrid



Mercedes Benz S500



Battery Electric Vehicles (BEV)

| maker | BEV | Charging Socket Type | EV Range (km/charger) | Battery Size (kWh) | Production Country | Import tax | Excise Tax | Retail Price (Baht) | |
|---------------------------|-----|-------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------------------|--|
| e6 | | AC Type 2 | 400 | 80 | * | 0% | 8% | 1,890,000 | |
| LEAF | | AC Type 1 & CHAdeM0 | 311 | 40 | | 20% | 8% | 1,990,000 | |
| KIA Soul EV | | AC Type 1 & CHAdeM0 | 250 | 30 | | 40% | 8% | 2,297,000 | |
| IONIQ Electric | | AC Type 2 & CCS2 | 280 | 28 | | 40% | 8% | 1,749,000 | |
| FILTER MIL MARKETY ONE | | АС Туре 2 | 160 | 11.8 | | - | 2% | 644,000 | |





BMW i3

MPV EV

Tesla Model X



MINE

City EV



Public Charging Stations in Thailand





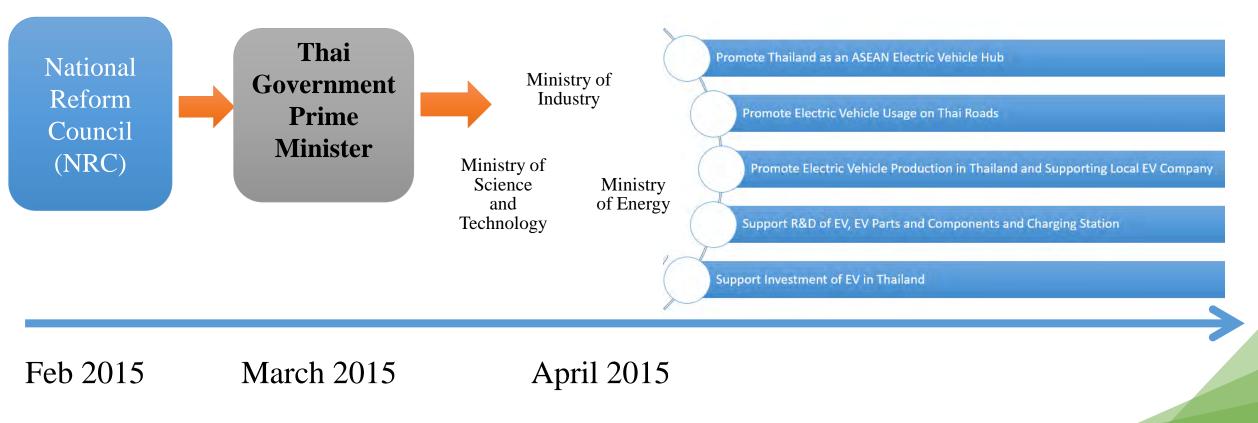
Paragon Department Store

Pollution Control Department



Development of EV Policy in Thailand

NRC proposed the National EV promotion project to Thai government.





Foreign Direct Investment Support

- BOI EV Package (Import Tax & CIT exemption and Excise Tax reduction).
- Collaboration between Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Ministry of Commerce, Ministry of Finance and Ministry of Industry to discuss with China to set appropriate Import Tax for BEV under ASEAN-China FTA.

Domestic Market Stimulation

- Set the target that 20% of government budget for vehicle fleet to be used for BEV procurement.
- Urge Airport of Thailand Public Company Limited (AOT) to use more PHEV & BEV limousine.
- Industrial Estate Authority of Thailand & MoST to use BEV at EEC.
- EPPO to convert conventional taxi to BEV.

1

2

3

• The Fine Arts Department to use BEV at large national heritage sites

Infrastructure Preparation

- Ministry of Energy and Ministry of Transport to plan EV charging station location.
- TISI to proceed on the National Automotive and Tire Testing Facility and prepare human resources.

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EV Standards

• TISI to proceed on standards of EV charging system, electromagnetic compatibility, battery for EV and DC meter for billing system.

End-of-life Management for EV Battery

- Department of Industrial Works to prepare EV battery end-of-life management plan.
- Pollution Control Department to enact Acts for EV battery end-of-life management.

Other Measures

• Thailand Automotive Institute to proceed on productivity improvement project focusing on human development to support next-generation automobile industry.

According to **Energy Blueprint**, in 2036

Target

Reduce Energy intensity by 30% Focusing on transportation sector which is the highest energy consumption











| Car Type | Engine (CC) | CO2 Emission (g/km) | E10/E20 | E85/NGV | Hybrid | Hybrid BOI |
|---------------|-------------|---------------------|---------|---------|--------|---------------|
| | ≤3,000 | ≤100 | 25* | 20* | 8* | 4* |
| Passenger Car | | 101-150 | 25* | 20* | 16 | 8 |
| | | 151-200 | 30 | 25 | 21 | 10.5 |
| | | >200 | 35 | 30 | 26 | 13 |
| | >3,000 | 40 | | | | |
| BEV/FCV | | 8 | | | | |
| BEV (BOI) | 2 | | | | | |

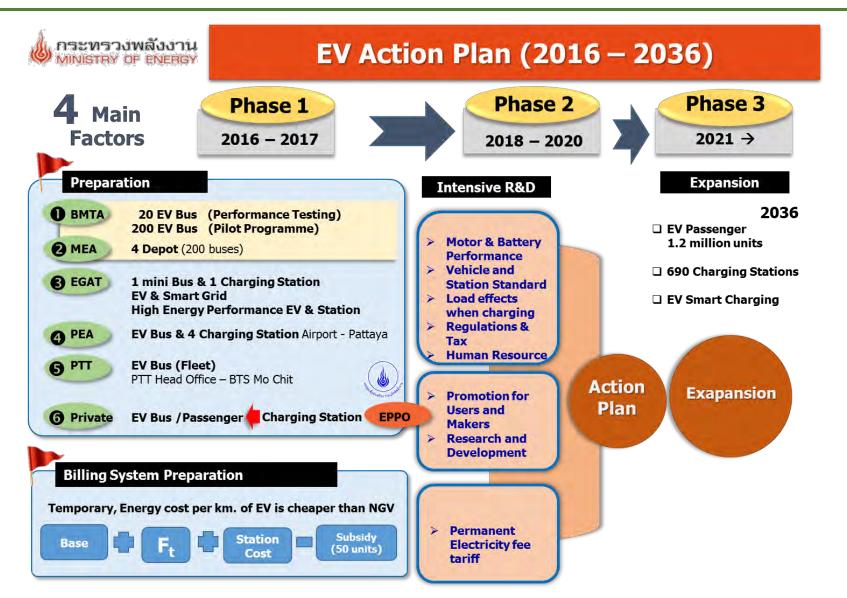
Thailand Vehicle Excise Tax Structure

| Car Type | Engine (CC) | CO2 Emission (g/km) | GE/DE | E85/B10 |
|-----------|--------------|---------------------|---------|---------|
| Eco Car 1 | GE ≤1,300 CC | ≤120 | <120 14 | |
| Eco car I | DE ≤1,400 CC | 5120 | 14 | - |
| Eco Cor 2 | GE≤1,300 CC | <100 | 12* | 10* |
| Eco Car 2 | DE ≤1,500 CC | ≤100 | 12 | 10 |

| Car Type | Engine (CC) | CO2 Emission (g/km) | No Cab | Space Cab | Double Cab | Double Cab HEV | PPV | PPV HEV |
|--------------|-------------|------------------------|--------|-----------|------------|-------------------|-----|------------|
| | ≤3,250 | ≤200 | 2.5 | 4 | 10 | 8* | 20* | 18* |
| Pick up /PPV | | >200 | 4 | 6 | 13 | - | 25 | - |
| | >3,250 | 40 | | | | | | |
| Pick up EV | | 10 | | | | | | |

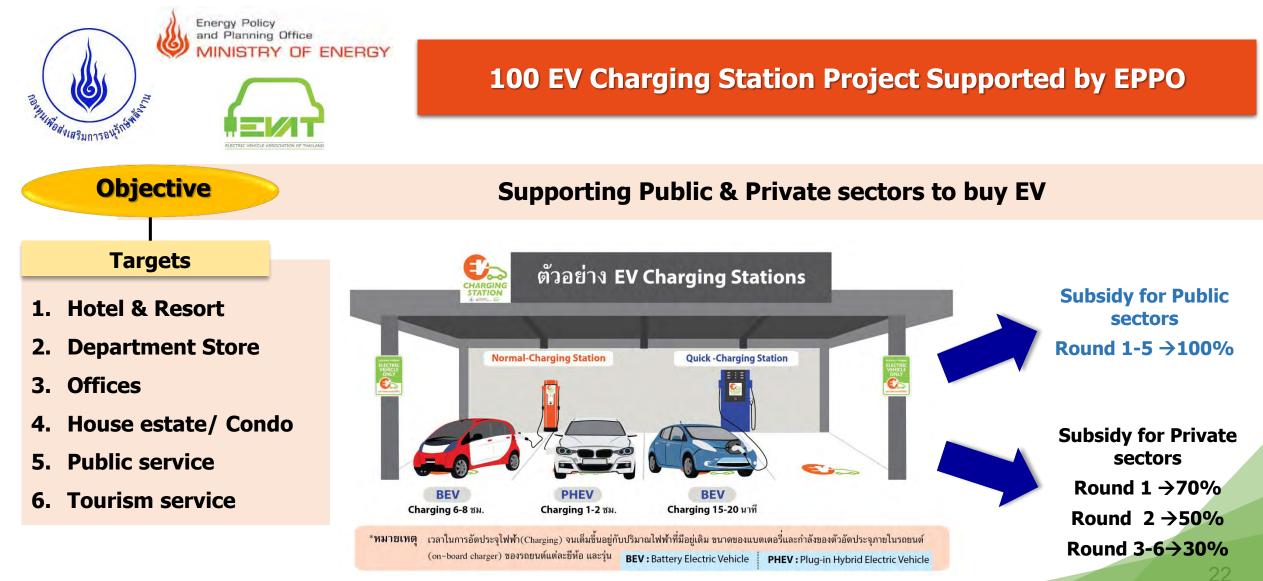
* With Active Safety (UN R13H) : ABS/ESC





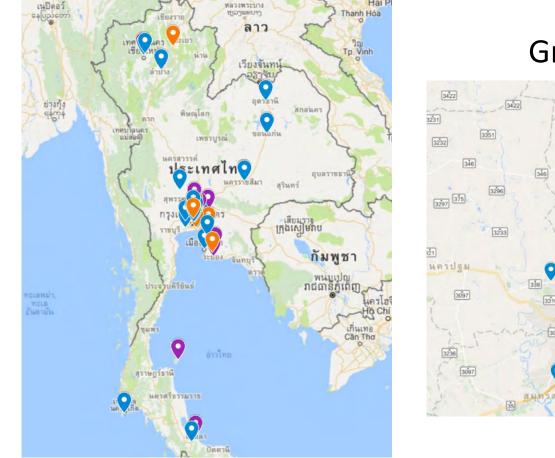
Approved by National Energy Committee, chaired by the Prime Minister on 11 March 2016



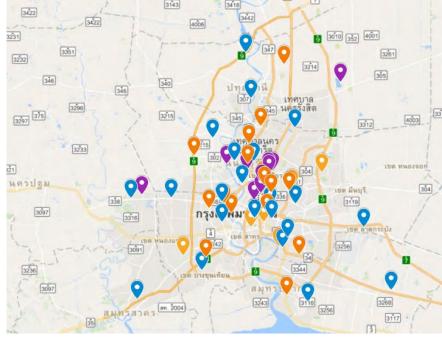




Expected Locations of Installing EV Charging Stations by 2018 in Thailand & Bangkok

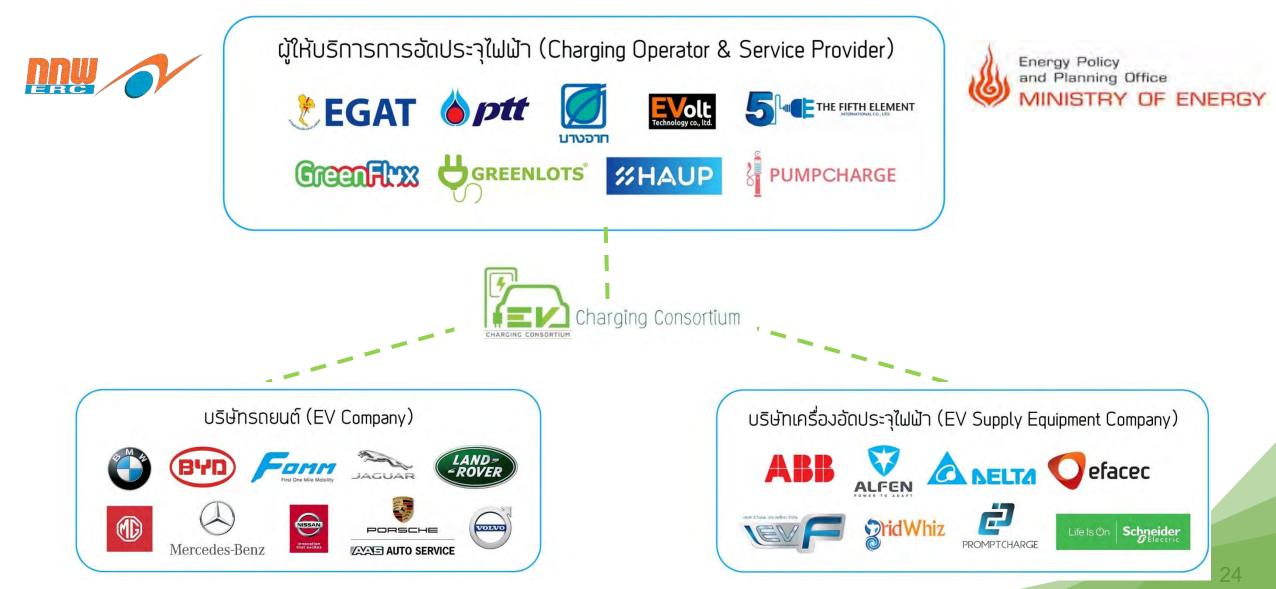


Greater Bangkok



Quick Charge & Normal Charge Quick Charge Normal Charge

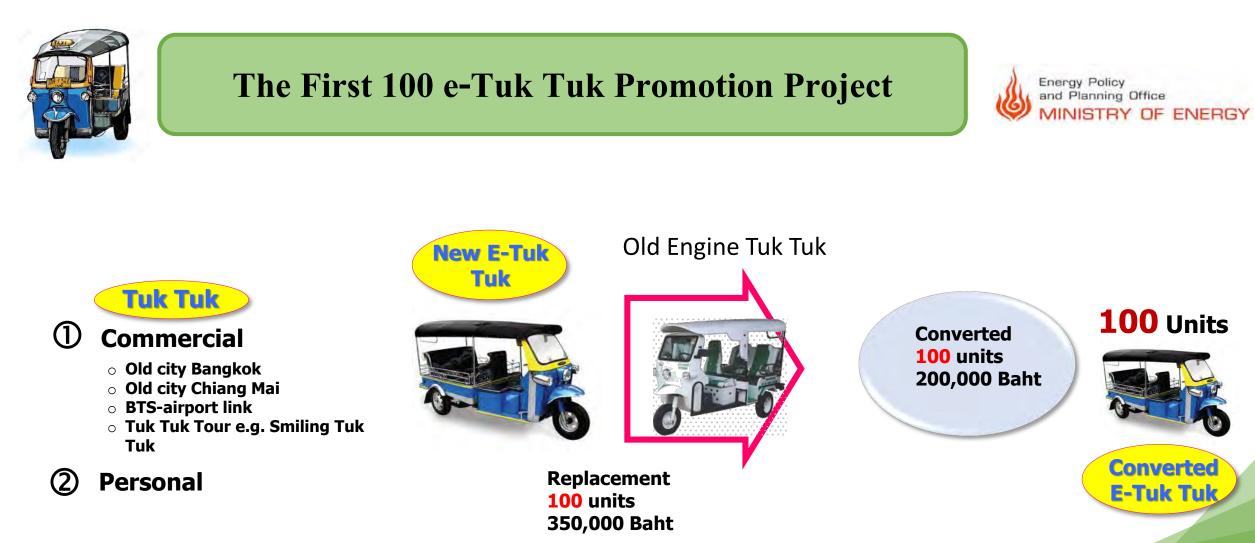






| Thailance | d Industrial Standards Institute | Sockets and Inlets Standar | d |
|------------------------------|--|--|------------------------------|
| Vehicles | AC Charger | DC Charger | Vehicles |
| Electric Bus | IEC 62196-2 Configuration Type 2 | IEC 62196-3 Configuration FF | Bus |
| Electric Passenger Car | Phase: Single / Three Rated Current: 70A (Single phase) / 63A (Three phase) Rated Voltage: 480 V Capacity: Up to 22 kW (Mode 2) Up to 43 kW (maximum) | System A CHAdeMO (Japan) System B GB/T (PRC) COMBO1 (US) COMBO COMBO Connector Image: System A GB/T (PRC) Image: System A COMBO1 (US) Image: System A System A System A COMBO1 (US) Image: System A COMBO1 (US) Image: System A System A Sys | Electric Passenger Car |





E-Tuk Tuk Conversion by EVAT





| กวามเร็วสูงสุด (Max speed) | Troval | ເວລາໃນກາຣຍາຣຳ (Charging time) | กำลังมอเตอร์ (Motor power) | แบตเตอรี่ (Battery) | ยาธัวเวอร์ (Charger) |
|-------------------------------|--------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| 65 km/h | 120 km | 6-8 hr. | 5 kW | LiFePo₄ 11.2kWh (72V ∕156AH) | Input 220VAC, Output 72VDC 3.3 kW |



Showing the EVAT e-Tuk Tuk Conversion to Minister of Energy and Director General of Energy Planning & Policy Office (EPPO)

Korea-Thailand Collaboration Projects



Development and Promotion of Electric Bus in Thailand



- Collaboration on the study of operation of electric bus on Thai road condition.
- Collaboration with Korean government and bus manufacturer as well as Thai bus builder, material manufacturer and charger company.

Project Period: June 2016 – May 2019



FOMM- The world's smallest class 4-seater EV







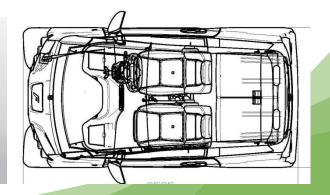
"FOMM" stands for "First One Mile Mobility". Our vehicles are developed as "Mobility" of closerange such as from your home to a station, from a car sharing spot to your home, or from your home to the first one mile.

Then, we would like to propose you new style of moving.





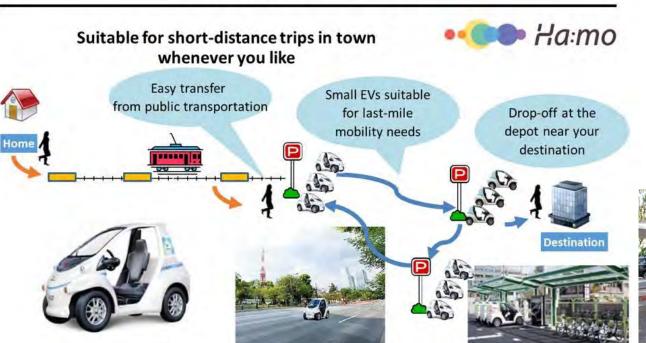






Ha:mo Car Sharing Service in Bangkok

What is Ha:mo?



Ha:mo is an ultra-compact EV sharing network which complements public transportation to enhance urban mobility.

Source: http://newsroom.toyota.co.jp/en/detail/18045221

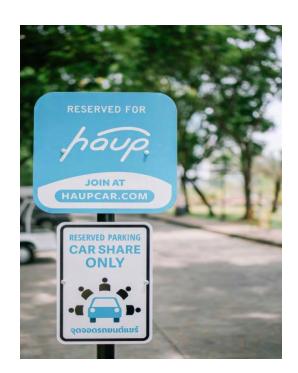
- Support short distance trip within the city, improved convenience effective use of land
 - Improve access and movement in the city
 - Reduce transportation problems
 - Complement public transportation for first/last mile.



Service from: Dec 2017

Haup- The first car sharing in Thailand





Haupcar is the first service provider of "carshare" mobility platform (including electric vehicle) in Thailand to enable individuals to travel seamlessly without the hassle that comes with car-ownership.









Slow down carownership

EV Taxi Service at Suvannabhuiairport



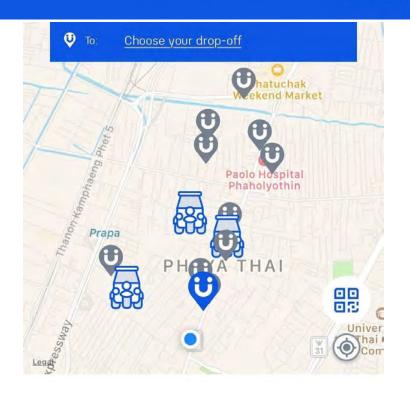


Taxi VIP by BYD E6 is available at Suwannabhumi airport. The starting price is 150 Baht (\$4.6) for the first 2 km and then 12-16 Baht (\$0.4-\$0.5) per km.

murmi e-Tuk Tuk on Demand







MÜVMI is the first ride hailing of "electric tuk tuk" in Bangkok and Thailand. The first service area is located at Chulalongkon University which now expand to Ari BTS station area.







Thank You



Electric Vehicle Association of Thailand (EVAT) สมาคมยานยนต์ไฟฟ้าไทย

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